

REV. A. L. LUCAS IN THE HOLY LAND

The Evil Eye is greatly feared by some of the people in the Holy Land, they think that a glance from it will bring you great misfortune. It will lame your donkey, fatten your cow, or cause, and it may cause your child to sicken and die. It can ruin your trade or business and it can send your soul to eternal death. Those who possess the evil eye are devils incarnate, but you cannot tell who they are. They are all in the shape of innocent looking men, women, and children so you will not realize that their spells have been cast upon you until misfortune comes.

Dawes' Language Attacked in the Pulpit

The Church of the country over has a right to urge that Major Gen. Charles G. Dawes cease using "Hell" and "Damn" the Rev. Dr. Len G. Broughton, pastor of the First Baptist Church, Jacksonville, Fla., said in a sermon recently in the Madison Avenue Baptist church in New York City. Dr. Broughton referred to the language used by the general in an interview recently while passing thru New York City on his way to Maine. The minister said he spoke not as a politician, but as a clergyman interested in the highest good of the people. Scores of worshippers congratulated him for what they called his "courage and fearlessness" in "speaking out."

Dawes D— Make Him a Liability, Says G. O. P. Paper

Certain Republican newspapers are beginning to portray Vice-Presidential Candidate Dawes and to fear the consequences of recalling his utterances before the Cleveland convention made him President Coolidge's teammate. The De Moines (Ia.) Register is one Republican journal that regards Dawes as a liability, and blames him on Secretary Mellon. "It will be recalled, now General Dawes has started on his campaign, how President Coolidge stuck for Governor Lowden, Senator Borah, Judge Kenyon or Secretary Hoover for vice president, and how Secretary Mellon took the bit in his teeth and nominated General Dawes," says the Register. "Now that General Dawes' opening speech has created an impression to confirm a lot of previously formed impressions of him the things he has said in the past are coming to the front," continues the Register. This paper then reproduces in part a statement issued by Chairman Shaver of the Democratic National Committee in which the Republican Vice-Presidential candidate's profane references to Congress in 1922 were quoted.

Proposals were presented to the convention by direction of the American Federation of Labor, whose Executive Council and Non-Partisan Campaign Committee prepared them.

1. Change in the provision of the Esch-Cummings transportation law of 1920 establishing and governing the Railroad Labor Board. 2. Products of convict labor shipped from one state to another to be subject to the laws of the latter state exactly as though they had been produced therein; 3. Construction and repairs of public works to be initiated in periods of acute labor unemployment; 4. Adequate provision for full rehabilitation of all injured in the service during the World War; 5. Adequate compensation to civil service employees upon equitable classification; 6. Freedom of speech and press and the right to peaceable assembly; 7. Graduated income tax and abolition of sales tax as well as all other attempts to place excessive burdens on those least able to pay; 8. American identification with international agencies and conferences to promote world peace, including membership in the League of Nations and participation in the World Court. In addition to these eight proposals incorporated in the Democratic platform, two others had long since been embodied in the Federal statutes. The Clayton anti-trust law, generally called "Labor's Magna Charter," with its anti-injunction provisions, was enacted by a Democratic Congress in which John W. Davis, Democratic candidate for the Presidency, had an active and important share; and the child labor acts twice passed by the Democratic Congress are the other propositions of the fifteen upon which action has been taken. Both John W. Davis and Governor Charles W. Bryan have declared themselves in favor of the child labor constitutional amendment. This comparison of the platforms shows that the Democratic party has a better record and offers a larger program in respect to legislation advocated by the American Federation of Labor than either the LaFollette group or the Republicans. The Republican party discloses in its latest platform its traditional lack of sympathy with the workers of the country.

"It was found" says the latest year book, "that of the owner farmers in fifteen corn and wheat producing states on an average almost of 4 per cent had lost their farms through foreclosure or bankruptcy, while nearly 4.5 per cent had turned over their farms to creditors without legal process, making a total of about 8.5 per cent who had lost their farms with or without legal proceedings. In addition, about 14.5 per cent were in fact bankrupt, but were holding on through leniency of their creditors."

A chart in the year book shows that while bankruptcies among farmers in the country as a whole were about 6.5 per cent of the whole number reported in 1920, they were about 17 per cent of the total in 1923. The number of bankruptcies among farmers in the Northwest rose from 18 per cent in 1920, the last year of the second Wilson Administration, to 54 per cent in the third year of the Harding-Coolidge Administration. The insolvency among farmers was not due to inefficiency on their part, says Secretary Wallace. Their troubles were caused, he says, chiefly by the deflation in prices of farm products and the increased cost of production and of necessities farmers must buy. While the deflation in prices of agricultural products was in progress the Republican Administration enacted the Forney-McCumber profiteers' tariff, which is responsible for much of the increase in the cost of "the necessities farmers must buy."

THE BEST DATES FOR WHEAT SOWING

Raleigh, N. C. Sept. 15.—It is not alone important to look carefully after the seed bed and fertilizer requirements of wheat to be successful with the crop. It is well to know the best varieties for a certain section, and then, according to Professor Franklin Sherman, Chief of the division of entomology for the Experiment Station and Extension Service, one should also give careful attention to his planting dates. Prof. Sherman has worked out standard ten day periods for sowing wheat in all sections of North Carolina based on damage done by the Hessian Fly and winter killing from freezing weather. "The plan by which we calculated our dates," says Prof. Sherman, "was sent out by the United States Department of Agriculture and has been coordinated with what we know of the Hessian Fly and the practical experience of wheat growers from all over the State. We have worked out its application to nearly 1,000 localities in all parts of North Carolina. These dates have been submitted to the agronomy workers of our experiment station, to experienced farmers and to our field workers before venturing to make them public. Since that time we have also visited a number of wheat fields and found that the actual yields have given confirmation to the plan. "Let it be understood that these dates are recommended not merely with reference to Hessian Fly, but are believed to be the safest sowing periods for general practice in average seasons, all things considered. We believe that if farmers followed these calculations with slight deviations for clearly abnormal seasons, that it would result in less damage by Hessian Fly than we have heretofore had, and less damage from winter-kill. We have found in one community at the same time a variation of nearly two months; some sown so early as to invite fly-injury, and some so late as to be hurt by winter-kill. The standard ten-day periods are aimed to escape both these dangers so far as possible. "Favorable weather for sowing will usually be found within the ten-day period. If a drought extends into the period it is well to wait for a rain, but if drought persists it is suggested to sow as near to the end of the period as judgement may decide." For this section the period from October 16th to 26th is best for wheat sowing according to Prof. Sherman's recommendations.

Prohibition agents in North Carolina under the direction of A. B. Coltrane, of Salisbury, seized during the month of August property appraised at \$50,000, including eight automobiles. They destroyed 548 gallons of liquor and 68,790 gallons of beer, captured 98 persons at stills, and arrested a total of 147 persons for the violation of the liquor laws.

Guilford county Democrats predict 5,000 majority in the November election, the largest majority in the history of the county.

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PROGRESSIVE VS. REACTIONARY

One of the most striking passages in the acceptance speech delivered by John W. Davis at Clarksburg was his definition of the words "Progressive" and "Reactionary" as applied to political groups. Probably this statement will be the most often quoted of any statement that will be uttered by any candidate during the 1924 campaign, and Democrats are urged to become familiar with it. "The words 'Progressive' and 'Reactionary,' said Mr. Davis, 'have been much used in American politics. There has been little effort to define their meaning. They are becoming more tags which politicians fasten on themselves or their opponents without indulging in any mental process that remotely resembles thought. But, like shipping tags, the thing which really counts is the destination written on them—progress to what; reaction from what—that is the real question. "Motion may be either backward or forward; it may even be going around in circles. From my point of view he only deserves to be called a progressive who cannot see a wrong persist without an effort to redress it, or a right denied without an effort to protect it; who feels a deep concern for the economic welfare of the United States; but realizes that the making of better men and better women is a matter greater still; who thinks of every governmental policy first of all in its bearing upon human rights rather than upon material things; who believes profoundly in human equality and detests privilege in whatever form or in whatever disguise, and who finds the true test of success in the welfare of the many and not the prosperity and comfort of the few. The civic unit of America is not the dollar but the individual man. "All that goes to make better and happier and freer men and women

Peanut Prospects Fair

With a condition of 72 per cent of a full crop, indicating 930 pounds per acre, the North Carolina peanut crop has but a fair outlook. The present crop appears to be about 10 per cent less than last year, although the acreage is greatly increased. The growth and stands appear to be fairly good, except in limited areas where the long wet conditions hurt the crop. The Virginia crop shows an even greater decline in its 65 per cent condition than the North Carolina crop, amounting to 36 per cent less than last year's production. Georgia increased its acreage very greatly and has an 84 per cent prospect. This will make their production well over 50 per cent more than last year's crop. Alabama has a condition of 83 per cent and a 45 per cent larger production than a year ago. The Texas forecast is some less than last year, with a condition of 70 per cent of a full or normal crop.

Farm Losses and Bankruptcies Large in 1923

Official reports issued by the Department of Agriculture continue to tell stories of losses, bankruptcy, and distress among the farmers of the United States, particularly in the Northwest. Changes in the condition of agricultural producers in the country at large are due to readjustments rather than fundamental improvements. The latest year book of the Department of Agriculture, dealing with the agricultural situation in 1923, reiterates the tale of insolvency and suffering recited in the official review of the previous year. There is practically the same account as for 1922 in respect to the drift of population from the farms to the cities; a similar chronicle of hardship for those who remained on the land, and an even more dismal report of increase in bankruptcies and foreclosures. The Department conducted a survey to ascertain the number of owners and tenants of farms who lost their land and property through foreclosure or voluntary relinquishment.

AUTUMN EXCURSION TO FLORIDA VIA Southern Railway System Thursday, September 18, 1924

Table with columns: From, To Jacksonville, Tampa, Miami. Rows list various cities like Charlotte, Greensboro, Winston-Salem, etc. with corresponding fares.

Special round trip excursion fares will be on sale September 18th from the following stations as shown below to destinations shown in Florida. Round trip tickets on sale also to Pable Beach, St. Augustine, Daytona, West Palm Beach, Fort Myers, Bradenton, St. Petersburg, Sarasota and Moore Haven, Fla., at proportionately higher fares. Proportionately reduced round trip excursion fares from intermediate stations. Tickets on sale September 18th only, good on all regular trains (except 37 and 38), final limit returning to reach original starting point prior to midnight on tickets to Jacksonville, Pable Beach, St. Augustine and Daytona, September 25th, other destinations shown above, September 26th, 1924. All round trip fares shown above good via Columbia, and Savannah, or Atlanta and Macon, going trip, returning via same route. Tickets good in pullman sleeping and parlor cars, and baggage will be checked on these tickets. For Further Information Call on Any Southern Railway Agent R. H. GRAHAM Division Passenger Traffic

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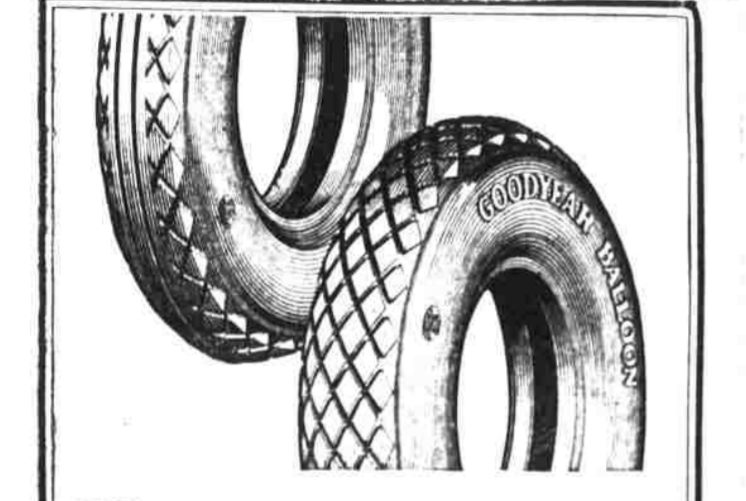
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