# Talks on Singing

### IV.—Good Diction a Requisite By ENRICO CARUSO

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COD diction, or the art of pronouncing the words of a song or opera properly and hieli-gently, is a matter sadly neg-lected by many singers and indeed is not considered important by a large proportion of the audiences in this country, who do not understand foreign language, at any rate. And in an opera sung in a language unknown to most of the audience it is apparently unimperiant whether the words are understood or not as long as there is general knowledge of the plot, and be main consideration is, of course.

with the language in which the opera with the language in which the opera is written how common an experience it is the convert also; to be able, in spite of their linguistic knowledge, to understand but little of what is being sung and what a drawback this really seem to turn all their attention to the production of beautiful sounds and neglect in most cases the words that often are equally beautiful, or should

about the advisability of giving operas in the native language, as it is done in-France and Germany, and the blea-would seem to have its advantages, as has already been demonstrated in nas atteady been demonstrated in some excellent performances of Ger-man. French and Italian operas in English. But of what avail would such a project be if, after all, one could not understand the words of his

own language as they were sung?

The language might as well be San-skrit or Chinese.

In France the matter of diction is probably given the greatest attention, and singers at the Opera Combine, for instance, are noted for their pure and distinct enunciation of every syllable. Indeed, it is as much of a sine qua non there as good singing, if not more so, and the numerous subtleties in the French language are difficult enough to justify this special stress laid upon correct pronunciation.

correct pronunciation.

It requires a very particular ability in a foreigner to attain the atmosphere of perfect French to any very high degree. Italian is generally considered an easier language to pronunce in song, as indeed it is, all the vowel sounds being full and sonerous and lacking that "covered" or mixed quality so often occurring in the quality so often occurring in the French. Nevertheless Italian has its difficulties, particularly in the way of distinctly enunciating the double con-sonants and the proper division of the liaisons, or combining of final vowels with initial vowels, and the correct amount of softness to be given to the

All this, of course, is from the standpoint of those to whom these languages are foreign.

Certainly no singer can be called a great artist unless his diction is good, for a beautiful voice alone will not make up for other deficiencies. A singer endowed with a small voice or even one of not very pleasing quality can give more pleasure than a singer pos-sessing a big, impressive voice, but no

me people claim that a pronunciation too distinct or too much insisted upon spoils the real voice quality, but this should not be the case if the words are correctly and naturally brought out. Doubtless this impres-sion has come from the fact that, particularly in France, many singers pos sessed of small voices must exaggerate their diction to obtain their effects. But if they did not have this perfect diction they often would have little else to recommend them. I would aver that a fine enunciation, far from interfering with 0, sids the voice produc-tion, makes it softer and more concen-trated, but diction should act rather as a frame for the voice and never re-

Each of the three languages, French. Each of the three innguages, Freech, German and Italian, has its peculiar characteristics, which are of aid to the student in the general study of prostudent in the general study of pro-nunciation, and it is well to have a knowledge of them all outside of the fact that an artist nowadays needs to have this knowledge in order not only to rank with the greatest, but to conwith the demands of an operatic ca-

The Italian language in its very essence is rich in vowels and vower con-binations, from which comes principal-ly, the color in tones, and it has couse-quently been called the "language of song." Italians thus have naturally what it is so much trouble for singers what it is so much trouble for singers what it is so much trouble for singers tions of the great capitals. sence is rich in vowels and vowel comof other nations to sequire—the numer-ous variations of vowel sounds. French has the massl sounds as its

dominating characteristic and is very valuable in the cultivation of "nasal

resonance."

As I said before, it is so easy to exaggerate and the voice is so apt to get too much "in the nose" that one has to be extremely careful in the use of the methods of the great artists. This per-

haps the German. The "th" is the most difficult sound to make effective in singing.

I have already spoken of the various phases of nervousness which an artist feels before the performance, but I wish to say here a word in regard to the practical significance of such nervness. Artists who do not experience it are those who lack real genius. There are really two kinds of fear-that arising from a realization of the importance of what is to be done the other from a lack of confidence in one's power. If a singer has no conscience in his performance he never is pervous, but full of assurance.

It is solden that true artists are

men troubled with nervousness affer eding upon the sings. Generally, as have before mentioned, they are apt to be ill during the day of the perormance, but once before the public they forget eterything and are dom-imited only by the real love of their art and sustained by the knowledge of

ossessing a proper "method." It is certain that with a good breath support even nerconsness need not provent one from singing well, al-though one may be actually suffering from trepldation. Yet we know that sometimes the greatest of artists are prevented thus from doing their best work. The principle, however, re-mains unshaken that singing in a correct way is the greatest possible

and see no one on the day of the per-formance, so as not to be enervated by the effort of talking much, to say nothing of tiring the vocal chords. One prima donna of my acquaintance occuples herself in trimming hats on the days when she sings, believing that this provides a distraction and resis her nerves. It is just as well not to "pass through" the role that is to be rough the day of the appearing, but in the morning a few technical exer-cises to keep the voice in tune, as it were, are to be recommended. The great Italian singers of other days fol-

lowed this rule, and it still holds good. If the singer gives much of himself as well as of his voice to the public he should still hold his breathing supply in, so to speak, as he would guard the capital from which comes his income. Failure should be thus impossible if there is always a reserve to draw on So the more one sings with good breath support the more beautiful the voice becomes. On the other hand, those who sing haphazard sometimes begin the evening well, but deteriorate more and more as the performance advances and at the end are uttering mere raucous cries. They are like a man unable to swim who is in a deep river—their voices control them in place of they controlling their voices. They struggle valuey against obstacies, but are carried away by the flood and are finally enguised in the waters. Many too ambilious students are

their own worst enemies in the culture of their voices. Because they have a large vocal power they want to shout all the time in spite of the repeated admonitions of their masters, who beg them to sing plane. But they hear nothing except the noise they make themselves. Such bendstrong ones will never make a career, even with the finest voices in the world. Their teach ers should give up trying to make them listen to reason and devote their attention to those who merit it and want to study seriously. Singing as an art is usually not considered with enough earnestness. One should go to a singing master as one goes to a spe-cialist for a consultation and follow with the greatest care his directions. If one does not have the same respect and confidence one places in a physi-cian it must be because the singing master does not really mer't it, and it would be much better to make change at once.

entirely to one teacher, for it is easy

In taking up operatic work it is un-derstood, of course, that the singer must have mastered most of the tech-nical difficulties, so as not to be troubled with them when they are encour

tered in some aria.

It is a most excellent thing to secure

But he sure that the voice is well placed before trying any of this sort of work and never attempt to sing a role above your powers in the earlier stage of your career, which otherwise may

French "no" and "ng."

German is so full of consonants that one needs to have exceptional control of the tongue and lips to give their proper value.

English passesses the features of all the other languages—of course in less marked degree—rescubling most per-

Tax Wealth, Not Food.

The revision of the tariff year has a double task. The rates must be revised and \$100,000, 000 of additional revenue must be

The committee on means has been wise in its tariff in leaving out the tax on coffee and im-posing a tax on inheritance. It is better to tax wealth than to terto tax wealth than to tax

European countries raise a large portion of their revenue by taxes on tea and coffee. England raises nearly half its revenue from duties by taxes on food. Sugar is dutiable in this country, but there is for this the sound reason that the du y protects home-grown sugar, now one-fifth of the whole, and fosters sugar in Cuba. Abolish the duty on sugar and the reduction in the Cuban product would advance the price by more than the reduction from the abolition of the duty. The McKinley tariff, in spite of this, abolished the duty on sugar

and its consumption increased with rapidity under the stimulus of cheap sugar. If it were not for its pro-testion of the home sugar product and its effect on our insular neighbors there would be little to be said even for the duty on sugar.

New doties on food have no de use. They ought not to be im posed. Tax wealth instead of food.

The Dewberry Industry in the Sand Hill Country.

Sapford Express.

The dewberry industry in Moore and Lee counties is assuming proportions and promises to become onof the leading and most profitable industries of the two counties. Frui growers about Carthage, Cameron and Southern Pines were the first to make the experiment in raising and shipping dewberries. They proved so profitable that fruit growers at Aberdeen, Jonesbero an Swann Station have entered the industry and will have many acres under out tivation this year. A stock company of High Point is preparing the land and will plant 30 acres in berries at Since dewberries been introduced on the northern markets, the demand for this pain-table fruit has become great and all that can be raised are sold at good prices.

As A Top Notch Doer.

As A Top Notch Doer.

Great deed compel regard. The world crowns its doers. That's why the American people have crowned Dr. King's New L incovery the King of Broat and Lung remedies. Every atom is a bealth force. It kills germs, and colds and la grippe vanish. It heals cough racked membranes and coughing stops. Sere, inflamed brought at the same days are cured and heatorrhage cesse. Dr. Geo. More, Black Jack, N. C., writes "it oured ms of lung trouble, pronounced hopeless by all doctors." 50c. \$1.90. Trial bottle free. Guarante d by Standard Drug Co.

President Elilott's Definition of a Lib eral Education.

The term liberal education has always been a very vague one, and as generally used, is merely a comparative term as distinguished from a limited education. But President Elliott has given this succenct and acceptable definition:

"A knowledge of past and current events in the world's progress; pow-er of expression; an intimate ac-quaintance with some part of the store of human knowledge, a clear conviction of how to discover the truth, and a development of the imagination."

Object to Strong Medicine.

Object to Strong Redictare.

Many people object to taking the strong medicines usually prescribed by physicians for rheumatism. There is no need of internal treatment in any case of unscalar or chronic rheumatism, and more than nine out of every ten cases of the disease are of one or the other of these varieties. When there is no fever and little (if any) swelling, you may know that it is only necessary to apply Chamberlain's Liminent freely to get quick relief. Try it. Nor sale by all drug; gists.

#### LEFT ON HER DOORSTEP FOR THIS MOTHER

Mrs. A. G. Tuson, of Livermore, Osl., writes: "I picked up from my door-marked and the second of the second became very much interested. My little girl of five years of age had

My little girl of five years of age had been troubled for a long time with loss of appetite, extreme nervoussess and undue fatigue. She was all rundown and is a very delicate condition. "This little book was very comprehensively written, and told of the new method of extracting the medicinal elements of the cods liver from the oil, eliminating the obnoxious oil which is so hard for children to take.

"Just the thing, said I, for my little daughter," and I immediately went for a bottle of Vinol. It helped her wonderfully. She has gained rapidly in less and strength, and she does not take cold half so casily.

"I am extremely grateful for the good it has done her, and I hope other mothers who have weak, delicate or ailing children will be benedited by my apperience and just give Vinol a trial."

Vinol istsold in Ashaboro by ASHEBORO DRUG CO.

A WOMAN'S ESSAY ON MAN. Evidently Man is a Strange Asimal.

A boy can sit still on a sled six inches square, tied to a sleigh moving eight miles an hour but could not sit still on a sofative minutes for a dollar. A man will sit on an inchedge of a board and talk politics per table to solve the control of th He stays out till midnight, wife lon't know where he is, comes h when he pleases, but if a meal not ready just on time, pouts, frowns and says unpretty things. Evident man is a strange animal. Gets rich, a great man, bets on the los-ing horse, goes broke, quarrels, lights, lands in ja.l. eyes dressed for Easter, face frescoed and morals deprayed, yet he is "Lord of all creation and monarch of all he surveys." Strange animal this man,-Ex

Montgomery News.

From The Montgomrian The list takers for Montgomery

muty for 1909 are as follows: Troy-J. F. Saunders, Pee Dee-R. A. Matheson. Mt. Gilead—Charlis Stanback, Checks Creek—C. L. Brookshire. Rocky Springs—T. B. Rush, Hollingsworts—A. B. McCaskill, Hill—J. L. Stuart. Hill—J. L. Stuarf. Little River—G. H. Cornelison, Ophi—N. W. Davis, Eldorado—G. B. Coggin, Uwharrie—J. C. Hamilton.

Mrs. Elizabeth Morgan died at er home in the Speas section a few She was 79 years old on the day of her death and was a good woman. She was the mother of our townsman, D. F. Morgan.

Earl Thayer died on March 28th in New Mexico. He was a son of N. M. Thayer, of Eldorado. He was about 21 years old and a bright young man. He was buried April 6th at Macedonia, near Eldorado. Funeral services were conducted by the pastyr. He had lef home just 15 months aga. This is the second death that has occurred in

Mr. Thayer's family this year.
The Commissioners of Montgomery county have appointed the following persons a Board of Trustees for each township in the county the result of the person of the person

Troy-D. D. Bruton, W. D. Al-len, Leach Russell. Uwharrie—T. L. Mullinix, J. C. Hamilton, J. T. Morr s. Pec Dec—W. L. Andrews, B. L

Hamilton, J. T. Morr s.
Pee Dee-W. L. Andrews, B. L.
Moore, C. W. Wooley,
Mt. Gilesd-J. A. Ingram, J. B.
Hurley, H. G. Scarboro.
Cheeks Creek-J. C. Thompson,
D. J. Poole, W. H. Uzzery.
Rocky Springs-Miles Rush, J.
E. Broadway, C. W. Poole.
Hollingsworth-Atlas McLeod,
H. C. Richardson, O. C. Parsons.
Hill-W. G. Stuart, J. F. Deaton,
J. F. Hurley.

F. Hurley. Little River-G. H. Cornelison, J. C. McIntosh, B. F. Reynolds.
Op ir—b. A. Davis, W. P. Hurley, J. W. Warner.
Eldorado—J. A. Kirk, J. A. Gamble, B. E. Morris.

Tax Listers for Davidson County.

The board of county commissioners held the regular session Monday and Tuesday. The usual routine business was transacted and the tax listers for the various townships were named. For the first time in a decade the listers are Republicans.

a decade the listers are Republicans.
They are as follows:
Abbotts Creek—J. B. Motsinger.
Arcadis—J. P. Crouch.
Alleghany—E. S. Varner.
Bione—D. 1. Wilson.
Cotton Grove—W. C. Roach.
Conrad Hill—W. F. Briles.
Emmons—U. L. Garner.
Hampton—Aaron Tesh.
Hesling Springs—Walter Feesor.
Jackson Hill—J. L. Thompson.
Lexington—J. A. Landsay.
Midway—A. P. Hartman. Midway—A. P. Hartman. Reedy Creek—J. S. Hege. Silver Hill—Z. B. Tussey. Thomasville—D. P. White.

Yadkin College—Ed. L. Greene. Ou the first Monday in May these listers will meet in junt sessi the county commissioners.

One Touch of Natur Muches the Whol

Whele World Rin."

When a rooster finds a big fat worm he calls all the hone in the farm yard to come and share is. A similar trait of human nature is to be observed when a man discovers conseiting exceptionally good—he wants all his friends and neighbors to share the benefits of his discovery. This is the to ach. of nature that makes the whole world kin. This explains why people who have been cured by Chambertain's Cough Remody write latters to the manufacturers for publication, that others similarly alling may also use it and obtain relief. Behind every one of these telesre is a warm hearted wish of the writer to be of use to comeme also. This remody is for sale by all druggists.

"The Hand That Rocks The Cradle"

"The hand that rock the cradle

the hand that rules the world."

The high projectionists in Congress have offered a bold and defiant challenge to this claim. What are the American women going to do about it? Are they going to make use of the influence which they pos-

the American women going to do about it? Are they going to make use of the influence which they possess as mothers and wives, daughters and sisters, and take up the gage thrown down by the tariff extremists, or do they propose to submit mericommodities of essential consumption which it is proposed to revise upwards?"

Bear in mund that what the women are going to have to say about the Payne tariff bill is, early or late, going to have a tremendous lot to do about that piece of legislation. If the lawmakers in Congress are not taking this into consideration it only shows that they are blind and deaf to the lessons of the history.

"The women do the shepping at d keep the prices," said speaker Tom Reed, in referring to the Democratic landslide that followed the enactment of the McKinley bill. "They have the keenest sense for increased cost. In every store they heard the elerks explain how this article and that could not be wild hereafter at the former price because of the McKinley bill. They went home and told their husbands and their fathers, and their stories had a tremendous effect at the bailot box."

Now, women don't change much about things that affect them co-cretely and individually. They are as much interested now in making a dollar go as far as they can as

Now, women don't change much about things that affect them co-cretely and individually. They are as much interested now in making a dollar go as far as they can they were after the McKinley was passed and there are a lot more of th m now than there were then. Women are by no means helpless against the kind of injury they suffer against the kind of injury they suffer through unfair prices for what they use, even if they are without the ballot. If the champions of the Glove and Hosiery trusts in Congress think the women of this country can't find a way to make their power felt at the polls, these lawmakers are guilty of yet greater stupidity than they at tribute to the women who they think will submit to gratuitions imposition without a protest.—Ex. imposition without a protest .- Exchange.

Personal experience with a tube of Man nan Pile Remedy will convince you it is im-mediate relief for all forms of Piles. Can be applied directly to the effected party, re-ducing inflammation swelling and itching. Guaranteed. Prics 50c. Simpson Drug

Senator Simmons takes this view on the tariff question:—"That the Democratic pledge of a tariff for revenue only was made with refer-ence to the whole tariff system and that therefore it does not apply any individual article."

Permanently relieves constipation and in-digestion. Regulates the bowels, builds up-waste tissue. Makes pure blood You grow strong, healthy and robust. Hulliser's locky Mountain Tea, the safest, nicest Spring tonic 36 cents. Asheboro Drag Co.

Having qualified as administratrix on the extract of J. A. Hayes, deceased, all persons having claims against said estate are notifier to present them to the undersigned, duly vorticed, our undersigned, duly vorticed, our undersigned, duly vorticed, our undersigned, and extract and mass immediate settlement.

This Style day of March, 1909.

This Style day of March, 1909.

NETTIE HAYES, Admira.

Do not neglect to get a pair of our eight-inch tension spring scissors. Send in your remittance today.

#### Thousands Have Kidney Trouble and Never Suspect it. How To Find Out.





Will Wear Longer Than Any Other.

We are making a display of a new Spring line of

#### **OXFORDS** For Men, Women and Children.

Black, Tan and Ox Blood, in Vici-Kid, Patent and Gun Metal Leathers. Wear them for Style, Comfort and Econ-

W. J. MILLER, Asheboro, N. C.

Dr. S. A. HENLEY,

Physician - and - Surgeom ASHEBORO N C.

## Jersey Calves at Auction.

Great Overflow Sale of High-bred Jersey Males and Females at Auction, Greensboro, N. C., May 4th, 1909.

My barns are now full of Jersey cows and I am for the first time offering heifers from the bull Trevarth's General; He by General Marigold out of Treverth's Puritan; General Mari-gold by Major Polo out of Mary Ida-gold, test 23 lbs. of butter in 7 days as a three year old. Major Polo by Glynllyn Boy out of Massey Polo the butter queen of the Jersey race, milked in 7 days 354-lbs. of milk that made 30 lbs. 6 1-2 oz. of butter.

Cows sired by this famous bull are now milking in my herd and every one are No. I cows.

Sale begins at 1 o'clock p. m. Bids by mail will be ptaced in the hands of competent man and treated with the utmost fairness.

For particulars address.

JOHN A. YOUNG,

Greensboro, N. C.