

Sylvan Valley News

Our County—Its Progress and Prosperity the First Duty of a Local Paper.

MINER & BREESE.

BREVARD, TRANSYLVANIA COUNTY, N. C., FRIDAY, NOVEMBER 4, 1904.

VOL. IX—NO. 44

Dunns Rock Lodge No. 267

A. F. & M. M.
Meets Friday on or before the full moon in each month, at 2 p. m. Visiting Masons are cordially invited to meet with us. sptly
WM. MAXWELL, Sec'y.

Conestee Lodge No. 237,

I. O. O. F.
Meets every Monday night at 8 o'clock. Visiting brothers are cordially invited to visit us.
T. D. ENGLAND, N. G.

Transylvania Lodge No. 143,

Knights of Pythias
Regular convention every Tuesday night in Masonic Hall. Visiting Knights are cordially invited to attend.
W. E. BREESE JR., C. C.

Brevard Telephone Exchange.

HOURS:
Daily—7 a. m. to 10 p. m.
Sunday—8 to 10 a. m., 4 to 6 p. m.
Central Office—Cooper Block.

Professional Cards.

W. A. GASH,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW.
Rooms 7 & 8, McMinn Bld'g, Brevard, N. C.

W. B. DUCKWORTH,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW.
Investigation of Land Titles a Specialty.
Rooms 1 and 2, Pickelsimer Building.

ZACHARY & BREESE
ATTORNEYS-AT-LAW
Offices in McMinn Block, Brevard, N. C.

WELCH GALLOWAY,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW.
Practices in all the courts
Rooms 9 and 10 McMinn Block, Brevard, N. C.

Miscellaneous.

Dr. H. H. CARSON
Surgeon Dentist
Office over Bank
HENDERSONVILLE, N. C.
Satisfaction Guaranteed in all Operations. 1296

C. C. KILPATRICK,
CONTRACTOR AND BUILDER.
Office at Barber Shop, Brevard, N. C.
Estimates given on all kinds of work in the building line.

T. B. CRARY,
Contractor for All Kinds of Brick Work.
Cement Work, Plastering, Pebbleshed and Rough Casting a Specialty.
BREVARD, N. C.

G. W. Summey—Carpenter
Best of recommendations—his work.
Jobs in or out of town accepted.
All work guaranteed.

The Ethelwold
Brevard's New Hotel—Modern Apartments—Open all the year.
The patronage of the traveling public as well as summer tourists is solicited.
Opp. Court House, Brevard, N. C.

Sale of Land.

By virtue of two executions issued from the Superior Court of Macon County, N. C., on two judgments in favor of R. L. Porter and against W. J. Zachary, I will sell, by public auction, for cash at the court house door in Transylvania County, N. C., on Monday, November 7, 1904, all the right, title and interest which the said W. J. Zachary has or may become entitled to, in and to all the lands in Transylvania County, N. C., of which Jonathan Zachary, father of W. J. Zachary, dec'd, was seized. This September 7, 1904.
J. C. KING,
Sheriff Transylvania County, N. C.

Tr. pass notice always on hand at the News office.

ROOSEVELT'S NIGHTMARE.



—Anaconda Standard.

A NATIONAL DISGRACE

Methods Roosevelt Permits In Behalf of His Candidacy.

TRUSTS BUYING THE PRESIDENT.

Chief Executive Consents That His Official Powers Be Used in Furtherance of His Political Interests—Republican Campaign Policy Tainted With Public Immorality.

In a scorching editorial the New York Times charges the trusts with buying the president. The Times says: "Governor Cleveland would have been impeached by his partisan opponents had he even upon a single occasion stooped to practices so tainted with public immorality as those which President Roosevelt consents shall be employed in behalf of his candidacy, not once, not in a few cases merely, but continuously, all the time, and as a deliberated campaign policy. It cannot be said of the activities of Senator Nelson W. Aldrich in soliciting and collecting Republican campaign funds that they directly implicate the president. Mr. Aldrich is recognized as the most influential representative of the trusts in the United States senate. He understands what they want. He knows what they fear. But when he assures the officers of a great industrial or railroad combination that a check to the order of the Republican national committee will secure immunity from executive molestation under the antitrust law or otherwise, the objects of his solicitations must judge for themselves whether he will be able to keep his covenant after March 4, 1905. The pledge or assurance, whatever it may have been, that he gave to the chief men of the tobacco trust when he called for their contribution was evidently kept only in part. The treasury order in regard to customs stamps upon boxes containing imported cigars has been modified, not rescinded. The independent domestic cigar manufacturers gained their point as to the position of the stamp, the trust its point as to the color thereof. To be sure, Senator Aldrich may reply to accusations of bad faith that this was a special case, that the president was forced to turn an assenting ear to the demands of the independent cigar manufacturers because of their control over many thousands of voters, a condition not at all likely to arise in the case of any other industrial combination. Nevertheless the trusts can in nowise be sure that the promise of the senator will be fulfilled by the president. They may elect Mr. Roosevelt and too late discover that they have put their own destroyer in the White House.

"The matter which here concerns the public is that the men of the trusts think and believe that they are buying the presidency, but the president, Senator Aldrich encourages that belief. President Roosevelt permits it to be formed and entertained.

"Very different, immeasurably more scandalous, is the case of George B. Cortelyou, who was secretary of the department of commerce and labor in Mr. Roosevelt's cabinet, and was by

him, against the protests of the party chiefs, made chairman of the Republican national committee. Within the department of commerce there is a bureau of corporations, which is authorized and empowered to inquire into the affairs of corporations doing an interstate business and to pry out their secrets. The act creating this bureau is an extension and continuance of the policy which dictated the enactment of the antitrust law of 1890. Conceivably the public welfare may be promoted by a rigorous federal supervision of corporations. But no man would have the hardihood to assert that any other than private and political ends are served when the chief of the department, which has become the custodian of corporation secrets, is put at the head of the partisan committee whose principal function is to collect campaign contributions which come chiefly from great corporations.

"That man's moral sensibilities must be not merely blunted, but blotted out, who would not fail to see that the assumption of these functions by Mr. Cortelyou is a public scandal, a national disgrace. The disgrace is in the truest sense national, since it involves the head of the nation, whose creature, agent and personal representative is the offender in question. Mr. Hay and Mr. Root have extolled the Republican party as a party fit to govern. Would they at the bar of public opinion defend the sending out of Mr. Cortelyou as a collector of campaign funds—Mr. Cortelyou, who has just come from one public office which gave him large official power over great corporations, and who, it is believed, will return to the president's cabinet as the incumbent of another office having still more important and intimate dealings with the chief corporations of the country?

"Concrete instances are more impressive than statements of general principle. Here is one: Chairman Cortelyou goes to one of the officers of a large corporation and informs him that the Republican national committee expects a substantial contribution from his company. The officer in question is surprised. He is not of Mr. Roosevelt's party. Neither he nor his corporation has been accustomed to meddle with politics. He asks for time to think it over. In the solitude of his office his thoughts run in this wise: I do not want to give money to the Republican national committee. But I am trustee of the interests of the stockholders of this corporation. I may soon have to appear before this man as a representative of my corporation in a matter affecting its business, as to which he will have, if not official discretion, at least very great personal and official influence, which I would dislike to have used against me. I cannot let my personal disinclinations stand in the way of the company's interests. I will make this forced contribution to Mr. Cortelyou's fund.

"Chairman Cortelyou will readily recall many concrete instances of this nature. It is typical. In the vast majority of cases, however, the contribution is willingly, gladly, generously given. Here, as in the case of Mr. Aldrich, the corporations think they are buying the president. Will he attack a trust that has handed a great check to his former private secretary, one time secretary of commerce and future postmaster general? No; when

Mr. Cortelyou is the collector they feel in a much surer sense than in the case of Senator Aldrich that they are buying the president. The trusts are all for him; the great combinations of one kind or another are fairly loading his committee down with campaign funds. At the beginning of the year, before Mark Hanna died, any man could hear Theodore Roosevelt roundly abused in a score of great Wall street offices. They abhorred him then; they feared him; they were determined that he should not be the Republican nominee. One of the chief corporation men in this city who are now gathering in money for Mr. Roosevelt was his bitter foe ten months ago. It was the death of Hanna that wrought the change. After that they could not beat Mr. Roosevelt. They resolved to buy him. They think now that they are buying him with the great sums they fling into his campaign chest.

"Why does Theodore Roosevelt, honest, upright, incorruptible man that he is, allow his stainless reputation to be thus compromised? Nelson W. Aldrich and George B. Cortelyou are deiling his good name; they are every day mixing up his official powers and responsibilities as president of the United States with his personal and political interests as candidate of the Republican party. The presence of either one of these men, without a word spoken, in the office of a corporation amenable to federal discipline is a scandal, an implied invitation to bribe the executive, an offer of immunity from prosecution for pay, a degradation of the presidential office through its accredited agents, a humiliation put upon a sensitive people, a stain upon the honor of Theodore Roosevelt."

RULE OF THE TRUSTS.

Corporations Are a Menace to Republican Institutions.

The conditions of life in this republic have wonderfully changed during the last century. Formerly there were two parties—the individual and the government. Now there are three—the individual, the corporation and the government. * * * No one can be blind to the fact that these mighty corporations are holding out most tempting inducements to lawmakers to regard in their lawmaking those interests rather than the welfare of the nation. Senators and representatives have owed their places to corporate influence, and that influence has been exerted under an expectation, if not an understanding, that as lawmakers the corporate interest shall be subserved. * * * There may be no written agreement; there may be, in fact, no agreement at all, and yet when the lawmaker understands that that power exists which may make for his advancement or otherwise, that it will be exerted according to the pliancy with which he yields to its solicitations, it lifts the corporation into a position of constant danger and menace to republican institutions. —David J. Brewer, Republican Justice Supreme Court of United States.

We intend in the future to carry on the government in the same way that we have carried it on in the past.—President Roosevelt's Letter of Acceptance.

Not a Creature of the Boss.

More than is usually said Judge Herrick's nomination was a case of the office seeking the man. He made no systematic or organized effort to win. He had no boomers busy in his behalf, and even his own county delegation was disposed to be for Grout. It is another instance that may be quoted to sustain the proposition that one need not fall in with the bosses every time to attain political preferment. He has been a hard fighter in politics, as the machine knows to its sorrow. If he had been complacent and obedient he probably would not have been nominated for governor.—Utica Press (Ind.).

Tired of Roosevelt.

While Judge Parker is not as strong in some respects as Cleveland was, there is a much better feeling among the Democrats than there was in 1892. They are practically united, and they are tired of Roosevelt and will work together to get rid of him and his methods.—Montgomery Advertiser.

The Two Letters.

It is worthy of notice that Judge Parker stands a much better chance of election since the publication of his letter of acceptance. Mr. Roosevelt's letter doesn't seem to have had a beneficial effect on his campaign.—Savannah News.

DEMOCRATIC CANDIDATES.

National Ticket.

For President:
ALTON B. PARKER,
of New York.

For Vice President:
HENRY G. DAVIS,
of West Virginia.

For Presidential Elector:
WILLIAM T. CRAWFORD,
of Haywood County.

For Congress:
JAMES M. GUDGER, JR.,
10th Congressional District.

State Ticket.

For Governor:
ROBERT B. GLENN.

For Lieutenant Governor:
FRANCIS D. WINSTON.

Associate Justices of Supreme Court:
W. A. HOKE,
GEORGE H. BROWNE, JR.

State Auditor:
B. F. DIXON.

State Treasurer:
B. R. LACY.

Secretary of State:
J. BRYAN GRIMES.

Superintendent of Public Instruction:
J. Y. JOYNER.

Commissioner of Labor and Printing:
H. B. VARNER.

Corporation Commissioner:
S. L. ROGERS.

Commissioner of Agriculture:
S. L. PATTERSON.

County Ticket.

For Senator 38th Senatorial District:
W. W. STRINGFIELD.

For Representative:
W. M. HENRY.

For Sheriff:
C. C. KILPATRICK.

For Register of Deeds:
M. W. GALLOWAY.

For Treasurer:
W. H. DUCKWORTH.

For Surveyor:
A. L. HADDIN.

For Coroner:
J. A. CANNON.

For Commissioners:
L. W. BROOKS,
G. W. WILSON,
T. J. GALLOWAY.

For Constable Brevard Township:
J. C. ALLISON.

County Republican Ticket.

For Representative:
J. M. ORR.

For Sheriff:
W. H. FAULKNER.

For Treasurer:
J. B. CORN.

For Register of Deeds:
T. B. GALLOWAY.

For Surveyor:
L. W. DUNCAN.

For Coroner:
W. M. LYDAY.

For Commissioners:
W. P. HOGSED,
T. H. HAMPTON,
A. J. BECK.

From every part of the country comes good reports of promise for the success of the national Democratic ticket. Especially patent is the trend of the independent vote everywhere to Parker and Davis.

The Best Physic.

When you want a physic that is mild and gentle, easy to take and certain to act, always use Chamberlain's Stomach and Liver Tablets.

For sale by Z. W. Nichols Brevard, and O. L. Erwin Calvert.