

The Randolph Bulletin.

A RANDOLPH COUNTY PAPER FOR RANDOLPH COUNTY PEOPLE.

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ASHEBORO, N. C., THURSDAY, AUGUST 18, 1910.

ONE DOLLAR A YEAR.

The Victory of Vaccination--The Battle With Smallpox.

The victory of science over smallpox through vaccination is one of the greatest sanitary victories ever won. Jenner, the discoverer of this method of prevention, is considered by many authorities the greatest benefactor of the race that ever lived.

Lord Macaulay, in his History of England, describing the disease in England before vaccination, wrote: "That disease, over which science has achieved a succession of glorious and beneficent victories, was then the most terrible of all ministers of death. The smallpox was always present, filling the churchyards with corpses, tormenting with constant fear all whom it had not yet stricken, leaving on those whose lives it spared the hideous traces of its power, turning the babe into a changeling at which the mother shuddered, and making the eyes and cheeks of a betrothed maiden objects of horror to the lover."

In the latter part of the eighteenth century and the early part of the nineteenth century one-tenth of all deaths in civilized countries resulted from this disease. Ninety-five per cent of the population of Europe had the disease at some period of their lives. Every year in Europe 400,000 deaths were caused by this "pesta magna."

Some countries have taken advantage of this great discovery; others have not had the faith in this truth necessary to save. It may be interesting to observe the effect of smallpox where vaccination is compulsory and where it is only optional. Between 1870 and 1874, in three years, an epidemic of this disease in Austria and Prussia caused the death of 162,000 Austrians and 172,000 Prussians. Prussia, profiting by her dreadful experience, passed a compulsory vaccination law; Austria did not. Result: Prussia, with a population 8,000,000 greater than Austria, lost, in the next twenty years 8,500 people from this disease, while Austria during the same time lost 239,000.

Another demonstration of the saving power of vaccination is seen in the French and German armies in the great war between these countries. The French army had not enforced compulsory vaccination; the German army had, and the German soldiers were all vaccinated. Result: The French army lost over 25,000 soldiers from smallpox; the German army, although holding the French prisoners and living with them, lost only 350 from the disease.

Still another demonstration of the protection afforded by vaccination is seen when we compare the annual death rates per million population in countries with compulsory vaccination and those without compulsory vaccination.

Compulsory vaccination: Germany, 1.1; Denmark, 0.5; Sweden, 2.1; Norway, 0.6.

Noncompulsory vaccination: Belgium, 99.9; Russia, 46.3; Spain, 56.3; Hungary, 134.4.

In this connection it is well to remember that it is not claimed that vaccination will always prevent smallpox. It furnishes a protection equal to that of having had the disease; but a few people will have the disease twice.

People are always most interested in what concerns them least. This is why a horse race draws a bigger crowd than a prayer meeting.

PROGRAM OF CONCORD TOWNSHIP SUNDAY SCHOOL CONVENTION.

August 20-21, 1910:

SATURDAY NIGHT SESSION.
8:00 Song Service.
8:15 The Book we Study, Rev. J. A. Sharp.

8:45 Normal Bible Lesson, Mrs. Frances P. Hubbard.

SUNDAY MORNING.
10:00 Devotional exercises, Millard Lassiter.

10:15 Reports from schools.

10:45 The Real Work of the Sunday School, Rev. J. A. Sharp.

11:15 Some Impressions I received at The World's Convention, Ferree Ross.

DINNER.
2:00 Song Service.

2:10 The Greatest Difficulty in my School, By the Superintendent and others.

2:20 Why we teach temperance in our schools, M. N. Morgan.

2:40 Round Table Temperance
3:00 The share of the Sunday school in the Evangelization of the world, Ferree Ross.

Business.

Ramsaur.

Columbia Mfg. Co. resumed operation Monday.

Miss Nora Whitehead of Washington D. C. is at home for a visit.

Geo. Parks gave a delightful ice cream supper last week.

Misses Vallie Scott and Pattie Bain of Greensboro are visiting in town.

Messrs Walter Smith and Joe Vestal of Ramsaur No. 1 left Monday to enter Rutherford college.

Messrs Nelson and Kirkman of Millboro spent Sunday with Mrs. Siler.

Misses Deaver and McCrary two charming little ladies from Asheboro are visiting Miss Annie Deaver.

Walter Burgess brought the largest melons to this market so far. Mike Reghtsell has also brought some very fine too.

Mrs. E. B. Leonard after a pleasant visit to Elberdee Springs and Red Springs returned home last Saturday.

Miss Maud Hamlin of Greensboro visited Miss Pauline Allred last week.

AMBITION.

When I was young I used to dream of scaling all the heights of fame, I said: "I'll make the old world scream when it beholds my wondrous game". And I had visions fair of gold, and princely gems of East and West; for then my heart was young and bold, and raised a rumpus in my breast. I dreamed of ruling hosts of men by virtue of my strength and grace, or by the movement of my pen, to shake a nation to its base. But now that I am old and fat, and full of prunes and shredded hay, I say to such ambitions: "Scat! I have a better dream this day!"

Of all gold bricks the worst is fame; it only comes to grieve and vex, to make a man the daily game of album fiends and rubbernecks. If I can do some good today I shall not murmur or repine; if I can help some weary jay whose luck in life was worse than mine, I'll seek my downy couch this night, and my old heart will glow, in truth, with visions far more dazzling bright than all the golden dreams of youth. I tell you this, my friend, again, and you may paste it in your tile: This graft of helping fellow-men is all that makes our lives worth while.

Walt Mason.

THE NEGRO AND THE "NEW SOUTH".

A New York contemporary asks whether a recent outbreak against the negroes in a Texas town is a manifestation of the spirit of the New South. It declares that the savagery of that outbreak could not have been exceeded in Ohio or Illinois. While there are occasional race riots in the Southern States, as in the other states, and while it is true that the old-time feeling of confidence in their white neighbors among the negroes has been somewhat impaired by the politicians, the old friendly feeling for the colored race still lives in the South. The liberal attitude of the Legislature and the white people of Alabama toward Booker Washington's school attests this feeling. There are other manifestations of Southern friendship and helpfulness toward the negro, less conspicuous than Tuskegee, but no less real.

The Petersburg Index-Appeal gives an account of a recent meeting of "The St. Paul's Farmers Conference" at Lawrenceville, in Brunswick county, Va. This work is conducted by the negroes of Brunswick county under the auspices of St. Paul's Episcopal School. At the recent meeting more than 2,500 persons were present, and some of the effects of the movement are given in the report published in the Index-Appeal. Among these effects, in the views of our contemporary, are "the elevated moral tone of the negro's social and business life, the lowered rate of criminal expense in the country (which has pretty nearly reached the vanishing point,) and the steady progress of the race to the higher standards which qualify it for the responsibilities of citizenship." And, the Index-Appeal adds, "the white people of the section are justly proud of St. Paul's." The president of the conference, a colored man, said that "their county jail stood open half the year." The president gave further results of the work of the conference. In the six years since the conference was reorganized, he said, the holdings of land by colored people have increased from 40,000 acres to 54,000 in 1910, an increase of some 14,000 acres; the value of real and personal property has increased from \$325,000 to more than \$515,000, the number of individuals holding property in fee simple from 825 to 1,250, and the number of bank depositors from practically none to 200, with check accounts and certificates of deposits aggregating more than \$25,000.

Their pride in such a work as this and the spirit of helpfulness exhibited by the white people of Brunswick county toward their colored neighbors are manifestations of the "spirit of the New South", which does not differ from the Old South. In points of fact, most of the talk about a New South is absurd. The Old South contained a true and noble civilization and high ideals. The spirit of the Old South has survived social revolution and material ruin.

A few years ago they told us Hill Billies that it was high Protective Tariff that caused low prices and cheap labor; and we were fool enough to believe it. Now the same fellows affirm that it is the same high Tariff that has brought about the present high cost of living. TAKE THE CASE GENTLEMEN.—Ex.

THAT DEMOCRATIC CONVENTION

Aycock Speaks—Full Ticket Nominated—Ring Rule in Evidence—Steam Roller Lays Flat Democratic Hopes.

By A. NEWMAN.

(Delayed from last week.)

The Democratic Convention met in the Court house in Asheboro Saturday and the "slate" was promptly carried out as arranged beforehand. Symbolic of the means used to increase Democratic majorities a modern adding machine was brought in and placed on the table in front of the Chairman. The Convention was one continuous uproar and try as he might the Chairman could get nothing resembling order at any time during the convention. Ex-Governor Aycock (of mocking bird fame) was the big gun selected to rally the faithful and keep them in the ranks, and his plea for harmony was enough to turn a bright June day into an ice factory. His assertion that the Republicans only selected a Chairman to dispense pie, and did not know that they had to nominate officers, caused smiles to pass over the faces of the great number of Republicans present. He showed his ignorance of matters pertaining to Randolph County when he said that the Democrats should carry the County this fall by one thousand majority. The truth of the matter is that they will not carry the county at all and this is what is causing so much bustle in the camp of the enemy. The convention proper began after dinner and then was when the fun began. The call for nominations for the general assembly brought forth several names, none of whom would allow their name to stand, but when we take into consideration the fact that the Republicans have already nominated York, and Redding, we are not at a loss to know the reason why. Mr. Ross made a short speech withdrawing his name, but the noise was so great that not one fourth of the people present knew that he had been speaking. Someone finally moved that the convention nominate the county officers first and it carried.

Will Hammond, the present clerk of court was nominated for a third term on the first ballot. The real fun began when nominations were in order for sheriff. This office seemed to be seeking several men at the same time, (office always seeks Democrats) among the number being the present Sheriff Hayworth, Kennedy, Burns, and Birkhead.

When sufficient order was restored the convention proceeded to vote, but no one having got a majority, the voting began in earnest but there was no nomination on the second ballot so a third ballot was declared. Here is where steam roller tactics was plainly evident for instead of changing gradually from one candidate to another, Birkhead showed sudden strength and most of the townships voted solid for him, showing plainly that they had been instructed when to break in his favor. Someone from Randleman township made a mighty plea for a vote getter for his township in the person of Burns, but that part of the "slate" was already "fixed" and plead as he would his prayer was unanswered. Burns seemed to be the choice of the people but the ring said "no" and his doom was sealed.

It mattered little to the Republicans who the dems put out for Brady will be our next Sheriff in

Dairy Products as Food.

The products of the dairy are perhaps the most useful articles included in the human diet. A meal made up of dishes into which no product of the dairy cow enters would not be such as to inspire "the turnpike road to people's hearts I find lies through their mouths, or I mistake mankind." Take away the butter for the bread, the cream for the coffee and the porridge, the shortening in the crust and the biscuits, the milk in the gravy and in the puddings, the cream for the dessert and the various kinds of cheese which please and satisfy, then take away the cup of milk for the little one and the meal that would be left would be neither tempting nor nutritious.

The health of our people depends so much upon an adequate supply of pure dairy products that even a scarcity is always attended by suffering and death.

Butter is sometimes referred to as a luxury. This is a mistake. Butter is not a luxury but one of the necessities of life, and its composition is such that nothing can take its place and perform the same functions. It is nature's product compounded in the maternal organism and the process is in accordance with nature's law, a law which man can imitate but cannot understand. Man can manufacture from various fats and oils a substitute for butter but it cannot take the place of nature's product because man cannot understand the needs of the human body as nature understands them.

The animal body is developed best when nourished by foods which have been little manipulated by man and machinery. Dairy products are, as a rule, consumed nearly as nature produced them. This is particularly true with milk upon which the growing body must depend. In the case of butter only a small percentage of other products are added to the fat extracted from the milk. Man only manipulates it in order to put it in convenient shape for use. It can still be termed a product of nature designed as only nature can design for use as food by the human body.

The National Dairy Union.

Ever since Cain was able to whip Able, men who were able have "raised Cain".

Lots of men regard home as merely a place to change clothes.

In spite of the Democratic machine methods. No doubt that the friends of Steve will be down in the mouth inasmuch as the convention nominated Hammond for a third term and refused their choice of the same honor, but after all it will be the better for none of the ticket put out will be elected.

The voters of Randolph county are getting tired of Democratic trickery and they are going to put a crimp in the ring rule at the next election. It is useless to name the rest of the candidates that were nominated, suffice it to say that there is no danger whatever of any of them being elected in the coming election. The Republicans have named a ticket of which they may justly be proud, and if every Republican voter in the county will do his duty from now until the day of the election, we will need that Democratic adding machine to count up the majority!

**BILIOUS?
CONSTIPATED?
HEADACHE?**



**FOR
SPEEDY RELIEF.**

**Nearly Everybody
TAKES
SIMMONS LIVER REGULATOR
WHY NOT YOU?**

PRIMARIES NORTH AND SOUTH.

Ex-Governor Folk of Missouri has lately expressed his regret at a tendency among Western Democrats to unite with the Republican insurgents, their own party suffering in consequence. Possibly one cause of this situation is that the weakness derived by the Republican party from its alliance with special interests has for many years been offset by its positive quality—its habit of doing things, while the Democratic party too often has been merely against things being done. It may be that many Western Democrats feel more confidence in the ability of insurgent Republicans to bring about needed reforms than they credit their own party with possessing. But the principal explanation of their course, we think, lies in the natural desire every one has to join in a main fight rather than in an affair on the side. The main fight was in the Republican ranks; here the contest over which men and which issues would prevail was fought out, and many Democrats desired to play their part in the settlement. It is by this means that the primary tends to make States which are politically one-sided more one-sided still; and this is the principal reason why most Democrats practical politicians in the South heartily favor it. If the opposition party be really formidable, however, every one recognizing the fact, the effect of a hard primary fight may be disastrous. It is difficult to say in which class North Carolina now belongs, and hence nearly all Democrats recognize that there are some excitements too costly for them by far. The great weight of opinion favors primaries framed with a view to this condition, and a self-restraint in the actual contests accordingly.

As a question of statesmanship and not of politics, there is no enlightened citizen who can with satisfaction contemplate the workings of any agency which tends to maintain a solid North and a solid South.—Charlotte Observer.

At The First Try.

"What do you think of my doughnuts, George?"

"Dear, you are a wonder!"

"Do you think so really, darling?"

"I certainly do. Scientist have been trying for years to produce artificial rubber, and here you do it the first rattle out of the box."—Houston Post.