



FOR RENT, STORE FORMERLY occupied by K. John, corner Main and Market streets. Vacant June 5th. Apply to Dr. Rodman. 5-30-16c.

FOR SALE CHEAP, ONE STEAM mill, one truck wagon and log car and one 2-horse wagon. All in good condition. D. T. PERRY, Washington, N. C., R. F. D. No. 4. 5-29-16p.

FOR SALE CHEAP, ONE GRAY horse, seven years old, weighs 1200 lbs. sound and will work anywhere. Will make a good snake horse or draft horse. See me quick. C. L. CARROW. 5-29-16c.

CALL PHONE 470 FOR PORK Chops and Pork Roast, Best Beef and Veal Cutlets. G. E. FORTIS-CUE, Market, West Main St. 5-13-16c.

LOST, TWO BIRD DOGS, ONE brown and white setter, one black and white setter. Name on collar. Will give reward for return. R. Lee Stewart. 5-30-16c.

FOR YOUR CHILD'S COUGH. If your child has a cold, nose runs or coughs much get a small bottle of Dr. Bell's Pine-Tar-Honey. It's a pleasant Pine-Tar-Honey, syrup, just what children like and just the medicine to soothe the cough and check the cold. After taking, children stop fretting, sleep good and are soon entirely well. Insist on Dr. Bell's Pine-Tar-Honey. 25c at your Drug-gist.

APPLICATION FOR PARDON OF MARION HARRELL. Application will be made to the Governor of North Carolina for the pardon of Marion Harrell, convicted at the October term 1911 of the Superior Court of Beaufort County for the crime of murder in the second degree and sentenced to the penitentiary for a term of 18 years. All persons who oppose the granting of said pardon are invited to forward their protests to the Governor without delay. This 11th day of May, 1916. STEPHEN C. BRAGAW, For Applicant.



NOTICE OF SALE.
By virtue of a mortgage executed by J. A. Wilkinson, on the 9th day of November, 1915, and recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds of Beaufort County, North Carolina, in Book 175, page 289, the undersigned W. A. Worth, Mortgagee, will on the 20th day of June, 1916, at 12 o'clock noon at the Court House door of Beaufort County, sell to the highest bidder for cash all those certain tracts or parcels of land situated in Beaufort County, North Carolina, and described as follows:
FIRST: That certain tract of land described in a deed from H. Ryan to J. A. Wilkinson, dated May 27th, 1903, and recorded in Book 120, page 452, Register of Deeds office of Beaufort County.
SECOND: That certain tract of land described in a deed from S. J. Topping and wife, S. B. Topping, to J. A. Wilkinson, dated November 24th, 1902, and recorded in Book 120, page 73, Register of Deeds office, Beaufort County.
THIRD: That certain tract of land described in a deed from R. H. Gray to J. A. Wilkinson, dated November 26th, 1904, and recorded in Book 132, page 119, Register of Deeds office, Beaufort County.
FOURTH: That certain tract of land described in a deed from S. J. Topping and wife, S. B. Topping, to J. A. Wilkinson, dated December 14th, 1906, and recorded in Book 141, page 461, Register of Deeds office, Beaufort County.
FIFTH: That certain tract of land described in a deed from S. J. Topping and wife, S. B. Topping, to J. A. Wilkinson, dated December 27th, 1907, and recorded in Book 150, page 206, Register of Deeds office, Beaufort County.
SIXTH: That certain tract of land described in a deed from S. W. Wilkinson, Commissioner, to J. A. Wilkinson, dated February 10th, 1892, and recorded in Book 90, page 219, Register of Deeds office, Beaufort County.
SEVENTH: That certain tract of land described in a deed from Ieath D. Smith, to J. A. Wilkinson, dated June 8th, 1894, and recorded in Book 89, page 426, Register of Deeds office, Beaufort County.
EIGHTH: That certain tract of land described in a deed from John F. Windley and wife, to J. A. Wilkinson, recorded in Book 85, page 483, Register of Deeds office, Beaufort County.
For a more complete description of all above lands reference is made to the deeds herein referred to. This notice dated and posted this 15th day of May, 1916. W. A. WORTH, Mortgagee. 5-15-16c.

COLLEGE HEAD SAYS AMEND ANTI-TRUST LAW

(By United Press)
Chicago, Ill., May 31.—Declaring the Sherman Anti-Trust law should be modified to permit business interests to co-operate and promote, not restrain, trade, President Charles R. Van Hise of the University of Wisconsin was applauded long and loud at the opening session of the National Lumber Manufacturers' convention here today.
The address was declared particularly appropriate at this time, when business men in all lines of American trade are trying to have the new Federal Trade relations committee given authority to pass on co-operative contracts between business concerns. They want the line drawn between advantageous co-operation and blighting monopoly.
President Van Hise, who went before a committee of congress recently and asked the amending of the anti-trust law to permit the lumber manufacturers to curtail production, under federal regulation, to a point which would make it possible for them to profitably conserve their forest supplies for future generations, explained his views on this point. He declared that under present conditions it might be possible for an industry to waste its entire future natural supply to meet a present demand.
Mayor William H. Thompson opened the convention. F. A. Long, of Kansas City, responded. The annual address of the president was then made by President R. H. Downman of New Orleans.
At the afternoon session Dr. Herman von Schrenk of St. Louis read a paper on tests of fire-resistant paints, in which he touched on the latest move of the nation's lumbermen, to find means for making the nation's lumber building material non-inflammable.

MONEY POURING INTO TREASURY UNITED STATES

Washington, May 31.—As a result of the great prosperity of the country and the effective and vigorous enforcement of the internal revenue laws by Commissioner W. H. Osborn internal revenue receipts are pouring into the treasury at a rate far in excess of all forecasts.
The income from this source will reach the enormous total of \$495,000,000 and probably \$501,000,000 by June 30.
"This gratifying estimate of receipts, which emphasizes the great strength of the treasury in this extraordinary period," said Secretary McAdoo, "is made on the basis of a report just received from Commissioner Osborn of the bureau of internal revenue. The great boom in business is largely responsible for the increased receipts from ordinary internal revenue. The prosperity of the country, with the attendant wider scope of employment and increase in wages, has, in itself, resulted in a larger consumption of taxable articles, greatly augmenting the government's revenue."
"For the first 10 months, ended April 30, of the current fiscal year, receipts and collections on tobacco alone increased \$5,505,121.89 over the corresponding period of a year ago, which, in large part, is due to the great improvement in business conditions. Commissioner Osborn points out that it has been the experience that collections on account of tobacco, especially cigars and cigarettes, are affected more by business conditions than the collections from any other source."
"Notwithstanding the spread of prohibition collections on distilled spirits for the first 10 months of the current fiscal year increased \$10,013,140.54 over the corresponding period of a year ago. This is due in great measure to the effective enforcement of the internal revenue taxes on distilled spirits. It is estimated that through the campaign of this department and blockading in distilleries, the revenue of the government has been increased by probably \$5,000,000 annually."
"The only article of taxation showing a decrease is beer. Because of the relatively low tax on fermented liquors, and the difficulty of getting untax paid beer on the market, the commissioner says that the loss in tax on beer on account of fraud has been negligible and that the decrease is due principally to the increase in the prohibition laws."
"It is estimated that the expenditures from the internal revenue appropriation for the current fiscal year will amount to \$7,200,000; and even if the collections amount to only \$495,000,000, the cost of collection will be 1.45 per cent, the lowest in the history of the internal revenue service. If the collections amount to \$500,000,000, the cost of collection will approximate 1.44 per cent."
In his report to the secretary, the commissioner says:
The first ten months of this fiscal year, the ordinary receipts exclusive of income and emergency taxes, were \$13,629,127.03 in excess of collections for the corresponding period of the fiscal year 1915. Said amount was derived as follows:
Increase in collections on spirits, \$10,013,140.54.
Increase in collections on tobacco, \$5,505,121.89.
Increase in collections on miscellaneous, \$173,323.08.
Total, \$15,691,584.51.

Indigestion May Be Due to Constipation

Neglect of Important Function May Seriously Impair the Health.
There are many people who believe they suffer from indigestion when their discomfort really is due to a constipated condition.
Bloat, with its attendant mental depression, sick-headache, the belching of sour stomach gases, etc., are frequently due to inaction of the bowels. Relieve the congestion and the trouble usually disappears. The use of cathartics and purgatives should be avoided, however; these shock the system unnecessarily and, at best, their effect is but temporary. A mild laxative is far preferable.
The compound of simple laxative herbs known as Dr. Caldwell's Syrup Pepsin and sold in drug stores for fifty cents a bottle, is highly recommended. Mr. Benj. Bassin, 360 Madison St., Gary, Ind., thinks Dr. Caldwell's Syrup Pepsin a wonderful medicine; for four years he had a severe case of indigestion and constipation before trying Dr. Caldwell's



BENJ. BASSIN
Syrup Pepsin, which he is glad to recommend to all who suffer with stomach and bowel trouble.
A bottle of Dr. Caldwell's Syrup Pepsin should be in every home for use when occasion arises. A trial bottle, free of charge, can be obtained by writing to Dr. W. B. Caldwell, 454 Washington St., Monticello, Ill.

"TRIFLES MAKE PERFECTION, BUT PERFECTION IS NO TRIFLE."
We are not so boastful as to claim perfection, but we do claim to give to the details of our business such close and undivided attention as to spell S-U-C-C-E-S-S for you as well as ourselves.
Bank of Washington
Washington, N. C.

GOOD CRYSTAL ICE
ICE CREAM AND CONES
Fresh Strawberry Cream Today
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Phone 83. Washington, N. C.

THE SPIRIT OF HELPFULNESS
Is an important part of this bank's service.
While it is conservative in principles, it is also progressive in its methods and reaches out for new business.
Your account is cordially invited.
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BANKERS AND BROKERS
Stocks, Bonds, Cotton, Grain and Provisions, 71 Flume Street, Carpenter Building, Norfolk, Va.
Private wires to New York Stock Exchange, Chicago Board Trade and other financial centers.
CORRESPONDENCE RESPECTFULLY SOLICITED.
Investment and marginal accounts given careful attention.

CASTOR OIL NOT CANNON TERROR TO THE SOLDIERS

By JOHN H. HEARLEY, United Press Staff Correspondent.
Florence, Italy, May 2.—By Mail.
Castor oil—not the great cannon of the Austrians—is the terror of the Italian army today.
Even amid the tremendous business of battle Italy's brave warrior sons shriving from this sickeningly mellow remedy, Mrs. Edith Southwell, an English nurse in a local hospital for the wounded, has discovered.
Nurse Southwell was told by the attending physician to dose her patients with castor oil. Anticipating no difficulties, she said: "Yes doctor, I will do so tonight at their beds' time."
At the Sand Man hour she therefore appeared in her ward among her twenty-five crippled soldiers. In her hands she bore a tray, holding twenty-five individual portions of castor oil.
Aroused by the sight, the battle-scarred heroes shouted, "What is it?"
"Why, castor oil!" innocently replied the nurse.
"Oh!" came a chorus of degusted voices, "No! No! No!"
And it was "No." for the men in mild language and strong persisted in their refusals. Poor Nurse Southwell sat the tray and herself on the floor in the center of her rebellious company. What could she do? She pondered. Then came the inspiration. She vanished for a moment, returning with the twenty-sixth glass of castor oil.
"See here, boys," she cried, "you don't understand. This isn't castor oil. This is an Austrian trench. Come, let's take it. 'Vranj! Savoia!"
The men took up the battle cry of the reigning house of Italy. "Avanti Savoia! Avanti Savoia!" they cheered. Meanwhile, Nurse Southwell heroically swallowed a dose of the castor oil and every single man of them followed her lead. They took the trench, but for an instant celebrated their victory with wry faces. But even these changed when Nurse Southwell disappeared for an instant and reappeared with twenty-six golden oranges.
"These are the medals of honor," she explained. "Upon each of you and upon myself I bestow one for conspicuous bravery."

ALLIES CAUSE DUTCH WAR NOT GERMANY

(By United Press)
The Hague, May 2.—(By Mail)—Despite the statements of certain pro-English newspapers, it is now known authoritatively that it was fear of the Allies, and not of Germany, that prompted the Dutch government to take war-like measures a month ago.
Certain reports reaching the Dutch government about steps taken by the Allies at the Paris economic conference caused grave concern here. The Minister of War informed newspapermen that the government was expecting an economic crisis of great importance, though he refused to go further in his statement. Evidently in anticipation of sharp measures by the Allies, the government chartered several steamers and sent them to America for wheat. Measures taken by the British government to enforce the blockade of Germany are steadily becoming more irritating to the Dutch.

ton sometimes are changed twice in an administration. Dana condemned "the vast majority of postoffice appointees" as being "either politicians or brokendown failures in business whom some politician desires to foist upon the United States for support and who almost never know or learn anything about the intricacies of the postal service." Dana declared the recent order that all postmasters devote all their time to the postoffice service will only "make their postoffices a political headquarters." He pointed out that we have had 15 postmaster generals in the last 30 years and suggested a long term appointment. He suggested the division of the country into postal districts, with a division superintendent for each one. In praising the railway mail service, Dana said it was efficient; only because it has been under civil service for years. In concluding, the speaker declared that, although our postal service is 60 years behind that of other countries, bills now in congress for its reform are ignored because the people do not rise up and demand that the reforms be put through.

Best Goods
—AT—
POPULAR PRICES
Stationery, Rubber Goods, Toilet Articles.
A complete line of Patent Medicines, Cigars, Tobacco, Best Ice Cream and Fountain Drinks.
The Palms
ACROSS FROM POSTOFFICE

POSTMASTERS SHOULD NOT BE IN POLITICS

(By United Press)
New York, May 31.—An appeal to two million American clubmen to help take the postoffice department out of politics was made by the civil service reform leader, Richard Henry Dana of Boston, before today's session of the Federated Women's Clubs national convention here today.
Dana declared the political appointment system has made the United States postal service the poorest and most inefficient in the world. The remedy Dana suggested was to put every postal service job, from the four assistant postmaster-generalships down to the lowest carrier of a rural route, on a competitive examination basis under strict civil service rules.
The speaker asserted that more than 90 per cent of all postmaster-ship pay \$1,000 a year or more are changed with every national administration; and that appointees to the big assistant jobs in Wash-

NOTICE OF SALE.
Under and by virtue of the power of sale contained in a certain Deed of Trust executed by Geo. W. Williams, to Harry McMullan, Trustee, which said Deed of Trust is duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds for Beaufort County, in Book 185, page 241, bearing date Nov. 25, 1914, and is hereby referred to, and make a part hereof, the undersigned Trustee will, on Friday, the 30th day of June, 1916, at the Court House Door in Beaufort County, at twelve o'clock noon, offer for sale, to the highest bidder for cash, the following described real estate, to-wit:
All those certain tracts, or parcels of land, lying and being in Beaufort County, North Carolina, Washington Township, adjoining the lands formerly owned by Geo. Hackney, Jr., and others, and more particularly described as follows:
Lots Number One, Two, Eleven and Twelve, in Block "C," as shown on the map made by M. M. Worthington, of the property purchased by Geo. Hackney, Jr., from N. L. Simmons and wife, which said map is recorded in the Register's office for Beaufort County, North Carolina, and is hereby referred to for a full and complete description of said lots.
Demand having been made on me by the bona fide holder of the note secured by said Deed of Trust, and default having been made in the payment thereof, this sale is held for the purpose of satisfying said indebtedness.
This 30th day of May, 1916. HARRY McMULLAN, Trustee. 5-31-16c.

Here he is—good old PEPSI-Cola! The most successful "thirst-killer" that ever was. Never was a thirst, not even one of those dry, "cottony," mid-summer thirsts that had a chance with a PEPSI-Cola. It just goes like lightning when this tall, tinkly, "ice-berg" glass of PEPSI-Cola heaves in sight.
PEPSI-Cola
Try it—just see how refreshing and invigorating a drink can be. And don't be selfish—have the grocer deliver a case home so the kiddies can enjoy it, too.
PEPSI-COLA BOTTLING WORKS
E. R. Mixon & Co., Props. Washington, N. C.