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THURSDAY, OCTOBER 23, 1913.

FROCKS FOR THE GIRL WHO DANCES

(By Maudie Hall)

New York, Oct. 22.—The craze of society is for dancing. The after-noon tea, the informal dinner, the bridge party, the card, all functions are held with an accompaniment of dancing. The tango and the turkey trot have been defended by so many high authorities on art and propriety, to say nothing of physical culture, that when properly done they are considered ideal diversions.

Of course, dancing is like any other amusement; it can be run to extremes, and it is the extremes in all things that stimulate criticism. It is no more necessary to be suggestive in dancing the tango than it is to gamble when playing cards, the experts tell us. Hence society has declared itself in favor of dancing. It is the chief amusement of winter. If there has been no formal announcement this is not needed; one has only to consult the social calendars to see what the trend of the smart mind is toward dancing.

As for fashion in connection with dancing, they are most bewitching. Debutants are not going extensively for the minaret or lampshade frock, but designs featured for their use are inspired by the famous portrait models. Perhaps the newest effects are a little more graceful and dainty. The danger of the minaret is that it is apt to become overpopular in spite of its distinguished sponsor. It does not take the perception of a prophet to see the day when even outlining bands of expensive furs and other luxurious trimming will fail to save the mode. Therefore the girl who is not able to afford several dancing dresses should select it with caution, and that it can be adapted to future changes.

Variety is given to chiffon and other soft materials by plaits, and draperies are used in combination. For instance a very smart bordered chiffon has the skirt plaited and the bodice terminates in a tunic effect below the waistline. This tunic is caught up at the sides very daintily, yet in a way reminiscent of the pictures of grandmother taken shortly after her debut.

Certainly the arbiters of fashion draw upon the modes of years gone by for much of their inspiration. Miniatures of queens of fashion of the fourteenth and fifteenth centuries are not nearly as quaint as they once seemed, and familiarity with the styles of "days gone by" increase our admiration of them.

The bodice of the frock in question, by the way, developed in flared satin in a pattern that carries out the idea of the border in the chiffon. There is a darling little bit of buttoning over the lace waist trimmed with a row of dainty buttons. There is a ribbon effect over each shoulder and the plain sleeves are finished with a band of figured satin. The girdle is of plain chiffon.

The neck is cut square, and the face veil is bound with a narrow fold of satin. Many novel ideas are evolved this season in connection with frocks not only for dancing but street wear. A pretty novelty shows a chiffon skirt worn with a skirt of charmeuse or some other soft satin. The skirt may be draped, plaited or made in any of the ways now popular, and by changing the coat, one may often change the effect of the frock, and one skirt may thus serve several purposes. In employing such a costume for street wear the skirt may be of black satin, on which the fullness from the waist to the hips has been restrained by shirring, and below this has been cleverly draped toward the back, where it is caught up to show a lace petticoat just where the heels would hit it, as the wearer danced or walked, according to the occasion on which the skirt is worn. Accompanying this is a jacket of flame red criflon, a sloppy, loose, blouse-like affair, caught at one side by a large velvet poppy glistening with rhinestones.

Children Cry for Fletcher's CASTORIA

The Kind You Have Always Bought, and which has been in use for over 30 years, has borne the signature of Dr. J. C. Fletcher, and has been made under his personal supervision since its infancy. Allow no one to deceive you in this. All Counterfeits, Imitations and "Just-as-good" are but experiments that trifle with and endanger the health of Infants and Children—Experience against Experiment.

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Plaited skirts are not limited to dancing frocks by any means. Several of the latest models have the bottom portion of the skirt laid in accordion plaits, the upper part being in the shape of a hip yoke of more or less fancy design. With these skirts simple waists are worn, over which rather dressy topcoats appear. Great big black and white checks are all the rage for semi-dressy topcoats and exceedingly smart do they look trimmed with heavy winks, fancy braid or other attractive trimmings.

MATTY'S NEW PLAY

New York, Oct. 23.—"The Gore and the Pennant," the new baseball comedy which Christy Mathewson has written in collaboration with Rida Johnston Young will be produced at the Lyric Theater, here tonight. "The old Master," has been directing the rehearsals and everything is in ship-shape.

SOMETHING TO PONDER OVER

Relationship Tangle Should Prove Alluring to Those Fond of Puzzling Complications.

An instance of relationship that almost defies the skill of a Philadelphia lawyer in defining it came to light the other day in argument over the probate of the will of the late Mrs. Catherine Suhrer of Brooklyn. The testatrix, who was Catherine Faust, came from Germany to America in 1850 at the age of sixteen. She married Philip Sohn and by him had three children. Sohn was later confined in an insane asylum for a time and on release fled abroad.

Seven years later, believing her husband dead, Mrs. Sohn married Eugene Suhrer. Three children were the result of this second marriage.

Then Suhrer heard that his wife's first husband was alive. At the same time he became enamored of his stepdaughter, Catherine Sohn.

He had his marriage annulled and married the former stepdaughter. Here's where the tangle began, for Suhrer shortly became the father of three children by this last marriage.

The Suhrer was the son-in-law of his first wife. He was also—taking account of the first marriage the father-in-law of himself. Finally he was grandfather by marriage of his children by his second marriage, because his second wife was daughter of his first wife and his first wife was his second wife's children's grandmother.

There are many more degrees and conditions of entanglement, such as the relationship of the last Suhrer children to the first Suhrer children. They were half brothers and sisters, and at the same time nephews and nieces.

All of this mixed-up relationship was well thrashed out, as may be imagined, when the elder Mrs. Suhrer died and her money came to be divided. It is not settled yet, nor likely to be, no matter what courts may say.

BEST TO AVOID LITIGATION

Appalling Court Costs in England When It is Anything Like a "Big Case."

Charles Reade, in his novel, "Hard Cash," has one of the characters therein, Joshua Fullalove, a Yankee, observe that British justice is a prime article, but it comes high. Cecil Chesterton, a newspaper writer, is held to be the responsible person for articles published in two British papers, wherein he charges conspiracy and corruption of two high officers of the state for the purpose of benefitting Godfrey Isaacs, who is related to one of them. This is the noted Marconi financial case. And here is a list of the counsel and their fees. For the prosecution: Sir Edward Carson, 1,000 guineas—a guinea is a little more than five dollars—100 guineas a day; F. R. Balfour,

NOTES FOR SQUAB BREEDERS

Many Important Little Hints That Will Prove Interesting and Instructive in Pigeon Loft.

Dr. J. M. BENNINGTON. In order that it can be taken out and cleaned, the floor of each nest should be movable. Sawdust should not be used in the nest as it harbors lice. Never add new birds to stock already started, if you can possibly help it.

After seven or eight years' breeding, the usefulness of the bird is ended. For want of the proper experience the first year, the parent stock are apt to be more or less careless and neglectful.

After giving the feed it is best to leave the loft, as pigeons are apt to forget their young if they are watched while feeding.

It is estimated that a pigeon of the average size will need an ounce of food a day, together with plenty of grit, salt and fresh water.

Where a loss of appetite and indigestion of the bird is noticed a good remedy is to feed a little hempseed, add precipitated chalk to the drinking water and keep a good supply of grit and salt-cut within reach. It will help greatly if the bird is isolated for a day or so.

Squabs cannot see until about eight days old. A good weight for dressed squab is eight pounds to the dozen. The eggs hatch on the eleventh day of incubation.

Typical From Rural Districts

The New York Board of Health has released a pamphlet by Dr. Charles F. Bowman on the relative prevalence of typhoid fever in urban and rural districts. In these sections it is important for city dwellers to know that, in the words of Dr. Bowman, "over half of the typhoid infections occurring in the city of New York are of rural origin."

That typhoid may be more prevalent in cities than in the country, in proportion to population, is neither here nor there, for a single case of typhoid on a farm has been known to give rise to more than three hundred cases in New York city. The reason, of course, is that all the water and most of the food used in the city comes from the country.

Profitable Ducks. The duck generally lays at night. It thrives best on soft, succulent food. Strong vigorous birds can be successfully bred at four years of age. When properly fed at eight months of age green ducks will weigh nine pounds per pair. The best prices for green ducks is given about May 1.

Signal of Danger. As soon as a cow shows signs of sickness it is the safe thing to stop using her milk until an investigation has been made.

Prevents Cream Splashing. A sheet of paper folded and pinned about the top of the dash churn keeps the cream from splashing out.

THE EASTERN CAROLINA FAIR NEW BERN. OCTOBER 28, 29, 30 AND 31, 1913. RACING. GREAT FREE ATTRACTIONS—FINE EXHIBITS. LARGEST FAIR IN EASTERN NORTH CAROLINA. SPECIAL RATES ON ALL RAILROADS. FOR PREMIUM BOOK CATALOG OR OTHER INFORMATION WRITE J. LEON WILLIAMS, SECY.

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PROPER FEED FOR THE HENS

Satisfactory Method for American Breeds Worked Out by Expert of Massachusetts College.

A method which has given very satisfactory results for the American breeds has been worked out by Prof. J. C. Graham of the Massachusetts Agricultural College. A dry mash is kept in hoppers before the hens at all times, and scratch feed is fed night and morning. The dry mash is composed of equal parts bran, wheat middlings, corn meal, finely ground oats, ground alfalfa and beef scrap, and the scratch feed of two parts cracked corn, one part wheat and one part oats.

The scratch feed is varied, depending somewhat upon condition of the hens. If on examination they are found too fat, more oats and wheat and less corn are fed. Sometimes we feed three parts of wheat at night and oats in the morning.

At certain seasons of the year more grain is fed at night in the litter than the hens will eat, so there will be some left for them to work on early the next morning. This is found to be a satisfactory method. All three are mixed together the wheat and corn are picked first, and the hens that eat the fastest get very little of the oats.

If it is desired to force the hens in addition to the dry mash and grain, moisten some of the mash, getting it to a crumbly state, and placing it in troughs, what they will eat in 15 minutes. This is fed at night. Fresh water, oyster shell and grit are kept before the hens. Mangels and pabbages are fed whole every day when possible, but at least three times a week.

Don't Lose Profits. Don't lose the profit on account of a little shortage of feed, when so much of it can be grown with so little work and cost.

Habits of Geese. If sexes are equal geese pair. The laying season usually opens in February. Young geese make better breeders than do young geese. As a rule geese are free from disease. Old geese are more reliable and lay more eggs than do young geese. Geese live longer than do any of our domestic poultry.

SHE CARRIES NO MORE ASHES. You Can Get A Gas Range And Have It Connected FREE. Washington Light & Water Co. Washington, N. C.

GUN SHELLS. Winchester and U. M. C. New Club Shells, both standard quality, are carried by us in large quantities. We are prepared to fill your orders, either wholesale or retail. The hunting season will soon open and you should purchase a supply early.

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