

THE DISPATCH.

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Ordinances of The Town of Bessemer City.

Any person who shall apply to another any grossly abusive or insulting language within the corporate limits of the town of Bessemer City and within the hearing of the person for whom such language is intended, shall be guilty of a misdemeanor and upon conviction thereof shall be fined ten dollars.

Any person who shall be guilty of any breach of the peace or of any loud or boisterous cursing or swearing or of any other disorderly conduct of any kind whatsoever, within the corporate limits of Bessemer City, shall be guilty of a misdemeanor and upon conviction thereof shall be fined five dollars.

Any person who shall at or near any school house within the corporate limits of Bessemer City engage by conversation, sign or otherwise, the attention of any of the pupils of such school to the disturbance of the same and to the detriment of the discipline of such school, shall be guilty of a misdemeanor and upon conviction thereof shall be fined five dollars.

Any person who shall be found drunk and staggering anywhere within the corporate limits of the town of Bessemer City, except on his own premises, shall be guilty of a misdemeanor and upon conviction thereof shall be fined ten dollars.

Any person who shall ride or drive any horse or other animal, bicycle, motorcycle, automobile, or other horseless vehicle upon the streets of Bessemer City at a greater speed of ten miles per hour, or who shall recklessly or carelessly ride or drive any such animal or vehicle upon such streets shall be guilty of a misdemeanor and upon conviction thereof shall be fined five dollars.

Any person who shall ride or drive any horse or other animal or any horseless vehicle, bicycle, or motorcycle upon any of the sidewalks within the town of Bessemer City, except in crossing same, shall be guilty of a misdemeanor and upon conviction thereof shall be fined five dollars.

Any person who shall without a reasonably good purpose loafe, loiter or lunge around the outside of a church in the town of Bessemer City while any divine or religious service is being conducted therein or while the congregation is assembling before or dispersing after such service, shall be guilty of a misdemeanor and upon conviction thereof shall be fined ten dollars.

Any person not an employee or bona fide passenger of the railway company who shall jump on or off of a moving train within the town limits shall be guilty of a misdemeanor and upon conviction thereof shall be fined five dollars.

All pig-pens or hog-pens in the town of Bessemer City shall be firmly and substantially built upon posts or pillars and floored with solid or substantial flooring of plank or other solid substance, which floor shall be at least eight inches above the surface of the ground and shall be cleaned at least once each week while occupied by hogs or pigs. Any person maintaining a hog-pen within the town who shall fail to comply with the foregoing shall be guilty of a misdemeanor and upon conviction thereof shall be fined five dollars.

No person shall give to another any intoxicating drink on any street or in any other public place in the town of Bessemer City. Any person violating this ordinance shall, on conviction, be fined ten dollars.

Every barber shop in the town of Bessemer City shall be kept closed on Sundays. For violation of this ordinance the proprietor of such shop shall be fined five dollars.

No person shall permit his wagon, buggy, cart or other vehicle to remain in a street of Bessemer City, at night, nor shall any person feed any horse or other animal on any of the public streets of said town. Any

person violating this ordinance shall upon conviction, be fined five dollars.

It shall be unlawful for any person or persons to play any game or engage in any sport such as throwing ball, playing marbles, or pitching horse shoes on the street or sidewalk of Bessemer City. Any person violating this ordinance shall upon conviction, be fined one dollar.

It shall be unlawful for any person to throw out or deposit on any street or sidewalk of the town, paper, rubbish or anything that may be offensive, unsightly or liable to cause horses or other stock to shy or run away. Any person violating this ordinance shall, on conviction, be fined five dollars.

It shall be unlawful for any person to write, paint, print, cut, carve, or engrave in any way deface or injure any public or private building, or to remove any gate sign, or other detachable property or to remove palings from belonging to any private or public property in said town or in any manner to injure any public or private building or other property. Any person violating this ordinance shall, upon conviction, be fined twenty-five dollars.

It shall be unlawful for any person to fire or discharge or explode any fire arms, pistols, guns, cartridges, fire crackers or fireworks of any sort or kind in said town for sport or amusement. Any person violating this ordinance shall, on conviction, be fined five dollars.

It shall be unlawful for any person to keep upon his premises in this town, or upon any public place in said town, any fruit, vegetables, meat or other articles when the same shall have become so decayed as to become offensive and liable to produce sickness. Any person violating this ordinance shall on conviction be fined fifteen dollars.

Any restaurant, lunch room or lunch counter in the town of Bessemer City, which shall be kept open for trade, on Sundays, except between the hours of 7 a. m. and 9:30 a. m. and between the hours of 1 p. m. and 6 p. m., or at which any person is permitted to loiter or loaf at any time on Sundays, or at which any person (other than the proprietor and waiters) shall be permitted to remain on Sundays longer than is necessary for the procurement of legitimate food and refreshment, is hereby declared a nuisance; and the proprietor of any such place of business, maintaining such nuisance, shall upon conviction, forfeit his license to the further conduct of the same and shall also be subject to a penalty of five dollars.

Any child or other person, not being in the legitimate possession of any automobile, buggy or wagon, who shall get into or upon, or in any way meddle with any such vehicle, whether the

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Illinois Republicans Will Join The Progressives

Oyster Bay, N. Y., July 1.—Robert R. McCormick of Chicago, who was leader of the Illinois delegation for Colonel Roosevelt at the Republican convention, but who was one of the first to say he would not follow the former President in the formation of a new party, came to Oyster Bay today with the statement that Governor Deneen of Illinois, who cast his lot with President Taft, could not carry his state on the Taft ticket and that he (McCormick) had come here to open negotiations with the Colonel. Although Mr. McCormick did not make the statement in so many words, he intimated that he had come to Oyster Bay as an emissary from members of the Republican organization. "The Progressive movement has developed more strength than I had thought at first," said Mr. McCormick, "I have come to the conclusion that Taft cannot carry Illinois."

Lincoln Negro Killed.

Lincolnton, June 30.—Burton Finger, a wellthought-of colored man, was shot and instantly killed about 11 o'clock Saturday night at his home in Poletown, Lincoln county, by Zed and Tom Ramsaur, colored, who are brothers. The two Ramsaur negroes were drinking and called at Finger's house where an altercation took place and the shooting resulted. Poletown is a negro settlement about 6 miles southeast of Lincolnton, on the Buffalo Shoals road.

Coroner Keener was notified and went down to hold an inquest the result of which was the arrest of the two Ramsaurs at Iron Station this morning by Deputy Sheriff Dellinger. The negroes claimed that they were on their way to Lincolnton to give themselves up, admitting the shooting Chief Farris of Lincolnton went to Iron Station this morning and brought the men to Lincolnton and placed them in jail. The Ramsaur negroes live near Poletown and, so far as can be learned, have borne a good reputation up to this time.

A Mother's Story.

"A Boy Scout and My Boy," a true story for mothers by a mother, appeared in last month's Woman's Home Companion. The name of the author is not given. It is an unusual story telling the experience of a mother and her problems in training her son. She tells how through scout activities he and his companion were lead away from rough things to finer sentiment. In closing her story she says:

"As think the matter over I am led to believe that it is barely possible there may be a grain of egotism in my eager endorsement of the Boy Scout movement. I have often longed to tell the Rowdy's and the Bully's mother how she could train her boys, and have desisted; I have yearned to show the Braggart's mother her flagrant mistakes in the Braggart's education, and I have felt that I had no right. But now—they have been Boy Scouts six months, these three—I can see the Boy Scouts' organization effecting the very changes I have longed to effect. I can see the 'Bully' no longer deserving of the name; the Braggart become a silent and useful member of society; and the Rowdy—he is not two feet from me as I write; his head bent dutifully, along with the carrot head of the Boy of my theories, over the Boy Scouts' Manual, studying absorbedly certain signs and obediences which he owes to his superior officer; as fine a boy as you would care to see. He even gets up now in manly fashion to offer me a chair when I come in the room! And neither his mother or I, nor anything in our woman's sphere, is accountable for that, but only and solely the Scout law and the grimy and much fringed Boy Scouts' Manual that has been compiled and written by men who was once boys themselves, and who understand, as no woman ever does or can, a boys world. If custom permitted, I would take my hat off to them; as it does not, I say, "Lord bless you, gentlemen!"

Summer colds are hard to get rid of, and frequently lead to asthma, bronchitis and hay fever. Do not let your cold get a hold on you, but use Foley's Honey and Tar Compound for quick relief. W. H. Allen, Chelsea, Wis., says: "We prefer Foley's Honey and Tar Compound to other cough medicines because it quickly cures coughs and colds. It will ward off a cold if taken in time." Contains no opiates. Sold by all dealers.

A Possible General Outbreak of The Cotton Caterpillar.

Secretary Wilson of the Department of Agriculture, warned the cotton growers on May 18 in a circular issued by the Bureau of Entomology of the possibility that an outbreak of the cotton caterpillar, similar to that of the summer of 1911, might be expected during the present season. Reports received by him of recent observations tend to increase the possibility of such a general outbreak in South. The insect has been found in southern Texas from Brownsville to Victoria and in this region one generation has already developed. The situation is similar to that in 1911 when a large portion of the general infestation in the South spread from a small outbreak in the extreme southern part of Texas. Whether the infestation of 1912, which has already begun, will be as extensive as that of 1911 cannot be foretold. Much depends upon the climatic conditions of the summer. Wet weather favors the development of the moth and its spread into new regions. If the conditions are favorable there will undoubtedly be a spread from the territory now infested that will reach at least as far east as Mississippi and Alabama by the end of July. If, on the other hand, the conditions are unfavorable the infestation is not likely to become extensive outside of Texas.

In view of the danger that threatens the cotton fields the Secretary advises that a close lookout be maintained for the first appearing worms and that they be destroyed by the use of powdered arsenate of lead or Paris green. It is very important to determine the arrival of the first worms and to apply the poison early. By this means the loss will be lessened and the cost of poisoning will be very small.

Last season it was impossible for many planters to obtain poison for the caterpillar until considerable damage had been done. This season, however, large stocks of poisons are available at different points in the South. There is consequently no reason why the outbreak should not be checked at the beginning.

Secretary Wilson calls attention to the fact that in regions where the boll weevil is abundant the poison should not be applied for the leaf-worm unless the leaf worm becomes numerous by the time the earliest bolls are about three-fourths grown. Further information about other features of the problem is included in the above mentioned Circular (No. 153 of the Bureau of Entomology), copies of which are available upon application to the U. S. Department of Agriculture.

Evangelist Stuart to Quit.

Bristol, Va., July 2.—It is announced, upon good authority that the Rev. George R. Stuart, the noted Methodist evangelist who was a co-worker of the late Sam Jones has decided to quit the lecture platform and resume regular ministerial duties as a Methodist pastor. It is stated that he will apply to the Holston conference at its annual meeting this fall for a regular appointment as pastor and it is intimated that there is a chance of his being assigned to a church in either Knoxville or Chattanooga, Tenn.

Stuart is recognized as one of the unique characters in the Methodist Church.

Trial of Claude Allen Begins.

Wytheville, July 1.—Judge Walter R. Staples came to Wytheville today preparatory to opening circuit court tomorrow, when Claude Allen will a second time be placed on trial for his life on an indictment growing out of the court room tragedy at Hillsville, Va., March 14 last when the Allens killed four court officials and a bystander. The young man already has been convicted on one indictment and given fifteen years in the penitentiary.

A venire from Washington county has been summoned, the court thinking that it would be impossible to secure a jury from Wythe county.

Now, young mother, that you have reached the years of discretion, put away childish things; therefore, during the oppressively hot summer months don't make a baby doll of your real baby by using his helpless, perspiring body as a place to advertise your exquisite taste in the selection and arrangement of laces and ribbons.

What Makes a Woman?

One hundred and twenty pounds, more or less, of bone and muscle don't make a woman. Its a good foundation. Put into it health and strength and she may rule a kingdom. But that's just what Electric Bitters give her. Thousands bless them for overcoming fainting and dizzy spells and for dispelling weakness, nervousness, headache and tired, listless, worn out feeling. "Electric Bitters have done me a world of good," writes Eliza Pool, Depew, Okla., "and I thank you, with all my heart, for making such a good medicine." Only 50c. Guaranteed by Sold by all druggists.

A bachelor girl is merely a girl who is unmarried.

A woman never kicks when a man compliments her tiny feet.

N. J. Gorham, Cashier Bank of Woodville, Woodville, Ga., had a very severe attack of kidney trouble and the pains in his kidneys and back were terrible. "I got a bottle of Foley Kidney Pills from our druggist and they entirely relieved me, I have more benefit from them than any other medicine." For sale by all dealers.

If you can't lay up something for a rainy day, salt it down.

A woman's complexion can always be adapted to any color scheme.

There is more catarrh in this section of the country than all other diseases put together, and until the last few years was supposed to be incurable. For a great many years doctors pronounced it a local disease and prescribed local remedies, and by constantly failing to cure with local treatment, pronounced it incurable. Science has proven catarrh to be a constitutional treatment. Hall's catarrh cure, manufactured by F. J. Cheney & Co., Toledo, Ohio, is the only constitutional cure on the market. It is taken internally in doses from 10 drops to a teaspoonful. It acts directly on the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. They offer one hundred dollars for any case it fails to cure. Send for circulars and testimonials. Address, F. J. Cheney & Co., Toledo, O. Sold by Druggists, 75c. Take Hall's Family Pills for constipation.

Don't feed the baby through that long rubber tube; you can't wash it on the inside, and dirt kills babies.

Mail Carriers Will Fly

This is an age of great discoveries. Progress rides on the air. Soon we may see Uncle Sam's mail carriers flying in all directions, transporting mail. People take a wonderful interest in a discovery that benefits them. That's why Dr. Kings New Discovery for coughs, colds and other throat and lung diseases is the most popular medicine in America. "It cured me of a dreadful cough," writes Mrs. J. F. Davis, Stickney Corner, Me. "After doctor's treatment and all other remedies had failed." For coughs, colds or any bronchial affection its unequalled. Price 50c and \$1.00. Trial bottle free at All druggists

Pellagra.

From one-sixth of the population of North Carolina the law requires that all deaths, with their causes and certain other data relating to sex, age, social conditions, etc., be registered in the office of Register of Vital Statistics at Raleigh. From this population there were reported 115 deaths from pellagra in 1910 and 176 deaths from the same disease in 1911. Estimating the total deaths from this disease in the State as six times the number occurring in the registration area of the State, there were 690 deaths from pellagra in 1910, and 1,040 deaths from the same disease in 1911. The death rate from pellagra in North Carolina is 47 per hundred thousand just exactly twice the death rate from typhoid fever in the registration area of the United States, which comprises 54,000,000 of our national population.

A most important feature of this new disease for the public to note is that in the present state of our knowledge pellagra constitutes a national rather than a State problem. This is so for the reason that preventative measures against the disease being of equal value to the fifteen or twenty States in which the disease exists, it would be not only burdensome but manifestly economically unfair for any one State to assume the task of an investigation and a discovery in which all the States suffering from pellagra are equally concerned. Problems that are common to the States, such as this disease problem, have national characteristics which the interstate, or national government recognize and deal with. It is well that this danger be recognized, and that our national government recognize its duty in this matter at once, in order that the disease may not gain such a firm foothold in the United States as it has in certain foreign countries that are now being taxed on account of the poverty and dependency incident to the disease to the extent of pounds of cure when an ounce of prevention would have avoided their present affliction.

Once the means of preventing the spread of the disease is discovered, each State can protect its own citizens by seeing that the methods of prevention are enacted into and enforced under law. The disease, therefore, after it becomes a preventable disease, will cease to be a national problem and become a State problem.

The State Board of Health, having recognized this national aspect of the disease and its tendency to rapid increase, has felt that it was its duty to call the attention of our Representatives in the Congress and Senate of these facts, and to recommend that a sufficient appropriation be made and entrusted to a commission of experts for the study of the disease with the view of discovering appropriate means for preventing its increase.

The North Carolina Medical Society, at its recent meeting at Hendersonville, passed resolutions citing the same facts as above set forth, and respectfully requesting our Representatives in the national government to use their influence in accordance with the suggestion of the State Board of Health.

George L. Higbie, Manton, Mich., used Foley Kidney Pills for kidney and bladder trouble. He says: "I find for my case no other medicine equals Foley Kidney Pills for beneficial effect." They are a safe and reliable medicine for kidney trouble and rheumatism. Contains no harmful drugs. Sold by all dealers.