

THE BULLETIN

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THE HOOKWORM CAMPAIGN

Only Three More Weeks Remain of the Campaign.

Two weeks of the hookworm dispensary work in this county have passed and only three more weeks remain in which the people of Randolph county can take advantage of this opportunity. Either procrastination, indifference or perhaps fear have caused poor attendance at some of the dispensary points, while at others interest is at a high point and many are being examined as can be seen by table farther on in this article. It is strange that anyone would let anything interfere with this opportunity when it means such a benefit to those infected and to the whole community.

It is hoped that in the weeks to come interest at all the points will increase and large numbers will be examined and treated and this show that they know how to value good health.

Some people who are apparently in good health are lightly infected and thus do not show the typical symptoms as previously outlined. But these are the very ones who are spreading the condition to others and thus are a menace to the health of the community. It is important therefore that all be examined and if infected treated. Children of school age are more commonly infected but this is not always the case as a man of 94 years has been found infected, as has a baby of three months. The disease is no respecter of persons, for rich as well as poor may be infected. Of course it is more common among poorer classes, due to poor sanitation.

Anyone whose skin comes in contact with infected soil or who eats green vegetables on which young worms has been deposited from the soil will be infected.

The infection thro the skin is more common, however, and the first symptom of this infection is ground itch or toe itch which is the worm boring thro the skin and thus starts a slight irritation at the point of entrance. The minute worm is then carried by the blood stream to the heart and lungs, is then coughed up into the throat and swallowed again, going thro the stomach into the upper intestine where it begins to suck the blood of the individual and thus saps his strength and energy. The female worm deposits innumerable eggs in the bowels which pass into the soil and in 12 to 48 hours hatch into the minute larvae or embryo before mentioned. This embryo is of microscopic size and can only be recognized by examination of infected soil by the microscope. The adult worm is one-half to two-thirds of an inch long and size of No. 30 thread, white in color, unless it has been inside it then it is of a brown or black color.

The examination is made of the stool passage for the egg of the parasite and if this is found the scientific and accurate evidence that this individual has the worm disease. The eggs of other intestinal parasites are found and proper treatment instituted.

So far in this county 599 people have been examined for hookworm disease and 107 found infected. Per cent of 17.8 of this number 278 were school children between the ages of 6 and 18 years and 90 of these were found infected, making therefore a per cent of infection of 23 among the school children examined.

Below is a tabular result of the work of the past week:

Town	No.	No.	Pct
Lenoir	15	1	6.2-3
Randolph	7	0	
Swain	121	38	31.4
Wayne	105	14	13.33
Asheboro	81	13	16.49

and ... 329 66

It would give a per cent of infection for the week of 20.06 and so far have been examined at certain points, the per cent of infection can not be taken as a guide to infection in the community. In Asheboro, the examination were mainly from school districts. It is hoped that every family in Asheboro will be examined from father and mother down to the youngest.

About the Size of It. There would not be so much difference between the progress and standpatters if they would all get offices.—Monroe Enquirer.

OUTLOOK NOT SATISFACTORY TO DEMOCRACY

Income Tax Has Fallen Far Short of What Had Been Hoped for It.

There are moments when administration leaders at Washington find it possible to put aside the distractions relating to Mexico and tolls. At such times many of these leaders have found themselves ill at ease over the United States treasury and financial conditions generally. Sufficient revenue is not being derived to run the government as a good many people would like to see it run. The income tax has fallen far short of what had been hoped for it as a revenue producer. There is little hope for the Newlands bill, which carried an appropriation for starting the work of controlling the Mississippi, the amount planned running into the millions, while a smaller amount was carried for buying more lands to be included in the Appalachian forest reserve.

In the house Fitzgerald, of New York, classified among the strong Democratic leaders, declared that his party was running into all sorts of extravagances, and that the money was not coming in to meet the big appropriations of a party pledged to economy in government expenditures. It was realized all the time, of course that much revenue would be lost under the new tariff bill, but it was hoped that this loss would be more than made good by collections under the income tax. It is here that disappointment has come.

Democratic leaders admit that it is essential for them to keep thorough control of the treasury situation, with the congressional elections coming on, and they are proposing to do this by keeping a close watch on the outgoing now on.

It is admitted that the Simmons-Underwood law is causing some dissatisfaction in a certain part of the country. Many of the farmers of the north and west are complaining that prices have been adversely affected, and that the consumer has received no corresponding benefit. In the south, especially in sections where the textile interests are paramount, commercially, business conditions are good—better than usual, in fact—but in parts of New England, where the finer goods are manufactured a good many people are idle. Already there is talk among men who claim to have been injured by the new schedules, that President Wilson is going to be defeated in 1916, and that this will be brought about by a sore of coalition between New England manufacturers and northern and western farmers. Prominent grain dealers of Chicago declare that the Windy city has about lost control of the corn market by reason of the great corn importations from the Argentine, and that this has caused a loss to the buyers and sellers and growers of North American corn. These Chicago men claim, in their indictment of the tariff, that the importers buy by the ship load, and that once they have the corn in this country they cut the price just enough to demoralize the American market without doing very much for the consumer. Other farmers notably the growers of sugar beets, have been similarly affected, they say, and all this is being laid up against the party in power.

The blow to railroad interests by the falling off of business in some sections has likewise been severe, trains having been taken off by the hundreds and men laid off by the thousands. By some it is contended that it was chiefly these business considerations that led to the reverse which the President and his party suffered in the seventh New Jersey district, where the recent election attracted wide attention.

On the other hand while it is freely admitted that business is badly off in some states, dominant party leaders direct attention to the fact that banks and trust companies have plenty of money for all legitimate purposes and it is patent that, while the new currency law is being tried on, the big banks in the financial centers are taking good care of their correspondents.

Unless a decided change takes place within the next few months the battle this fall is likely to rage over the question of whether or not "times are hard," and the kindred question of whether the advent of Democratic men and measures has been attended

A FATAL AUTO ACCIDENT

Overturning Car Kills Dr. J. R. Reitzel of High Point.

Dr. J. R. Reitzel, a prominent physician of High Point, was killed on Spring Garden street as he was entering Greensboro at 10 o'clock Friday morning by the car overturning upon him. His breast was crushed and death followed in five minutes after the accident.

He had turned a little from the center of the street on account of a passing wagon, and was running at a slow rate of speed when the car overturned. Those who witnessed the tragedy were unable to give an adequate reason for it.

As he lay dying in the street proceedings in Superior Court were suspended awaiting his arrival from High Point to testify in the case of Haynes vs. the Southern Railway. He had attended the plaintiff, who was asking damages for personal injuries. In a few minutes after the court suspended news was brought to the court room that the witness wanted was dead.

A rather striking incident happened in connection with the case. An attorney for the plaintiff had gone into the trial of the case with the statement that Doctor Reitzel was a witness, but would be in court by the time he was needed, "unless Providence intervened."

Doctor had made 13 miles of the 15 that lay between High Point and the court house. The place of the accident is on a slight decline toward the center of Greensboro, and about half a mile beyond the State Normal College. The road is in good condition and the grade is slight.

The only witness was Miss Sallie Phillips, who knew Doctor Reitzel. She said that the doctor did not have to turn but a little to avoid the wagon, that he did not strike the vehicle, but in some unexplainable manner the car overturned, caught the driver beneath and crushed him to death. He lived probably five minutes. His body was carried to High Point and the funeral was held Sunday. Surviving are a wife, two sons and two daughters.

GODWIN IS NOMINATED TO SUCCEED HIMSELF

Declared the Nominee From the Sixth District by Executive Committee.

Congressman Hannibal Godwin, of Dunn, was nominated to succeed himself in Congress from the Sixth District at an adjourned meeting of the Congressional Executive committee. He was the only candidate entered consequently there was no necessity for a primary, and he was declared the nominee.

The Song Birds.

Some people have been under the impression that about all the song birds are about to disappear from this section—run out by the English sparrow. This is a mistake. It seems that there are as many, if not more, song birds in and around Sanford this spring than there have been in many years. The mocking birds have made their appearance and are heard early these mornings.—Sanford Express.

Guilford Sunday School Convention.

The annual meeting of the Guilford County Sunday School Association was held at Jamestown last week and many delegates were present. Guilford ranks high up in the organized work in this state.

Discussing the Boss-Ship.

The Greensboro News seems to consider Collector Watts the political boss of North Carolina, and of course the News, as well as everybody else, knows who Mr. Watts belongs to.—Durham Herald.

Wrong, brother. It is not who Watts belongs to, but who belongs to Watts. He sets the pace, but keeps quiet about it.—Greensboro Record.

with success. Already the Democratic national committee and the congressional committees have set themselves the task of making the people believe that the Democracy has measured up in the way of faithfulness and wisdom. And it is this affirmation, of course, that its opponents will challenge.

Pay Your Poll Tax!

There remains unpaid at the present date a large number of poll taxes. The time limit for the paying of poll tax is May 1, and it behooves every citizen of the State to meet this obligation before the expiration of the time.

And all good Republicans are urged to pay up their poll tax promptly so they will not be debarred from voting in the coming election, which will be one of the hottest contests ever witnessed in Randolph county. Every vote will be needed when the day of decision arrives and the voters express themselves at the polls. Don't neglect this important matter and find yourself debarred from voting on election day. All poll taxes must be paid by May 1st. Remember the date

ELECTION AT RANDLEMAN

Mayor and Alderman to Be Elected May 4.

The town election for the city of Randleman has been called by the Board of Aldermen for the first Monday in May, which is the 9th.

At this time a mayor and board of aldermen are to be elected, and while there are no active candidates the names of Messrs O. C. Marsh and J. C. Daniels have been mentioned for mayor.

BOUND OVER.

David Nixon Put Up \$500 Bond For Appearance.

Says the Greensboro Record: David Nixon of Randolph county, charged with operating an illicit distillery was given a hearing this morning before United States Commissioner D. H. Collins, and bound over to the June term of Federal Court under a bond of \$500.

Not Long Now.

Congress is hoping to adjourn by July 1. The President is anxious for trust legislation. He wants to get the trust question settled. What the people are wanting to get settled is the idea that the hundreds of thousands of unemployed should find work. The railroads are putting off men by the tens of thousands and steel works are letting down to half time—things don't look right, and maybe if some of the questions were permanently settled we could have peace—and plenty.—Everything.

Policeman Kills Man at High Point.

Last Wednesday night at High Point, Charlie Ferguson, trooper, who shot down John Price, a white man who was drunk and who had fired one shot at the officer. Price was not in the heart and died almost instantly.

At a coroner's inquest held Thursday it was held that the policeman shot in self defense and he was acquitted.

New Postmaster at Climax.

Fourth class postoffices are now being filled as fast as possible by the Democrats. Most of the choice plums in this county have been awarded. Malcolm L. Alfred was appointed postmaster at Climax last week.

For Sheriff.

Mr. Editor: In an issue of your paper of a few weeks ago I noticed that you mentioned the name of my old friend W. D. (Bill) Loflin for sheriff. Keep it up. I have always been an admirer of "Bill" and he has a great many friends over the county.

A Private in the Ranks.

A Home Canning Outfit. Mr. R. O. Parks was in Asheboro last week and sold the last of the three thousand cans of tomatoes he put up last fall. Mr. Parks is a very enterprising farmer, and has a good home canning outfit. In addition to this he raises and sells about 150,000 cabbage plants a year.

UNITED STATES WILL SEIZE TAMPICO AND VERA CRUZ---GEN. WOOD COMMANDS ARMY

WILL ACT IN 48 HOURS

Government Will Take Possession of Custom Houses in Two American Cities.

Washington, April 20.—In 48 hours, possibly less, the United States Government will have taken possession of the Mexican custom houses at Tampico and Vera Cruz.

Detailed plans for the landing of marines at these two important coast towns were completed at a conference at the White House between President Wilson, Secretaries Bryan, Garrison and Daniels, Major General Wood and Rear Admirals Fiske and Blue and John Lind.

No Orders Given. "No orders to the Army and Navy will be issued tonight," was the announcement made after the conference, action temporarily being deferred until Congress acts on the joint resolution approving the President's purpose of using the armed forces of the United States to enforce its demands against General Huerta, growing out of the arrest at Tampico of American bluejackets.

Battleships Reach Tampico Wednesday.

On Board the U. S. S. Arkansas at Sea, by Wireless Via Key West, Fla., April 19.—The United States battleships will anchor off Tampico about 4 o'clock Wednesday, according to present calculations. The South Carolina joined the other battleships today. Rear Admiral Badger expects to establish wireless communication with Rear Admiral Fletcher at Vera Cruz tomorrow.

Ordered General Wood to Command Army.

Washington, April 19.—The President arrived here at 8 o'clock this morning and before 9 o'clock Secretary of State Bryan was called into conference. Following this conference two brigades of artillery were ordered to concentrate on the Texas border for an immediate invasion of Mexico, and it is thought the President and Secretary Bryan know war is inevitable. Gen. Wood has been ordered to take supreme command of the land forces for the invasion of Mexico, if it is begun within the month, otherwise he will command the department of the East.

Fifth Brigade to Go to Vera Cruz

Houston, Texas, April 20.—The entire Fifth brigade has been ordered to prepare for service and this brigade will be sent to Vera Cruz, after the seizure of that port.

Huerta's Reason for Not Saluting the Flag.

Mexico City, April 19.—Senor Portillo y Rojas, Foreign Minister, announced tonight that it would be impossible to agree to the demand of the United States that the flag of that country be unconditionally saluted, because that flag was not insulted, because it was not flying from the launch and because the marines were set free and that the officer responsible for the arrest was himself arrested and held for trial.

The foreign minister further announced that the Mexican government would agree that both flags be saluted, the American flag first and then the Mexican flag, this arrangement to be made by a protocol signed by the American Charge d'Affairs, Nelson O'Shaughnessy and the Mexican Foreign Minister.

The United States Government, had refused permission to sign such protocol, and demanded an unconditional salute by Mexico, which Mexico felt was incompatible with her dignity.

"Mexico has yielded as much as her dignity will permit, Mexico trusts to the good-mindedness and spirit of justice of the American people."

House Adopts Resolution Giving Wilson Right to Act.

Washington, April 20.—After a spirited debate of more than two hours the House tonight passed the Administration resolution approving President Wilson's purpose to use the armed forces of the Nation to obtain from General Huerta the fullest

recognition of the honor and dignity of the United States.

State Militia May Be Called Out

Raleigh, N. C., April 20.—Adjutant General Young declared today that he expects an order for the mobilization of the National Guard, including North Carolina within a very short time, probably within the next few hours.

The North Carolina Guard has only about 3,000 men, while the minimum for field service is 1,168, according to plans worked out by the War Department to become effective in the event war is declared with Mexico.

This means that as soon as an order comes enlistment of additional men to bring all companies to minimum war strength will begin. The mobilization will be at Camp Glenn, Morehead City. General Young stated this afternoon the entire guard is ready and anxious to enter active service.

British Support U. S. War Move

London, April 20.—The British press this morning supports the American war move, but claims the United States faces a tremendous task in subduing Mexico.

Huerta Flatly Refuses Demands

Washington, April 19.—Gen. Victoriano Huerta, Provisional President of Mexico, flatly refused tonight to accede to the unconditional demands of the United States that he salute the American flag and Congress will be asked by President Wilson tomorrow for authority to use armed forces to uphold the honor and dignity of the Nation.

Negotiations with Huerta over the demand for a salute in reparation for the arrest of American bluejackets at Tampico on April 10 came to a close tonight at 6 o'clock, the last hour given by President Wilson for a favorable response from the Mexican dictator. The final word of Huerta to Charge O'Shaughnessy was a refusal to comply, unless the United States would guarantee in writing that his salute would be returned.

President Wilson at midnight was on his way to Washington from White Sulphur Springs, preparing to read a message to Congress in joint session as early as it can be arranged tomorrow.

In the meantime American war fleets were moving down both coasts on their way to Mexican waters to carry out the President's plan for reprisal.

Ready for Campaign.

On board the U. S. S. Arkansas, at sea, by wireless via Key West, Fla., April 20.—With the port of Tampico not far off and the knowledge that President Huerta has refused to accede to the demand of the United States Government, Rear Admiral Charles J. Badger, commander-in-chief of the Atlantic fleet, and the members of his staff were busy today preparing a tentative plan of campaign. They gave special attention to details of a possible landing. The crews of the battleships practiced with small arms at sighting the big guns.

Aided by the favorable current and with smooth sea, the officers of the warships expect to be within easy distance of Tampico early Wednesday.

Gen. Huerta Protests to American People.

Mexico City, April 20.—"General Huerta offers all guarantee to foreigners, Americans included, who may remain in Mexico and he will improve this opportunity to show the world that his government and Mexico are moral and civilized."

This statement Huerta dictated to The Associated Press today.

He continued: "I desire to make it plain to the American people that according to the official report from the commander at Port Tampico received by the Mexican Government there was no flag on the boat which landed and whose crew was detained. I fear that President Wilson has been misinformed on this point and that he will inform the American Consulate that the boat carried the flag."

"In fact, the American flag has nothing to do with the case, and I desire the American people fully to understand this."

U. S. NAVY FORCES IN MEXICAN WATERS

Navy Department Gives an Itemized List of Sailors, Marines and Officers.

Washington, April 19.—Officials of the navy department said tonight that there now were in Mexican waters or en route by the East and West coasts 17,950 sailors, 3,970 marines and 855 officers. Of this number 14,170 sailors, 2,890 marines and 700 officers are in the Gulf of Mexico, while off Pacific Mexican ports or en route there are 3,530 sailors, 980 marines and 140 officers.

The force includes: At Vera Cruz, two battleships, 1,820 men, 120 marines, Prairie 260 men, 500 marines.

At Tampico, two battleships, 1,820 men, 120 marines; Des Moines, 240 men, Chester 300 men, San Francisco 400 men, Solance, hospital ship Hancock, transport, 950 marines.

With Admiral Badger enroute to Tampico, eight battleships, 7,280 men, 500 marines, Tacoma 240 men, Nashville-80 men.

Pensacola, Birmingham, 300 men, Dixie, repair ship, 14 destroyers, 1,150 men. Dixie will carry two hydro-aeroplanes with spare motors and pontoons. Battleship Mississippi 500 marines.

On Mexican Pacific coast Raleigh 350 men, New Orleans 350 men, Annapolis 150 men, Yorktown 180 men, California 900 men, 60 marines, supply ship Glacier.

En route to Mexican Pacific Coast battleship South Dakota and collier Jupiter 850 marines, Cleveland 350 men, Chattanooga 350 men, Maryland 900 men, 60 marines.

At San Diego, Cal., five destroyers, 250 men, 15 officers.

Cause of the Trouble.

"Assistant Paymaster Charles C. Copp and a boatload of marines landed at Tampico last Thursday to obtain supplies. They were arrested and later discharged. In accordance with regulations in all navies of the world, Rear Admiral Mayo, on considering that an unwarranted arrest had been made and that the uniform of the American Navy had been disregarded demanded reparation in the form of a salute of 21 guns. The American flag, while not taken ashore, was flying at the stern of the whaleboat and all marines were in uniform. Rear Admiral Mayo allowed the Huerta commander until 6 o'clock that evening to fire the salute but later extended the time to afford the local commander an opportunity to communicate with his superior officers in Mexico City. A statement of apology was issued in Mexico City by General Huerta, and the officers who arrested the marines were ordered punished. This did not satisfy the United States and the salute was insisted upon. General Huerta himself at no time agreed to comply, but an under-secretary in the Mexican Foreign Office did inquire of Charge O'Shaughnessy if a salute fired to the gunboat Dolphin and responded to by the American ship would be acceptable. This was emphatically rejected by the United States and word was sent that nothing short of a public salute to the American flag would be satisfactory." This is the statement of the present trouble with the Huerta government as given out by Cabinet officials at Washington. In view of the situation President Wilson on Tuesday of this week ordered virtually the entire Atlantic fleet to Mexican waters. When all assemble there will be 46 warships and 21,000 men off Tampico. The ships were already sailing on the day the order was given, but it will be a week before they reach their destination. In the meantime the Huerta government will have opportunity to comply with our Government's demands. In case that these demands are not satisfied when our ships arrive the situation will become serious. Some Mexican naval vessels might be fired upon or a Mexican seaport seized and held until proper reparation is made. There would be danger of war in the complications that would almost surely arise.