

The Randolph Bulletin.

A RANDOLPH COUNTY PAPER FOR RANDOLPH COUNTY PEOPLE.

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ASHEBORO, N. C., THURSDAY, MAY 26, 1910.

ONE DOLLAR A YEAR.

OUR RALEIGH LETTER.

Raleigh, N. C. May 21. North Carolina now has \$3,400,000 worth of forty year 4% bonds for sale upon the market. The last session of the Legislature, in order to take up the bonds of the State due in July, 1910, and to provide permanent improvements in the State Hospitals and possibly some other Institutions, provided this bond issue. Since the present outstanding bonds of the State fall due in July it is necessary to sell the new issue before that time. Accordingly the State Treasurer advertised for bidders, but the propositions received by him, and opened this week, would take up but little more than a third of these bonds. It was found apparently impossible to interest large northern financial institutions in the bonds of this State and many of them gave as a reason that the bond market was over stocked on account of the reclamation and irrigation bonds that are being floated in great quantities. The Constitution of the State provided that bonds cannot be sold for less than par. From this statement of facts it will be seen that Governor Kitchin's administration now faces a situation which must be met at once. It is believed that nearly all of these bonds can be disposed of at par or a little above par to persons within the State of North Carolina. This must be done within two months or the holders of the outstanding bonds would make demand upon the State Treasurer for the same.

Just at the time that this matter is receiving the attention of the State administration comes the decision of the Supreme Court to the effect that the surplus of a bank invested in State bonds shall be deducted from the value of the bank stock. While the effect of this decision does not in any way make bank stock non-taxable, as some have tried to create an erroneous impression at the same time its effect will be apparently to enhance to some extent the value of the State bonds. The decision of the Court was rendered by Justices Manning, Brown and Walker, while Chief Justice Clark and Justice Hoke dissented. The Chief Justice in his dissenting opinion concludes by stating that the opinion of the Court will not hold and attempts to put prospective buyers of bonds on guard. Those who uphold the decision of the Supreme Court claim that these words of the Chief Justice are nothing less than an overt attack upon the credit of the State.

The entry of Ed. Abell, of Johnston County, into the race for Solicitor of the Sixth Judicial District is a piece of shrewd politics. Mr. Abell is said to be the Manager in Johnston County for Mr. Frank Daniels in his race for Judge of the Superior Court. Mr. Herbert Morris, of Wake County, is a candidate for Solicitor and Mr. J. C. Clifford of Harnett County is a candidate for Judge. It seems that Norris is not aligned with either faction in Wake County, but that Clifford is supported by the so-called King. It is said that Norris will control the Wake and Harnett delegation; that the Johnston delegation will be instructed for Abell, owing to the "unit rule" prevailing in Johnston County; and that the Wayne vote of Wake and Harnett, Norris will need about twelve votes to secure his nomination; and to secure these Wake's vote for Judge must be given to Daniels. This indicates that Mr. Frank Daniels will be nominated for Judge and Mr. Herbert Norris for Solicitor.

LIST OF NAMES OF BOYS IN RANDOLPH COUNTY CORN CONTEST.

Allen, Colbert, Ramseur, Rt. 1.
Auman, Clinton, Seagrove, R. 1.
Allred, Clyde, Millboro, Rt. 1.
Allred, Alfred, " Rt. 1.
Brown, Carl, Ramseur, Rt. 1.
Bird, Clarence, " " "
Buchner, Earle, " " "
Warren, Branson, " " "
Barker, Claude, Climax.
Burke, Charles, Jordan
Brown, Vaughn, "
Barker, Lester, "
Brady, Millard, Cheeks.
Brown, George, Erect.
Beck, Charles, "
Branson, Roscoe, Seagrove, R. 2
Brower, Harvey, Staley.
Burgess, Wesley, Ramseur, R. 2
Brown, L. G., Jordan.
Brown, Clay, "
Brown, William, Julian.
Brown, Frank, Liberty, Rt. 2.
Bean, Edgar, Moffitt.
Beeson, W. F., Randleman.
Beeson, J. Henry, "
Cox, Evan J., Moffitt.
Craven, Baxter, Seagrove, R. 1.
Coble, Mack, Millboro, Rt. 1.
Causey, Kempt, Liberty, Rt. 2
Coble, Harvey, Julian.
Chisholm, Eugene, Staley, R. 1
Chisholm, John, "
Coltrane, D. S., Randleman, 1.
Coble, Walter, Climax, Rt. 1.
Cox, Wiley, Ramseur, Rt. 1.
Cox, Rossie, "
Cranford, Hubert, Climax.
Cooper, Martin, Asheboro, Rt. 3
Dorsett, Claud, Farmer.
Dorsett, George, "
Davis, Albert, Millboro.
Dawson, Millard, Ulah.
Edwards, Alson, Jordan.
Forrester, Owen, Ramseur Rt. 1
Farlow, Walter, Randleman, 3
Fields, Cecil, Climax.
Fields, Coy, " Rt. 1.
Greene, Edgar, Cole's Store.
Greene, Eugene, " "
Hodgin, Verus, Ramseur, Rt. 1
Hinshaw, Carl, " "
Hinshaw, Clyde, " "
Hicks, Newton, Cheeks.
Hoover, Harlan, Asheboro, R. 2
Hussey, Wade, Asheboro, Rt. 3
Hughes, Carl, Ramseur.
Hicks, John, Staley, R. F. D.
Hudson, Lee, Julian.
Jones, Lester, Liberty, Rt. 1.
Jones, Sam, Franklinville.
Jordan, Robert, " Rt. 1
Jordan, Frank, " "
King, Carson, Seagrove, Rt. 1
King, Boyd, " "
Kearns, Fred, Farmer.
Kearns, Othel, "
Kearns, Lewis, "
Kearns, Elbert, "
Kearns, Walter, "
Leach, Garret, Erect.
Lowe, Doke, Mechanic.
Lewis, Dorsey "
Lawrence, Ernest, Seagrove, 1.
Luck, Everette, Seagrove, Rt. 2
Loffin, C., New Hope Academy
Lynch, Wister L., Asheboro, 1
Lawrence, Everett, Seagrove 1
Lambert, K. C., Cole's Store.
Lambert, Will, Cole's Store.
Leonard, W. E., Velna.
Lambert, J. D., Cole's Store.
Moffitt, W. B., Ramseur, Rt. 1.
Moffitt, Ernest, Moffitt.
Macon, Clarence, Seagrove, 1.
Monroe, Graham, Seagrove, 1
Maness, Claud, Erect.
Maness, Ernest, "
Maness, Emmett, "
Moffitt, Elmer, Velna.
Moffitt, E. M., "
Moffitt, B. F., "
Macon, Hersal, Ramseur, Rt. 1
Macon, Walter, " "
Nance, Clay, Farmer.
Neece, Talmage, Climax.
Nance, Lewis, Farmer.
Phillips, C. F., Thomasville, 4.
Pugh, Joe, Climax.
Phillips, Charles, Trinity.
Payne, Wade, Liberty, Rt. 1.
Phillips, Sam, Thomasville, 4.
Redding, Herbert, Millboro, 1

CHILD FEARED WHIPPING AND WAS BURNED TO DEATH

Lexington, May 20.—Yesterday afternoon four miles from town, two children of Arthur L. Leonard, while playing with matches, set fire to a straw-stalk at the rear of their grandfather's, Riley Leonard's barn, and seeing what they had done when the flames swept over the inflammable stuff, they crawled under the barn to hide for fear of a whipping. By and by the barn caught, and it grew so hot under the structure that the oldest child, about 5 years of age, crawled out just in time to escape, but the younger boy, a little fellow of 3 summers, perished.

A mare and a colt, alot of feed, 30 bushels of wheat and the best equipment of farm machinery in the county were destroyed. The report says that there was 150 dollars insurance on the barn.

After the fire a few bones of the child were found, and these were buried today at Shiloh church.

The tragedy shocked people here, for the Leonards are well known, thrifty farmers and the circumstances of the child's horrible death were unusually pitiful.

CONVICTION FOR VIOLATION OF CATTLE QUARANTINE.

In order to prevent the spread of the disease known as southern, splenic, or Texas fever of cattle, and to further the work of eradicating the ticks which convey this disease, the United States Department of Agriculture maintains a strict quarantine on the infected region and endeavors to enforce this quarantine by court prosecutions when necessary. In a recent case in the United States court for the Western District of North Carolina at Asheville, one W. W. Anderson entered a plea of guilty to a charge of violating the law and regulations, and a fine of \$500 and costs was imposed by the court. The offense consisted in driving on foot certain cattle from Fannin County, Ga., through Polk County, Tenn., which two counties were under quarantine, into Cherokee County, N. C., which county was outside the quarantined area.

Ridge, Wesley, Edgar.
Routh, Guy Millboro, Rt. 1.
Russell, Clarence, Farmer.
Suggs, Gorrell, Erect.
Suggs, Robert, "
Smith, Glenn, Jordan.
Smith, H. D., Asheboro, Rt. 1.
Spence, James, Cole's Store.
Smith, Thomas, Liberty, Rt. 1.
Smith, John, Julian.
Spencer, Charles, Glenola.
Smith, Ralph, Brown.
Smith, Joe, "
Stout, S. W., Asheboro, Rt. 1.
Spencer, Monroe, Trinity, Rt 1
Tysor, Ray, Erect.
Teague, Carl, Erect.
Teague, Claud, Staley, Rt. 1.
Thompson, Ray, Ramseur, R. 2
Thompson, Edward, " "
Trogdon, Herman, Cole's Store
Underwood, Jeff, Trinity, Rt 1
Vestal, Thomas, Jordan.
Vuncanon, Carl, Asheboro, 2.
Vuncanon, Preston, Seagrove 2
Wrenn, Thomas, Erect.
White, Clark, Archdale.
Wilson, J. F., High Point, R. 5
York, Brower, Millboro, Rt. 1.
This makes a total of 131 names of boys in Boy's Corn Contest in Randolph County, North Carolina, list prepared by E. J. Coltrane, County Superintendent of school, Asheboro, N. C.

Fines Forfeitures and Penalties Belong to School Fund.

Explanation of Duties of Clerks of Courts, Both State and Municipal. Reports to be Made to County Board of Education and Fines and Forfeitures to be Paid to County Treasurer.

On account of numerous misunderstandings that have arisen among State officials in various parts of the State relative to the proper channel into which all fines, etc. are to be directed I have been asked by the State Superintendent to state to the people of the county just what should be expected of mayors, clerks of courts, justices of the peace, etc. This notice is not given for the purpose of accusing an official of any wrong whatever, but simply to call attention of new officials to their duties. There has not been the slightest misappropriation of any funds previous to this date, so far as I have been able to ascertain the facts.

ALL FINES BELONG TO COUNTY SCHOOL FUND.

In the first place I wish to correct a statement that has been made relative to fines being paid into the city treasury of certain towns, not in Randolph County however. Any fine of any nature, by whomever imposed, must be paid to the County Treasurer, and by him it must be credited to the County School Fund. To pay such fines to the City Treasurer would be a misappropriation of funds. (See Art. IX, sec. 5, of the Constitution of North Carolina. See, also, School Directors vs. City of Asheville, N. C. Reports 128 and 137).

REPORTS AND DUTIES OF OFFICERS.

The Clerks of all State and other officials having custody of records, must file lists of fines and penalties with the county Board of Education. This report, that should be filed must be a statement of fines, forfeitures and penalties which go to the school fund, that have been imposed or which have accrued. Each clerk referred to above is required to make such reports on the first Monday of July and January of each year. For instance, the mayor of every town should submit a report in July of all fines imposed since January, and in January he should report in detail all fines imposed since the last report in July. (See Section 4108, Revisal of North Carolina).

CLERKS TO KEEP RECORDS.

By referring to Section 1377, Revisal of North Carolina, it will be noticed that all clerks of the several courts and all justices of the peace must keep record of all fines, etc. "It shall be the duty of the clerks of the several courts, and of the several justices of the peace, to enter in a book, to be supplied by the county, an itemized and detailed statement of the respective amount received by them in the way of fines, penalties, amercements and forfeitures, and said books shall at all times be open to the inspection of the public."

FINES TO BE PAID TO COUNTY TREASURER WITHIN THIRTY DAYS AFTER RECEIPT.

Section 1378, Revisal of North Carolina, shows that "all fines, forfeitures, penalties and amercements collected in the several counties, by any court or otherwise, shall be accounted for and paid to the County Treasurer by the official receiving them, and shall be faithfully ap-

propriated by the County Board of Education for the establishment and maintenance of free public school; and the amounts collected in each county shall be annually reported to the Superintendent of Public Instruction, on or before the first Monday in January."

Section 3594, Revisal of North Carolina, shows that failure to pay over these fines and forfeitures is embezzlement, and is punishable with imprisonment and fine. The section reads as follows:

"If any officer who receives or collects a fine, penalty or forfeiture in behalf of the State, or any tax imposed on license to retailers of wines, cordials, malt or spiritous liquors, and auctioneers, shall not, within thirty days after such reception or collection, pay over and account for the same to the Treasurer of the County Board of Education for the benefit of the fund of the common schools in such county, he shall be guilty of embezzlement, and may be punished not exceeding five years in the State's Prison and fined at the discretion of the court."

FAILURE TO MAKE REPORTS A MISDEMEANOR.

"If any officer who is by law required to file any report or statement of fines or penalties with the County Board of Education shall so do, at or before the time fixed by law for the filing of such report, he shall be guilty of a misdemeanor." (see Section 3569, Revisal of North Carolina).

I have given the law in each case. This should be sufficient to convince any officer of the law of the necessity of keeping careful records and making proper reports to the County Board of Education. Particular attention is called to the law requiring all fines, etc. to be paid to the county Treasurer, not to the city treasurer, and that these fines should not be held longer than thirty days. Every official who collects any fines whatever should report to the county Board of Education in January and July of each year, and pay these fines to the county treasurer. In this way the clerk to the Board of Education can check his reports with the report of the county Treasurer, and in no other way can the county Board of Education be absolutely sure that every dollar belonging to the school fund has been received.

E. J. COLTRANE,
Co. Supt. of Schools.

The South and the Tariff

If the Democratic party proposes to use the tariff as a campaign issue this fall, they had better seek better fields than the South in the search for votes.

The South was never more prosperous than at the present time, and this under a tariff bill of Republican enactment. Prices for farm products were never higher, under normal conditions, than at the present. The farmer is at last back into his own position as the back bone of the nation, which under Democratic rule, and the fear of it, he was so long deprived. The people of the South, and indeed of the nation generally, have not forgotten the days when the Democratic party controlled both the legislative and executive branches of the government and before tariff legislation was enacted, the very fear of it filled the streets with men hunting work, the free "soup houses" supporting thousands who were anxious for employment and the price of farm products, cotton in particular, lower than the cost of production, even in that era of low prices.

A favorite Democratic dogma, the fallacy of which has been so often disproved that it is a wonder they attempt to fool people with it time and again, is that a high tariff causes hard times. There is a high tariff in effect now, there has been one in effect for a number of years, and the voter has only to look around him and then let his memory go back to the days of the last Democratic administration.

With the tariff issue a vain appeal, the "negro domination" question totally eliminated, the Democratic party is in a bad way in the South. The voters are awakening; they see the fallacy of voting from blind prejudice or because they have been in the habit of it.

Truly there is the dawn of a bright and better era in the Southland.—Caucasian.

COUNTY TEACHERS' INSTITUTE.

Two-Weeks Meeting Will Be Held in Asheboro the First Two Weeks in August.

The State Supervisor of Teacher-training, who has complete direction of all the teachers' institute work in the State, has informed me that all arrangements have been made for the Institute in Randolph county to be held the first two weeks in August. Supt. J. E. Avent, of the Goldsboro Graded schools, and Miss Hattie Arrington, of Raleigh, will conduct the work of the Institute. Teachers will pleasantly remember Mr. Avent as being in the Institute two years ago. No better man for this kind of work can be found in the State. Being born and reared among the hills of Wake county, among country school people, and later educated in the State University, and since graduation having been actively engaged in teaching, not only in city graded schools but in rural schools as well, Mr. Avent is well equipped for the work. Last year he conducted institutes continuously during the summer months and gave satisfaction in every instance. Miss Arrington worked with Mr. Avent last year, and she comes to us highly recommended.

According to recent legislation no teacher is allowed to teach in the public schools unless he or she shall have attended an institute. This will mean that the teachers of Randolph county must attend this Institute. More complete directions will be issued later.

E. J. COLTRANE,
Co. Supt. of Schools.