

Leadership of Coolidge Succession of Failures; Policies Are Rejected

President Out of Harmony With Congress—Party Boss Ridden and Dishonored.

PARTY DENIES RESPONSIBILITY There Can Be No Efficient Govern- ment Unless Chief Magistrate Has Power To Lead

By HON. T. H. CARAWAY
United States Senator From Arkansas

There are many issues pressing for solution in the present contest between the Democratic and the Republican Parties, but here I shall discuss only two. These two, however, are transcendent and should be decisive. They are clearly defined and well understood, and are:

Do you wish an efficient or an inefficient government?

Do you want an honest or corrupt government?

The voter, whether he will or not, must align himself on one side or the other of these. They are no longer academic but are vitally real.

All will concede that an administration to be efficient must have cooperation between the executive and legislative branches of the government. It must also be controlled by policies, domestic and foreign, that take into consideration the welfare of all of our citizens and not strive to serve only those who have filled its coffers with campaign contributions. Has there been, is there, or can there be cooperation between Mr. Coolidge and the present Republican Congress, or a Congress that may succeed it?

On every issue presented the President and this Republican Congress were out of harmony.

After a long delay, Mr. Coolidge discovered that he was for the so-called Mellon tax plan. His party then was in control, by substantial majorities, of both houses of Congress. He was unable, however, to have his wishes written into law. Instead, is the Simmons-Garner measure, Democratic, and it must be confessed very much wiser and more just.

The President vetoed the Bursum pension bill, a measure claimed by its proponents to give a pension to the veterans and their descendants of the Civil War and other wars somewhat commensurate with the increased cost of living. The President after he had vetoed the bill was unable to secure but 12 out of 52 Republican Senators' votes to sustain this veto.

The President, moved by the demands of selfish interests, vetoed the soldiers' adjusted compensation bill, a measure aimed to do partial though tardy justice to the soldiers and sailors of the last great war. His party was pledged to this measure. However the same interests that control him in other matters, compelled him to veto it. After he had done so, he appealed to the Republican members of both Houses, but especially to those of the Senate, personally to sustain his veto. Out of 52 Republican Senators he secured but 17 votes.

Mr. Coolidge was opposed to Japanese exclusion in the recently passed immigration bill, although, parenthetically, it might be mentioned that he did not make known his opposition until after the California primary. He sought to have Congress leave undisturbed the gentleman's agreement between this country and Japan. In his appeal to Congress in this matter he was able to secure the votes of only two Republican Senators.

Mr. Coolidge was opposed to the investigations of the Federal departments by Congress. He sent a message to the Senate in which was conveyed, what was clearly intended to be a threat, that should the Senate proceed with the investigations of the internal revenue unit, the Secretary of the Treasury would resign and chase follow. In interpreting this message to the Senate, the senior Senator from Indiana, Mr. Watson, a loyal Republican, said that he had told the President and Mr. Mellon that an investigation of the prohibition unit was to follow and would result in a natural scandal because they were enforcing the prohibition laws progressively, whatever that may mean. After a full discussion, only one Senator voted in accordance with the wishes of the President.

No influence in Congress
It is, therefore, quite apparent that the President is without influence, without power to lead or to compel agreement in the present Congress. It was said, however, by the Republican press that the country approved the President's position in all these matters and condemned that of the Congress.

It was and is a Republican Congress. That was and is a Republican family row in which Democrats and other patriotic citizens are supposed to have but an academic interest. The truth is, however, that these same Republican members of Congress when they went back to the people of their respective states were renominated. Therefore, the Sixty-ninth Congress will be composed of the same Republicans, or it will be Democratic. In either case, it is quite apparent that unless Mr. Coolidge shall have changed his policies, or developed a power which he has heretofore given no evidence that he has, there can be no leadership in the White House which any Congress would follow as long as Mr. Coolidge is President of the United States.

It is therefore conclusively shown that there can be no efficient government unless the chief magistrate has power to lead.

FROM DAVIS' SPEECHES

Common Honesty. We must have our government honest from top to bottom.

Unique Strategy. The Republican theory this year is that the way to win a battle before the people is to keep quiet about it.

The Two Roads. On the Republican road they will find the doctrine prevailing that it is right to administer the government that some may be made rich and prosperous at the expense of their fellow citizens, hoping that their prosperity may filter down through all the masses.

On the Democratic road, the road of equality, the doctrine prevails of a government of, for and by all the people, equal rights to all and special privileges to none.

Mrs. Carolina Brower Underwood Dead

Mrs. Carolina Brower Underwood, widow of the late Dr. George C. Underwood, died at the home of her son, W. A. Underwood, in East Asheboro Sunday morning. For the past two years Mrs. Underwood had been in declining health, but was in her usual health until Friday morning when she suffered a stroke of apoplexy from which she did not rally.

Mrs. Underwood was the daughter of the late Alfred Brower, a prominent citizen of Marley's Mill section. Mr. Brower and his two elder sons volunteered their services in the war between the states and Mrs. Underwood assumed responsibility of the home. She was married soon after the close of the Civil War to Dr. George C. Underwood, who was one of the county's foremost physicians. They lived at the old Underwood home place near Marley's Mill until twenty-two years ago when they moved to Asheboro on account of the doctor's failing health. He died the following year. Since that time Mrs. Underwood had resided with her two sons, W. A. and J. T. Underwood, both of whom were citizens of Asheboro until eighteen months ago when Mr. J. T. Underwood moved to Liberty.

The seventy-five years of Mrs. Underwood's life has been filled with deeds of kindness to her family and her friends. She was modest and retiring in manner, but had implicit faith in the Heavenly Father. Until a few years ago when she transferred her church membership to the Baptist church in Asheboro, she was a consistent member of Moon's Chapel church where she was taken for burial beside her distinguished husband, who was buried October 26th, 1903.

The funeral service was conducted by Rev. B. E. Morris, pastor of the local Baptist church, Monday afternoon.

In addition to her two sons, the deceased is survived by three sisters, Mrs. Calvin Dorsett, Guilford county; Mrs. J. W. Smith, Randolph county; and Mrs. Bettie Gordon, Siler City; two brothers, Alfred Brower and James D. Brower, of the Marley's Mill section. Mr. Alfred Brower is critically ill, having suffered a stroke of paralysis a month ago.

M. E. CHURCH MATTERS

By W. H. Willis

Brick-laying is progressing rapidly on the foundation of our new church. Twenty-one marriages were performed by the writer last year. Next the pastor visited the following Asheboro Methodists while in Greensboro last week: Miss Blanche Burkhead, Mr. and Mrs. Height, Clyde Laughlin, Miss Nell Fox, Wm. F. Robbins, Claud Hoover, and our college girls.

The new pastors coming to Randolph county are: Randleman, Rev. J. A. Cook; Liberty, Rev. J. H. Brendall, Jr.; Trinity, Rev. W. R. Harris. The pastor will be in his pulpit at both hours Sunday. He will be pleased to see large congregations.

BAPTIST NEWS LETTER

The main auditorium of our church building will be **certained off** this week for Sunday school conveniences. In place of one main room there will be separate departments for as many as four or five classes. New classes are to be organized. The young men's class will be organized next Sunday morning. Mr. Millap and Dr. Edwards will hold prominent places in this organization. Probably other classes will be initiated soon.

The writer conducted the funeral services of Mrs. C. Underwood of Asheboro at Moon's Chapel church Monday, 2:00 p. m. October 20th. The deceased was a faithful member of our church and until recent months, when ill health prevented, she was a regular attendant upon the services. We extend heart felt sympathy to all the bereaved relatives and friends.

The following subjects will be discussed by the pastor next Sunday morning and evening:
Morning service 11 o'clock, "God's Willing People."
Evening service 7:30 o'clock, "Soul Winning."

Lime and pastures lead the way to more cows and a creamery.

DEPUTY SHERIFF FRAZIER ATTACKED AND ROBBED

Held Up By Unknown Negroes On Lonely Road And Robbed —No Trace of Amnians.

Deputy Sheriff Sam Frazier, of Randleman, was the victim of a sensational assault and robbery on the old Walker Mill road about a mile from Randleman last Thursday morning. Probably left for dead by his assailants, two unidentified negroes, Frazier lay on the ground in the woods unconscious from about 8:30 Thursday morning until about 8 o'clock that afternoon when he came to his senses and crawled out to the road and was brought to his home in Randleman by a passing neighbor.

According to Frazier's version of the affair, he left Randleman early Thursday morning to call on his father who lives about a mile and a half north of Randleman. He left the highway and was walking along the old Walker Mill road. When he was about a quarter of a mile from the highway he approached a bridge across a small stream. Before he reached the bridge he saw two men standing in the road near the bridge and upon approaching nearer he discovered they were two strange negroes. When he had gotten within two or three steps from the negroes he spoke and they returned his greeting. However, just as he came even with them, one of the negroes drew a pistol on Frazier and ordered him to put up his hands. This Frazier did, while the other negro swiftly searched his pockets and took Frazier's purse containing about \$120.00.

After the money had been taken, one of the negroes suggested that Frazier ought to be killed. About that time Frazier grabbed the hand of the negro who was holding the gun on him and a scuffle for the gun ensued. The other negro struck at Frazier who tripped and fell during the scuffle. Frazier then rose from the ground and began to run. One of the negroes shot at him twice, one bullet going through the crown of Frazier's hat and the other passing near his head. One of the negroes gave chase and the race continued up an old road for about 150 yards when Frazier took to the woods. Shortly after getting in the woods Frazier's feet became entangled in a vine and he fell down a small hill on some rocks, the fall rendering him unconscious.

He came to his senses about five o'clock in the afternoon and was able to crawl out to the road. Shortly after he reached the road Frank Coble came along with a load of wood and was taking into Randleman and discovered Frazier by the side of the road. Coble went for help and after returning placed Frazier in the wagon and brought him to his home in Randleman, where he was treated by a physician.

Mr. Frazier was found to be suffering with numerous bruises on the head and chest. Although it is not known definitely, it is apparent that he was assaulted while unconscious by the negroes and left for dead. It is hardly probable that all the bruises on his body were caused by the fall alone. He is recovering nicely and is able to be up and about the house. No trace of the negroes have been found.

"Plumgoodun" Wins

The Carolina Field and Kennel Club held its first annual American Kennel Club Show at Raleigh October 15th and 16th. Fifty Pointers and sixty-two Setters were benched together with one-hundred more of other breeds.

"Plumgoodun", bred, owned and shown by Mr. W. W. Lindley won the American Bred, Limit and Open classes as well as the winner's ribbon for the best Pointer dog in the Show which gives him five points towards a championship.

To date this most remarkable young dog has won nineteen firsts and specials, four times best dog in the Show and the "Carolina Frank" Memorial Cup, defeating seventy-six Pointers. In all he has not and defeated over four hundred dogs under some of our best judges.

Visiting B. Y. P. U. Entertained

The Piedmont B. Y. P. U. Association of the Baptist church which was in session here last Saturday and Sunday were entertained by the members of the local union at the country club last Saturday evening. The guests were served punch by Mrs. Chas. D. Reeder and Miss Grace Frazier when they arrived. Songs, games and stunts were enjoyed for a while after which delicious refreshments, consisting of cream and cake, chocolate fudge and salted peanuts were served. Asheboro was glad to welcome this host of young people and hope that when the local church again extends the invitation for them to meet with her, they will not only be willing but eager to come.

Protracted Meeting Begins at Union Sunday

The protracted meeting at Union M. E. church, Uwharrie creek, will begin next Sunday, October 26. There will be two services, at 11:00 and 2:00 o'clock, and then continue through the week. Because of the meeting there will not be any preaching at Mt. Shephard and Tabernacle. GEO. W. CLAY, Pastor.

Records show that but few vegetarians marry grass widows.

MORRISON PLEADS FOR STATE PORTS

Presents Merits Of Proposed Measure—Will Not Necessitate State Avallorment Tax.

Governor Cameron Morrison brought his campaign for the adoption of the state ports and water transportation to Randolph county last Friday night in an address at the court house filled with Randolph county citizens. In the audience were Democrats and Republicans, bearing out the Governor's declaration that the measure is not a party issue or creative of party differences.

The Governor was introduced to his audience by Mr. C. C. Cranford. In the audience which was one of the largest ever out in this county to hear a speaker were many women. Although the Governor consumed two hours in his presentation of the merits and advantages of the measure, very little has been said about the proposed measure in this county and the people were anxious to hear the views of the Governor on the matter.

That the matter is not a partisan political one was declared by Governor Morrison in the statement that anything upon which Senator Simmons and Marion Butler are agreed could not be a partisan one.

The Governor emphasized that the United States government is developing waterways on an immense scale, that it is a fixed policy of the National Government and that it is not wise for North Carolina to pay heavily to develop the waterways in other states by paying more federal taxes than all the other Southern States combined, and neglecting to participate in the development of her own unrivaled waterways.

"It is not wise for the State of North Carolina," he said, "to neglect longer to build docks or wharves and warehouses and other terminal facilities which will place it in a position to share in heavy biennial appropriations for the development of the rivers and navigable waterways of the United States.

"Congress does not provide anywhere terminal facilities, it is up to the States or the cities in the States to do this. We cannot hope to stop the fixed policy of the United States Government, North Carolina is sure to continue to pay. We now pay more than the other States of the whole South combined. The question is, will we share?"

"The Congress of the United States in the rivers and harbors bill passed in 1922 authorized the secretary of war even to withhold appropriations unless public terminals were provided by the states or municipalities and open to all upon equal terms, so if we do not provide public terminals open to all upon equal terms we cannot hope to share in the appropriations amounting to millions of dollars, which under the fixed policy of the United States government are sure to be made."

As evidence of the fact that there was no tendency to change the policy of the government with reference to expenditures for development of waterways, the governor read platform declarations of the Democratic, Republican and LaFollette parties. All three of the parties make a clear cut declaration not only of continuation of the policy of developing the navigable waterways but pledged themselves to construction of a canal from the Great Lakes to the Atlantic and the Gulf of Mexico.

"Is there any sense in North Carolina refusing longer to do the things which the State is required to do under the Constitution and not share in this policy of the government?" the Governor asked. He declared there was not and he could not see how any business man who loved this State could hold out against the State adopting the measure before the people and putting itself in the position to have its naturally unrivaled waterways developed.

He referred to the fact that Senator Simmons, "long the most influential man of the Senate committee, corresponding to the rivers and harbors committee of the House, declared in a public speech at Goldsboro that if this measure was adopted by North Carolina there would be no trouble to get further appropriations to deepen channels of navigable streams in North Carolina."

The Governor declared that the Senators and delegation in Congress from the State upon showing that North Carolina paid more taxes than any of the other States in the Federal Treasury except New York, Pennsylvania, Illinois and Michigan, "would have no trouble in securing appropriations adequate to connect the unrivaled system of sounds and rivers north of Morehead City by cutting a canal from Morehead City through Bogue Sound to the Cape Fear and give us a channel for coastwise business of the standard depth through thirty counties of the State to Boston, Massachusetts, without going over the bar into the ocean at all."

No Advallorment Tax
The Governor is not worried about where the money is coming from to pay for the proposed development in North Carolina. Fees on the property will pay for it, he said, but in case they do not, he said he knew where it could be got, without an advallorment tax. There will be no

NORTH CAROLINA M. E. CONFERENCE CLOSES

Appointments Announced—Rev. W. H. Willis Is Returned To Asheboro.

The Western North Carolina Conference of the Methodist Episcopal Church, South, which had been in session a week in the West Market Street church, in Greensboro, came to a close Tuesday afternoon with the reading of the appointments. Rev. W. H. Willis, who has been in Asheboro for two years, returns. Mr. Willis has many friends not only among the members of his own congregation but among the citizenship of the town who will learn of his return with interest and pleasure.

Rev. A. C. Gibbs, at one time pastor of the M. E. church, Asheboro, and more recently pastor of Main Street Methodist church, Thomasville, was transferred to Canton.

Rev. J. H. Barnhardt, pastor of the West Market Street Church, at Greensboro for four years, was transferred to Tryon Street Church, Charlotte. Rev. J. F. Kirk who has been in Salisbury for three years comes to West Market in Greensboro. Rev. J. B. Craven, a Randolph county man, is presiding elder of the Charlotte district. Rev. S. T. Barber, a former Asheboro pastor, who has for some time been conference evangelist, will go to Denton. Rev. J. E. Thompson who after serving the Belmont county for six years, goes to Kings Mountain. Mr. Thompson was pastor of the local M. E. church for four years.

Rev. Ira Erwin, also a former Asheboro pastor, was assigned to Madison. Rev. A. L. Lucas, a citizen of this county, is transferred from Liberty to Sparta in the Waynesville district. Rev. J. H. Brendon, Jr., succeeding him at Liberty. Rev. W. M. Smith, former Ramseur pastor, returns to Franklin. Rev. J. E. Woosley, who has been pastor at Trinity several years, goes to Bethel and is succeeded by Rev. J. R. Warren.

Following are the appointments for the Greensboro district which are of especial interest to the readers of The Courier.

W. F. Womble, presiding elder. Asheboro—W. H. Willis. Coleridge—H. F. Starr, sup. Deep River—O. P. Routh. Gibsonville—E. H. Nease. Greensboro: Bethel—J. E. Woosley. Caraway Memorial—T. V. Crouse. Centenary—R. G. Tuttle. Glenwood—W. A. Barber. Park Place—L. B. Hayes; J. P. Laning, sup. Spring Garden—G. R. Jordan. Walnut Street—W. T. Albright. High Point: East End—E. J. Harbison. Highlands—E. M. Jones. Main Street—W. B. Davis. Wesley Memorial—K. E. McLarty. Jamestown-Oakdale—J. E. Womack. Liberty—J. H. Brendall, Jr. New Hope—J. A. Howell. Pleasant Garden—J. W. Hoyle, Jr. Ramseur—Franklinville—W. L. Scott.

Randleman—J. A. Cook. Randolph—W. R. Harris. Reidsville—M. F. Moore. Ruffin—J. H. Brendall. Uwharrie—G. W. Clay. Wentworth—C. P. Goode.

Render Good Program

The singing class from Oxford orphanage was here last Saturday night and rendered an enjoyable program at the Methodist Protestant church. The class is composed of 14 girls and boys from the orphanage who acquitted themselves with credit and also reflected honor upon their instructors. Miss Myrtle Muse, of Carthage, has charge of the class. The proceeds and donations amounted to \$118.00 and will go for the benefit of the orphanage.

Fields Bound Over To Court

J. M. Fields, well known farmer, of the Climax community, has been bound over to Federal court on a charge of using the mails to defraud. The case against Fields has been pending for some time, and was held over to hear new evidence for the defense. It is charged that Fields advertised seeds for sale and received money for same without filling the order.

Registration Books Close Saturday

Registration books for the election November 4 will close at sundown Saturday. New registration is not required for the election but people whose names are not on the registration books and who desire to vote must register by Saturday evening. Registrars will be at the polling places all day Saturday.

such tax, he said. "The people's taxes will be left for their city and county governments. That is wise."

"But," he added, reading figures showing how much more per mile freight income has been collected by the railroads in North Carolina than the average for their lines in all States, "we might raise the franchise tax a little."

"No one need worry about where the money to pay interest on the bonds will come from."

Referring to the contention that the possible operation of ships, provided in the measure, is socialistic, he pointed out that Woodrow Wilson operated ships. Calvin Coolidge operated them and LaFollette wants to operate them.

TEACHERS PERFECT AN ORGANIZATION

Hold Meeting In Court House Saturday—Elect Prof. Carroll Head of Organization.

A meeting of the teachers of the county was held at the court house Saturday for the purpose of organizing the teachers of the county as a unit of the state organization.

The meeting was called to order by Superintendent Bulla, and D. C. Holt of Liberty opened the devotional exercise. After a few brief remarks by County Superintendent Bulla, Prof. P. H. Gwynn of the Reidsville city schools was introduced, and he talked for a short while on "The Values of the Teachers Joining the State Teachers' Association," and insisted on every teacher present joining in order to make itself felt throughout the state. He spoke at some length on further professions being well organized, and how they had brought about Laws and Forms because of their organization. A large per cent of the teachers present joined the Association and let it be known that they were willing to stand by it.

Prof. Ed B. Carroll, of Randleman, was elected president and Miss Ellen Barker secretary-treasurer. For every ten members the county is entitled to a delegate to the district association which meets in Winston October 24th and 25th. The following delegates were elected:

D. C. Holt, Liberty; Fred H. Burgess, Franklinville; Lula Spencer, Farmer; J. R. Weaver, Trinity; Ed B. Carroll, Randleman; Miss Ellen Barker, Randleman, and others. After some announcements and comments on the years' work the meeting adjourned.

The adjournment of the teachers' meeting was followed by a meeting of the principals of the various high schools of the county to organize a county athletic association, and Mr. Faucette, principal of the Asheboro city schools, D. C. Holt, of Liberty, and R. D. Marsh, of Ramseur, were appointed a committee to work a Constitution and by-laws to be adopted at a later meeting. It is the purpose of this Association to carry out competitive schedules for athletics and to work out a field day meet for next spring for all the schools of the county.

At 2:00 o'clock a spelling contest was engaged in by eleven candidates from the various schools of the county. The county is entitled to two contestants at Winston from the rural schools. Miss Nellie McPherson, of the Liberty high school, and Miss Vivian Weaver, of Trinity high school, were the successful contestants and will represent Randolph at Winston in the district meet.

A young man of the Franklinville school will represent the city schools of the county.

Misses Ross and Bullard Honored In Charlotte

Mrs. Virgil Pressnell was at home Saturday, October 11th, from 3:30 to 5:30 at her residence, 714 Worthington Avenue, Charlotte, N. C., in honor of Miss Esther Ross and Miss Bullard of Asheboro.

The invited guests were Asheboro people now residing in Charlotte.

Miss Ross was indeed surprised when she entered the spacious living room to find the following acquaintances: Mrs. John M. Porter, Mrs. D. Auman and daughters, Mrs. Doar, Mrs. Porter and Margaret Auman, Mrs. F. C. Richardson, Mrs. B. W. Little, Mrs. Margaret Morris Spauld, Mrs. Nellie Spoon Cochran, Mrs. Arthur Pressnell, Mrs. H. Fred Surratt and Mrs. Walter Branson.

The afternoon was pleasantly spent chatting and sewing.

Mrs. Pressnell assisted by her daughters, Mrs. Tipton L. Carter and Miss Enola Pressnell, served dainty refreshments.

Sandhill Fair

The Sandhill Fair to be held at Pinehurst the four days beginning October 28th will have as a feature the most pretentious musical festival ever attempted in North Carolina. The main event will be the second annual harvest music festival in which 75 voices will take part. The date for this is Thursday night, October 30th, Tuesday, October 29th, the opening day, is the date set for the races. A number of world famed dirt track drivers will be on hand to take part in the races.

ETHERIDGE-BEAN

Miss Dora Myrtis Bean was married Wednesday evening, October 16th, to Mr. E. T. Etheridge, Jr., of Wilmington, at the home of the bride's sister, Mrs. J. W. Mitchell, on Shelton street, High Point. Rev. J. H. Moton performed the ceremony. Owing to the recent death of the bride's father the wedding was a quiet affair, only a few friends and relatives witnessing the ceremony.

Mrs. Etheridge is a daughter of the late Henry Bean, of Seagrove, and has lived in High Point for some time where she has made many friends.

The groom is the son of E. T. Etheridge, of Winston-Salem, and holds a responsible position with the News-Dispatch at Wilmington.

BAPTIST YOUNG PEOPLE HOLD IN RESTING MEET

Delegates From Forty Churches Met In Asheboro Saturday And Sunday.

The third annual associational convention of the young people of the Piedmont association of the Baptist church was held in Asheboro last Saturday and Sunday with delegates from forty churches of the association in attendance. The first session of the meeting was held Saturday afternoon. Rev. B. E. Morris, pastor of the local Baptist church, welcomed the young people to Asheboro. Mr. J. A. Routh, of High Point, president of the association responded and introduced the speaker of the afternoon, Dr. J. Clyde Turner, pastor of the First Baptist church, Greensboro, delivered an address on "The Challenge of the Young People" at the opening session. Dr. Turner said that the challenge from the young people to the church is a challenge to win them to Christ, to give them a place in the church with work to do.

The young people must accept responsibilities, he said, and be loyal to the church. He also emphasized the fact that the challengers bring the strength of youth to the church.

Rev. A. O. Moore, pastor of the First Baptist church of Salisbury, spoke on "How to reach the young people for service." E. S. Preston, B. Y. P. U. field secretary, led a round table discussion on the methods of the union. Saturday evening Dr. C. A. Owens, of the First Baptist church of Lexington, talked about how young people can serve the church.

The following officers for the coming year were elected: president, O. E. Lee, Greensboro; vice-president, of the Asheboro district, Miss Grace Frazier, of Asheboro; vice-president of the High Point district, J. A. Routh, of High Point; vice-president of the Greensboro district, H. A. Heifels, of Greensboro, secretary and treasurer, Miss Page Johnson, of Greensboro; chorister, C. W. Baity, of Greensboro; intermediate B. Y. P. U. leader, Mrs. Howell, of High Point; and junior leader, Mrs. R. A. Cloy, of Greensboro.

Dr. Charles E. Maddry, corresponding secretary of the Baptist state convention, gave an inspiring message on the B. Y. P. U. in the Baptist program on Sunday morning. Rev. H. O. Miller, of High Point, discussed the value of the B. Y. P. U. in the country church. The convention closed Sunday afternoon with an address by the Rev. Mr. Morris, pastor of the Asheboro church.

The next convention of the Piedmont association will be held in the spring of 1925. This organization includes all of Guilford county and parts of Rockingham and Randolph counties.

A COSTLY TARIFF

The Republican campaign managers in previous campaigns have always stressed the tariff as a boon to the farmers of the country. This year, however, the farm organizations have been doing a little investigating themselves and they find that for every dollar the agricultural producer gets from the "protection" on his products he pays about \$5.00 in higher prices for the commodities he buys.

The American Farm Bureau Federation, representing several millions of farmers on September 29 wrote President Coolidge a letter pointing out the disparity between the "protection" received by the farmer under the Fordney-McCumber law and the amount taken from him in tariff taxes on his consumption.

"The surcharge in domestic prices due to over-production under the present tariff law is generally accepted to be about \$4,000,000,000 a year," said the Farm Bureau Federation to President Coolidge. "If the farmers represent one-half the purchasing power of the country, it follows that the present law is costing the farmers about two billion dollars annually. The benefits which they receive from the tariff is but a small proportion of this enormous sum."

"If the farming States of Washington, Idaho and Oregon are selected as illustrative, it has been conservatively computed that their agricultural schedules under the law as only \$4,560,000 annually as compared with a loss on all schedules of \$20,871. Similar tendencies are exhibited by other States."

In a previous study of the effect of the Republican protection tariff on the agriculture the Farm Bureau Federation's own expert economists found that the net loss to farmers, after making allowance for every penny of advantage the tariff gave them in higher prices for their products, was not less than \$301,000,000 a year. In other words, these experts proved by investigation that the Fordney-McCumber law contained a few pretenses of "protecting" the farmers while in reality it included them among the millions of Americans who are being taxed and exploited for the enrichment of special interests.

There are about 30,000,000 men, women and children on the farms of the United States. The tariff costs every one of these millions \$10 a year over and above every dollar of benefit they derive from it. For a family of five that is \$50 a year—the equivalent of 6 per cent interest on \$85.

The Woman's Club members are having a sewing party this afternoon at the home of Mrs. C. C. Cranford, preparing for a banner which will be held in connection with the annual chrysanthemum show.