

But, sir, the gentleman from Charles county has thought proper to refer to single instances of nuns who have escaped from these institutions. He tells you that Olivia Neal was an unfortunate maniac; and that she was absolutely crazy, and that he knows such to have been the fact. Mr. Speaker, with all due deference to the statement of my friend, candor and truth compel me to answer, that such has been the statement in respect to all who have ever made their exit from those places. Insanity is ever to be the condition of the unfortunate beings who rush from these places, crying in most piteous terms for help and protection. God knows that if half they say be truth, it is enough to drive them to madness. If they are tortured and punished as they represent, it is enough to upset the proud empire of mind and make them raving idiots. But Olivia Neal, I have been credibly informed, when she escaped from her prison, in Aisquith street, Baltimore city, was not insane. There are men occupying seats on this floor, who stood guard at the house in which she took refuge, and helped to beat back a foreign pricker backed by a foreign mob, whose purpose it was to drag her again to the hateful confinement from which she escaped. Those who saw her that day will tell you how like a frightened dove she clung to them for protection pleading in language that would melt a heart of adamant, not to suffer the priest to take possession of her; and he said to the credit of our people, that they did afford her temporary protection.

But, sir, I have a question to ask the gentleman from Charles County. *Where is Olivia Neal now?* Echo answers, where. Is she among the dull-nations of the dead? If so, no man, so far as I have learned, is left to write her epitaph, but there are many that believe she is not dead—there are some who suspect that the cunning agents of the church of Rome have again got her; and now, while we are discussing her whereabouts, she is languishing in some dark and gloomy cloister, where no ray of daylight ever penetrates to cheer her gloomy solitude.

The gentleman inquires of me to know if I intend to imitate Massachusetts, and reenact the disgraceful scenes that occurred in Boston last winter. Mr. Speaker, I answer him that I take no man or set of men as my guide in the discharge of my public duty. I have been sent there by a free people, to represent their interest upon the floor of this House, and, sir, I am not to be turned aside from a faithful discharge of that duty by the taunts of what other men have or have not done. With me, sir, it is a question of public responsibility; not one of popular favor. If I am convinced that this memorialist sets forth the truth, then, sir, I demand a full, fair and thorough investigation into this matter. Why should men fear an examination of this subject? You give to your convicts confined in your State Prisons, the benefit of frequent interviews with their friends; you send your Board of Visitors to look into our jails, to see that their unfortunate inmates are well cared for—and will you, American Freemen, turn your backs upon the wail of sorrow that swells up from the bosoms of these poor deluded girls, who have been enticed to enter those places, but now in sorrow and anguish plead for their freedom again? Will you deny to virtuous, innocent, lovely females that protection that you give a convicted felon? If such be your determination, then I have mistaken your character.

Now, sir, in conclusion, I repeat that I know nothing, personally, of the contents of this memorial. I stand here, not to endorse its contents; but, sir, I contend for the right of petition and a respectful hearing. After that, I reserve the right to act as my judgment shall dictate, fearless of what the consequences may be. I shall therefore vote against the motion, believing it to be unjust and tyrannical. After some remarks from Mr. Merrick and Mr. Harris, they were followed by Mr. Waters, of Anne Arundel, in an able speech, who exposed the inconsistencies of the Governor and his glorious nineteen friends, in a manner not very palatable, judging from the commotion it caused among them. The motion was lost, and the petition received and laid upon the table for future action.

**Vote of Chowan County in 1854.**

	PAINE.	SHAW.
Edenton precinct,	168	91
Middle precinct,	35	105
Upper precinct,	47	62
Total,	250	258
		250
Shaw's majority,		8

**FILLMORE IN NEW YORK.**

The Fillmore meeting in New York, last week was so decided a hit that the Courier des Etats Unis admits that a great re-action has taken place in favor of Mr. Fillmore since his return from Europe, and that the popularity is positive and rapidly increasing. That's precisely in accordance with the information that reaches us from every quarter. While the black republicans and Democrats are fighting for the German and Irish vote at the North and West the candidate of the American people is gaining ground constantly.

PENNSYLVANIA.—The friends of Mr. Fillmore in Pennsylvania refuse to unite with those of Fremont on an electoral ticket. This is the true course. Let the disunionists paddle their own canoe. If they want help, they can get it from the Democrats.

A letter from Philadelphia to the Express says: Things are moving fitely, magnificently, in our State. Fillmore gaining friends every hour, and Buchanan losing very fast. Many of the Democrats are going to Fremont, and a great many conservative ones are coming over for Fillmore, and the Americans who went over to Fremont when the Republican fever was at its height are coming back and things could not be working better. All hail, Pennsylvania!

What is it you must keep after you have given it to another? Your word.

**SIGNS OF THE TIMES.**

The evidences of the great popular change in favor of Millard Fillmore, continue to pour in upon us. We append a few more signs of the times.

The Western Eagle, published at Rutherford, in this State, heretofore neutral in politics, has hoisted to its mast head the names of Fillmore and Donelson, and Gilmer, and will from this time forth to the day of election battle manfully in the cause of Americanism.

Coming Over. At a recent meeting in Columbus, Ohio, the New York Tribune state that a number of prominent Democrats came out for Fillmore. The Tribune fears that Fremont may lose Ohio if this practice shall become general.

Another Sign in the South. The Pensacola (Florida) Gazette has just raised at its masthead the name of Millard Fillmore, and says it intends to do zealous battle in the good cause. It has hitherto been neutral. And thus progresses this great popular revolution against corrupt dynasties and selfish demagogues, and in behalf of the Constitution and the Union! Heaven speed the glorious work.

Still they Come. The National Standard, published at Salem, New Jersey, on Wednesday last hoisted the flag of the Union candidates, Fillmore and Donelson.

A Prominent Democrat for Fillmore. At the late great rally of the friends of Fillmore in Mobile the Hon. A. J. Henshaw, of Clark county, "was introduced to the audience, and was received with great favor. He declares himself to have been reared a Democrat of the straightest sect, and as such a native son of Alabama, he claimed a right to speak to Democrats and Southern men upon the absorbing issues of the present canvass. He examined the Cincinnati platform and Mr. Buchanan's letter of acceptance and the Sandford letter, and showed how far the first fell short of, and how the last repudiated the doctrines assumed by the Alabama Democracy. Mr. Henshaw made a very forcible and telling speech, and was frequently interrupted by enthusiastic applause."

Great Fillmore Demonstration in Troy.—The Fillmore demonstration at Troy, on Tuesday 22d ult. was 1840 come again. Although it was advertised only as a club meeting, yet there were from eight to ten thousand people present. If this is the way they get up club meetings in Troy, we would like to know what a general mass meeting would be? The meeting was held in front of the court-house—the large court-room having been filled to overflowing before the people began to come. Silas K. Stow, Esq., President of the Fillmore and Donelson Club, presided.

Mr. Stow has been for twenty years a prominent member of the Democratic party. So has Archibald Bull, another active Fillmore man in Troy. And we notice among the signers of the call a large number of old line Democrats of that city.

Speeches were made by Erastus Brooks, of New York, and Mr. Stover, of Troy, recently a Hard-Shell Democrat, and one of the most influential men in Rensselaer county.

Rensselaer gave the American ticket 3,000 majority last year. It will give Fillmore 3,500 in November. The leading Democrats of that county have, with few exceptions, abandoned Buchanan—the Free-soilers going for Fremont, and the Hards for Fillmore. Fillmore's majority in New York, from present indications, will not be less than 30,000! As goes New York so goes the Union.

Fillmore in New York and Brooklyn. The New York Express contains glowing reports of the great Fillmore demonstration on Thursday night the 24th ult., in the Opera House.

The Hon. Hiram Ketchum presided, and among the Vice Presidents were George Wood, the head of the New York Bar, Henry Grinnell, Gov. Bradish, Ex-Mayors Kingsland and Harper, Stephen Whitney, Dr. Francis J. Philips Phoenix, Shepherd Knapp, and others of equal respectability.

The immense building was thronged in every part, and the greatest enthusiasm prevailed.

Speeches were made by Mr. Ketchum, Hon. H. W. Davis, of Maryland, Hon. H. Marshall, of Kentucky, and Hon. Mr. Harris, of Maryland.

The meeting adjourned at midnight, and a vast procession, headed by Dodworth's Band, marched down Broadway to the St. Nicholas, where they serenaded Mr. Marshall, and the other Congressional speakers.

On the same evening Messrs. Marshall and Harris addressed several acres of Americans in Brooklyn.

The Express remarks of the New York meeting: Taken all in all, this demonstration was one of which New York and the whole country may well be proud. Numerically, it was larger than all the mass meetings that have been held this campaign put together; for, besides those within the walls of the Academy, at least ten thousand people were assembled in the street, where four meetings were organized, and where speeches were made, and cheers given, which fully rivaled, in earnestness and enthusiasm, those which took place in the theatre.

Louisiana for Fillmore. The Tribune has received private advices from Louisiana, that a large portion of the adopted citizens, considering themselves aggrieved by the conduct of the present Democratic ascendancy, let that election go by default, and mean to do so again in November. Should they persist in this resolution, the State will probably vote for Fillmore.

All hail, Pennsylvania! Fillmore in Alabama. The Democrat, published at Moulton, North Alabama, of the 17th instant, furnishes the following cheering news. From other sources we are also assured that the old Jackson Democracy of North Alabama—men that know what Democracy is—are not inclined to swallow Buchanan and squatter sovereignty. The old line Democracy of North Alabama, loved "Old Hickory," and like him they consider an old Federalist "unreliable."

Mr. Ganaway, the editor of the Brownsville Tennessee journal, has abandoned the Democratic party, and declared his adhesion to Fillmore and Donelson. So it spreads.

New Jersey. The skies are bright in New Jersey. The recent monster meetings at

Newark and New Brunswick, have given an impetus to the American cause which cannot be checked. Even Buchanan is running better there than Fremont, and will poll a large vote in the old Federal counties. But Fillmore will carry the State.

Another Accession. Jerome B. Bailly, Esq. of Clinton county, New York, who was a delegate to the Philadelphia Republican Convention, declares that he will not support Fremont, and could not without deserting the American party. He is in favor of Fillmore, and will spare no effort to secure his election.

**A FILLMORE SONG.**

BY THE "SAGE OLD COON."

TUNE—"Pop goes the Weasel"

Come Union men from every side,  
We'll all go for Fillmore!  
The patriot's trust—the country's pride,  
We'll all go for Fillmore!  
Come one and all at Freedom's call  
Come! rally round our standard,  
The high, the low, the great, the small,  
We'll all go for Fillmore!

Come Whigs from all the country round,  
We'll all go for Fillmore!  
No truer patriot can be found,  
We'll all go for Fillmore!  
What boots it now, of when and how  
He got the nomination?  
It's yet a glorious Whig, I trow,  
We'll all go for Fillmore!

What say the patriots every where?  
We'll all go for Fillmore!  
In North and South they loud declare,  
We'll all vote for Fillmore!  
He is the man, if any can,  
Preserve in tact the Union,  
Despite the tricks of Buck and Van,  
We'll all go for Fillmore!

The ladies! bless their dear sweet souls!  
All pronounce for Fillmore!  
And could they go up to the polls,  
Would all vote for Fillmore!  
They execrate with virtuous hate,  
The "back" that's turned of sixty,  
"Old Buck" has never had a mate,  
We'll all go for Fillmore!

The boys espouse our glorious cause,  
They all go for Fillmore!  
And greet his name with loud applause,  
They all go for Fillmore!  
They know full well that he'll dispel  
The dangers which beset us,  
And all seditious troubles quell,  
The boys go for Fillmore!

Come forward, then, and do your best,  
We'll all vote for Fillmore!  
From north and south and east and west,  
We'll all go for Fillmore!  
The Locos swear, and tear their hair,  
With downright desperation,  
For in the Presidential chair  
We'll put gallant Fillmore!

Both 'Back' and 'Wooley Horse' we'll beat  
If all go for Fillmore!  
Their vandal hordes we'll sure defeat,  
If all vote for Fillmore!  
Beyond a doubt, we'll win their rout,  
If Whigs will do their duty;  
Then let us give a joyous shout,  
Long live Millard Fillmore!

**MR. DOUGLAS AND THE WILMOT PROVISION.**

Mr. Douglas is now regarded by the Democracy as the peculiar champion of Southern rights and interests. In their estimation the mantle of Mr. Calhoun has fallen on his shoulders. We perceive that he is a special favorite of the Democrats of Augusta, and has been invited there to speak at July Court. If he should come it would afford him a good opportunity to explain why he voted for the Wilmot Provision, in 1850, and why he failed to vote for the fugitive slave law.

The journal of the Senate discloses the following facts:

Mr. Seward of New York proposed the following amendment to the bill establishing the Territories of New Mexico and Utah.

"Neither slavery nor involuntary servitude, otherwise than by conviction for crime, shall be allowed in either of said Territories of Utah and New Mexico."

The yeas and nays being ordered the vote was as follows:

Yeas—Messrs. Baldwin, Bradbury, Bright, Chase, Clarke, Cooper, Corwin, Davis, of Mass., Dayton, Dodge of Wisconsin, Douglas, Fitch, Greene, Hale, Hamlin, Miller, Norris, Seward, Shields, Smith, Upham, Whitcomb and Walker—23.

Nays—Messrs. Atchison, Bell, Benton, Baeger, Berrien, Butler, Cass, Clay, Clemens, Davis, of Mississippi, Dawson, Dickinson, Dodge, of Iowa, King, Mangum, Mason, Morton, Pearce, Pratt, Rusk, Underwood, Webster, and Yule—33.

Mr. Douglas is here found in very bad company. He is voting for a proposition fatal to the interest of the South, along side of Seward, Chase, and Hale, in opposition to Dickinson, of N. Y., Butler, of S. C., Hunter and Mason, of Va., and Davis, of Mississippi.

Suppose Mr. Fillmore had given this vote. Would not the whole Democratic press have teemed with denunciation of him as faithless to the constitution and an enemy to the South? It will be also observed that of the 23 who voted for the Wilmot Provision, 13 were Democrats. Yet the Democrats are the peculiar friends of the South!!!—*Stanton, Spectator.*

**A GLOOMY PICTURE.**

The Washington correspondent of the Alexandria Sentinel, a Democratic paper and warm supporter of Buchanan, draws the following gloomy picture of the atrocious manner in which a Democratic Senate, with a concurrence of a majority of the Democratic members, is depleting the Treasury and fleecing the people of their hard earnings for the exclusive benefit of the North-Western Free Soil States of the Union. Here it is:

"That your readers may understand something of the enormous expenditures proposed under the plan of internal improvement introduced into the Senate during the present ses-

sion, and reported on favorably, in every case, by the Committee on Commerce of the Senate, I will state that fifty-six bills of a purely local character have been introduced, involving an appropriation of \$2,673,965 65!!—Six bill of a general character, calling for an appropriation of \$360,000 have also been introduced making a total of 62 bills and appropriating \$3,033,965.65!!! The floodgates of the treasury have been raised, and in defiance of the warning and opposition of the Senators and Representatives from Virginia and others, a system has been inaugurated that will deplete the Treasury of its last dollar."

What an alarming aggregate of Internal Improvement bills, in direct violation of the "truest declaration of principles contained in the Cincinnati Platform" is now before a Democratic Senate, most of which will be passed at this session by the votes of a majority of the Democratic party! Truly have "the floodgates of the Treasury been raised," and that too, by a Democratic Senate, and equally true is it that the Treasury will be depleted of "its last dollar," unless these Locofoco spoilsmen are rejected from power! The issue is with the people.



EDENTON, N. C.: Thursday Morning, Aug. 7, 1856.

HENRY E. COLTON, Editor.

FOR PRESIDENT. MILLARD FILLMORE of New York.

FOR VICE PRESIDENT. ANDREW JACKSON DONELSON, of Tennessee.

FOR GOVERNOR. JOHN A. GILMER, OF GUILFORD.

AMERICAN ELECTORAL TICKET.

FOR THE STATE AT LARGE. L. B. CARMICHAEL, of Wilkes. JOHN W. CAMERON, of Cumberland.

For the Senate. DR. O. B. SAVAGE, OF GATES.

For the House of Commons. WILLIAM THOMPSON.

FOR THE DISTRICTS.  
1st District, LEWIS THOMPSON,  
2d " O. J. WARREN,  
3d " E. P. MEARES,  
4th " JAMES T. LITTLEJOHN,  
5th " A. J. STEDMAN,  
6th " GEN. J. M. LEACH,  
7th " A. J. DARGAN,  
8th " J. D. HYMAN.

TO SUBSCRIBERS. THOSE persons to whom we have sent our paper, and who have not returned it, are considered as subscribers, they will please remember that our terms are \$2 a year, strictly in advance.

**FREEMEN OF CHOWAN**

REMEMBER, To-day that you are casting a vote, and that vote has your name upon it; if you cast it for a man who advocates measures which you disapprove of it is the same as if you had signed your name to a paper advocating those measures. Think of this, freemen.

READ! READ!! Gov. Bragg, the Democratic candidate for Governor, is in favor of imprisonment for debt. Remember this.

LISTEN TO THIS! Gov. Bragg opposed giving the election of Governor to the people. Freemen can you vote for him?

HEAR AND REMEMBER! That John A. Gilmer the American candidate for Governor is one of the people, that he rose from the people and has always been in favor of the best interests of the people.—He will be the Governor of the people and not of an aristocratic clique.

REMEMBER That the Western Address which Locofocos are circulating in the East they dare not circulate in the West. Freemen, does it not show their Janus-facedness?

REMEMBER Too, that this same Western Address is the greatest and most powerful document in favor of your rights and privileges that ever was written.

REMEMBER Freemen of Chowan and the State of North Carolina, that if you wish to elect a Governor who will do and has done something for North Carolina, then vote for John A. Gilmer.

**NAG'S HEAD.**

We have thought that a lengthened description of this notable would not be out of place, therefore we shall under appropriate head treat of such things as we deem noteworthy.

The first view as you approach from the Sound is of a long stretch of barren sand hills, the northern portion of which are covered with a low bushy growth of live oak and pine. Reference to the map will show the reader how this place derives its name—there the resemblance of the country down to where the inlet once was to a horse's head is very evident. It will be remembered by the student that on Roanoke Island, which is in a few miles of the Nag's Head shore, the first settlement in this country was made. We have been told that there still remain some traces of this primitive settlement; we regret that time and opportunity did not permit us to visit the Island. As we have stated the first view one obtains of Nag's Head from the sound is of one unbroken range of sand hills. As you approach nearer you pass through the upper portion of Croatan Sound and thence along the shore of Roanoke Island until you come into a plain full view of Nag's Head. You land and find before you one dreary waste of sand. You manage by considerable exertion to gain the hilltop and then you see the Ocean in all its sublime beauty and meet what is just then still more grateful to you a cool, invigorating breeze. At the same time you have full view of the now numerous populated village of Nag's Head. You descend the hill and are soon at the hotel or if you choose you may stop on the way and refresh yourself by a "julep" at the cool retreat which Messrs. Banks & Co. have nicely fitted up for the accommodation of those who love drinks which are stronger than Adam's ale. But we will land you safe and sound in the hands of Messrs. Vaughn and McNider who are bestirring themselves to make you comfortable, and proceed to speak of their province.

**THE HOTEL.**

Mr. Jacobs has made a good many improvements in the arrangement of the buildings and others concerning the Hotel. In the first place he has removed Rowdy Hall and made it the abode of that sex who are supposed to have a controlling influence over our sterner humans, and now it resounds with the sounds of sweet and merry voices instead of the loud laughter and unshackled voice of our friends of the Free and Easy order. May woman exercise the same benign influence upon the character of its former influence as they have upon the character of the building. No longer does it deserve the name of Rowdy Hall but more fitly does it deserve to be called the Hall of Beauty.

So much for the improvements in buildings now for those made in other departments. The table, we think, is much better supplied than it ever was before. Of course of what it has been we can only know from information. The business in the office is much better managed Mr. Vaughn having learned much by experience. He is also assisted by a very genteel and obliging boy. Mr. Charles McNider of this place, is now at the head of the table department and officiates also in the ball room. All who know Mr. McNider know that he is fully competent for the duty he has undertaken. With all the duties of a hotel keeper Mr. McNider is well acquainted and none know better than how to enter to the wants and wishes of his customers. In the graces of the ball-room he is as equally skilled as he is in furnishing and serving out a table. He is ever ready to accommodate the visitors while at the same time he maintains his self respect. In the ball room or at the table we do not think Mr. Jacobs could have placed any one more capable of fulfilling the duties with more ability than Mr. Charles McNider. In speaking of the table let us remark that while at Nag's Head we with the other visitors were treated to some excellent fish fresh from the briny deep. While we speak of the Hotel attendants let us not forget the ever active and attentive Jacobs. May his shadow never grow less and may a full season rejoice his heart.

In speaking of the Hotel and its attendants we must not omit to mention for the benefit of those of our readers who like to "indulge" that there is now an excellent Bar kept just without the Hotel yard, where liquors of the choicest brands can be obtained. The obliging gentleman who attends it (Mr. Banks) is at all times ready to wait upon customers and to those who love "grass" in their liquor he will give a treat worth all he asks for it.

We should be much obliged if those persons who owe us for subscription or Job Work will please call and settle as we must have money to live on a well as the rest of the world.

We have received a copy of the Catalogue of Normal College situated in Randolph county, N. C. The Catalogue shows an aggregate of 170 students, the most of whom are from this State. In another column the advertisement of this institution will be found.

Wanted—By a young man with a good education and considerable experience in business a situation in some large business house. Not particular as to the kind of business so that it is respectable and will pay. Best reference given. Address Box 123 Edenton, N. C.