

QUESTION OF A BOND ISSUE UP TO VOTERS OF CITY ON MONDAY

The question of issuing bonds in the sum of \$35,000 for the purpose of completing the sewer system and installing a fire alarm system in the city will be submitted to the voters of the city on Monday, May 3rd. \$5,000 of the amount to be used in installing the fire alarm system and the balance for the completion of the sewerage system.

A great portion of the city has not as yet been provided with sewerage. A statement was published in the Daily News some time ago giving in detail the exact condition of the sewer system, showing what has already been installed and what is contemplated. Every voter should familiarize himself with the true conditions before casting his vote so as to do so in an intelligent manner benefiting a true citizen.

It is important for the health of the city to have the system installed. In an article just issued by the State Board of Health Dr. W. A. Evans states that "North Carolina is at the bottom of the list with death rate of 57.4" in speaking of the typhoid death rate of the various states of the Union. The average death rate from typhoid in this country, according to Dr. Evans is 17.9.

If these figures are true, and they are taken from Government reports, North Carolina has a death rate from typhoid fever over three times as high as the average in the United States and over eight times as that of Vermont. The latter has the lowest death rate from typhoid of any state in the Union.

There may be mentioned two conditions as slightly accountable for North Carolina's high death rate from typhoid, but they do not alter the fact that she is needlessly sacrificing several hundred deaths a year to this filthy disease. The first is that the figures were taken from the cities and all the towns having more than 1,000 inhabitants. The typhoid death rate in cities may not be so high as that of the country districts but that of the small towns, where there is inadequate

protection offered by sewerage.

Those who are provided already with adequate sewerage should not permit themselves to lose sight of the duty they owe others who are not. As the system now is it does not cover one-third of the city and will be of little use to the people generally. The most expensive part of the work has been completed and the work which is now contemplated in order to complete the system is shallow work as compared with the work just finished and the cost will be comparatively small. And the contractors are on the ground, have their force and equipment here, and have agreed to finish the work at the prices now paid them, and accept in payment the city bonds at par. This work would have to be done at some future time, and why not now?

If this work is not completed now no improvements could be made on the streets without having to tear them up at some future time, which would add greatly to the work, above the cost of doing the work at this time.

The funds which have heretofore been appropriated for the purpose of installing the system have been practically exhausted. There is now in the hands of the Improvement Committee enough funds provided to finish the work as it is laid out, and when this work is completed unless the bond issue asked for is authorized, the work will stop.

Fire alarm boxes will enable the fire department to immediately determine the exact location of a fire, and many conflagrations which often result disastrously can be subdued without material loss, while under the present system in vogue here confusion as to the location is generally the cause. Fire alarm boxes will decrease insurance rates, and will mean a great saving to the city in this form.

Every voter should carefully consider both these questions and go to the polls on Monday and vote for the best interests of his city, as it appears to him.

THE GOVERNOR ARRIVED HERE THIS MORNING

Governor Locke Craig arrived in the city this morning at 10:55 via the Norfolk Southern to straighten out the differences between Fish Commissioner H. L. Gibbs and the Fisheries Commission which was in session here over the matter of whether or not J. H. LeRoy should be appointed Assistant Fish Commissioner.

At a late hour this afternoon C. W. Morgan of Hertford was recommended by Mr. Gibbs as a compromise, for the office of Assistant Fish Commissioner, and was approved by the commission. Jno. A. Nelson of Morehead City, was also recommended by Mr. Gibbs for Shell Fish Commissioner and same was approved by the Commission.

ARMY CHANGES.

Washington, D. C., April 29.—Major General Arthur Murray, commanding western department, attained the retirement age of sixty-four years today, but by order of Secretary Garrison will be retained in his present command until the end of the Panama Pacific Exposition next December.

Brigadier General Hugh L. Scott, chief of staff, of the army, under a recent order, became major general today, and Col. Frederick S. Strong of the coast artillery now stationed at Charleston, S. C., became a brigadier general, in accordance with plans made by the War Department in anticipation of the statutory retirement of General Murray.

GUEST OF MISS TANKARD

Miss Theo Welch of Jacksonville, Florida, is the guest of Miss Mary Tankard at 320 North Market street.

BEGINNING OF A MIGHTY REVOLUTION

Let us halt for a moment to straighten the lines and verify our position.

Eighteen states have past prohibition laws although not all of these laws are yet effective. Nine states have been won by the "dry" since September 1, 1914.

States which have passed prohibitory laws are: Alabama, Arizona, Arkansas, Colorado, Georgia, Iowa, Idaho, Kansas, Maine, North Carolina, North Dakota, Oklahoma, Oregon, Tennessee, Virginia, Washington and West Virginia.

Local option elections have been won by the hundreds. Seventy-five per cent of these contests have resulted in dry victories.

Nearly 600 daily newspapers now decline liquor advertising and the number is being increased almost daily. Hundreds of these papers are advocating national prohibition.

Conventions of medical men have spoken against alcohol. A recent investigation in hospitals shows that alcohol as a medicine is falling into disrepute.

Business men and employers of labor literally by thousands are demanding abstinence from their employes and are fighting the saloon.

Professional men are favoring the abolition of liquor. More than 1900 of these professional men in one city of Philadelphia signed a petition demanding a dry law.

Distilleries and breweries are failing with monotonous regularity. The national revenue from drink is declining rapidly.

The men who were "humiliated" by Secretary Daniels' order making the navy dry are now squirming with intense "humiliation" over the fanaticism of the Cops, King George and the other

GERMANS USE ASPHYXIATING GAS IN SHELLS

Havre, France, April 29.—The Belgian official committee appointed to investigate reported violations of international law has reported in detail to Minister of Justice Wiat on the German use of asphyxiating shells. It is said gaseous clouds, extending 300 feet into the air, were carried away from the German lines by the wind. The clouds were green in color at the base, gradually shading to light yellow toward the top. Several kinds of gases appear to have been used, including chlorine, the nitrous vapors of sulphurous anhydride, and others, the nature of which has not yet been determined.

Four methods were employed, the report states, in generating these gases. The first was to light fires in the first line of trenches and permit the wind to blow the gas formed towards the allies' lines. The three other methods involved inclosing the gas in some kind of missile. These included cans thrown either by hand or wine howitzers, cylinders of compressed gas or shells containing compounds which were transformed into gas when they exploded.

The effects of the fumes were felt at a distance of half a mile. They produced a kind of stupor which lasted for three or four hours. A German prisoner belonging to the 16th army corps who was taken on April 15th said gas cylinders were placed along the entire front held by this corps. There was one every six feet, and men specially instructed in their use were told off to see that they produced the desired effect. These were provided with smoke helmets. Respirators were distributed to all the soldiers.

THE BELLMO WILL PRESENT ETHEL GRANDIN

Large crowds attend the Bellmo Theater every night where they are showing some of the most wonderful photoplays ever witnessed in this city.

Misses Ethel Grandin and Elsie Alberst and Mr. Gene Grantier are some of the stars formerly of the Famous Warner Feature Pictures.

Tomorrow they are showing Miss Ethel Grandin in the "Adopted Daughter" in which Miss Grandin plays two separate parts, displaying her wonderful talent as an actress.

GUN CLUB SHOOT YESTERDAY.

The Washington Gun Club held their weekly shoot on yesterday at the foot of Bonner street. Eleven members participated and were lead by Squires with a total of 40 hits out of 50 chances. Much interest is being manifested by the members and visitors are invited to attend the meets.

provincials of Great Britain and the Continent.

Led by Mr. Bryan, scores of political leaders are standing four square against the American saloon.

Scientists are speaking out; alienists and neurologists are speaking out; physicians are speaking out; the press is speaking out. Truth no longer lifts its voice in vain. People know that prohibition has made Kansas, by an excess of \$300 per capita, the wealthiest state in the Union. They know that only two states are more lightly taxed and they know similar things about other prohibition states.

"Will the nation go dry?" is no longer the question, but "How soon?"

PLANTING OF SHAD FRY IN PAMLICO RIVER

Yesterday Mr. R. B. McAdams messenger from the United States Fish Hatchery at Edenton, delivered to Messrs. Swindell and Fulford twenty-five cans containing about 50,000 fry to the can, making a total of one quarter of a million young shad which were turned loose in Pamlico river below the bridge.

The Hatchery at Edenton is doing a great work for the fishing industry of the state. The government is also helping to stock some of the smaller streams with bass and other fish.

During 1914 26,550 young fish fingerlings, numbers one's and two's of black bass and sunfish were distributed as follows:

In Wake county—At Raleigh, Apex, Wendell, Knightsdale and Wake Forest.

Harnett county—Dunn, Spotts, Springs and Coats.

Johnson county—Princeton, Smithfield, Clayton and Benson.

Guilford county—Greensboro.

Lee county—Sanford.

Wilson county—Wilson.

Buncombe county—Bailey.

Franklin county—Louisburg.

Macon county—Franklin.

Scotland county—Gibson.

Hoke county—Raeford.

Caldwell county—Lenoir.

Orange county—Hillsboro.

Lee county—Sanford.

Robeson co.—Lumber Bridge.

Vance county—Henderson.

Moore county—Carthage.

Catawba county—Newton.

There were other applicants but the station was unable to fill them.

During the last five years the Edenton Hatchery has distributed more than three hundred million shad fully 90 per cent of which were planted in North Carolina waters.

Should the new fish law, passed at the last session of the legislature be successfully managed, there will be other hatcheries established in the state.

Among those in attendance upon the meeting of the State Fish Commission here today are Hon. H. L. Gibbs of Oriental, who has been named Fish Commissioner; Hon. P. H. Bell of Edenton; Dr. Joseph Hyde Pratt, State Geologist and Mr. J. H. LeRoy, who is at present Fish Commissioner.

OLD SCENES REVIVED AT HIGH SCHOOL

In the vernacular of today Miles Standish is there with the goods when it comes to fighting Indians, but John Alden is better at besieging maiden's hearts.

If you wish to live over these stirring scenes of colonial life don't miss the play at the school auditorium this evening.

After associating with Puritan maids and war-like Indians go out into the front corridor where you will be transported to the twentieth century by partaking of the up-to-date refreshments which will be sold by the Eta Kappa Club.

A SPECIAL COMMUNICATION
A special communication of Orr Lodge No. 104 A. F. and A. M. is called for this evening at their hall corner of Third and Bonner streets. Work in Masters Degree. The members urged to be present. Visitors cordially invited.
By order of the Worshipful Master.
O. M. WINFIELD,
Secretary.

"MUNICIPAL EFFICIENCY IN RELATION TO HEALTH PROGRAM"—DR. DOWLING

Muskogee, Ala., April 29.—Cities of the United States must throw off the shackles of ring politics, antiquated assessment systems, haphazard budgets, employment of the untrained, and extravagancy, before real municipal efficiency can be realized," according to Dr. Oscar Dowling, president of the Louisiana board of health and president of the Southern medical Association, who spoke before the Southern Commercial Congress here today.

Dr. Dowling spoke on "Municipal Efficiency in Relation to the Health Program," and asserted that there is not one municipality in the United States where sanitation and the health program is as comprehensive as it should be. "Consequently, while much has been accomplished," he said, "there is no city to which it is not efficient rightfully may be applied."

"Experiments of European cities prove it is remunerative for a city to create a sanitary environment, to protect the individual from threatened dangers, by observation, advice and treatment, to establish agencies for the promotion of mental and moral health. A program of health may develop parasitism in a few but it is certain to bring good to the many."

"None of these can be accomplished," he concluded, "until you have thrown off the municipal shackles which tie so many cities to inefficiency."

Several commercial secretaries discussed problems involved in municipal efficiency. A. V. Snell of Charleston, S. C., pointed out that "the South must stop shipping its raw material to foreign nations and to the north and must learn to produce finished products through co-operation."

"The south should manufacture its raw materials in the factories of the south and sell the finished products in the markets of the south," he said. "This can be accomplished by the business of every community combining and establishing small factories that will finish the product of the surrounding district. Such co-operation between the farmer and the city man would eliminate an enormous annual loss to the south."

Carl J. Baher of Little Rock, Ark., said that a great step toward municipal efficiency is a thoroughly equipped commercial body.

"If man a body through which not only the business man, but also every citizen of a town can get a vision of the opportunity and problems of his city. We should begin in the schools to teach our children to boost their municipalities."

Howard Strong of Minneapolis, Minn., asserted that the production of leaders in civic life is the greatest element in the real progress of a city.

The kitchen should not be made a place for drudgery, but an interesting laboratory for household experiments, according to Mrs. George C. Lewis, in an address before the opening session of the woman's auxiliary, of the congress today. Mrs. Lewis, who is the vice president of the woman's auxiliary, asserted that all possible house work should be made easier by machinery. "thus relieving the dull monotony of work that often drives country folk to the cities."

"Thousands of legislators and administrative officials, otherwise able and thoughtful men fail to grasp that the whole prosperity, wealth, fighting strength and intellectual ability of the nation always will be swayed for good or bad by health or lack of health." This was the keynote of an address by Surgeon J. H. White of the Public Health Service.

Dr. White declared officials and legislators failed to take adequate measures to arrest the loss of life and deterioration of the race.

"Millions of little ones in the schools today," said Dr. White, "humping their poor little backs and twisting their necks and

straining their eyes to get a good light on their copy-books, all because nobody knows or cares to show them a better way and explain the damage to undeveloped bones from such postures and to eyes from the strain."

The doctor declared that first rate school inspection coupled with common-sense instruction in personal hygiene, would preserve the health of thousands. "It is the German health officer of today," he added, "who is holding back the armies of the world."

"The tariff and the Sherman anti-trust law are the greatest assets of our politicians and the greatest liability of our merchants," declared George W. Perkins, of New York. He spoke on "The New South and the New World," and discussed what he called another great reconstruction period, when the new south longer that of Henry Grady, but of Thomas Edison's day.

Mr. Perkins declared that laws are such that no man can find out what he can legally do in business.

All the bills proposing tariff boards and tariff commissions, Mr. Perkins said, fail to provide for sufficient latitude and power. He said such a body should be non-partisan, with ample authority and facilities to deal with the subject "in a big way." He said it should be a sort of tariff court to which people of any industry may at any time apply and which may take steps to have congress act promptly where injustice has been found and relief shown necessary. Congress, he said, should delegate to it, general supervision of preparation of tariff schedules and be guided by its expert advice.

"ZUDORA" ON TONIGHT AND MATINEE SAT.

The New Theater were to have shown the thirteenth episode of "Zudora" last night as well as to night in order to give the school children an opportunity to see it as they will not be able to be there tonight on account of the play at the school house, but the films failed to arrive on the night express so they were unable to show "Zudora" last night. As the management of the New Theater is always willing to try and please its patrons they are going to hold the "Zudora" films over tomorrow, that they can give the children a chance to see the same. These films will have to be sent of on the 4:30 train tomorrow afternoon at the latest, so any one that can not see "Zudora" tonight can see the same at the matinee tomorrow afternoon if they will come at 3 o'clock sharp. There will be three reels of Associated films in addition to "Zudora" tonight as well as at the matinee tomorrow. All next week this house will have the "Simple Simon Comedy Company" with them for a return engagement. This is the best comedy company playing at popular prices that has ever been here. Prices for next week are 10c and 50c.

Mr. George Jordan of Aurora, who has been in the hospital suffering with a fractured arm, is improving rapidly.

HOWLE MEMORIAL.

Mr. Chauncey Sawyer of Scranton, was operated on at the hospital last week for appendicitis. He is doing nicely at this time.

Rev. J. H. Warren of the Collegiate Institute, who was operated on by Drs. J. L. Nicholson and J. G. Blount Tuesday, has greatly improved and is now at his home in Washington Park.

Mr. Greig Singleton had his right eye dissected by Dr. H. W. Carter at the hospital Wednesday. Mr. Singleton is doing nicely.

Mrs. D. M. Roberts, after spending ten days at the hospital is greatly improved and is now at the home of Mrs. Fowler on East Second street.

Miss Eva Garrish, of Scranton is a patient at the hospital; and underwent a very serious operation yesterday morning. At a late report she was doing nicely.

Mrs. Will Hollowell of Wilmar was operated on at the hospital yesterday morning. Mrs. Hollowell's condition is most favorable.

Miss E. A. Gofflatron, superintendent of the hospital, who has been spending the past two weeks in the western part of the state, is expected to return to the city the latter part of the week.

ITEMS FROM HOSPITALS OF WASHINGTON

Washington Hospital.

Miss Conoly, superintendent of the Hospital, who attended the MacMurray-Joyner wedding at Roanoke Rapids, and also visited in Richmond, Va., for a few weeks, returned to the city a few days ago.

Mr. J. H. Purvis of near Hamilton, who is being treated by Dr. H. W. Carter, is a patient in the hospital.

Mrs. L. A. Tripp, of Edward, is a patient in the hospital.

Mrs. Gaskins of Edward, who was operated upon Tuesday, is doing nicely.

Mrs. Ballance of Hatteras, who recently underwent an operation is rapidly recovering.

Mrs. Dunbar of Royal, who was operated upon recently for appendicitis, is convalescent.

Mr. Joe Grady Corey of Williamston, who has been in the hospital for some time receiving treatment is rapidly recovering.

Mrs. Allgood Warren, of Stokes, who was operated upon for appendicitis, is improving rapidly.

Mrs. Mary Henric, of Anrova, who underwent a very serious operation some few days ago, is