

STILL IN CONFUSION

Earthquake Sufferers Not Yet Free From Danger

BUSINESS RESUMING SLOWLY

Some Business Houses Opened at Valparaiso, City Under Martial Law, Traffic by Water and Rail Resumed

Valparaiso, By Cable.—Some business houses have opened for the first time since the earthquake.

The custom house has been reopened and traffic by water and rail has resumed.

Order is being maintained with the utmost severity by the military, police and armed citizens' patrols.

Valparaiso, By Cable.—The loss of life by the earthquake of Thursday, August 16, probably will not be short of 3,000.

Order is being maintained with the utmost severity by the military, police and armed citizens' patrols.

Five minutes afterward fires started in every direction, and the whole town, which had been momentarily in darkness, was illuminated by gigantic flames.

Contracts Awarded. Norfolk, Va., Special.—The board of governors of the Jamestown Exposition has awarded to J. W. Davis, of Newport News, the contract for the erection of the Educational and Historical Arts Buildings at a cost of \$86,000.

San Francisco Sends Aid. Washington, Special.—San Francisco made the first American contribution for the relief of the Valparaiso earthquake sufferers.

Anxiety is Now Subsiding. Washington, Special.—United States Minister John Hicks, at Santiago de Chile, has sent a cablegram to the State Department saying that anxiety over the earthquake is subsiding in both Valparaiso and Santiago.

Kuropatkin Recalled. Berlin, By Cable.—Gen. Kuropatkin who was commander-in-chief of the Russian armies in Manchuria until after his defeat at Mukden, has been summoned to St. Petersburg by the czar to resume the position he once held, that of minister of war.

Further Details of Disaster. Lima, By Cable.—Further details received from Valparaiso show that out of 40 employees of the telephone company here, 38 were killed.

CHARACTERISTIC VIEWS IN VALPARAISO, CHILEAN SEAPORT DEVASTATED BY EARTHQUAKE AND FIRE



Valparaiso, capital of the province of Valparaiso, is the principal city on the South American west coast. It is Chile's fortified seaport and has a population of about one hundred and fifty thousand, having grown from six thousand in 1826.

Paralleling the Chilean coast of twenty-three hundred miles is the same mountain chain which lies at the back of the State of California, and through which the earth's tremors ran which so completely transformed San Francisco.

There are two sections of Valparaiso, one devoted to commercial activity and the other to domestic life, that part of the city fronting the water, on which immense warehouses and spacious docks and quays are built, having been in the early days of Valparaiso the centre of its thrift.

Of course, the streets in the old quarter are crooked and narrow, but the enterprise which struck the city three decades ago is seen in the regular, wide and perfectly equipped thoroughfares in the Alameda.

There are several wharves on the water front where ships of small tonnage can go along, but the larger steamers have to anchor in the bay and discharge and load their freight by lighters.

Valparaiso suffered a disastrous earthquake in 1835. It is believed that the Spanish in 1836 and suffered from a terrific tidal wave on June 30, 1839, which wrecked the railroad and did a great deal of damage in other directions.

Chile threw off the yoke of Spain in the early part of the nineteenth century. It consists of twenty-four provinces and territories and contains 290,829 square miles.

Chile has been visited by severe earthquakes about every sixty years. In the last severe earthquake, in 1835, the island of Santa Maria was uplifted in three different localities, eight, nine and ten feet, but all this land subsided a few weeks afterward.

Valparaiso's chief manufactures are cotton goods, machinery and iron goods. Much mineral water is bottled there, while the sugar refineries and the brewing and distilling interests are large.

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COTTON STILL KING AND YET ANOTHER

South Carolina Mob Adds One More Lynching to Its Score

SHERIFF HANDED OVER KEYS

Then Iron and Steel Manufacturers. Large Increase in Some Lines in the Last Ten Years.

A special Washington dispatch to the Baltimore Sun says: The fact that exports of domestic merchandise from the United States have doubled within the last 10 years, coupled with the constant demand for information concerning articles in which that growth was developed, has set the experts of the Bureau of Statistics of the Department of Commerce and Labor to figuring.

The analysis shows that three classes—raw cotton, provisions and iron and steel manufactures—had in 1906 obtained each a total exportation of more than \$100,000,000.

In the fiscal year just ended 17 articles or classes of articles showed each an export value of from \$10,000,000 to \$42,000,000—cattle, leather and its products, boards, unmanufactured tobacco, wheat, agricultural implements, oil cakes, bituminous coal, chemicals, etc.

Raw cotton still occupies first rank and is entitled to the title of "King Cotton," which it has borne for years. Provisions continued to rank in second place, indicating that the United States is still doing business as a storehouse that furnishes the food products for many other countries.

Iron and steel manufactures have taken rank in third place and refined mineral oil has dropped from third place in 1906 to fifth place in 1906. Copper manufactures have shown a notable growth, having advanced from eleventh place in 1896 to fourth place in 1906.

Buffalo, Special.—Two men are dead and two more will probably die as a result of a desperate fight with stilletos between five Italians here. Two brothers were matched against three brothers. Frank Sardina, one of the three Sardina brothers, was killed on the scene of the battle.

Washington, D. C. Special.—There is on disposition on the part of the State Department to interfere in the Cuban revolutionary affairs. The Department regards the Island Republic fully capable of protecting itself against insurrectionists.

Richmond, Va., Special.—At Jarretts, Sussex county, in a personal affray between J. P. Matthews and Frank Johnson, the latter shot and killed the former and was desparately wounded himself.

Cape Haytien, By Cable.—The assassins of Milborne and Thurston, two Americans employed as collectors in the Dominican Custom House Service, have been arrested in Hayti, their extradition is demanded by the Dominican government.

Mexico City, Special.—Central American revolutionists are said to have been preparing to go to Cuba to join the revolutionists there, if the revolution in Cuba should succeed. The Cuban revolution has been in preparation for several months past.

Honolulu, Special.—The stranded steamer Manchuria, off Rabbit Island, is suffering great damage and those at the scene of the wreck think the vessel is doomed. Four of her eight boilers have been rendered useless, repeated shocks against the reef having damaged the foundations of the boilers. The port engine also is useless on account of the breaking of its main pipe.

Late News In Brief

MINOR MATTERS OF INTEREST

News has been sent out from Same Botello, Mex., that seven workmen were killed at that place in a big rock quarry being operated by the National Railroad of Mexico.

While the Polk county, Florida, authorities were taking Will Lawrence, a negro, to Tampa to prevent him being lynched, an infuriated mob at Mulberry, also in Polk county, stung John Bapes, a negro, and riddled his body with bullets.

Columbia, S. C., Special.—Willie Spain, a North Carolina negro, 21 years old, was shot to death by a mob near St. George, Dorchester county, Thursday afternoon.

This is the third lynching in South Carolina within ten days. S. L. Connor, manager of the Dorchester Lumber Company's stores at Badham, was notified by a negro that he saw another negro attempting to enter a window of his home and then run away into a nearby cane field.

A report has been circulated of a pitched battle in a Colorado Southern construction camp, 15 miles west of Lakeland in which five whites and five negroes were wounded, several fatally. The sheriff has sent deputies to the scene, but as it is remote from railway and telegraph lines, details are not yet obtainable.

President Roosevelt wrote a letter to Congressman James E. Watson, of Nashville, Ill., urging the election of a Republican House of Representatives in order to avoid economic disaster to the country.

The Gould Western Pacific system is extending its lines into Oregon. There are prospects that Alexander Bowie and Voliva will patch up peace in Zion.

The Democrats of Illinois are displeased to ignore Bryan's expressed wish and endorse him for President. Vice-President Fairbanks was given an enthusiastic reception at Fort Benjamin Harrison, Indiana, where he received the troops.

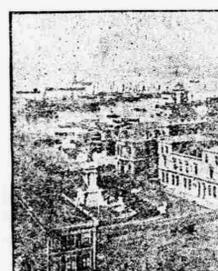
"Bob" Etheridge, a negro, was asked on the scene of his attempted assault on a child in South Carolina and shot to death. The 16-year-old daughter of Geo. Waddell, a North Carolina farmer, was assaulted, strangled and thrown into a marl pit.

Charles F. Murphy, leader of Tammany Hall, says that he is for Jerome F. He is the choice of the convention. The legislative committee which investigated the Williamsburg Insane Asylum failed to agree and will submit majority and minority reports.

Bids were opened in Washington for sites for Federal buildings in Fairmount and Grafton, W. Va. Mr. Gustavus C. Jacobs, owner of the Riverside plantation in Chesterfield county, Virginia, was killed by a sick from a horse.

Dr. Lee B. Boyers, a physician, and Dr. A. R. Badgley, a dentist, were arrested in Fairmount, W. Va., charged by Dr. G. W. Keener, an optician, with performing a criminal operation.

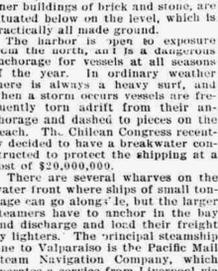
A report of the chief clerks of the two houses of Congress shows the appropriations of the last session to have totaled \$87,589,185.16, an increase of \$9,404,965.20 over the previous year's budget. Mr. Lewis P. Nelson, 87 years old, of Calpepper, Va., is dead.



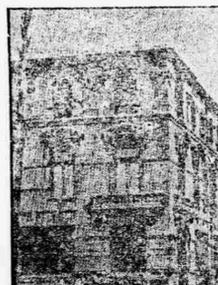
THE PORT OF VALPARAISO.



A BIRD'S-EYE VIEW OF VALPARAISO.



CALLE BLANCO, IN VALPARAISO.



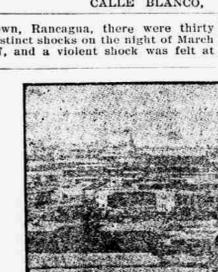
Town, Rancagua, there were thirty distinct shocks on the night of March 27, and a violent shock was felt at



of soda for export. The late Colonel North, who was called the "Nitrate King" in England, was one of the



Sotomayor Square on Water Front.



GENERAL VIEW OF COMMERCE IN VALPARAISO LOOKING TOWARD THE BAY—RESIDENTIAL PORTION SHOWN ON HILL AT THE RIGHT.

Comparative Table of Exports. The following table shows the value of 32 leading classes of articles exported in 1896 and 1906 and includes 90 per cent. of the exports of last year, thus affording a ready means of tracing the elements of growth in our exports since 1896.

Isn't It the Truth? "Say, paw," queried little Tommy Toddlers, "who are the city authorities?" The city authorities, my son, replied Toddlers, Sr., "are officials who claim to have no authority when the dear public wants something done." —Chicago News.

Who's Hoosier. An Indiana woman has just died at the ripe old age of 112. It is unfortunate, if true, that she has left no written record of the Indiana poets and novelists she had met. —Chicago Inter-Ocean.