THE RANDOLPH BULLETIN.

VOL. II. ASHEBORO, N. C., THURSDAY, NOVEMBER 8, 1906. NO. 23.

NORTH STATE NEWS

Items of Interest Gleaned From Various Sections

FROM MOUNTAIN TO SEASHORE

Minor Occurrences of the Week of Interest to Tar Heels Told in Paragraphs.

Charlotte Cotton Market.

These prices represent the prices quoted to wagons:

Good middling	10 1-4
Strict middling	10 1-8
Middling	10
Tinges and stains	8 1-2 to 9 1-2

General Cotton Market.

Galveston steady	10 3-8
New Orleans quiet	10 5-16
Mobile steady	10
Savannah easy	10
Charleston quiet	10
Wilmington firm	10 1-8
Norfolk steady	10 3-8
Baltimore, nominal	10 5-8
New York quiet	10.40
Boston, quiet	10.40
Philadelphia, quiet	10.65
Houston, quiet	10 1-4
Augusta, steady	10 5-16
Memphis quiet	10 3-4
St. Louis quiet	10 7-8
Louisville firm	11 1-4

Charlotte Produce Market.

Chickens—Spring	12 to 25
Hens Per head	35 to 40
Ducks	25
Eggs	29
Rye	80
Corn 72 toNp cmb fwepywhnyp pp	
Corn	72 to 75
Cotton seed	21
Oats—Seed	55 to 57 1-2

Baltimore Produce Market.

Baltimore, Nov. 5.—Flour quiet unchanged. Wheat steady; spot contract 75 1-2 to 75 5-8; Southern by sample 58 to 64.

Corn firm, spot 52 to 52 1-2; Southern white corn 50 to 53.

Oats firm, No. 2, Mixed 37 to 37 1-2 Rye firm; No. 2, Western 72 to 73.

Butter steady, unchanged; fancy imitation 21 to 22; do creamery 27 to 28; do fole 18 to 20; store packed 17 to 18.

Eggs firm 27. Cheese active and unchanged 13 5-8 to 14 1-8.

Sugar steady, unchanged.

Denounced Jail Management.

Wilmington, Special.—In connection with the sentencing of several prisoners to short terms for retailing, Judge Purnell in the Federal Court took occasion to pass very caustic criticism upon the manner in which the New Hanover county jail is conducted, saying that it is a disgrace to a civilized community from all accounts. Conditions in the prison were likened unto a Black Hole of Calcutta. The worst features of the treatment of the prisoners, the Judge declared, is the jail fare. He said that he would have no more United States prisoners suffer unnecessary punishment by sentencing them to terms in the jail here. He regretted even that prisoners had to stay there to await trial. The Cumberland jail was but little better, he said, and had the single advantage that the prisoners were sometimes able to get out. He signified his purpose to take the alleged bad treatment of prisoners up with the attorney general to see that the parties responsible for conditions are promptly punished.

Found Dead by Track.

Greensboro, Special.—Frank Roberts, a white man who had been employed for some time in the Revolution Cotton Mills, was found lying dead by the side of the Southern Railway at a point near the Proximity Mills. Police headquarters were notified, and Policeman Skeens and County Coroner J. P. Turner went to the place where the dead man lay. The coroner summoned a jury and they returned a verdict that the man came to his death by being struck by a train and knocked from the track down an embankment.

New Enterprises.

Charters are granted to the Transylvania Company at Rosemary, S. E. E. Brown, of Greensboro, N. C., and other North Carolinians and Virginians, stockholders, capital stock $50,000, to do a general merchandising business; Swindell-Fulton-Fish Company, Washington, N. C., capital $50,000; Peerless Dry Goods, Asheville, wholesale and retail, capital $50,000.

Charters are granted the Peerless Dry Goods Company, Asheville, to do a wholesale and retail business, capital stock $50,000, Robert L. Cook, Alex Vance and others stockholders; The Swindell Fulford Fish Company, Washington, to operate nets, deal in fish and oysters, etc., $50,000, W. E. Swindell, A. S. Fulford and others stockholders. The Transylvania Company, at Rosemary, $50,000, E. E. Brown, of Greensboro and others, to do a general merchandise business and have other privileges.

Tar Heel Topics.

Geo. W. Watts, of Durham, sends James Y. Joyner, treasurer of the third for a statue of Dr. Chas. D. Melver, $250. Four other contributions of $100 each have been received.

The bridge or trestle connecting Morehead City and Beaufort was completed. Length over a mile and a half, cost $200,000.

MORE PEONAGE CHARGES

Wilson Doughtery Files Complaint in Buncombe Superior Court—Alleges That He Was Jailed Because He Wanted to Quit Work.

Asheville, Special.—Another suit for damages against the South & Western Railroad Company and the Carolina Company as a result of alleged peonage practices on the company works between Spruce Pine and Marion was docketed in Superior Court by attorneys for Wilson Doughterty, a negro formerly in the employ of the S. & W. The complaint has not been filed and the amount of damages that will be demanded has not been named. It is said that when the complaint is filed there will be interesting disclosures. The complaint will allege that Doughterty was employed as a member of one of the construction gangs; that he desired to quit work and leave the company's employ and as a consequence was arrested and placed in jail. It will be alleged that Dougherty was kept in jail for a week or ten days without being told what he was under arrest for and that when he had finally secured an attorney to investigate the matter the jail doors were thrown open and he was informed that he might go. He did go—straight to his attorney and after an investigation a civil suit for damages was decided upon.

The suit against the South & Western institute last week on account of alleged peonage is the fifth action that has been started against the company during the past few months—all on account of peonage practices. It is said that there are other suits yet to come and that a dozen or more will finally be instituted. The amount of damages to be asked in each case has not been decided upon, but it is certain that the sums will be large. The evidence in some of the cases will be sensational. It will be alleged that the men employed in the construction of the South & Western road from Spruce Pine to Marion were forced to enter the mouths of tunnels that were regarded extremely dangerous and that those who refused to go were beat over the backs with pick handles and threatened with Winchester rifles.

Killed at Granite Quarry.

Salisbury, Special.—A disastrous accident happened late Tuesday afternoon at Granite Quarry, near this city. The car used for hauling granite from the dinky engine which is used to transport them and run away down grade, crashing into several cars that were coming on behind. Five men were hurt, one seriously. The seriously injured man was brought to the sanitarium at Salisbury and given treatment, but he died early Thursday in spite of all that could be done to save him. His name is Lovie Tarnhecher, a foreigner. He was buried here in the afternoon. The others injured, none of whom were seriously hurt, were treated of their homes at the quarry. The accident occurred in the works of the American Stone Company.

Charter Amended.

Charlotte, Special.—The North Carolina Medical College has amended its charter so as to move its principal office from Davidson to Charlotte. The corporation will conduct two branches of schools, one to be located at Davidson for teaching the freshmen and sophomore classes and the other to be located at Charlotte for teaching the junior and senior classes. However, the amended charter provides that the Davidson branch may be discontinued and both branches conducted at Charlotte. The amended charter also provides that the capital stock may be increased to $30,000.

Arrested on Suspicion of Murder.

Jacksonville, Fla., Special.—J. W. Horton, who lives near Fannin, Levy county, whose wife was shot and killed while sitting on her porch Saturday, has been arrested on suspicion. It is alleged that he was seen to shoot his wife, mount a stump to see if there were any eye witnesses, then enter the house and raise a cry for help. It is also said that her life was insured.

New County Home Opened.

Winston-Salem, Special.—The new and handsome Forsythe county home was opened formally to its regular inmates last week. There are about 35 people, aged and infirm, who are to enjoy handsome quarters and some of them were set to work on Monday cleaning the windows and woodwork. They were like a lot of children filled with the delight of going into a new home. To them it was as if the home was really their own property.

Tar Heel Notes.

Gastonia is threatened with a serious coal famine, as local dealers cannot get a supply from the mines.

The corporation commission orders the Seaboard Air Line and the Atlantic Coast Line Railways to build a union passenger station at Pembroke and to arrange for a freight depot there within 60 days from date.

Charters are granted the Carolina Engineering Company of Burlington, to do general engineering, surveying, construction of roads and bridges, steel construction, capital stock $125,000. J. W. Cates and others stockholders; the Monroe Insurance & Investment Company of Monroe, $50,000. W. S. Blakeney and others stockholders, this charter being a blanket one; the Cumberland Savings & Trust Company, Fayetteville, $30,000, to operate a savings bank. Frank A. Stedman, of Wilmington, principal stockholder.

DESTRUCTIVE GALES

Great Damage to Shipping in Northern Waters

COASTWISE VESSELS ARE LOST

Gale and Sea Work Damage Along the Coast of Nova Scotia, New Brunswick, and Prince Edward Island—Crew of Norwegian Bark Helpless in Severe Cold and Angry Waters.

Halifax, N. S., Special.—Dispatches have been pouring into this city bringing news of vessels wrecked or in distress, of wives prostrated and of damage done by the gale and sea along the coasts of Nova Scotia, Cape Breton, New Brunswick and Prince Edward Island. Four vessels were driven ashore, another, after having everything movable on deck washed away, was forced to put back to the port from which she sailed, and the steamer Turret Bell, which went aground on the north side of Prince Edward Island last week, was driven farther in shore.

The storm was most violent in Northumberland Strait. Two schooners and one bark were swept aground in this strait, and a third schooner was wrecked near the eastern entrance.

The Norwegian bark Adeona, tried to weather the gale off Rexton, N. B., but dragged her anchors and grounded on North Reef. She sprang a leak. The tremendous seas made it impossible for any vessels to go to her assistance, leaving her crew of 12 helpless in the severe cold and heavy gale, and in danger of being swept overboard or dying from exposure.

Near the same place the schooner Alexander, lumber laden, went ashore.

The Windsor, N. S., schooner Omega, lost her sails on Wednesday last when off Charlottetown, and the seas washed over her carried away her cabins and deck load. She drifted swiftly for 30 miles across Northumberland Strait, until she finally brought up on the rocks at Fox Point, on the northern coast of Nova Scotia. Her crew of four men had been obliged to man the pumps with practically no rest since Wednesday and during all that time they had had neither food nor drink, all their supplies having been swept overboard. They were rescued, almost overcome by exhaustion and exposure, soon after the vessel grounded. The schooner will probably be a total loss.

A Newfoundland schooner, the identy of which has not been learned, was wrecked last night at Campbells Cove at the eastern end of Prince Edward Island. The crew succeeded in getting ashore safely.

The 1,376 ton steamer Turret Bell, which is valued at $100,000, probably will prove a total wreck off Cable Head, Prince Edward Island, on the north coast where she went ashore last week.

Dr. Matthews a Suicide.

Baltimore, Md., Special.—In a cheap lodging house on East Baltimore street at some time during the 24 hours preceding 2 o'clock Monday afternoon, Dr. J. Baxter Matthews, of Greensboro, N. C., blew out his brains with a shot from a 32-calibre revolver.

Dr. Matthews was convicted March 9th, 1906, at Greensboro, N. C., of the poisoning of his wife December 1st, 1905. He had been out of custody under bail pending the decision of his appeal for a new trial, which was denied him, and relatives and bondsmen have been searching for him for some time that he might be taken before the court to be resentenced.

Another Rioter Convicted.

Atlanta, Ga., Special.—J. H. Carr, a white man, was found guilty of rioting by a jury in the city court. Judge Pendleton reserved sentence. Carr was indicted with several others in connection with the recent race riots here. The other cases will be tried this week and sentence imposed on Friday.

Fall River Refuses to Advance Wages.

Fall River, Mass., Special.—In reply to their letter requesting an advance in wages of 10 per cent the textile council received a reply from the Manufacturers' Asociation that the request was premature and that there must be a longer run of the present improved business before the proposition could be considered. The manufacturers added that the average margin of profits since July 1st, the date of the last advance of 10 per cent warranted only an increase of 6.77 per cent.

Savannah Physician Kills Himself.

Savannah, Ga., Special.—Dr. Edgar H. Nichols committed suicide at the Savannah Yacht Club by shooting himself through the heart with a revolver. Ill health was probably the cause. He was 59 years old and leaves a widow and three children. He was to have left soon for New York to enter a sanitarium.

Shoots Wife Then Himself.

Camden, N. J., Special.—Daniel Weldon, aged 58 years, shot his wife, Mary, and then sent a bullet into his own head. It is thought that both will die. Weldon's daughter was recently murdered by her husband and brooding over this trouble is thought to have affected his brain.

A Japanese captain of engineers in disguise was caught sketching the Philippine fortifications.

INDIANS GROW UGLY

A Sharp Skirmish Between the Utes and Soldiers

MORE TROUBLE MAY FOLLOW

Special Couriers Carries to Sheridan News of a Skirmash Between the Tenth Cavalry and Redskins on Bitter Creek—Troops Had Captured 50 Ponies and These Are Stampeded and Retaken by the Indians—Utes Did Not Fire on Soldiers—Troopers Run Up With Bands of Crow and Cheyenne Indians, Who Claim to be on a Hunting Trail.

Sheridan, Wyo., Special.—A skirmish occurred between a band of the renegade Ute Indians and a troop of the Tenth Cavalry on Bitter Creek, according to word brought by a special courier. The troops had captured 50 Ute ponies, severely frightened five Indian hearders.

As the troopers were driving away the ponies, 100 Ute Indians, fully armed, surrounded the cavalrymen and the ponies, stampeding the ponies with revolver shots and war whoops. The Indians recovered all the ponies but five that were killed by the troops in an effort to stop the stampede. The Indians did not fire at the soldiers. The soldiers desisted from attacking the Utes, as the reds greately outnumbered the troopers.

Troopers say that as far as they can ascertain from rumor and observation, the Indians will fight with little provocation.

Another detachment of the Tenth Cavalry that left Sheridan Monday night ran across a wandering band of 100 Crow Indians under command of Chief Sweet Mouth. The troopers drove the crows back toward the Crow agency. The Crows said they were hunting and denied any intention of joining the Utes.

Still another squad of the Tenth Cavalry fell in with a band of Cheyenne Indians, who, on representation that they were hunting, were allowed to go in peace.

Settlers charge that Indian guides, employed by the Federal troops, are acting treacherously and leading the troops into false trails to keep the soldiers from overtaking the Utes. These settlers mention among the wily scouts Woman's Dress, American Horse and White Cow Ball.

Five Die In Scalding Steam.

New Orleans, Special.—Five persons were scalded to death by a column of escaping steam from a broken boiler drum in a sugar house near Vacherie, La. The scene of the tragedy, the Shell Hille plantation, is remote from telegraph communication and details of the explosion reached here. The dead are Alexander Stein, Augustus Flagousi, Charles Ockman, Stephen E. Martinez, 7 years old, a Negro. A hole two feet square burst in the boiler drum, which stood near the sugar house. The sugar house was filled with steam and when found the three men, the little girl and the negro were still alive but fatally burned and in intense suffering.

Reduced Passenger Rates.

New York, Special.—The Erie railroad has aranged to put its reduced passenger rates into effect. Henceforth the maximum rate per mile on the Erie will be 2 1-2 cents. On parts of the line the rates will be lower. In Ohio there will be a uniform rate of 2 cents per mile in conformity with the law passed in that State some time ago.

On Hot Track of the Boll Weevil.

New Orleans, Special.—A search to determine whether the boll weevil has crossed the Mississippi river from Louisiana into Mississippi was begun in the vicinity of Natchez by the officials of the State crop pest commission. At the beginning there it was announced by the government experts that the weevil would probably make its crossing of Mississippi this fall, as it was agreed that the river would prove no barrier to the pest's eastward progress.

Coughed Buckshot From Lungs.

Portland, Ore., Special.—In a violent fit of coughing shortly before his death at a local hospital, H. L. Mills, an Oregon pioneer of 1876, and a nephew of General Robert E. Lee, raised from his lungs a buckshot that he had carried in his body since the civil war, when as a member of the Fifteenth New York Engineer Corps, fought against the away of his other's brother.

No Serious Infractions of Law in Nevada.

Washington, Special.—Further reports from agents of the Interior Department who superintended the opening Monday of the Walker Lake Indian reservation in Nevada have convinced Secretary Hitchcock that the infractions of the regulations governing the opening were not serious enough to warrant a recommendation in favor of invalidating it.

Luisiana Quarantine Restrictions Cease.

New Orleans, Special.—Quarantine restrictions imposed by the Louisiana State board of health ceased and all medical inspectors employed by the board of health in Centria American ports are being recalled, and their services dispensed with. The Havana inspector, however, will remain for an indefinite period.

STOLE 3 MILLIONS

Startling Operations of Fake Financier

BIG HAUL OF STOCKS AND BONDS

Charles Whitney Norton Arrested for Fraudulent Action in Connection With Arizona Mining Stock—Obtained Shares Under Agreement to Sell and Never Returned—Negotiable Papers to Amount of $2,000,000 Found in His Room.

Chicago, Special—A Federal warrant was served on Charles Whitney Norton, who was arrested by the police and who is said by the police and postal authorities to be responsible for extensive swindling operations, when he was taken to the county jail. He will be arraigned before United States Commissioner Foot soon. The specific case for which Norton was arrested was in connection with Arizona mining stock It is claimed that Norton has defrauded people in all parts of the United States out of bonds and securities amounting to $3,000,000.

It is claimed by the officers that Norton would obtain stock from any person who would trust him, and agree to sell it in the market. He might, the police declare, sell the stock and he might retain it, but the result to the person owning the stock was the same. They would receive no money from Norton, nor would the stock be returned to them.

In his room were found bonds, stocks, abstracts of land titles, first mortgages, and other negotiable papers, the greater part of which is thought to be genuine and worth almost $2,000,000.

The postal authorities declare that they have been searching for Norton since January, 1895, when he disappeared from Detroit, Mich., ostensibly to go to London, Eng. About two years later Norton was in Elmira, operating the American Wholesale Brokerage Company. It is also claimed that he was arrested in Troy, N. Y., also in Rutland, Vt., where he served a sentence of one year in jail for the fraudulent use of the mails.

It is claimed by the police that Norton solicited stocks and land titles of all descriptions to sell. When pressed by customers for the stock turned over to him he informed them that he would go to London, Eng., in order to obtain a better market. Titles to deeds and lands in Nebraska, Kentucky, Tennessee, Virginia and other States running into thousands of acres, were found in Norton's possession. One deed describing 50,000 acres of pine lands in Virginia and another describing 20,000 acres in Nebraska, appeared to be genuine.

THE STRIKE SETTLED.

Southern Railway Machinists Returned to Work Monday.

Washington, Special.—The strike of machinists on the Southern Railway which was inauguarated recently for an increase in wages was settled. An amicable adjustment has been reached with the committee of machinists, under which the strike will be declared off and the men now on strike will return to their old positions Monday morning, Nov. 5, without prejudice on account of the strike. The men who remained with the company are to continue at work. Those who have been employed since the strike will be relieved from the shops before Monday morning, but without prejudice as to their continued employment by the company in other places, or as to their future employment in the shops if needed.

Merit System for Employes.

Grand Rapids, Mich., Special.—The Story & Clark Piano Company, of Grand Haven announced a novel award system for their employes. They have set aside $2,000 in cash prizes, which will be awarded men in the different departments in their works on November 1, 1907. The deportment of the men, their arrival at the shop morning and noon and their work will all be averaged up, and at the end of the year the prizes will be awarded. The first prizes in the different departments are in most cases $100, and a second prize of $50

$8,000,000 For New York Schools.

New York, Special.—It was decided that the recent appropriation by the board of estimate of $8,000,000 for new schools in the city will be provided by the sale of city bonds. So quick is the city extending, especially in Brooklyn, that schools have to be built in all directions to meet the requirements.

New Navy Paymaster Assumes Office

Washington, Special.—Eustace B. Rogers, until recently pay director of the Navy, assumed the office of paymaster general and took over the duties. Mr. Rogers takes the place of General Harris, who announced his intention of retiring some time ago, but at the special request of the President, remained in office until his successor was selected.

To Replace a Convicted Clergyman.

Aberdeen, S. D., Special.—Rev. J. W. Hyslop, of Sioux Falls, S. D., has accepted a call from St. Mark's Episcopal church, of this city, to assume charge of the parish. Rev. M. F. Montgomery, who has been rector of the church for the past seven years, has taken over charge of Lead and Deadwood churches, which have been without a rector since the conviction of the Rev. G. C. Ware in connection with the land frauds.

SENSATION SPRUNG

Evidence of Illegal Practice by Tobacco Trust

COLLIERS SUPPRESSED FACTS

Massachusetts Senator Says Collier's Weekly Has Letters, Telegrams and Secret Codes to Prove Assertion, and That They Were Sold to Publications on Contract That They be Made Public, but This Has Not Been Done Because Paper Fears it Will Have Some Bearing on Tuesday's Elections.

Boston, Special.—District Attorney John B. Moran sent a letter to District Attorney Wm. T. Jerome, of New York, in which he stated that he was informed by State Senator A. D. Hughes, of Michigan, that there is in the possession of Collier's Weekly evidence in the form of original documents, letters, telegrams and secret codes, which tends to show that an organized method of legislative corruption is practiced by the so-called tobacco trust throughout the country.

The letter follows:

"I am creditably informed by one A. D. Hughes formerly a State Senator of Michigan, that there is in the possession of the proprietors of a publication by name Collier's Weekly having its usual place of business in New York city, evidence in the form of original documents, letters, telegrams, secret codes and the translation thereof, some copies of which I now have and which I append herewith for the purpose of identification which tends to show an organized, systematic and general method of legislative corruption practiced by the so-called tobacco trust throughout the country. I am informed that some of the documents, copies of which I do not have, tend to show that several bills affecting the interest of the said tobacco trust, were defeated at the capital of this Commonwealth at the last session of our general court (Massachusetts Legislature) by practices which are a part of this systematic scheme. I am informed that the proprietors of the said Collier's Weekly have purchased the evidence for a large sum of money under a contract to publish the same not later than 10 weeks after the first day of August; that the last day for publishing same has expired; that the said Collier's Weekly has refused to publish the same, according to contract.

"I am further informed that Collier's Weekly is delaying publication of this evidence in violation of its contract until after election, lest it should have an injurious effect upon Republican candidates on election day.

"Therefore I respectfully request you to obtain the same evidence and transmit to me forthwith in order that I may begin an immediate inquiry to such acts occurring within my jurisdiction as may be disclosed by an examination of the said documents."

In making public the letter, Mr. Moran also gave to the press copies of many letters, telegrams and codes, one letter being from Hughes.

Hughes claims that he bought a factory in Marion, Ind., last April from former Senator O. A. Baker, and in the factory Mr. Hughes found a desk, which he asserts was full of correspondence and documents revealing certain transactions with the American Tobacco Company.

Hughes states in his letter that he endeavored to interest President Roosevelt and Governor Hanley, of Indiana, but was unsuccessful. He then sold the documents to Collier's under contract to be published Oct. 9th last.

Congressman Ketchem Dead

New York, Special.—Representative John Henry Ketchem, of Dover Plains, died of applexy at a hospital in this city. He was 74 years old. He served in the House of Representatives from the 18th district during the terms 1865-73, 1877-93 and 1897-1903, and following reapportionment had since represented the 21st district, in which he was a candidate for re-election on the Republican ticket. He was colonel of the Fifteenth New York Volunteers in the civil war, during which service he was promoted to brigadier general and breveted major general.

Famine in Central China.

Shanghai, By Cable.—Missionaries report a most severe famine in the northern part of Kiangsu province Central China. It is estimated that 10,000,000 people face starvation. Local magistrates are preventing people from leaving the region, but are taking no steps to provide them with food and supplies. Serious disorders are feared.

Farmer Gored to Death by an Enraged Bull.

Galipolis, O., Special.—Charles D. Bailey, 78 years old, who lived two miles above Galipolis, was attacked by an enraged bull, while crossing a field, and gored to death. Mr. Bailey was one of the most prominent farmers in this section. He was a former member of the State board of agriculture and served for many years as commissioner of Gallia county.

Mrs. "Bill" Nye Dead.

New Orleans, Special.—Mrs. Edgar W. Nye, widow of the late "Bill" Nye, the famous humorist, died Sunday at the home of her daughter, Mrs. E. W. Pharr, at Avoca plantation, near Morgan City. Mrs. Nye was 56 years old, and was formerly a resident of North Carolina. Her body will be interred at New Iberia.

MESSAGE FORECAST

Advance Outline of What the President Will Recommend

ALL TRUSTS MUST BE CURBED

President Believes the Government Should Control all Corporations Producing Necessaries of Life as Well as all Lines of Transportation—Said to Advocate an Income Tax Situation in Cuba Reassuring—The Country's Great Prosperity.

Washington, Special.—The President practically finished the preparation of his annual message, which goes to Congress next month. The President talked over the mesage with members of the cabinet and others and it is possible to give at this time a general and fairly accurate forecast of its contents.

The menace of public wealth probably occupies more space than any other single subject. The President's conviction as to the necessity for an inheritance tax has grown stronger every day since he first broached the subject several years ago, and he will now take a more advanced stand than he has heretofore done. His belief in the wisdom of centralization has become one of his strongest hobbies. He is of the opinion that the Federal government should have supervision, not only over all lines of trasportation and communication, but also over corporations controlling the necessities of life. He believes that speedy acceptance of this doctrine by great corporations themselves will save them untold trouble and possibly annihilation in the future. One of the greatest dangers in our present age, he argues, is the growing discontent of the masses against the classes and the sooner the public is convinced that the great so-called trusts are conducted as much in the interest of the people as in the interest of coupon clippers the sooner will the possibility of a revolution be removed. The President believes there should be a limit on great fortunes. In his opinion the piling of millions on top of millions in banks is not a healthy way to increase wealth, and when these vast fortunes descend to individuals who never worked for a dollar of their collossal inheritance, the effect is distinctly bad.

The President is also said to be an ardent advocate of an income tax, but not quite ready to press the matter upon Congress.

In his message the President will again pay his respects to the railroads and will urge additional legislation to reinforce the rate law passed last year.

The situation in Cuba, reassuring as it is now, will give the President a good chance for congratulation. He will take occasion in this connection to again disclaim any intention on the part of the administration to acquire a permanent foothold upon the island. He will again urge the passage of the Santo Domingo treaty.

The need for a more elastic currency will be dwelt upon in the message, and Congress will be asked to fix a remedy. The message in addition to the more important questions referred to, will devote the usual space to a survey of the government's activities in all lines of work. Our abundant prosperity, our cordial relations with all the peoples of the earth and our steady uplift toward higher things will be mentioned by the President as a cause for congratulation and increased endeavor.

Representative Hoar Dead.

Worchester, Mass., Special.—Representative Rockwood Hoar, of the third Massachusetts district, son of the late Senator George F. Hoar, died at his residence in this city after an illness of five weeks. Congressman Hoar since Sept. 26, had been unable to take part in the campaign for his re-election to Congress. His nomination for Congress followed very closely the death of his distinguished father, Senator George Frisbie Hoar, in 1904.

Sentence For Life.

Atlanta, Ga., Special.—Alexander Walker, the Brownsville negro on trial for the murder of County Policeman J. L. Heard, was found guilty, with a recommendation of mercy, and was sentenced to life imprisonment. A motion for a new trial was immediately filed by his attorneys. Walker was indicted with 58 other negroes for the murder of Policeman Heard during the September riots here, his being the first case to be tried

Cruisers to Escort President.

Philadelphia, Special.—The United States cruisers Tennessee and Washington, which are to act as convoys to President Roosevelt on his visit to Colon, Panama, sailed from the League Island Navy Yard for Hampton Roads. Each cruiser carried a full crew and about 90 marines. At Hampton Roads the cruisers will join the battleship Louisiana, upon which President Roosevelt is scheduled to make the trip to Panama.

Utes Take Supply Wagon.

Sheridan, Wyo., Special.—A band of 100 Ute Indians, it is reported, captured a wagon loaded with 3,000 pounds of flour and supplies bound from Arvada to the Tenth and the Sixth Cavalry. The driver was held at rifle point while the redskins sacked the entire load and aerried it away allowing the driver to proceed with the empty wagon.

Late News In Brief & MINOR MATTERS OF INTEREST

Mrs. Virginia D. Young, editor of the Fairfax, S. C., Enterprise, and famous throughout the country as a writer of great ability, died Saturday night after a very brief illness.

The anniversary of the granting of the Russian constitution passed quietly in spite of fears to the contrary.

The St. Petersburg University, which was closed by the faculty council on account of students holding political meetings is to be reopened.

Many Cuban officeholders were dropped in the move for economy and reform.

A European government is believed to have stirred up the anti-American feeling in Japan.

Treasurer Treat shows that the sum of $877,296,238 is held in gold in the United States treasury.

Secretary Wilson has issued a number of new meat inspection regulations.

The Panama Canal Commission estimates that it will require an appropriation of $25,406,258 for next year's work.

A portion of the Southern Railway shops at Manchester, Va., has been barricaded in order to protect strikebreakers from the striking machinists.

Governor Swanson commuted to life imprisonment the sentence of Lillian Young, of Rappahannock county, who had been sentenced to be hanged.

E. A. Taylor and A. L. Peartree were arrested in Richmond, charged with obtaining money under false pretenses.

Judge Dayton, at Clarksburg, enjoined the sale of the T. M. Jackson coal lands, which are said to be worth $1,200,000.

Timothy Woodruff wants President Roosevelt to come out and repudiate the Hearst circular which makes him appear as entertaining views on capital similar to those held by the New York candidate.

The American Stock Breeders' Association is in favor of compelling candidates for matrimony to pass a State examination.

Senator Dubois has informed President Roosevelt that if Secretary Taft makes speeches in Idaho against Governor Gooding he will appear in the attitude of defending Mormonism, that being the only issue.

In response to rumors—circulated, it is alleged, as a joke—that the whites of Brockhaven, Miss., were forming a Ku Klux Klan to drive out the negroes, the latter have organized a Whitecap band, which has already killed one man.

Gilford Hooe, the negro coachman formerly in the employ of Augustus Hartje, the Pittsburg millionaire, who has been sung his wife for divorce, was convicted of perjury committed when he swore that Mrs. Hartje was intimate with him.

An interview between Mrs. Mary Bake Eddy and a number of newspaper representatives was arranged to show that she is in full possession of her faculties.

President Roosevlet took with him to his country home at Pine Knot, Va., his annual message, to which he will put the finishing touches.

Chairman Griggs predicts that the Democrats will gain 67 members of the House of Representatives.

Hereafter each officer and soldier in the army is to wear a numbered aluminum badge that will identify him in case of death or accident.

Eight of the identified participants in the robbery of the custom house cashier in St. Petersburg are to be taken to Cronstadt for execution.

The program of the French Cabinet is said to include public ownership of mines and abolition of the death penalty.

While the New York Republican politicians seem to have recovered from their scare that Hearst will win, the financial and business men continue apprehensive, though the indications continue strongly to favor Hughes.

Six persons were injured in an automobile crash at Pittsburg.

The pitiful story of the forme. Anne Gould's life since she married the dissolute and extravagant Count Boni Castellane was told in court at Paris when the divorce case came up.

Governor Magoon has given the Cubans a great surprise by anouncing that American occupation will be not only administrative, but reformative.

Russia will it is said, build a naval station at Alexandrovsk, on the Amur.

The National Woman's Christian Temperance Union ended its annual session.

Five persons were scalded to death by the bursting of the drum of a Louisiana sugar house boiler.

Dr. Julian P. Thomas made an escension with a damaged balloon without car or ballast near Atlanta, Ga., and nearly lost his life.

James H. Hayes, the Richmond negro leader, denouced the Republicans in a speech.

Judge Jas. E. Cary, who presided at the trial of the Chicago anarchists implicated in the Haymarket riots is dead.

The number of persons killed in the wreck near Atlantic City is placed by local railroad officials at 62.

Hearst and Hughes, the rival candidates for Governor of New York concluded their up-State tour and will wind up the campaign with meetings in Manhattan.

Col. R. H. Dulany, one of the wealthiest and most prominent men in Northern Virginia, is dead.