

Sylvan Valley News

ONLY NEWSPAPER IN TRANSYLVANIA COUNTY

J. J. MINER, OWNER AND MANAGER

A HOME PAPER FOR HOME PEOPLE—ALL HOME PRINT

VOLUME XVI

BREVARD, NORTH CAROLINA, FRIDAY, MARCH 10, 1911.

NUMBER 102

EXTRA SESSION OF CONGRESS CALLED

President Taft Issues Proclamation.

TO MEET ON APRIL 4th.

Body Will Meet in Extraordinary Session on the 4th of April—Canadian Reciprocity Agreement Important Question.

Within the hour following the close of the sixty-first congress President Taft had issued a proclamation calling the new congress to meet in extraordinary session at noon Tuesday, April 4.

At that time he will submit for ratification to a house overwhelmingly democratic and to a senate barely republican, the reciprocity agreement with Canada. The McCall bill, carrying that agreement into effect and passed by the house, met today at the hands of the old senate the death that had been freely predicted for it.

The president, well warned, if not entirely reconciled to the fate in store for the measure, was at the capital to witness the obsequies. The bill was not allowed at any time to come up in the senate for a moment's consideration.

The permanent tariff board bill, forced to its passage through a reluctant senate, was hurried over to the house, there to be strangled by a democratic filibuster. The president, in the room reserved for him in the senate lobby, heard the news with resignation. Congress provided funds to continue the work of the temporary tariff board for another year.

It was at the request of the democrats of the house and senate that President Taft fixed the date of the extra session on April 4. The new Democratic ways and means committee of the house, which is also to serve as the new "committee on committees," will meet on Monday, to take up its latter duties. A full caucus of all the democratic members of the new house will not be held until April 3. In the meantime the plans for the extra session will have developed.

There is little doubt now that the democrats of the house will undertake to revise at least two or three of the schedules of the Payne-Aldrich tariff act, and there is every reason also to believe that these bills will be favorably received in the new senate—the increased democratic and insurgent strength in that body giving a majority to the principle of a further revision of the tariff downward.

BANDITS SENTENCED.

Southern Train Robbers Given Various Terms in Prison.

A Gainesville dispatch says that the Southern railroad train robbers, George Anderson, Hanford and Hunter, were sentenced to serve terms in the penitentiary, the former being given twenty years and the latter fifteen years each.

The selection of a jury, introduction of testimony, argument by attorneys and reading of the verdict required only a little more than eight hours. Upon being arraigned, Anderson entered a plea of not guilty, but Hanford and Hunter pleaded guilty and turned state's evidence.

On the witness stand they stated that Anderson was the leader of the gang, which was organized in Pennsylvania, they said, with the avowed purpose of committing a train robbery in this state.

Anderson is wanted in Victoria, B. C., to serve the remainder of a term for train robbery, but his conviction in this state means that he will not be surrendered to the Canadian authorities until after the completion of his sentence in Georgia. As he is 65 years of age, he probably will never be required to complete his term in Canada.

The robbery in which the prisoners were implicated took place soon after midnight, February 18. Five men, for two of whom the officers are still searching, boarded the train and blew open a safe in the express car, securing about \$2,000. Only a few shots were fired during the hold-up, and they were for the purpose of frightening passengers who left the cars to ascertain the reason for the stopping of the train. The bandits made their escape, but five days later two of them, Hanford and Hunter, and the following day, Anderson, were captured not far from the scene of the robbery.

Senator Watson's bill prohibiting railroads from charging over 3 cents per mile to passengers who have failed to buy a ticket was passed by the senate of Texas. It now goes to the house.

8 PERSONS HURT IN WRECK

Eastbound Train No. 26, Memphis Special, Ditched Near Bearden, Tenn.

Eight persons were injured when Southern railway train No. 26, known as the Memphis special, was derailed one mile east of Bearden. The cause of the derailment is not known. The injured are:

K. M. Hodge, mail clerk, Bristol, head and left shoulder bruised.

J. E. Keeble, mail clerk, slightly bruised about body.

F. E. Pierce, mail clerk, Bristol, left hip and hand bruised.

J. M. Dawn, mail clerk, Bristol, back and left knee slightly hurt.

H. E. Wiley, mail clerk, left hip bruised.

A. P. Whaley, passenger, of Cleveland, shoulder slightly hurt.

Mrs. Lydia St. John, passenger, Bluff City, Tenn., bruised leg and foot.

Sam Pleff, passenger, Rochester, N. Y., slightly injured.

The tender of the locomotive left the rails, carrying every coach off the track except the rear sleeper. The derailed cars were only saved from being turned completely over by a high embankment, against which they fell. Telegraph poles were broken down, causing telegraph communication to be cut off from this city for over two hours.

DR. NELMS DEAD.

Prominent Georgian Drops Dead at His Home in Atlanta.

John W. Nelms, for twelve years sheriff of Fulton county, and a figure in public life ever since 1874, dropped dead in the bedroom of his home, 182 Gordon street, Atlanta, Ga., on Tuesday night.

At the time Mr. Nelms was dressing to go down town. His wife was in the room. The first intimation she received of his illness was when he toppled over on the floor, and when she reached his side death had already claimed him.

Dr. Nelms had been in a serious condition ever since his defeat in 1909. On the day after the election he was suddenly seized by a severe attack of the same trouble that caused his death, and since that time had been under the daily observation of his family physician, Dr. M. G. Campbell. For the past year Dr. Campbell had been keeping Dr. Nelms alive by the use of different drugs, often visiting the Nelms residence three and four times in a night. It is stated by the family that Dr. Nelms had never been the same since his defeat. His death was caused by heart disease.

Dr. Nelms is survived by a wife and four children. He leaves a fortune estimated at \$100,000.

EX-GOV. CARROLL DEAD.

Was Governor of Maryland in the Early Sixties.

John Lee Carroll, governor of Maryland from 1876 to 1880, died at his home at Washington, after a long illness. He was born at Homewood, near Baltimore, in 1830.

Governor Carroll was a direct descendant of Charles Carroll, a signer of the Declaration of Independence.

During Gov. Carroll's administration occurred the famous Baltimore and Ohio railroad strike, one of the greatest in railroad history. Federal aid had to be sought before the strike was broken.

Gov. Carroll was twice married, first to Miss Anita Phelps, of New York, and in 1877 to Miss Mary Carter Thompson, of Staunton, Va. He is survived by three daughters and three sons, Countess de Kergorlay and the Baroness LaGrange, of Paris; Mrs. Robbins, of New York; Royal and Philip Carroll, of New York, and Charles Carroll, of Paris.

CHOLERA IN HONOLULU.

United States Expected to Fight the Plague.

It is believed that the territorial legislature, now in session, will expect the federal government to take charge of the cholera situation in Honolulu. Two more deaths and three new cases in the last twenty-four hours bring the total up to eighteen cases and fifteen deaths, the three persons taken ill being still alive.

The legislature appropriated \$25,000 as an emergency fund for the board of health with which to handle the epidemic.

The United States revenue cutter Thetis is co-operating by keeping Japanese sampans from carrying fish or fresh vegetables from Honolulu to other islands.

The vault of the Tangipahoa bank, a branch of the Amite Bank and Trust company, at Tangipahoa, La., was blown open by professional yegmen and \$2,300 in cash stolen.

Mrs. Susan Fitzpatrick, aged 80, was burned to death at her home at Newton, Miss., when her clothing caught fire while standing before an open grate. She was a native of Georgia.

SENATE REJECTS POPULAR ELECTION

Senator Bacon, of Georgia, Opposed Measure.

FAILED OF PASSAGE BY 4 VOTES.

Thirty-Three Senators Opposed the Amendment—The Resolution Failed of Passage in the Upper House by Four Votes.

The constitutional amendment for the election of United States senators by the direct vote of the people failed of passage in the senate Tuesday. The resolution received 54 votes, a clear majority of the membership of the senate, but a two-thirds vote was necessary for its passage.

Thirty-three senators opposed the amendment, Senator Bacon, of Georgia, among the number. He announced that Senator Terrell, his colleague, would also have voted against the amendment had he been present.

The resolution failed of passage by only four votes, and it is conceded that the "evil day" had been postponed only temporarily, as the membership of the next senate will adopt the amendment. Fifty-eight votes would have been two-thirds of those voting.

The defeat of the resolution may be charged to the Democrats, and their opposition is traceable to the Sutherland amendment, giving congress the right to regulate the manner of holding the elections.

The following Democrats voted against the amendment: Bacon, of Georgia; Bankhead, of Alabama; Fletcher, of Florida; Johnston, of Alabama; Money and Percy, of Mississippi; Taliaferro, of Florida; Tillman, of South Carolina.

Five Republican senators who retire to private life on March 4 voted against the amendment, as follows: Dick, of Ohio; Flint, of California; Hale, of Maine; Kean, of New Jersey, and Burrows, of Michigan.

BERTRAND CHOSEN.

He Will Serve Until the Presidential Election in October.

A dispatch from Puerto Cortez says: Francisco Bertrand has been agreed upon as provisional president of Honduras to serve until a successor to President Davis is elected in October.

The two weeks' deadlock in the peace conference was broken last night, and the final draft of the agreement was signed today.

Dr. Bertrand is a supporter of General Manuel Bonilla and is one of the three men proposed by him for provisional president when the revolutionary leader announced his withdrawal as a candidate.

It was agreed that the members of the cabinet and all other government officials shall be composed of an equal number of government and Bonilla political adherents. Complete amnesty was agreed upon, and the Honduran government will pay the war expenses of both sides.

Absolute freedom of the presidential election in October is guaranteed. It is understood that General Manuel Bonilla will then offer his candidacy for the presidency, but the present ruler, Miguel R. Davila, is not expected to be a candidate.

General Rosales and Dr. Membrano, the peace envoys, consulted with Thomas C. Dawson, the representative of the United States, before Dr. Bertrand was finally agreed upon as provisional president. Mr. Dawson is understood to be well pleased with the selection of Dr. Bertrand.

REMEMBERS THE POOR.

John Schriener Leaves Fund to Home City, Lancaster, Wis.

John Schriener, pioneer merchant, has presented to the city of Lancaster \$2,000 in Chicago railroad bonds. The interest each year is to be used to assist the worthy poor of the city in the purchase of food, clothing and medical attendance. Mr. Schriener gave as his reason for making the gift the fact that he had lived nearly all his life in Lancaster, and had prospered here.

Mr. Schriener gave this city a party a few years ago as a memorial to his wife.

Probably the largest delegation to represent one city at a meeting of the Southern Commercial Congress in the history of the organization will go from New Orleans to the Atlanta meeting, March 8 to 10. Mayor Behrman appointed forty-two delegates to the Atlanta meeting and nearly all of them have signified their intention of attending.

CONGRESS ADJOURNS.

The Sixty-First Session Brought to a Close.

In the retrospect the sixty-first congress, which expired on Saturday by constitutional limitation, appears to have been distinguished by three things: The revision of the tariff in the so-called Payne-Aldrich bill, which was passed at an extra session in the summer of 1909; the large amount of important legislation, much of it, upon the recommendation of President Taft, enacted at the regular session of 1909-10, and the exceedingly small product of the "short session," so-called, now coming to a close.

The interval between the last two sessions was marked by the political upheaval registered at the general election of last November, which changed a large republican majority into a still larger democratic majority in the house of representatives; cut the republican majority in the senate almost to the vanishing point and incidentally effected striking changes in the senate personnel.

The failure of this session to enact much important legislation has resulted in the practical certainty that the new sixty-second congress will be called almost immediately in extraordinary session, especially by reason of the strong desire of President Taft to secure action upon the pending reciprocity agreement with Canada, to the consummation of which the contracting parties pledged the utmost efforts of the two governments.

BANK SAFE CRACKED.

Yegmen Make Successful Haul From Clover, Va., Bank.

A band of robbers, supposed to number five men, between the hours of 1 and 2 o'clock, blew open the vault of the Bank of Clover, at Clover, Va., a town of 500 inhabitants, forty miles east of Danville, and escaped with all the cash in the building. The robbers secured between \$3,000 and \$4,000.

The robbery was spectacular and was completed only after a fusillade of pistol shots had been fired at citizens who had been aroused by the explosion which awakened nearly the entire town.

FOR BETTER RATIANS.

Fight Begun More Than a Year Ago Is Successful.

The fight inaugurated more than a year ago for the betterment of the rations served in the various national soldiers' homes was won at Washington when the provision in the sundry civil bill, increasing the appropriation for this purpose by \$160,000, was adopted.

Representative Cox, of Ohio, called attention to the fact last year that the average ration in the soldiers' homes was 14½ cents, and that in some it was as low as 11 cents, or about the same as in the federal penitentiaries. The increase provided will bring the average rations up to 17 cents.

TO BE RELEASED JULY 1.

Taft to Commute Sentences of Lumbermen.

According to a telegram received by Colonel W. W. Flournoy, of DeFuniak, Fla., President Taft has decided to commute the sentences of W. S. Harlan, manager of the Jackson Lumber Company, of Lockhart, Ala., and four others of that company, who are now serving sentences in the federal prison at Atlanta, for conspiracy to commit peonage.

Under the order to be issued by the president, they will be released from prison after they serve six months, which will give them their liberty about July 1. They were sentenced to serve eighteen months.

RAMSEY HEADS COLLEGE.

Well-Known Educator Becomes President of G. F. C. in June.

In a telegram received at Greenville, S. C., by the secretary of the board of trustees of the Greenville Female college, Dr. David M. Ramsey, now pastor of the Grace Street Baptist church at Richmond, Va., announces that he will accept the presidency of the local college, to which he was recently elected. He will enter upon his duties in June.

Dr. Ramsey was born in Greenville county, and educated at Richmond college, Virginia. His first pastorate was in Tuscaloosa, Ala.

WIRELESS FROM AIRSHIP.

Aviator McCurdy Could Not, However, Receive Any Replies.

Aviator J. A. D. McCurdy made two flights at Bethesda park, at West Palm Beach.

His machine was equipped with wireless instruments, and on the second flight McCurdy transmitted messages to the wireless station, but he was unable to receive replies.

County Government.

Representative—Thos. S. Wood.
Clerk Superior Court—Coa. Paxton.
Sheriff and Tax Collector—Fred A. Shuford.

Treasurer—Z. W. Nichols.
Register of Deeds—B. A. Gillespie.
Coroner—Dr. A. E. Lyday.
Surveyor—J. C. Wike.
Commissioners—W. L. Brooks, G. T. Lyday, Arthur Miller.

Superintendent of Schools—T. C. Henderson.
Physician—Dr. Goode Cheatham.
Attorney—R. L. Gash.

Town Government.

Mayor—W. E. Breese, jr.
Board of Aldermen—T. H. Shipman, J. M. Kilpatrick, T. M. Mitchell, F. L. DeVane, E. W. Carter.
Marshal—J. A. Galloway.
Clerk and Tax Collector—T. H. Galloway.

Treasurer—T. H. Shipman.
Health Officer—Dr. C. W. Hunt.
Regular meetings—First Monday night in each month.

SOUTHERN RAILWAY COMPANY.

Transylvania Division.
In effect January 2, 1911.
N. B.—Schedules figures given as information only, and not guaranteed.

No. Daily	Eastern Standard Time	No. Daily
STATIONS		
P	M	A
3 40	Lv. Asheville	Ar 11 30
3 45	Lv. Hendersonville	Ar 10 25
4 4	Lv. West Hendersonville	Ar 10 22
5 0	Yale	10 10
5 05	Horse Shoe	10 10
5 08	Cannon	10 02
5 13	Etowah	9 56
5 20	Blantyre	9 49
5 25	Peuruse	9 42
5 34	Davidson River	9 33
5 38	Pisgah Forest	9 30
5 42	Ar. Brevard	9 24
5 55	Selma	9 08
6 02	Cherryfield	9 01
6 04	Calvert	8 58
6 08	Rosman	8 54
6 12	Galloways	8 50
6 21	Quebec	8 43
6 30	Reid	8 34
6 40	Ar. Lake Toxaway	8 25

Nos. 5 and 6 are through trains between Asheville and Lake Toxaway.
No. 5 connects at Hendersonville with the Carolina Special for Spartanburg, Columbia and Charleston, and at Spartanburg with Nos. 11 and 12 for Atlanta and Charlotte.
For tickets and full information apply to E. W. CARTER, Ag't.
J. H. WOOD, Dist. Pass. Ag't, Asheville, N. C.

Professional Cards.

R. L. GASH,
LAWYER
11 and 12 McMinn Building
Notary Public.

W. W. ZAGHARY
Attorney-at-Law
BREVARD, N. C.

H. G. BAILEY
Civil and Consulting Engineer
and Surveyor
BREVARD AND HENDERSONVILLE, N. C.

NOTICE—Change in Hour of Meeting.

By a vote of Dunns Rock Lodge at last regular communication the hour of meeting was changed and the following will be the hours until further notice: Jan. 13, 1911, meeting at 2 p. m. Hereafter the meetings will alternate—February, meeting at 8 p. m., March, at 2 p. m., etc.

All members are urged to attend these meetings. Visiting Masons cordially invited. Jan. 9, 1911.
WELCH GALLOWAY, Sec'y.

The Rev. Irl R. Hicks 1911

Almanac
The Rev. Irl R. Hicks' Almanac for 1911, that guardian Angel in a hundred thousand homes, is now ready. Not many are now willing to be without it and the Rev. Irl R. Hicks Magazine, Word and Works. The two are only One Dollar a year. The Almanac is 35c prepaid. No home or office should fail to send for them to Word and Works Publishing Company, St. Louis, Mo.

N. C.

will be sold by them THURSDAY, men and children,

AVIS SALES CO. nooga, Tenn., of this Stock for

Days prices are only these 10 days to March 13th.

ANT BARGAINS Y NOW

and HANDKERCHIEFS

Black and Mercerized 19c

Silk Lisle and 39c

adies pure Silk Hose, 44c

roidered Hose, 67c

Silk Hose \$1.19

emstitched pure 5c

adies' White Linen Handkerchiefs 10c

roidered Handkerchiefs 9c

ies' 50c Pure Handkerchiefs 39c

French Kid Gloves, 93c

al black, posi- \$1.28

dal French 2 grade, at 43c

otton Silk Gloves, 93

tips, all colors and 93

ite, worth \$1.50 93

adies' 25c Silk 19c

ckwear, at 19c

MUSLIN UNDERWEAR

Royal Wor- 89c

sale price 89c

82 Royal 1.29

sets go for 1.29

n Adjust Corsets. 2.39

3 all over 2.39

set Covers, 37c

0c to 75c, at 37c

Tucked Mus- 19c

th 35c, at 19c

n Gowns and 49c

75c to 90c, at 49c

and Skirts, 98c

or 98c

ws and 1.29

for 1.29

D BAGS

South can Equal

gains in Fine Hand

Bags will \$4.97

English \$1.77

in the Davis 97c

ES AND LACES

alf Price

n Torchon and 5c

h 7½c to 10c, at 5c

al Lace, worth 7c

insook Embroidery

actual value.

All-Over Lace and

out one-half price.

Other Things we

Come and See.

one allowed in

Plain Figures.

lady come the

You can't get

his sale will last

new bargains

ed every day.

filled promptly.

of Store Rooms.