

CONDITIONS ARE SERIOUS

Russian Affairs Grow More Complicated With Every Passing Day

LABOR TROUBLES ADDED

Plans of Revolutionists Miscarry. Meeting at Sveaborg Collapsed. Situation Greatly Changed. Order for General Strike Probably be Countermanded—Baltic Squadron not in Hands of Mutineers—Emperor Orders Court Marshal for Those Implicated in Meeting at Fortress of Sveaborg—Other Mutinies.

London, By Cable—A dispatch from Helsingfors says that serious conflicts between Communist police and the Socialist Red Guards occurred.

Warsaw, By Cable—General Markgrafsky, chief of the Warsaw Gendarmes, was shot and killed.

St. Petersburg, By Cable—A collapse of the mutiny at Sveaborg, coupled with a breakdown of the plans of the Revolutionists to secure possession of the Baltic Squadron and provoke an immediate rising of Cronstadt, greatly changes the situation.

The success of the government officials have risen and those of the Revolutionists are correspondingly depressed. Arrangements for ordering general strike Saturday may be countermanded.

The strike in Finland is already a failure. The latest reports show that all rumors that the Baltic squadron was in the hands of mutineers were untrue.

A hundred were killed and many wounded, including Admiral Bockelisch. Some mutineers succeeded in boarding a steamer and escaping to Finland.

Number Dead and Wounded. During the night the mutinous sailors, soldiers and sappers and miners seized Fort Constantine at Cronstadt and were subsequently dislodged and compelled to surrender, after heavy fighting with the loyal regiments.

Mutineers Surrender. An official telegram from Helsingfors announces that all the mutineers of the Fortress of Sveaborg surrendered and that by order of the Emperor, court martials have been instituted for the trial of the men implicated.

Nef Guilty of Grand Larceny. Warsaw, N. Y., Special—The jury in the case of John W. Neff, former county auditor of Erie county, indicted for grand larceny in the first degree in connection with the Old North Street Cemetery deal in Buffalo returned a verdict of guilty.

Condition of Cotton. Washington, Special—The crop estimating board of the Department of Agriculture, finds the average condition of cotton July 25, 82.9 compared with 74.9 last year and 91.6 in 1904 and the ten year average of 82.

At Negro Conference. Washington, Special—The sessions of the Negro Young People's Christian and Educational Conference given mainly to the reading of papers.

Train Kills Aged Farmer. Hagerstown, Md., Special—James Drury, aged seventy-five years a prominent farmer, was run over and killed by a Western Maryland passenger train at Charlton Station, on the Potomac Valley division.

Insurrection Collapses. St. Petersburg, By Cable—An official telegram from Helsingfors announces that all the mutineers of the fortress of Sveaborg have surrendered and that by order of the Emperor court martials are being instituted for the trial of the men implicated.

The Pennsylvania Railroad Company announced a reduction of the one-way passenger rates to 2-1-2 cents a mile and will issue transferable mileage tickets at a flat rate of \$20.

KILLED ON WEDDING DAY

Bridegroom of an Hour Slain at Besconer City.

Bessmer City, Special—William Brown, a traveling loom-fixer, was shot to death here by John Y. Kincaid, night engineer at the Vermont Cotton Mills. The killing took place at 8 o'clock, just one hour after the lead man had become a bridegroom.

Startling news reached here to the effect that the crew of the armored cruiser Panayate Azova mutinied off the Easthorn Coast and are now in full possession of the ship, which sailed northward in the direction of the Finnish Gulf.

The Captain Killed. St. Petersburg, By Cable—It is stated that the captain and four other officers of the armored cruiser Panayate Azova were killed by the mutineers who took possession of the warship.

It is rumored that the Emperor and the imperial family have fled from Peterhof to Barskoe-Selap.

Immediate Strike Ordered. London, By Cable—A dispatch from St. Petersburg says that an extraordinary conference of all revolutionary bodies decided on an immediate general strike, the exact date and hour to be settled at the meeting soon, and in the meantime railways and factories have been ordered to prepare for future events.

Four Officers Killed. The Associated Press is officially informed that only four officers were killed and four wounded at Cronstadt. No figures regarding the losses in rank and file are given.

Those Injured and Dead. An official statement of the Cronstadt mutiny gives the following list of officers killed and wounded: "Naval captains Rodionoff, Dogrowsky, Schomoff, Stayanowsky; wounded, Rear Admiral Belemshoff, Captains Kriutziak and Paton and Ensign Matzoff."

Big Strike On. St. Petersburg, By Cable—St. Petersburg is in darkness. The employees of the electric lighting plants, always the earliest barometric record on political conditions, ceased work in obedience to the call for a general strike. This morning has been obeyed by 2,000 factory hands in the capital.

Says Dead Reach Thousands. Helsingfors, By Cable—A soldier who came from the Sveaborg fortress during the day said the casualties from the fighting of Wednesday were a number many more than 500, expressing the opinion that the totals would run into the thousands. The garrison consisted of 6,000 men.

Cheatham is Consoled. Atlanta, Ga., Special—The committee of five to which was committed the investigation of the charges brought by State Representative Anderson against certain officers of the Southern Cotton Association, met here, after concluding the taking of evidence and formulating the report to President Jordan, was held behind closed doors.

Mr. Cheatham having admitted to your committee such dealings in the names of himself and of Michael O'Grady and P. A. Lee, such action on his part while an officer of this association meets with our strong disapproval and condemnation.

Boy Injured in Mill. Jonesville, Special—William Briggs a boy about 17 years old, and an operative in the yarn department of Jonesville Manufacturing Company was caught in the machinery in the aged room and fatally injured. Dr. W. O. Southard, attending physician stated that he entertained no hope for his recovery.

Commercial Law League. Asheville, Special—The 12th annual convention of the Commercial Law League of America adjourned Thursday afternoon after electing the following officers: President, H. G. W. Dinkelspiel, San Francisco; first vice president, Edgar F. Brown, Syracuse, N. Y.; second vice president, George M. Napier, Atlanta; third vice president, Henry Deutch, Minneapolis; treasurer, W. O. Hart, New Orleans; recording secretary, W. F. Carroll, New York. Members of executive committee: E. P. Allen, Minneapolis, and A. V. Cannon, Cleveland.

Bound Over For Peonage. Pensacola, Fla., Special—An investigation of the alleged peonage at the Jackson Lumber Company's camp at Lockhart, Ala., by the United States commissioner was held and resulted in three men being held to the United States Court trial under heavy bond. They are Robert Gallagher, superintendent; W. N. Grace and Oscar S. Sanders, employees of the company.

Anderson County Fair. Anderson, Special—Mr. W. E. Earle, secretary of the county fair association is busy getting everything in shape for the annual fair to be held in the early part of October. Liberal premiums have been offered for the different departments, a complete list of which may be had from the secretary. The merchants of the city have given the enterprise their hearty assistance by contributions.

Governor Heyward will have a number of petitions for pardon to submit to the consideration of the pardon board when it meets Wednesday. An appeal for executive clemency was received from Cherokee county. Maj. Jno. F. Jones of Blacksburg has urged Governor Heyward to save Ed. Rainey from the gallows. Rainey was convicted of an assault upon a negro girl. As an extenuating circumstance it is pleaded that the character of the girl was not above reproach.

MAKE FINE SHOWING

Progress of Southern Banks During Past Year

LEAD THE ENTIRE COUNTRY

With Exception of Middle Western States, South Led All Sections of Union in Establishment of National Banks During Period From 1900 to 1905 and Forthcoming Report of Treasury Department for Past Year is Expected to Give This Section Another Fine Showing.

Washington, Special—The Department of Commerce and Labor has received a report of the cotton spinners' and manufacturers' meeting that was held in Bremen, June 25th. This convention discussed conditions of the cotton industry, special consideration having been given the growth of cotton in this country, methods of baling, cost of transportation, etc. This report will be of special interest at this time, inasmuch as the two agents, Messrs. Whitman and Clarke, recently appointed by Secretary McCall to go abroad and investigate markets for American cotton goods, are now in Washington receiving instructions in their work preparatory to taking up their duties in foreign lands.

At the Bremen meeting there were present a large number of delegates and representatives from 12 different countries. Many carefully prepared reports and papers were read upon a variety of technical and commercial subjects. The question of cotton seed, cotton statistics, cotton growing, moist cotton, etc., were thoroughly discussed.

The forthcoming annual report of the Secretary of the Treasury is expected to show that many national banks have been established throughout the South generally during the fiscal year that ended June 30, 1906. The industrial development of the South has caused many corporations wanting to do a banking business to secure commissions during the last few years, and it is expected that when the showing for the year just ended is made it will be a good one. The report will also show what banks have been made government deposits.

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From March 14, 1900, to September 30, 1901, there were organized in the Southern States a total of 671 national banks, employing a capital of \$36,801,500. These were: The States of Virginia, which organized 51 banks with a capital of \$2,576,000; West Virginia, 49 banks and \$3,695,000 capital; North Carolina, 22 banks with \$9,600,000 capital; South Carolina ten banks with \$9,100,000 capital; Georgia, 40 banks with \$2,143,000 capital; Florida, 21 banks with \$1,559,000 capital; Alabama, 45 banks with \$2,252,500 capital; Mississippi, 15 banks with \$1,455,000 capital; Louisiana, 23 banks with \$2,685,000 capital; Texas, 238 banks with \$12,765,000 capital; Arkansas, 22 banks with \$1,450,000 capital; Kentucky, 57 banks with \$4,020,000 capital; Tennessee, 27 banks with a capital of \$1,630,000. The total for all Southern States was only exceeded by the total for the Middle Western States, which reached 578 banks with a total capital of \$10,822,500.

The fact that from 1900 to 1905 the Southern States led every other part of the United States with the exception of the Middle Western States is an excellent indication of South.

For Passing Counterfeit. Sumter, Special—Frank P. Buffington, a shrewd white man from Iowa, was tried before Recorder Harst for passing counterfeit money. He was bound over for trial at the higher court. In default of \$1,000 bond he was committed to jail. He passed a \$5 counterfeit on a colored merchant getting \$4.00 in good money after purchasing 10 cents worth of lemons.

Missing Negro's Body Found. Patrick, Special—Joe Brown, a negro who has been missing from his home here for two weeks, was found at Steer Pen Spring, about five miles from Patrick, by Jack Donahue, a white man who was passing through that section. The negro's body was in such a decomposed condition as to render identification almost impossible except by clothing and shoes—nothing remaining from the assaults of the buzzards except bones and clothes. So far an inquest has not been held. No one knows what caused his death.

Homicide Bee at Texas Election. Cold Springs, Texas, Special—In an election fight here, E. B. Adams, Democratic nominee for tax assessor, was instantly killed, Sam Adams, his brother, was shot in the head, and it is believed fatally wounded. W. Y. Robertson was badly wounded and O. W. Flannagan, his brother, was dangerously wounded. Williamson, it is alleged, did most of the shooting.

Epidemic of Burglaries. Asheville, Special—It leaked out here that three burglaries were committed in Asheville Thursday night and that the combined efforts of the police of the city led to a clue to the burglaries were futile. The police sought to keep the burglaries quiet, thinking that they could more easily get a line on the guilty parties. It is admitted by the police that the burglaries were committed in different portions of the city and at short intervals apart.

300 LIVES ARE LOST

Emigrant Vessel Hits Reef and Goes to Bottom

A FRIGHTFUL PANIC FOLLOWS

Italian Vessel Sirio, From Genoa via Spanish Ports for South America, Meets Disaster While Threading Difficult Passage Through Horns of Genua and Goes Down, Speedily, Stern First, Amid Terrible Scene of Panic.

Cartagena, Spain, By Cable—A terrible marine disaster occurred Sunday evening off Cape Palos. The Italian steamship Sirio, from Genoa for Barcelona, Cadiz, Montevideo and Buenos Ayres with about 800 persons on board, was wrecked off Horns of Genua.

Three hundred emigrants, most of them Italians and Spaniards, were drowned.

The captain of the steamer committed suicide.

The Bishop of San Pablo, Brazil, also was lost and it is reported that another bishop is among the missing.

The remainder of the passengers and the officers and crew got away in the ship's boats or were rescued by means of boats sent to them from the shore.

A number of fishermen who made attempts to rescue were drowned.

These rescued from the vessel are now at Cape Palos in a pitiable condition, being without food or clothing.

The Sirio struck a rocky reef known as Bajos Hornos and sank several minutes after the Horns of Genua had been about two and a half miles to the eastward of Cape Palos.

The Sirio was owned by the Navigazione Italiana, of Genoa.

Before he committed suicide the captain declared the steamer had 455 passengers on board and 127 men. The Sirio had 171 passengers when leaving Genoa, but additional Spanish passengers were taken on board at Barcelona, where the vessel touched a few hours before the disaster.

Will Pay For Looting. Governor Swanson and Adjutant General Anderson of Virginia have written J. A. Spence, merchant here and manager of the Union News Stand at the Raleigh Union Station that steps will be taken at once to recover the losses for the large quantities of fruits and other articles that were taken from their places of business last Friday by the Virginia troops while the train that was conveying them to Chincoteague was in the Union depot, the man having it is alleged, held the thieves in the quantities of fruits, sandwiches and other articles on display without offering to pay for them. Col. Vaughan of the 71st Regiment has been directed by the Governor and Adjutant General to recover the losses for the investigation and report to them as soon as this is done. The two Raleigh merchants will be compensated for their losses.

Randleman Bank Prospers. Randleman, Special—The directors of the Bank of Randleman held their annual meeting and declared the usual six per cent. dividend. The business of this bank has steadily increased under the capable management of Mr. James H. Cole, cashier and the board of directors.

Held Captive by Black Hand. New York, Special—Pasquale Greco, aged 35, who was reported several days ago as having been kidnapped by a Black Hand gang, was found in the hallway on Eleventh street gagged and blindfolded with feet and hands tied. He told the police that since last Tuesday night he had been a prisoner of several Italians, who had given him neither food nor water in 80 hours of his captivity. Eugene Duhe, a tailor, who notified the police of Greco's presence in the hallway, was arrested on suspicion.

Five Italians Discharged. Marion, Special—The jury in the case of the seven Italian laborers charged with conspiracy came into court and announced they were unable to agree as to all the defendants. Five they held not guilty and discharged as to James Mazone and Augustina Tespa. Judge Cooke thereupon discharged all the defendants save Tespa and Mazone and these were held in bonds of \$500 each.

Homicide in Knoxville. Knoxville, Tenn., Special—Frank Brown, aged 18, was shot shortly before midnight by Owen Nesbitt, a traveling salesman, at the latter's home, this city. Nesbitt returned from Chattanooga unexpectedly and found Brown at his home. Brown started to flee and Nesbitt shot him, the bullet taking effect in Brown's groin and after a short run he pitched headlong into a creek, dead, his skull having been fractured by his fall. Nesbitt surrendered.

Telegraphic Briefs. It is believed the plan for the new Cabinet has been virtually accepted by the czar and the program promised is one of immediate and liberal reform.

Winston Spencer Churchill, Parliamentary Secretary of the Colonial Office in the House of Commons explained the Government's plan to confer a constitution on the Transvaal.

THREE ARE LYNCHED

Alleged Lyrly Murderers Fall Into Hands of Mob

NO CONFESSION WAS MADE

Crowd of Over Two Thousand Men Attacks Rowan Jail and Removes Nease and John Gillespie and Jack Dillingham—Lives of Three Spared—Negroes Marched to Baseball Field Near Col. John Henderson's Home and Hanged to a Giant Oak The Dangling Bodies Riddled With Bullets.

Salisbury, N. C., Special—A mob of over two thousand determined men entered Rowan county jail shortly after 11 o'clock Monday night, removed therefrom Nease and John Gillespie and Jack Dillingham, charged with the murder of the Lyrly family at Barber Junction, July 13th, and marching them to the edge of town, strung them up to a tree, riddling the dangling bodies with bullets.

George Ervin was taken from his cell with his associates, but after closely questioning him, the leaders of the mob returned him to his cell.

Before getting in its work the mob gave the three victims an opportunity to confess the crime. Dillingham and Nease Gillespie refused either to confess or deny the crime. John Gillespie, in tears, maintained his innocence to the end. Tiring of efforts to get confessions from the negroes, the mob proceeded to the pleadings of citizens who urged that the victims be spared, the crowd hurried the victims to the baseball field near Col. John S. Henderson's residence and completed their work. At midnight, less than an hour from the time of the attack on the jail the three bodies were swinging in the moonlight from the limbs of a big oak.

Fireman McLendon, an employee of the Southern Railway, was shot and fatally wounded presumably by a stray bullet from a weapon in the hands of some member of the mob during the riotous scenes around the jail, and Will Troutman, a negro drayman, was also seriously wounded by a stray bullet. Both were simply ignored spectators of the proceedings.

Long, Solicitor Hammer and Mayor Boyd, Senator Overman and other prominent citizens did all in their power to persuade the lynchers to desist. Their appeals fell upon deaf ears.

As the clock struck 11 the mob came out of the jail with Nease and John Gillespie and Jack Dillingham and lead them out Main street towards Spencer. The yelling had ceased and the crowd was solemn. The negroes were walked along in the middle of the streets, each one between two strong men. There were about 2,000 people in the crowd that followed the lynchers. The crowd grew as the procession marched.

The party that went in the jail was about 50 strong. Hodge Krieger, the jailer, was the last man to give way. He argued in vain. When silence fell on the mob it was evident that a serious lot of men had taken control of the lynchers. The mystery is who the leaders came from, for none of the Salisbury officers knew their faces. It is believed that they came from Whitney.

11:30 o'clock: At first it was thought that all six of the accused negroes, Nease and John Gillespie, Jack Dillingham, Henry Lee and George Ervin and Della Dillingham, had been taken from the jail but it develops now that the mob left Henry Lee and Della Dillingham in their cells and brought George Ervin back after questioning him as to his guilt. Nease and John were lynched. It is considered fortunate that Henry, George and Della were left unmolested for it is generally believed that the two men are innocent and Della is a woman. So soon as the procession marched into Main street and turned toward the country, the mob took on a calmer aspect. Many men, sick at heart, went to their homes and their beds. The officers here did all they could except shoot to death the members of the mob.

12 o'clock: Just at midnight the mob halted beneath a large oak tree at Henderson baseball ground near the home of the Hon. John S. Henderson. Instead of killing the men at once the leaders tried to make the prisoners confess to the murder. One of the lynchers, had climbed a big tree and was sitting on a limb smoking a cigarette, waiting for a rope. The negroes were obstinate. A report to the effect that they would be burned came to town, but this proved to be a false rumor.

Nease and Jack said that they would neither deny nor own that they did it. John held out to the last that he was innocent.

Mr. W. J. McMahon, of Pittsburg, Pa., was at the scene of the death. He did all that he could to stay the mob, but his words of counsel were heard, but not heeded. Little John clung to his arm and begged him to save his life. Ed. Barber, a relative of the murdered people, begged the crowd to listen, but it was bloodthirsty. Each negro's feet were tied to his head, he was drawn up to the timber and riddled with bullets. Nease and Jack were stubborn.

Governor Will Act at Once. Raleigh, Special—Governor Glenn was at 11:30 told of the mob by Judge Long over the telephone. He at once wired orders to the military companies at Charlotte, Greensboro and Statesville to hurry on by special trains to Salisbury. Finding these were too late, he countermanded the order. He says that the crime is a blot upon the State and he will do all in his power to bring the guilty parties to justice.

CHEATHAM'S DENIAL

Secretary Cotton Association Under Fire

SAYS HE TRADED FOR A FRIEND

Atlanta, Ga., Special—Before the committee of investigation named by President Harvie Jordan to hear evidence that certain officers of the association owned an interest in a well-known brokerage concern, and also have been speculating in cotton futures, Representative J. R. Anderson, of Cheatham county, repeated the charges made by him on the floor of the House last week. He charged that Richard Cheatham, secretary of the association, speculated in cotton futures, carrying the accounts in the names of Mike O'Grady and P. A. Lee. Mr. Anderson also charged that Arthur A. Fairchild, who appears as the manager of the bureau of publicity of the association, owned one-eighth of the stock of the Piedmont Brokerage Company, a concern which makes a specialty of cotton futures. To support these charges, Mr. Anderson submitted a number of affidavits and declared that an order from Mr. Cheatham on certain brokers would bring forth further evidence in proof of the charges.

Mr. Cheatham produced in his defense a statement in which he declared: "I do not at the present time, nor have I directly or indirectly in any manner, owned any part of or interest in a bucket shop or wire gambling house."

"I have never speculated in cotton futures for my own personal gain."

Mr. O'Grady of Chattanooga, was on hand to substantiate the charge of Mr. Cheatham that the "O'Grady account" was handled for him by Mr. Cheatham merely as a personal act of friendship. Mr. Cheatham refused to reveal the identity of P. A. Lee, in whose name the other account was carried.

The charge that Fairchild owned an interest in the Piedmont Brokerage Company was not denied, although it was declared that the interest was disposed of some time ago.

Brokers People Testify. Mr. Fagan, manager of a local exchange, was the first witness at the afternoon session. He testified as to Mr. Cheatham having opened an account under the name of Mike O'Grady. Mr. Fagan admitted having given Mr. Anderson the information on which he based charges.

The next witness was B. C. Cottrill, local manager of a broker's office. He told that Frazier telling Dr. Crawford that Mr. Cheatham was a stockholder in the Piedmont exchange.

Holland Curran, who was bookkeeper for a brokerage firm with offices in this city, was the star witness of the day. He declined to testify without Mr. Cheatham's consent, whereupon Mr. Cheatham jumped to his feet and exclaimed:

"You are just here for a trick. This thing has been tried on me before, and I am tired of it. You are trying to play at the wrong game."

Mr. Curran flushed up angrily and proceeded to tell what he claimed he knew, and it was that Mr. Cheatham had bought cotton futures three times at his office. "He came to the office," said the witness, "and wanted to open an account. He did so and when we asked him what name to put the account he said: 'Oh, Mike will do.' 'Mike who?' he was asked, and said Jones was a good name and so the account now stands on our books as Mike Jones."

Dr. J. M. Crawford took the stand and said he was a stockholder in the Piedmont Exchange. He said he was always positive Mr. Cheatham owned stock, although he never said so directly.

A. A. Fairchild, manager of the publishing bureau of the association, was the last witness of the day and submitted a written statement.

Governor Cummins Renominated. Des Moines, Ia., Special—Governor Cummins was nominated for Governor by the Republican State convention. The ballot resulted: Cummins, 933; Perkins, 693; Rathbun, 104. The committee on resolutions submitted a platform which they had unanimously agreed to, favoring protection and expressing satisfaction with present prosperous conditions.

Oroton Oil Put in Whiskey. Jacksonville, Fla., Special—Thomas Callaway and Fred Walters, hostlers at a lively stable here, are suffering intense agony and are in a dying condition from drinking whiskey given to them by Arthur Kine, hostler at an opposition stable. Kine has been arrested and sent to jail without bail to await results. Investigation shows that a large quantity of oroton oil was mixed with the whiskey. What prompted the deed is not known.

Trolley Cars Meet Head-On. Worcester, Mass., Special—Two cars met in a head-on collision on the Worcester and Holden trolley line five miles from Worcester and 17 persons were injured. The most seriously injured are: Miss Cambello Bresto, Boston, fractured skull, may die; Mrs. Florence Johnston, Worcester, broken knee cap, condition serious; Miss Bertha Royce, Worcester, lacerations about lower limbs; Roland Johnson, Worcester, abdominal injury, condition critical.

NORTH CAROLINA CROPS

General Summary of Condition of North Carolina Crops for Week Ending Monday, Aug. 6, 1906.

General Summary. It has rained nearly every day in the greater portion of the State during the past week. The average rainfall was slightly below the normal and a great deal less than that of the week ending July 30th, but it was excessive in the central counties and has done a great deal of damage by excessive wetting and flooding. The weather was sultry and generally cloudy, and the need of sunshine is greatly felt. Many correspondents in all portions of the State report that sunshine is greatly needed. The temperature was uniform throughout the week averaging very slightly above the normal. The highest temperature was 90 degrees the 5th in Lincoln county, and the lowest temperature was 60 degrees on the 1st in Iredell county.

Companies Chartered. The Forsyth Manufacturing Co., of Winston-Salem, was granted an amendment to its charter by the Secretary of State authorizing the company to increase its capital to \$30,000, of which \$30,000 is common and \$20,000 preferred bearing 8 per cent interest.

The Rowland Cotton Storage Co., Robeson county, was chartered at \$10,000 capital authorized, and \$1,750 subscribed. The principal incorporator being J. W. Ward.

The Milton Warehouse Co., of Caswell county, was chartered with a \$15,000 capital by J. J. Lipscomb and others.

The Goldsboro Knitting Mills Co. also received charter at a \$25,000 capital authorized and \$10,000 subscribed. N. O. Berry, Royall and Borden and others.

Still another charter was the Cutlar Blades Hardware Co., of New Bern, at a \$50,000 capital, by W. B. Blades, L. H. Cutler, Jr., and others.

Sewerage System for A. & M. Raleigh, Special—There was quite a long session in the Governor's office of the council of State and the executive committee of the trustees of the Agricultural and Mechanical College considering the very important question of sewerage, the college never having had any system whatever. The council decided to appropriate \$75,000 for a sewer system to connect with that of the city, it being understood that the latter will make no objection to such connection. The action taken is the result of the death of the late Governor, who attended the recent summer school at the college, the deaths being due to typhoid fever, and another young lady being still sick with the disease.

Work on Dam Stopped. Raleigh, Special—Work on the great plant of the Cape Fear Power Company at Backhous Shoals, near Haywood, Chatham county, has been entirely stopped. The company is in the Federal Court. Four hundred thousand dollars has been spent and \$100,000 more is needed to complete the work. Unpaid interest will bring the sum up to \$900,000. The court ordered that the contractors should go on with the work, but they will not do this, some of them being dependent upon others. The judge is now at Mt. Vernon Springs and the receivers will go to see him this week and ascertain what can be done. Owing to the stoppage of work the property is deteriorating. There were three principal contractors, Pennsylvania, Virginia and local firms.

Bank Looted \$1,000,000. Chicago, Special—With a deficit in its accounts of close to a million dollars and with the whereabouts of two of its chief officers unknown to the authorities, the Milwaukee Avenue State Bank of Chicago, was closed by State Bank Examiner C. C. Jones.

Friends Preparing for Yearly Meeting. Greensboro, Special—The Friends of the county are getting ready for the Yearly Meeting, which begins at Guilford College next week. A number of visitors from other States are expected. Among those who have promised to attend are: Rev. Allen Jay, of Richmond, Ind.; Rev. P. W. Rainsborough, of Plainfield, Ill.; and Rev. and Mrs. Arthur Chilson, missionaries to Africa. Governor Glenn will speak on temperance Thursday afternoon of next week.

Fifth Anniversary of Settlement. Hinton, Okla., Special—The fifth anniversary of the opening of the Kiowa and Comanche country is being celebrated not only in this city but also in Anadarko, Hobart, Apache, Lawton and other points within the Territory. The celebrations will be in the form of outings with addresses by prominent speakers.