

# THE BULLETIN

AND RANDLEMAN NEWS.

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## CAMPAIGN CLOSES.

### Aftermath of the Hook Worm Campaign.

Considering the many hindrances which had to be met, namely the late spring, the closing of school, etc., the hookworm campaign in Randolph county may be considered a fair success. Many have availed themselves of the opportunity for free examination and treatment and have therefore shown their wisdom. Of the points visited, Ramseur and Seagrave showed by far the greatest enthusiasm with Liberty, Randleman, Trinity, Asheboro bringing up the rear in the order named. At Bombay only one day was spent and here the interest was great due no doubt to the effort put forward by Dr. Hubbard at Farmers. It is too bad that a regular point was not given to this section as people here seem to appreciate the value of the work.

The medical profession at Ramseur, Randleman, Trinity, Franklinville and Farmers gave those in charge every assistance. One can be sure that such men as these have the interests of their community and the welfare of the whole county at heart. The county commissioners and the other county officials did all in their power to aid the work as did the three county newspapers, who by printing articles furnished them, gave the work the publicity desired. Below is an itemized account of the work for the full campaign:

	No. Ex.	No. In.	Per Cent.
Dispensary	53	2	3.77
Trinity	111	2	1.8
Bombay	248	28	11.29
Liberty	429	117	27.27
Randleman	400	48	12.0
Seagrave	400	48	12.0
Ramseur	345	24	6.95
Asheboro	30	2	6.66
School Children	63	2	3.17
Trinity	139	25	18.2
Bombay	218	6	4.47
Liberty	188	91	48.4
Randleman	191	38	19.8
Seagrave	190	21	11.5
Ramseur	1805	227	19.8
Asheboro			

## BAILEY HAS UNDONE YARBOROUGH'S CHANCES

### Yarborough Deserved All the Democrats Said About Him But Won't Get Job.

Washington, May 14.—Chief Inspector Johnson stated today that there would be no further developments in the case of L. T. Yarborough, who was recommended by Senator Simmons and Overman, Secretary of the Navy, and Representative Daniels for a place as postoffice inspector. When these four North Carolina statesmen recommended Yarborough some six weeks ago they were under the impression that Yarborough was a Democrat. But now, according to information furnished by Collector J. W. Bailey, of Raleigh, Yarborough is a very decided Republican. It is alleged that Yarborough was a close friend of Claude Bernard and a former Postmaster Tom Bailey, a brother of Josiah Williams, and that Tom Bailey and C. Bernard helped Yarborough to land his present job in the Raleigh postoffice.

Hence the recommendation, which, by the way, were the highest tributes ever paid a Democratic office seeker, have been withdrawn and the state's representatives from now on will devote their efforts to preventing Yarborough from landing the nice berth which had been picked out for him by his erstwhile Democratic friends.

### Surry County Farmer Takes His Own Life.

Burgess Boles, aged 50 years, a successful farmer, shot his brains out with a shotgun last Wednesday morning. Ill health was given as the cause of his rash deed.

## CHARGE, BLOCKADING

### Said to Have Been Committed Three Years Ago.

Charged with assisting in the operation of an illicit distillery in Randolph county about three years ago Hugh Slack, of High Point, was arraigned this afternoon before United States Commissioner D. H. Collins, and after several witnesses were examined was bound over to the United Court under a bond of \$500, probable cause being found.

Evidence was introduced tending to show that defendant for the past three years has been living in High Point where he has been employed in one of the factories and it was not until a few days ago that he was taken in custody by the government authorities and charged with having committed an offense about three years ago. The defendant took the stand and swore that he was innocent of the charge.

Government witnesses swore that the defendant had acknowledged he has assisted in the operation of the distillery. It is stated that the blockading outfit was located on a branch within two hundred yards of the house in which the defendant lived. The defendant was represented by Attorney Dallas Zollicoffer, of High Point.—Greensboro Record.

## World's Sunday School Convention, 1916.

The World's Eighth Sunday School Convention will be held in Tokio, Japan, in 1916, beginning the 28th of October. This will, without a doubt, be the greatest gathering ever assembled in the Orient because of its tremendous significance and the eventual time at which it is to be held. Several parties in North Carolina are already planning to attend this epoch-making gathering.

## NEW LAW POPULAR

### Returns of Births and Deaths Exceed Expectations.

"North Carolina will soon be the best registration state south of the Ohio River," said the chief clerk in the vital statistics department of the State Board of Health this morning. "Why do you know," he continued, "last month we received over 7,100 birth and death certificates, means a total of over 85,200 for the year?" This, he went on to say, is at least 80 per cent of all the births and deaths that are occurring in the state, and from the way the doctors, undertakers, and the public generally are taking hold of the new law it seems that North Carolina means business. The people in North Carolina appreciate that vital statistics are by all odds the most important statistics that a state or nation can compile.

"Of what real use are such records?" he was asked. "Birth certificates will save thousands of legal complications and other difficulties," he replied. "They will prove legitimacy, lawful age to attend school, to work in factories, to marry, to vote, to hold office, to pay taxes, to enter into contracts, obtain life insurance, establish inheritance claims, trace lineage, and so on. Death certificates will furnish proof for insurance claims, show cause of death, prevent crimes, and, best of all, they will show the value of health work, where such work is needed, will show healthy sections of the State, and encourage public health work everywhere. Such statistics will help us solve the negro problem, and many questions of medicine, sociology, etc., and the longer such records are kept the more valuable they become."

## Blocks Trains.

A derailment of a freight train of 11 box cars near the water tank in Jamestown caused the blocking of trains last Wednesday and knocked out all the regular schedules. No lives were lost by the accident.

## Michigan Suffers From Heavy Rainfall.

The damage in Michigan resulting from the continuous rainfall last week totals \$1,000,000. At least two persons perished.

## Excursion to Washington.

The Southern Railway is advertising an excursion to Washington, D. C., May 29-30. Round trip fare from Greensboro is \$5.

## CHAUTAQUA

### Coming to Asheboro Last Week in June.

In a few weeks, June 29, to be exact, the Chautauqua will come to Asheboro for the first season. The Chautauqua committee, of whom Mr. Armfield is chairman, will meet immediately and make arrangements for a ticket selling campaign, and is rapidly getting its plans into form for the opening.

These gentlemen are working hard for the biggest Chautauqua that it is possible for Asheboro to have. Most of the allotments of tickets for the coming session have already been subscribed for, and the remainder are expected to be taken up before the opening day. A two dollar season ticket will admit bearer to each of the thirty-one events of the weeks' program.

Here are some interesting figures concerning the growth of the Chautauqua movement. The Asheboro Chautauqua is one of more than 200 for which the Chautauqua Association at Swathmore, Pa., arranges the program and details of operation this season.

The Swathmore Association has had a most interesting career. It was organized February, 1912, by a group of gentlemen of Philadelphia and vicinity who hoped that it might become a leading factor in popular education. That summer they operated 41 Chautauquas. In 1913 they operated 103 Chautauquas in seven states. In 1914 they will operate more than 200 Chautauquas in the North Atlantic States.

The confidence that committees have in Chautauqua is attested by the fact that of 103 towns operated last year, 101 signed contracts for 1914, and the others wished Chautauqua to return, but lack of local support made it unwise for the Chautauqua Association to respond.

In thirty three towns the Chautauqua is now being conducted, indoors. For the summer, there will be two circuits with fourteen big tents. The association now owns fourteen tent equipments, six automobiles for advertising, fourteen pianos, fourteen living tents, fourteen auditorium tents, fourteen picture outfits and 20,000 chairs.

## Toll Repeal Attacked.

A vigorous attack on the bill to repeal the toll exemption clause of the Panama Canal act was made in the Senate May 4th by Senator Townsend of Michigan. He declared that the passage of the repeal bill would mean voting the United States guilty of perfidy and dishonor in its original decision to exempt American ships. He characterized as "cowardice" the attitude of those who favored the repeal because foreign nations had challenged the right of the United States to exempt its coastwise shipping from tolls. Senator Townsend said the request for the repeal had been left shrouded in mystery.

## New Trial Granted.

The Supreme Court of North Carolina has granted a new trial in Wilson vs. Southern Rwy. Co. Haywood Wilson was injured by a train in crossing the Southern Rwy. tracks in Greensboro. Suit was brought in Randolph county Superior court for damages to the amount of \$3,000 and a verdict in favor of the plaintiff was returned. The railway people appealed the case and the supreme court granted a new trial on the ground that the jury failed to answer one of the questions in issue, "contributory negligence."

## Court House Janitor Steals \$720

A negro janitor at the New Hanover county court house at Wilmington, Lee Barber by name, learned the safe combination on April stole \$120 and May 8th, \$600. He was tried at once and given 3 years on the road. The \$600 was recovered.

## THEN AND NOW.

### Republican vs. Democratic Administration.

When a Republican President sat in the White House backed by a Republican Congress, this country was prosperous and the people were happy. Prosperity was at high tide, money was plentiful and easily obtained on fair security. Railroad construction as well as other lines of industry furnished our working people with more work than they could do at high prices. Railroads were taxed to their utmost capacity to move the products of our farms, forests, mines and factories. The country was on a sound financial basis, the high protective tariff was a guarantee to both labor and capital that business conditions would not be disturbed.

Indeed prosperity was so great in the country that many people thought even a Democratic administration could not destroy it and bring about hard times. So the Democratic politicians who were starving to get to the pie counter, told the people that the high protective tariff, which the Republican party had written upon the statutes of the United States, was robbing them and was responsible for the "high cost of living." They promised the people if they would turn this government over to them that they would reduce the "high cost of living" and make life still more pleasant for them. The people listened to the siren songs of Woodrow Wilson and other Democratic leaders and voted the Democratic ticket and elected a Democratic President as well as a Democratic Congress, and on March 4th, 1913, Woodrow Wilson took the oath of office and called Congress in extra session and the Democracy began to write the laws and manage the affairs of this great government. As soon as Congress assembled they went right to work on a free trade tariff bill which was enacted into a law and is known as the Simmon-Underwood tariff law. While this bill was pending before the committee and long before it passed the House of Representatives the business world became frightened, our financial institutions refused to loan money on any kind of security, money could not be obtained to build railroads or other purposes. Manufacturers knew that they could not compete with the pauper labor of Europe and the Orient, closed down their factories and threw thousands of working people out of employment. The closing down of factories caused the Pennsylvania railroad to annul 112 trains in one day. This three thousand people out of employment to go along with those who were turned out by the factories closing down. By this time there was so many idle cars standing on the tracks that the railroads refused to give any more orders for new cars, therefore the car manufacturers closed down their business and several more thousand people were added to the list of unemployed. By the time winter was here and cold and hunger began to pinch the army of unemployed. "Bread lines" and "soup houses" were established to keep these working people from starving to death. Instead of reducing the "high cost of living" it is going still higher. Working people, who were well paid and well fed during the Republican administration, are now without work and without bread and have joined the "Coxey army" and are marching on to Washington just as they did the last time the Democratic party was in power during Cleveland's administration. When one thinks of the good times we were enjoying, even up to the day Woodrow Wilson took the oath of office, and then think of the hard times that are now bearing down upon the country, it is enough to make working people weep. We must brace up, there is nearly three years more of "free soup" and "grape juice." Times will continue to get harder until the Democratic administration is put out of business. The Democratic party has already defeated itself, it matters not who it may nominate, there is no possible chance for any Democrat to be elected President in 1916.—Clinton News Dispatch.

Many a spinster realizes that girls are wise who marry while yet in their teens.

## TOWNSHIP PROGRAM

### For Sunday School Conventions to be Held in County

The following program was mailed last week by President L. F. Ross, of the Randolph county Sunday School Association to the officers of the different townships and is a very suggestive program for holding the conventions:

- 10:00 a. m.—Song Service and Devotional.
- 10:30 a. m.—Greeting—By Superintendent of Home School.
- 10:35 a. m.—Response—By Visiting Superintendent, Teacher, or Pupil.
- 10:40 a. m.—Address.
- 11:10 a. m.—Song.
- 11:15 a. m.—(1) Roll call of schools, oral reports by delegates.
- (2) Verbal Reports from Township Officers.
- (3) Appointments of Committees Nominating, Constitution.
- Recess for Dinner
- 1:30 p. m.—Songs.
- 1:45 p. m.—Graded Lessons—Round Table Discussion. (Leaflets provided by the County Association.)
- 2:15 p. m.—The Necessity of Accurate Records and how to Secure Them.
- 2:25 p. m.—Song.
- 2:30 p. m.—A Teacher's Duty to Absent Scholars.
- 2:40 p. m.—Use one of the following: Home and Visitation. Miss Dora Redding.
- Elementary . . . . . Miss Esther Ross
- Adult Class . . . . . Mr. D. M. Weatherly
- Teacher Training . . . . . Dr. C. C. Hubbard
- Missionary . . . . . Mrs. N. N. Newlin
- 3:00 p. m.—Business—
- (1) Reading minutes last meeting.
- (2) Treasurer's Report.
- (3) Pledges for next year.
- (4) Report of Constitution Committee.
- (5) Report of Nominating Committee and Election of Officers, including department Superintendents.
- (6) Time and Place for 1915 Convention.
- 4:00 p. m.—Prayer and Benediction.

## TREAS. OFFICE ABOLISHED.

### Union County Commissioners Make Progressive Step.

The Commissioners of Union county have voted to abolish the office of county treasurer and it is rumored that the present incumbent of that office will contest their constitutional right to do away with the office. The Commissioners expect to deposit the county funds in some bank, which will disburse them for the privilege of keeping the money on deposit.

## An Editor's Savings.

An editor who started about twenty years ago with only 55 cents is now worth \$100,000. His accumulation of wealth is owing to his frugality, good habits, strict attention to business, and the fact that an uncle died and left him \$99,999.

## CONFERENCE FOR NEW UNIVERSITY

### Methodists Vote to Have Nothing to Do With Vanderbilt.

Oklahoma City, May 23.—The majority report of the committee considering the Vanderbilt University case was adopted by the General Conference of the Methodist Episcopal church on South, here last tonight. The report urged that the church return its interest in the school to the original patronizing conferences. It declared that the interest of the church is negligible in view of the Tennessee court decision. It also suggested the establishment of a new theological school or university. Three sessions were held today. Chancellor Kirkland of Vanderbilt was scored as the cause of the church's losing its control of the school.

The Carnegie gift, which caused the trouble, was called "gratuitous insult" by Dr. T. N. Ivey, editor of the Christian Advocate.

## Webb Defeats Preston

In the Congressional primaries held in the Ninth District last Saturday E. Y. Webb defeated E. R. Preston for the nomination at a ratio of about 4 to 1.

## A Fist Fight.

Angered because he couldn't immediately see Secretary of State Bryan, Jacob Connors, dismissed as consul to St. Petersburg, engaged in fist fight last week with Frank Bauskett, private secretary for Secretary Bryan, in an ante-room to Mr. Bryan's office.

## Court at Wilkesboro.

Judge James E. Boyd will preside over a term of Federal court at Wilkesboro which convenes May 25th. After this session he will return to Greensboro, where the next term of Federal court will convene on June 1st. It is said that several alleged blockaders will be tried when court convenes at Wilkesboro.

## PAGE IS WINNER.

### Beats Beasley 4 to 1 in Primaries Saturday.

The Democratic primaries last Saturday passed off quietly and R. F. Beasley was defeated for the nomination for Congressman by Robert N. Page by a vote of about 4 to 1.

Asheboro gave Mr. Page a large vote—216, while only 48 votes were cast for Beasley. The vote throughout the county was light, only 1068 votes being cast—142 votes for Beasley and 926 for Page.

The only county in the district which was carried by Mr. Beasley was his home county—Union, where he defeated Page by a vote of 883 to 634.

## Charlotte Merchant Murdered.

Charles E. Truell, a young white man, 21 years of age is in jail at Charlotte, awaiting trial, charged with the murder of Sidney Swain, a young merchant of Charlotte, who was found early Sunday morning in an unconscious condition and carried to the Presbyterian hospital, where he died. The young merchant is known to have had considerable money on his person and the intent of the murder in inflicting the death wound was robbery.

## Him Whom We Serve.

Whether refusal of recognition to Huerta was the best policy or not, it is done now, and there is no way of getting out of it. The American people believe, and still believe, that Huerta betrayed his commander and had him murdered; and when the President announced that this country would never recognize as ruler of Mexico a traitor and a murderer, the people applauded.

The policy of watchful waiting as it has been practiced with slight interruptions, consisting of such incidents as furnishing arms to Huerta's enemies and bombarding his cities, has indisputably done for Huerta; but incidentally it has been the making of Villa. If the present policy is pursued by the United States no earthly power can prevent Villa from becoming dictator of Mexico upon Huerta's overthrow. Therefore, it is eminently in order to examine the record of the man that the United States is making president to replace the traitor and accessory before the fact of murder.

We have heretofore mentioned Villa's record as a cattle-thief and outlaw before the present trouble began. It might be urged, however, that the then prevailing system made him what he was. The ferocity of his early campaign might conceivably be excused on the same grounds. But what about these incidents, names and dates being taken from the London Daily Telegraph? Late in May, 1913, not quite a year ago, Villa took the town of Santa Rosalia, Chihuahua. His men shot all prisoners, treating the principle officers with horrible cruelty. The usual looting went on, among the plundered houses being that of Senor Montilla, cashier of the establishment of Sordo y Blanco. The unfortunate man was caught in his house, and his wife tried to defend him. He was shot over her head and killed, and Villa himself kicked her in the face as she lay on the dead body of her husband.

In July, 1913, he took Casas Grandes and is charged with having violated several young girls. More than 80 non-combatants were shot by his men. At San Andres he lined up his prisoners, including many women, and, most horrible of all, some children, five deep and shot them that way to save ammunition. Few were killed outright, but living and dead were heaped up, soaked with petroleum and burned. At the village of Carretas he demanded \$200 of a man named Jose Dolores, more than 70 years old, and when the money was not forthcoming killed him with his own hand. At Chihuahua when two Spaniards named Martinez disobeyed his orders exiling all Spaniards, Villa had them beaten to death.

This beast the United States seems bent upon making ruler of all Mexico. And this, says President Wilson, is a war of service, in which it is a proud thing to die.—Greensboro Daily News.

## DEEDS

N. Y. Womble to M. L. Bunch, 51 acres, con. \$26.49.  
Luetta Newsum to W. B. Humble, 25 acres, con. \$200.  
Elizabeth Lyndon to Della Snider, 5 acres.  
Joel Ashworth to Ed Cooper, 18½ acres, con. \$180.  
Michael Wooliver to Noah Latham, 40 acres, con. \$19.  
Ruthanna Jane Welch to Lunda Ella Welch, 121 acres, con. \$1000.  
Lunda Ella Welch to Ruthanna Jane Welch, 121 acres, con. \$2,000.  
W. J. Frazier to D. Millard Frazier, 85 acres, con. \$650.  
P. Hayward Frazier to D. Millard Frazier one-half interest in 85 acres, con. \$460.  
H. C. Chisholm to D. M. Frazier, 40 acres, con. \$292.50.  
A. M. Summey to R. L. Hurley, 8 acres, con. \$100.  
A. C. Cranford to C. C. Shaw one-fourth interest in 20 acres.  
J. M. Jennings to A. G. Jennings, 3-4 acre, con. \$5.  
J. M. McDonald to E. B. Cole, lots No. 56 and 57 on the J. S. Burton property, Seagrave, con. \$900.  
R. C. Kelley, Comm. to Cleveland Marley, 20 acres, con. \$300.  
James Shears to J. J. Welch, 120 acres, con. \$120.  
D. W. Young, Adm. to W. M. Ridenhour, 99 acres, con. \$762.50.  
J. Dolph Long to W. L. Siler 181½ acres, con. \$2,000.  
Jno. R. Mitchell and wife, et al., to Jno. R. Mitchell, et al., 3 acres, con. \$20.00.

## July 10.

It has been decided by Congress that July 10 will be the date of adjournment. Many of the law makers are compelled to hurry home and get into the campaign.

## Lead Us to It.

Editor Farriss, of the High Point Enterprise came to town Saturday to make arrangements to go fishing up or down in Randolph county. He says that in the place he knows there are bass with wings, weighing fifteen pounds. Angel bass, we take it, and of course we are going along with him one of these days and watch the bass fly.—Every-thing.

## International Sunday School Day.

June 28th, which is the Sunday of the Convention, will be known throughout North America as International Sunday School Day. Pastors and superintendents and Christian people generally are asked, upon that day, to remember in special prayer, the Sunday School Convention then in session in Chicago. The pastors of North America are asked to preach sermons on that day, if convenient, on Sunday School work, or some kindred topic. It is requested that a very brief talk of not over ten minutes be given in the Sunday School, telling about the Sunday Schools of North America.

## Smallest Town to Have a Bank.

Probably the smallest town in the state to have a bank will be Ormondsville, Lenoir county, near Kinston. The population is not incorporated. The capital of the proposed bank is \$10,000.

## Coxie's Army Moving on to Washington.

"General" Coxie and his "army" arrived at Cumberland Md., last week with 14 men. Coxie's son, David, 11 years old, on a pony led the army. "General" Coxie in his phaeton brought up the rear. The band resumed the march over the old national pike to Washington next day.

## Maxton's Gasolene Bill.

It has been estimated that over \$175,000 goes out from this place each year for gasolene and not a dollar of it ever returns. Just think on this a moment. This would build a good cotton mill every year; it would build the dormitories needed for Carolina college, pay the expenses of the college and the churches in town the first year, and in 10 years give it the largest endowment of any educational institution in the state.—Maxton Scottish Chief.

## Did You Know.

Sound travels at the rate of 400 yards a second.  
Exceptions to this rule:  
Scandal: 1,000 yards.  
Flattery: 500 yards.  
Alarm clock: ?—Pennsylvania Punch Bowl.

## 91 Years Old.

Rev. Littleton Dennis of Uwharrie is 91 years old. He is bright, cheerful and says the people of the Uwharrie neighborhood are among the best people on earth. He has 77 grandchildren and 89 great grandchildren.

State Library

22