

THE RANDOLPH BULLETIN.

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NO. 22.

SIMPSON COBLE

MURDERED.

Aged Father and Brother-in-Law
in Jail Accused of the
Awful Crime.

FOUND DYING IN DITCH
NEAR HERMAN ELLIOTT'S.

During the night of November 10th in Greene township, Guilford county, near the Randolph county line, Simpson Coble was murdered by unknown parties. However suspicion points strongly to the aged father of the murdered man and his brother-in-law as the guilty ones and as a consequence Dan Coble and Heitman Elliott are in the Guilford county jail awaiting a preliminary hearing. Warrants are out for the arrest of other accomplices, who, it is claimed have fled to other parts.

The trouble which culminated in the death of Coble seems to have originated at a blockade distillery operated by H. H. Holt near Heitman Elliott's. The officers who investigated the matter found evidences of a general fight having taken place near the place where the body was found, in a deep gully.

The body was found first by H. H. Holt and John Amick who reported to the Guilford county sheriff, Wednesday night, that Simpson Coble was found by them that morning lying in a ten foot gully, near the home of Hight Elliott, and that he was badly hurt, one eye being knocked out, a deep cut on his head, his shoulder broken and the man unconscious. They said that they had been to Coble's house to see him early in the morning and his wife had told them he had not been home since the day before and the family was uneasy about him. From there they went on to Elliott's house, and upon inquiring about Simpson, was told by both Dan Coble, the father, and Elliott the brother-in-law, that he was lying in a gully about 200 yards from the house, Dan Coble remarking at the time that he saw him there about 8 o'clock the night before, but would not bother with him for fear he might get mad and cuss him, saying further, that he, Elliott and his dead son had been enemies for three years, and though he saw blood on him he did not propose to get into a row by going to his assistance.

Holt and Amick, said that they found Simpson lying in the gully apparently dead, one eye protruding from its socket and blood all over his face, but while the man seemed to be conscious he could not talk.

With the assistance of the father and brother-in-law the body was then taken to the injured man's home, about a quarter of a mile away, a physician summoned and the necessary attention given.

Holt and Amick also stated that within ten feet of the gully, where the wounded man was found, there was a pool of blood, and fifty feet further there was the evidence of a fight between several men, blood strewn the ground between this point and the pool of blood near the gully.

It was common knowledge in the neighborhood, it is said, that Simpson Coble and his father and Elliott had been at enmity for years, and Tuesday night a fight was heard in the neighborhood of where the body was found, and a voice like Dan Coble's was heard to say, "I'll burst your brains out if you say that again."

THE SOUTH AND HOOKWORM.

[Charlotte Observer.]

It is fairly well known that hookworm, like pellegra, cannot be termed peculiar to the Southern American States. Dr. Charles W. Stiles discovered in the South an already recognized disease. But how widely this tiny worm has spread itself few are aware. Recent dispatches report it as existing on the Pacific coast, and other discoveries in the United States outside the South may be made later on. In Central America one-fourth the population is said to suffer from hookworm anaemia. Warm countries throughout the world suffer more or less. In Europe the pest thrives as far north as Belgium, on the shores of the North Sea, and is by no means unknown in northerly or mountainous countries like Switzerland and Austria. So the South has plenty of company. We regret that there is any company, but the aid and comfort accruing need not be overlooked. Let the Southern press give hookworm disease's widespread occurrence all the publicity it can. Let the Southern press, too, point out that exaggerated accounts have gone forth; that a people among whom hookworm anemia is the rule rather than the comparatively rare exception could never have waged the civil war nor built up the great industrial development which has followed.

Secretary of Agriculture Wilson recently went through a large part of North Carolina and as his hosts desired him to be frank in his comments of what he saw. The number and magnitude of factories he found impressive; agricultural methods had not improved as much as they should; signs of hookworm disease, the Secretary took occasion to say, were conspicuous by their absence. Mr. Wilson saw, that every intelligent observer recognizes in this section, an energetic people who only need to get off some wrong paths and overcome some misfortunes to make the remarkable progress which they are making now. The South wants riddance of whatever hookworm disease may exist—and a good deal doubtless exists in special localities; but the South has never been hookworm-eaten and was never less so than now.

Within the past two weeks this section has received something like one million dollar's worth of bad advertising, for the most part a peculiar offensive sort. We believe that all Southern interests can and should unite in an effort to lessen the damage.

The Rev. Ira R. Hicks Almanac for 1910 Ready November 15th, 1909, a splendid year-book on, astronomy and meteorology, the only one containing the original "Hicks Weather Forecasts." By mail, postpaid, 35c, on newstands, 30c. One copy free with every year's subscription to the Word and Works, the Rev. Ira R. Hicks Monthly Magazine, the best \$1. monthly published in America. Discounts on almanacs in quantities. Agents wanted. Remember, the genuine "Hicks Forecasts" are not published anywhere else—you get them only in his own publications. Word and Works Publishing Co., 2201 Locust St., St. Louis, Mo.

Why get up in the morning feeling blue,
Worry others and worry you;
Here's a secret between you and me,
Better take Rocky Mountain Tea.
Simpson's Drug Store.

As the Guessing Progresses

The Bulletin's great guessing contest is starting off satisfactorily. More guesses have been recorded to date than we expected during the first week. However let no one feel discouraged as there is just as good opportunity now to win some of those valuable prizes as when the contest first opened. At this stage of the game the guesses are necessarily scattered over a wide range of numbers and it may be that several days will elapse before the hits are bunched around the "bull's eye." It will not be safe nevertheless, to put off guessing too long, as some stray shot may smash right into the center of the target and carry off the largest of the 17 prizes offered. From this date on the guessing will be more spirited as people are spending lots of time counting the number of grains in a half gallon fruit jar and when they are satisfied in their minds they are going to pay a year's subscription and take a

CATTLE TICKS LESSEN YIELD OF BEEF AND MILK.

A cattle tick that has reached the engorged stage weighs about 5 grains, and about 1,500 such ticks weigh a pound. As cattle in the tick region often carry many thousands of these blood sucking parasites, and as each tick during the period of attachment to an animal draws considerably more than its own weight in blood, it can be seen that these ticks constitute an enormous drain on the cattle which they infest. This accounts for the fact that under such conditions it is impossible to fatten cattle even on rich pastures and with an abundance of good feed. A large part of the nourishment that should go toward producing beef and milk is consumed by the ticks. In addition to the loss of blood and nourishment there is the never-ceasing irritation caused by the ticks, so that the existence of the infested cattle is beset with continual suffering and this of course also tends to keep them in poor condition.

The shrinkage in the milk production of a cow harboring many ticks will average one quart a day, and the loss occasioned thereby is 3 cents a quart for the 875,000 ticky dairy cattle out of more than 4,000,000 below the quarantine line would amount to \$26,250 a day. Counting 300 milking days for each cow to the year would make the loss from this cause \$7,975,000 per annum.

Full information as to how to get rid of the ticks including directions for the preparation of dips and sprays, the arrangements of pastures, etc., may be obtained free upon application to the Bureau of Animal Industry, Department of Agriculture, Washington, D. C.

Young Girls are Victims
of headache as well as older women, but all get quick relief and prompt cure from Dr. King's New Life Pills, the world's best remedy for sick and nervous headaches. They make pure blood, and strong nerves and build up your health. Try them 25c at J. T. Underwood's.

ACCIDENTLY SHOOTS HIMSELF

Young Man Meets Death in Peculiar Way.

Harrison Winslow, about nineteen years old, son of J. R. Winslow, residing on a farm near Trinity, met with a tragic death Monday morning. The young man together with his brother-in-law, John Brown, were in the woods cutting timber. They were cutting down a tree in which they supposed squirrels were housed and when the tree started to fall young Winslow ran for his gun which he had placed near by. He grasped the gun near the muzzle and at the same moment, while looking backward and upward for the squirrels, the hammer of the gun accidentally struck some object discharging it, the shot striking his neck just under the chin and ranging diagonally upward cut off the base of the skull back of the ear, death resulting instantly.

The funeral was held Tuesday afternoon at 3 o'clock Rev. Harvey, pastor of the High Point Friends Church, conducting the services. A large concourse of sorrowing relatives and sympathizing friends followed the body to its last resting place.

Put up His Pitchfork.

When Mr. Roosevelt was President he recalled an invitation that had been sent to Senator Ben Tillman, of South Carolina, to dine at the White House. Tillman declined to contribute ten dollars toward a luncheon to President Taft, in Columbia, S. C. Honors are supposed now to be even, and President Taft invited Tillman to accompany him through the latter's state. The South Carolina statesman laid aside his pitchfork and accepted the invitation. — Philadelphia Press.

A Card From Mr. Mrs. G. Elwood Stanton.

We desire to express through your paper our profound gratitude to our friends and good people of this vicinity for their sympathy and many deeds of kindness shown us during the affliction and death of our little daughter, Grace. These deeds of kindness have been a great comfort to us in this sad and trying hour of affliction and death.

Respectfully,
Mr. and Mrs. G. Elwood Stanton.

Negro Better Off in America.

Dr. Ernest Lyon, American minister to Liberia and himself a negro, advises American negroes against hoping to better their condition in Liberia. For one thing, he says, the native African entertains against the negro from America a prejudice which is very strong. This prejudice impresses us as rather strange. It is certainly calculated to make the Southern negro feel more than ever that his true and only home lies over here. — Charlotte Observer.

Wis., is given over entirely to the work of experiments in co-operation with railroad companies and other corporations and individuals in prolonging the life of railroad ties, mine props, bridge timbers, fence posts, and transmission poles.

The lengthening of the life of timber means the saving of thousands of dollars annually through doing away with the heavy expense of labor and cost of material for renewals.

Timber Decay Costs Millions.

By Proper Treatment the Life of
Timber May Sometimes
Be Trebled.

Millions of feet of timber and finished lumber rot every year in railroad ties, bridges, trestles, piles, farm buildings, fences, poles and mine props. The lumber consuming public of the United States pays perhaps thirty to forty million dollars a year to make good the losses from wood decay.

These great drains are a source of more concern each year. Chemists and engineers who have to do with the uses of wood are working unceasingly on the problem. The U. S. Forest Service has men who devote their whole time to it. The importance of the problem cannot be overestimated. Millions of dollars are annually saved by preservative treatment of timbers, but much yet remains to be learned.

Wood decay is caused by fungus, a vegetable growth sometimes so small that it can be seen only with a microscope. Its roots or branches, like minute hairs, force their way into the wood tissues and absorb or eat away the solid parts. The collapse which results is called decay. Timber is artificially preserved by forcing into its cells and pores certain substances which prevent the growth of fungi. As long as this substance is present in sufficient quantity, the germs of decay—the threads and pores of fungus—cannot enter and the wood is preserved. This often means doubling and sometimes trebling the life of the timber.

The United States government considers the investigations of the preservative treatment of timber of such importance that the business of one office of the United States Forest Service, that of Wood Preservation, with new headquarters at Madison,

**THAT in your mouth
BAD is a SURE
TASTE SIGN
of Disordered Liver**




**SIMMONS
LIVER
REGULATOR**

TO-DAY.

You will feel better almost immediately, and still better **To-Morrow**

THE GENUINE has the RED Z on the front of each package and the signature and seal of J. H. ZEILIN & CO., on the side, in RED. FOR SALE BY ALL DRUGGISTS.



**You'll be Dead
a Long Time**

so you had better keep alive and well as long as you can.

That means you want to get rid of that cough or cold that's been hanging on for weeks, and get rid of it right away.

We sell many good cough remedies.

**Recall Cherry Juice
Cough Syrup** will cure the most stubborn cough, hoarseness or sore throat. Has a delightful flavor, is most palatable, and gives immediate relief. If one bottle doesn't completely cure your cough bring back the empty bottle and we'll return your money. Three sizes, the larger sizes most economical to buy—25c., 50c. and \$1.00.

**J. T. UNDERWOOD
THE REXALL STORE
NEXT TO BANK OF RANDOLPH**

Bloodine, The World's Tonic is a Body Builder.

BLOODINE has cured thousands of people of Kidney and Bladder diseases. It used to be considered that only urinary and bladder troubles were to be traced to the kidneys, but now modern science proves that nearly all diseases have their beginning in the disorder of these most important organs.

The kidneys filter and purify the blood—that is their work. Therefore when your kidneys are weak or out of order, you can understand how quickly your entire body is affected, and how every organ fails to do its duty. If you are sick or "feel badly" begin taking the great kidney remedy, BLOODINE, because as soon as your kidneys are well they will help all the other organs to health.

A trial will convince anyone. Weak and unhealthy kidneys are responsible for many kinds of diseases, and if permitted to continue, much suffering is sure to follow.

POSITIVE PROOF.

Gained 15 pounds in 60 days by taking Bloodine. Alex Williams, 27 Perkins St., Melrose, Mass.

Mrs. Octavia E. Carpenter, gained 20 pounds by taking six bottles of Bloodine.

R. J. Farnum, Malden, Mass., was cured of Rheumatism with Bloodine, after suffering eight years.