

The Randolph Bulletin.

A RANDOLPH COUNTY PAPER FOR RANDOLPH COUNTY PEOPLE.

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ASHEBORO, N. C., THURSDAY, JANUARY 25, 1912.

ONE A DOLLAR YEAR.

Railroad Men Killed

In Wreck Five Prominent Railroad Men meet Sudden Death

Centralia, Ill., Jan. 22.—James T. Harahan, Sr., former president of the Illinois Central Railroad, Frank O. Melcher, second vice-president of the Rock Island, E. B. Pierce, general solicitor of the Rock Island, and Eldridge E. Wright, son of Luke E. Wright, former secretary of war, were killed in a collision of two Illinois Central Railroad trains at Kinmundy, Ill., 20 miles from here early today. Three trainmen were injured and the passengers were badly shaken up and bruised.

Train No. 25, New Orleans Express, was taking water at Kinmundy, at one o'clock when train No. 3, Panama Limited, ran into the rear of No. 25. The killed were in Melcher's private car. Their bodies were found near the berths they occupied. Only one occupant of the private car, Melcher's secretary, escaped. No. 3's engine plowed its way through the private car attached to No. 25, and was stopped by the steel coaches immediately preceding. The impact shoved the standing train a distance down the tracks, although the brakes were locked.

NEW REPUBLICANS WANT RECOGNITION.

Washington, Jan. 19.—The cabled appeal for recognition of the Chinese Republicans, signed by Foreign Minister Wang Chung Wei, was received by the state department today. It is regarded as marking a serious crisis in the important negotiations now going on in China for the restoration of peace to the distracted country, for the decision of the state department is certain to have great influence upon the five other powers interested in the situation.

It is probable that the department will not move in the matter until it has conferred with those powers.

This sounding process may be conducted through the diplomatic representatives of the powers at Peking, whose judgment up to this point has influenced the powers in all that has been done in dealing with the Chinese situation.

With some regret the officials here recognize the growing probability of a division of China as a result of today's developments. They hope, however, that the separation of the north from the south, which is expected soon, will not be permanent, but that the two sections may be combined under one government as a result of the deliberations of the national convention, which may still be realized.

Early action upon the appeal therefore is not expected, but in any event the state department is determined there shall be no departure from the policy that it has steadfastly pursued, of maintaining absolute impartiality as between the factions in China.

\$100 Per Plate

was paid at a banquet to Henry Clay, in New Orleans in 1842. Mighty costly for those with stomach trouble or indigestion. To day people every where use Dr. Kings New Life Pills for these troubles as well as liver, kidney and bowel disorders. Easy, safe sure Only 25cts at J. T. Underwood's.

ASHEBORO RELIEF ASSOCIATION ORGANIZED.

The recent cold weather found some few of Asheboro's citizens poorly provided for. In fact one or two cases were reported to be in very bad shape to stand the elements. Such was not to continue, led by the ministers of the town a few of the philanthropic residents gathered together and started some relief work at once. They also provided for another meeting at which time a permanent organization would be perfected.

This meeting took place in the Presbyterian church Sunday evening Jan. 21, the organization was christened "The Asheboro Relief Association." The following officers were chosen:

Pres. J. O. Redding
Vice pres. A. C. McAlister
Seth W. Laughlin
Sec. J. A. Spence
Treas. J. D. Ross.

These five officers were selected to act as an executive committee whose chief duty will be to pass upon the claims for charity. They will strive to help the really needy but will turn down the professional beggar. All the citizens of Asheboro are invited to join the organization and by their concerted action help more satisfactorily the needy of our town. An initiation fee of 25 cents is the only charge. All else is given by voluntary contribution. Let every citizen see the treasurer and have his name enrolled.

Ten Things to Do in January.

1. Decide just what line of farming you wish to follow and then prepare for it; plan a rotation providing for food and feed crops as well as for sale crops.

2. Take an inventory; see what you are worth; find out what you have on hand that you do not need and arrange to dispose of it; find out what you need in the way of equipment for economical farming and arrange to get it if possible.

3. Clean up and repair all machinery ready for spring work; if any is out in the weather, go right now and put it under shelter.

4. Look after the live stock and poultry to see that they are comfortable and doing well; be sure especially that there are no lice on either.

5. Keep the plows going, drain wet lands; take steps to prevent hill lands from washing.

6. Clear out the stumps, bushes and briars; get rid of needless ditches and terrace banks.

7. Start the garden; give it a coat of manure and plant the early hardy crops.

8. Take care of the manure; get it out on the fields as early as possible.

9. Make a special study of the care of livestock, and arrange to raise animals of better quality this year.

10. Get a book on fertilizers and soil fertility and study this matter just as a boy studies a lesson in school; it will be as profitable work as you ever did.—Progressive Farmer.

HALL-ROBBINS.

Mr. J. L. Hall and Miss Sallie Robbins were married last Sunday night, at the home of Mr. and Mrs. S. N. Bowman on the north side of the river, J. A. Russell, J. P., officiating.

Mr. Hall is an enterprising citizen of Randleman. The bride is one of Randleman's popular young women. They have our hearty congratulations. —Randleman News.

"Absolute Theft Sanctioned by Law"

F. A. Hooker Knocks State's Public Sch. of System.—Says School Money is Misapplied

Our free school system, or the lack of system, or maybe too much system, however, the failure to provide a reasonable school term in both length and kind is the cause of this criticism of our schools just now. While all the schools and colleges that have their origin and maintenance through and by the taxation of the people have prospered most wonderfully, and while the wealth of the state has increased 25 per cent in the last ten years, the free schools stay the same. Ninety per cent of the people that create this wealth are patrons of the common schools and have no other means of educating their children, yet by the creator of this system they are not considered of sufficient importance to share in this increased prosperity of the state. Mr. Coon says that it is a patch-work system; I hardly think so, for as my mother used to use patches they were applied to the garments in its most needy parts. It is not so with Mr. Joyner's school system. It puts each patch of good cloth where the garment is the best, or worse still, he gives the patch to the boy that already has good clothes while the little fellow with ragged britches (often times no fault of his) is left without protection. Our democratic party can never point with pride to its legislation in the interest of the people as long as the present arrangements continue. I fail to see how a more unjust act could be devised. As it now stands the patrons of the high school after getting their share of the common school fund come in and take further of the little fellow's already depleted wardrobe. Mr. Poe says that we have 101 days elementary schools, only two states below us while the average of the United States is 155 days. If that be true, we have nothing, as he says, to be proud of except the opportunity to improve. But have we 101 days? The school around me have only 80 days. Are they not an average? Where do the other 21 days come from, and who gets them? Will somebody please tell us? Are they the results of the combined help from the state treasury, and what is taken from the common school fund in the countries where these district high schools are located. The common school fund was raised for common school purposes. The tax is levied and collected for that specific purpose. To change that money in to any channel other than the education of all the people can be termed nothing less than absolute theft sanctioned by law. The farm life school seem to have met with but little success so far and may it

ever be so. Far a county to spend as much in equipment and maintenance of one farm-life school to train 50 boys and girls as it does in its whole free school system to train 3,000 boys and girls reminds us so very much of the tail wagging the dog. Craven county I don't believe intended to do that, but they were told of the great good that would come to them through a farm-life school, and that there was only a few to be given out to the largest counties, and that it was necessary to vote quick and avoid the rush, and also the failure on the part of the people to investigate its real worth accounts for its adoption. However, there are still nine left and we started with ten without first taking into consideration the rights of the people, and the proper application of a school system to those to be taught is poor leadership. The country over the people are endeavoring to replace a government by a few for a few, with a government by the people for the people. For a country to get the full benefits of a republican form of government it is very necessary for the people to safeguard their rights. It isn't going to be done by the political boss and very seldom from the man in office. And what is the use in being so vindictive against the combinations devised by man to accumulate wealth and ignore the one thing that so vitally affects every man's home in North Carolina. We have no right to cur the trust if we can't be trusted to give every child in this state a fair share of the state's prosperity in the form of public schools, and to forever eliminate the possibility of one man's dominating the public schools. We had as well face the naked facts that North Carolina has mighty common, common schools, and if there had been as much effort in their behalf as there has been behalf of farm-life and district high school they would have been far better they are to-day. The agricultural department in both this state and the nation are trying to impress on the farmer the importance of a thorough preparation of the soil to insure a satisfactory harvest. How much more necessary it is then that the thousands of free school children all over this state should be well trained to meet the duties and responsibilities, and at the same time enabling them to live the life more in accordance with the wishes of our creator.

P. A. Hooker,
Kinston, N. C.

A Hero In A Lighthouse.

For years J. S. Donahue, So. Haven, Mich., a civil war captain, as a light-house-keeper, averted awful wrecks, but a queer fact is he might have been a wreck, himself, if Electric Bitters had not prevented. "They cured me of kidney trouble and chills," he writes, "after I had taken other so called cures for years, without benefit and they also improved my sight. Now, at seventy, I am feeling fine." For dyspepsia, indigestion, all stomach, liver and kidney troubles, they're without equal. Try them. Only 50 cts. at J. T. Underwood's.

ATLANTIC COAST INVENTORS.

The following patents were just issued to Atlantic coast inventors reported by D. Swift & Co., Patent Lawyers, Washington, D. C. who will furnish copies of any patent for ten cents apiece to our readers.

Va. Roy C. Davidson, Fort Blackmore, Welding copper.
N. C. A. J. Ashford, Kingston, Tank siphon; W. D. Hester, Durham, spring wheel.
S. C. S. Atkinson, Columbia, Latch.

Subscribe for the Bulletin.

Franklinville

Rev. O. P. Ader file his regular appointments at the M. E. church Sunday and Sunday night and preached two interesting sermons.

C. H. Ellison made a business trip through the country one day last week buying up furs.

Several of our young people attended the band concert at Ramseur last Saturday night.

Petter Allred made a business trip to Ramseur one day last week.

A. W. Tippett has been on the sick list for a few days.

Mike Allred made a business call at G. H. Kinneys last Saturday night.

Mr. and Mrs. J. T. Phillip spent last Sunday with J. H. Fentress.

T. B. Dove of Washington D. C. has returned to this place again.

Several of our young people spent last Sunday evening at Cedar Falls.

Ralph

We are having some fine weather the last few days.

Roy Cox of Asheboro was a welcome visitor at Humble Bros. Friday evening.

Mrs. Martha Luck is very ill at this writing, we are sorry to say Hope she will be out again soon.

Mrs. Josh King is visiting her sister, Mrs. Martha Luck, this week.

June Luther made a flying trip to Montgomery Saturday night.

Jesse Cox has moved to J. M. Allen's old place near Ralph.

Rev. W. A. Humble will preach at Rocky Mount school house the fourth Sunday in January.

Mr. and Mrs. W. V. King are visiting relatives in Montgomery this week.

Mrs. W. J. Scott is visiting her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Vinson King.

P. V. Vuncannon is visiting in this community.

Monroe Vuncannon went south Saturday.

Franklinville Rt. 1

The cold weather has been followed by plenty of mud.

Mr. and Mrs. L. C. Hinson and Miss Addie Hinson of Ramseur spent Sunday with their parents Mr. and Mrs. J. O. Hinson.

Milton Allred and family enjoyed eating wild turkey for Sunday dinner.

Charlie Hinson and family spent Sunday with James Webster and family.

William Cox will move from this neighborhood in the near future.

W. C. Hinson is working at the carpenter's trade in Ramseur this week.

About 2 or 3 o'clock last Monday morning Milton Allred's house was discovered to be on fire. The family were all in bed asleep but fortunately, Mrs. Allred woke up before the fire had made much headway and they succeeded in extinguishing it before serious damage was done.

E. C. and W. C. Hinson and Milt Allred succeeded in bringing down a wild turkey gobbler a few days ago.

NOTICE

All who have subscribed toward the work of the church at Mt. Carmel are asked to send in their subscription at once to

R. F. Lynch,
or
H. T. Branson.

Dead Comes To Life

Aged Man Supposed to be Dead Asked if is Raining--Attendants Flee

Asheville, N. C., Jan. 18—It is not often that a person comes to life after once being pronounced dead but this is what happened in the case of Robert Smith, an aged resident of the South Hominy section of the county.

It had been known for months by his friends that Mr. Smith was incurably ill, and last Tuesday he apparently died and was "laid out," and everyone left the death chamber. Some hours later several persons entered the room again and one who had helped to shroud the body noticed that one of his arms was not in its original position. He started to replace it when Mr. Smith opened one eye slightly and ventured, "It's raining, ain't it?"

All in the room had pressing business elsewhere but they gathered courage to return later and through the day listened to the occasional remarks of Mr. Smith. The next day he was pronounced dead again, but his people took no chances and did not bury him for three days. This time he remained dead. Mr. Smith was 70 years of age and had suffered for years with tuberculosis. He leaves a family.

WHAT THE DEMOCRATS MUST DO

In 1908, Mr. Taft received 7,678,908 votes, and Mr. Bryan received 6,409,104 votes. Mr. Taft's popular plurality was 1,269,804. Mr. Taft received 321 Electoral votes. Roosevelt's popular plurality in 1904 was 2,545,515. McKinley's popular plurality in 1900 was 849,780, and in 1896 it was 601,854. Mr. Taft polled more votes in 1908 than Mr. Roosevelt polled in 1904.

The New Years World gives these figures to show that "if the Democrats think the next election is as good as won they are sadly mistaken. They have a fight on their hands, whether or not Mr. Taft is renominated." They will have to change more than 600,000 votes to win the election and get 266 votes in the Electoral College referring to the result of the four successive Presidential elections. The World says truly, "the brute force of these recurrent Republican majorities constitutes a tremendous handicap upon any Democratic candidate."

What is to be done about it? We cannot hope to win with a weak candidate on bad platform or with a trading candidate on a strong platform. Much will depend upon both candidate and platform, and much also on what the present Democratic Congress shall do in the matter of legislation and particularly in the appropriation of money from public treasury. A few more licks like the Dollar-a Day Pension Steal and a few examples of personal graft like the mileage steal, and the party will be compelled to fight an explanatory battle from the time the candidates are named until the polls are closed. It is just as well, in our present state of confidence, not to lose sight of the fact that the fight this year is to be a fight to a finish—Charlotte Observer.

Several members of the Asheboro bar are attending Superior court at Troy this week.