

THE CARTHAGE BLADE.

A WEEKLY PAPER DEVOTED TO THE POLITICAL, MORAL AND SOCIAL INTERESTS OF MOORE COUNTY.
CARTHAGE, N. C., WEDNESDAY, OCTOBER 26 1887.

VOLUME 2.

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CARTHAGE, N. C.

WEDNESDAY, OCT. 26, 1887.

JNO. W. SCOTT, JR., Editor & Publisher

EDITORIAL.

OUR MINING PROGRESS.

We have information from a reliable source from Tyra, this county, that our mining resources are improving every day. The latest reports are that the "Monroe" Gold Mine limited under the direction of Mr. H. B. Tilden is a bonanza, as they are taking out ore which will pay from fifteen to twenty dollars per ton. Mr. Tilden is also erecting a magnificent hoisting building. The necessary machinery, &c., being on hand, to further them in bringing into existence the precious metal. No doubt this mine is one of the richest in the State, and under the direction of Mr. Tilden will prove itself the first in the State. We should appreciate these capitalists who have invested their money in our county, and try to induce others to come here, as we undoubtedly have what they seek in large quantities. We understand that Mr. Tilden has some other properties which he considers very valuable, and contemplates developing them at once on a large scale.

POLITICAL CRITIC.

"Senator Ransom is the most polished species of the American demagogue, who holds office by fawning and smiling and hand-shaking and beautiful speeches and omniscience of the names and faces of his influential constituents. What a sight Senator Ransom is! A man of a most handsome exterior, a most winning address and a most plausible bearing, but as clear as a heart and a conscience as the statue of Nero. It is time he is better known."

Of course the above is from the *Central Express* for no other editor in the State is endowed with brains enough to criticize a man who for nearly a quarter of a century has held one of the highest offices controlled by the State, and a man who fought most bravely in war as in politics, before this same editor could spell his name. We can divine no reason for this severe criticism unless Senator Ransom passed him without noticing him or unless Loge Harris is converting said editor to the republican faith. Senator Matt Ransom is one of North Carolina's brainiest sons and has done too much for the Democratic party to receive from a (professed) democrat such an unjust onslaught.

THE INTERNAL REVENUE

The State press widely differs in opinion with regard to the Internal Revenue and the Tariff. Some favor the retention of the Revenue system while others favor its abolition. The Republican press nearly all favor its abolition and we cannot conceive how any of them can fail to. Especially ought the democrats to favor its abolition for the Democratic party is irrevocably committed to the abolition of the Revenue. From every speakers platform for nearly the last quarter of a century have the leaders preached its abolition and faithfully promised that if the Democratic party was successful in 1884 that it would be abolished, yet it remains and the blue bottles as they are now called still continue their search of distilleries and are quartered on the people. The following sensible article from the *Ashboro Courier* on this subject expresses our sentiments exactly: "According to the *Wililmington Star* a man cannot be a true democrat unless he curses protection in one breath and apologizes for and stands by the Internal Revenue

system in the next. If this is its test, and it seems to be, the *Star* will find the democrats of the State in a hopeless minority. The first curse the voters of North Carolina want removed is the internal revenue system and the leader of paper that fails to see and recognize it, fails to see the most palpable fact in our politics. The Democratic party in this State has said too often and in too many ways that this system should be abolished to hesitate now. It has not hesitated to do all in its power in the past and it is not yet ready to falsify its records and its history. The Democratic party in this State has been true to its pledged word in this matter and though its efforts have been unavailing, on account of the opposition elsewhere, it will continue the good fight until it sees the light of victory and relief. It will stick to its text."

And we also endorse the following resolution passed by the Democratic State Executive Committee which met in Raleigh last week: RESOLVED, That it is the sense of the Democratic State Executive Committee that the internal revenue laws should be immediately repealed, and our democratic members of Congress are requested to use their influence, as they have heretofore done, to have said law repealed, and to secure such modifications of the tariff as will reduce the duties upon imports to such extent as will be possible, consistent with the economical administration of the government.

The Danger of Indifference.

There is no more dangerous condition of a free people than a state of indifference to politics, a carelessness with respect to the drift of sentiment touching matters of government. Such a condition invites the machinations of the trickster both of high and low degree and exposes the body politic peculiarly to the insidious attacks of those who seek their personal aggrandizement at the expense of the public. This truth is very trite, but it should be borne in mind. There are always characters of the sort indicated ready to take advantage of any lethargy that may exist and it is the part of wisdom to spoil the plans by shaking off the lethargy.

We, in North Carolina have especial reason to be up and doing in view of the contest surely coming though we mayhap flatter ourselves that it is yet some distance away. We have a fight to make the outcome of which must nearly concern our best interests. We cannot afford longer to lie upon our arms. It behooves us to be on the alert, watchful, vigilant. We know well that the maintenance of Democratic ascendancy is necessary to the well-being of the State. To secure this, work is indispensable and we cannot too soon look to the thoroughness of our organization for this labor. Let us arouse our energies, quicken our interest in politics and so prepare for the battle of ballots that we have to fight certainly it not immediately.—*News Observer.*

Farming That Pays.

Every farmer should aim to raise all the farm products needed for domestic use first. The independence of farm life lies right here. He grows every supply for table, so far as his soil and climate permits, under his own eye. He is dependant on no one for the necessities of life, or even for the luxuries of his table. Every variety of fruit suited to his locality should be produced for his own use, let him live near or remote from the city. Then let him increase the acreage of every variety that pays in the market to his ability to handle it without loss—his losses will often over-balance his profits.

It is not wise for the grower to put himself at the mercy of others. If he does, he will often find their tender mercy cruel. They will let his perishable property go to waste, unless he can secure the lion's share of the profits. Besides grain crops and stock growing as a branch of farming, every farm adapted to it should have growing on it an orchard of every variety of fruit demanded by the market at paying prices. Do not run so much to one kind of fruit that you would suffer heavy embarrassment if it fails. All kinds of fruit seldom fail in one year.—*New York Star.*

Spend Wisely.

Look most to your spending. No matter what comes in, if more goes out you will always be poor. The art is not in making money, but in keeping it; little expenses, like mice in a barn, when they are many, make great waste. Hair by hair, heads get bald. Straw by straw, the thatch goes off the cottage, and drop by drop, the rain comes in the chamber. A barrel is soon empty, if the tap leaks but a drop a minute. When you mean to save, begin with your mouth; there are many thieves down the red lane. The ale jug is a great waste. In all other things keep within compass. In clothes, choose suitable and lasting stuff, and not tawdry fineries. To be warm is the main thing; never mind looks. Never stretch your legs further than three blankets will reach, or you will soon be cold. A fool may make money, but it needs a wise man to spend it. Remember it easier to build two chimneys than to keep one going. If you give all to back and board, there is nothing left for savings bank. Fare hard and work hard while you are young, and you have a chance to rest when you are old.—*Ex.*

A Sensible College.

Girls are admitted to the Iowa Agricultural College and taught all sorts of queer and absurd things. For instance, the authorities there have the funny notion that girls ought to know how to cook! Every girl in the junior class has learned how to make good bread; weighing and measuring her ingredients mixing and kneading and baking, and regulating her fire. Each has also been taught to make yeast and bake biscuit, pudding, pie and cake of various kinds; how to cook a roast, to broil a steak and make a fragrant cup of coffee; how to stuff a turkey, make oyster soup, prepare stock for other soups, steam and mash potatoes so that they will melt in the mouth, and, in short, to get up a first class meal, combining both substantial and fancy dishes, in good style. Theory and manual skill have gone hand-in-hand. Vast stores of learning have been accumulated in the arts of canning, preserving and pickling fruit, and they have taken practical lessons in all the details of household management, such as house furnishing, care of beds and bedding, washing and ironing, care of the sick, and numerous other things. It is not stated whether girls are taught how to get up in the morning and build fires, no doubt such a useful branch of information receives the attention its importance demands.—*Farm and Fireside.*

Newspapers.

A newspaper is like a tree. It cannot be evolved full grown. The expenditure of a fortune can insure new presses, able editors and correspondents, a beautiful typographical appearance, the latest and freshest news—in a word, every outward equipment for making a first-class newspaper. But no expenditure of money, no new and improved presses, or types, or able correspondents can give to a newspaper that which alone can make it permanently useful and prosperous. Money cannot buy the confidence of the people. It cannot buy the strength which comes to a paper only by pursuing an honest course. It cannot induce the people to believe in the truthfulness of its utterances. And for permanent success a newspaper must have a foundation digged deep down into the confidence of the people. Other foundations than the rock-bottom of truth-telling will not stand in all changes and all seasons. This confidence cannot be won in a day or a year. It comes in its fullness only after years of untiring labor and changeless standing by the right. The people cannot be deceived. They can read between the lines. They look beneath high-sounding words down to the actual purposes. A public man may hold office by tricks and manipulations after he has lost the confidence of the people. A newspaper, so far as its power and its influence are concerned, is dead the very moment the people come to believe that it covers up fraud, and apologizes for rascality, and has

not an honest, truth-telling policy.—*Raleigh Chronicle.*

The true idea of farm life is to build up a comfortable home, not a temporary stopping place for a year or five years or until it can be sold. It is next to impossible for a man to put the same real and thoughtful, pains-taking work upon a farm that he intends to sell and leave, as he does upon one he intends to be his and his family's so long as they need one.—*Ex.*

A good farmer should never depend upon his neighbor for what he can. By care and good management, produce on his own farm. He should never beg fruit while he can plant or graft trees; he should never borrow vehicles or tools if he can make or buy them; he should never refuse a fair price for any thing he wants to sell; he should never undertake to cultivate more land than he can till thoroughly, for while well-tilled land is constantly improving, half-tilled land is growing poorer every day. He should always have a supply of dry kindling wood or summer stove wood ready for his wife, if he wishes to avoid chilling looks from her, he should never have a broken pane of glass in his house, or a gate that will not shut. His toolhouse should be as clean as his wife's sitting room, and he should have "a place for everything, and everything in its place"—*Ex.*

Give them a Chance.

That is to say, your lungs. Also all your breathing machinery. Very wonderful machinery it is. Not only the larger air-passages, but the thousands of little tubes and cavities leading from them. When these are clogged and choked with matter which ought not to be there, your lungs cannot do their work. And what they do, they cannot do well. Call it cold, cough, croup, pneumonia, catarrh, consumption or any of the family of throat and nose and lung and long obstructions, all are bad. All ought to be got rid of. There is just one sure way to get rid of them. That is to take Boschee's German Syrup, which any druggist will sell you at 75 cents a bottle. Even if everything else has failed you, you may depend upon this for certain.

THE STANDARD COTTON.

These celebrated seed were first introduced in America, being sent from London to the Department of Agriculture in Washington City. A friend of ours in the District visited them to us. There being only 21 lbs. we raised 16 stalks, from which was gathered 29 pounds of seed cotton. Last year we had seed enough to plant 2 acres, on which was grown 8,000 stalks. From these 8,000 stalks 10,000 pounds of seed cotton were gathered. The number of bolls on the stalks was from 100 to 250. Having a limited quantity of these seed to dispose of, it is our intention to have them on market at your County Fair—1887.

The following reasons are given for planting these seed on the market: 1. The STANDARD COTTON is absolutely

RUST PROOF.

1. It is better adapted to our soil than any other cotton.
2. The lint is much finer than ordinary cotton; therefore commands a higher price.
3. Having a very thin foliage the sun has more effect on the bolls.
4. The STANDARD COTTON produces from one-half to one-third more than any other cotton.
5. The STANDARD COTTON produces with much less fertilizer than any other.
6. The STANDARD COTTON matures four weeks earlier than any other.

Testimonials.

We, the undersigned, do certify that the STANDARD COTTON grown by Everett & Co. produces more than any we have ever seen. We saw this cotton in July, when it was being picked the first time, we also saw it at the first of Sept. and it was green and blooming when other cotton on the same plantation was nearly dead from rust. J. J. Hollingsworth, Washington Bryant Peter Campbell, J. D. Bission, J. A. Brown, A. L. McLaughlin, McNamee, Deput. N. C., Oct. 12, 1887.

Notice.

Having qualified as Administrator of the estate of Martin Phillips, decd., general notice is hereby given to all persons having claims against said estate to present them duly authenticated, on or before the 25th day of October 1887, or this notice will be pleaded in bar of their recovery; and all persons indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment. This October 25th, 1887. Jno. W. Scott, Jr., Administrator of the estate of M. Phillips.

FALL OPENING

MILLINERY and FANCY GOODS.

L. T. BROWN & CO.

SANFORD, N. C.

Millinery, Fancy Goods, Velvets, Velveteens, Satins, Ribbons, Plumes, Feathers, Tips, Corsets, Bustles, &c. Hats Trimmed to Order. Special Attention paid to orders sent by mail.

Our Fall Stock is now open for examination and our friends and the public are invited to call.

Yours truly,

L. T. BROWN & CO.

LONDON ESTABLISHED 1865. GUNS AND PISTOLS. PUR LE KILL P. M. Hugs. Julius Lewis & Co. RALEIGH, N. C.

HARDWARE!

SASH, DOORS AND BLINDS. RIMS, SPOKES and HUBS. Rubber and Leather Belting, Lime, Cement and Plaster, STOVES, IRON, STEEL AND NAILS. The "ALL RIGHT" Cook Stove The "ALL RIGHT" Wagon. PAINTS, OILS and GLASS. COTTON AND PLANTER'S HOES. LARGEST STOCK IN THE STATE. We Guarantee Country Merchants Goods at Wholesale Lowest Prices.

To the ladies

We have purchased the Right for the sale in Moore County of the

FRALEY QUILTING FRAME

The only thoroughly practical Invention FOR MAKING QUILTS AND COMFORTABLES ON THE SEWING MACHINE.

Works equally well on all the different makes of machines and does all manner of quilting.

Will make Quilts and Comfortables of any size, and in an incredibly short time. With this QUILTING FRAME, quilting is done with more ease on the part of operator than any other sewing within the range of the Sewing Machine. It is a triumph. No Family Sewing Machine is complete without this attachment.

It is the greatest labor-saving invention yet offered the public. No family can afford to be without one. It will last a lifetime.

We propose, within the next 3 months, to give every family in Moore County the opportunity of examining it and testing its efficacy, as we start our agents in a few days to canvass the county. In the mean time, if you come to Carthage drop in at the *BLADE* Office and take a look at it.

The Retail Price is \$7.50, But in order to introduce them, we will sell ten Family Rights in each township in Moore County for the small price of

FIVE DOLLARS,

Very Respectfully, JNO. W. SCOTT, JR. and H. A. FOOTE, JR., Carthage, N. C.

NOTICE. All persons indebted to the firm of S. M. Jones & Co. are requested to make immediate payment. The firm will be dissolved at an early day, and we wish to square up all old accounts. S. M. Jones & Co. Aug. 3, 1887.

Stamping. I have just received an improved Stamping Outfit, and am prepared to do any kind of stamping for embroidery work. I have new designs and patterns and can stamp goods of any color in any pattern desired, and invite any who desire work of this kind, to give me a call. MRS. JNO. W. SCOTT JR. Aug 3, 1887

W. C. PETTY, MANLY, N. C. Has in store a good stock of DRY GOODS and to keep his stock complete in all its branches, he is WEEKLY receiving NEW DRY GOODS, CLOTHING, BOOTS AND SHOES, HATS AND CAPS, &c. MAKES A SPECIALTY OF GROCERIES, CORN, MEAL, FLOUR AND BACON AT THE LOWEST CASH PRICES! HIGHEST Market price paid for Cotton, Spirals and Crude Turpentine. Call and see him when you come to MANLY, and if you haven't time to come, send him your orders. He guarantees satisfaction. sept 17

NUMBER 12.

1887. 1887. 1887. Prices LOWER Than Ever, AT

O. S. JONES, Manly, N. C., where there can always be found a full line of

DRY GOODS, Groceries, Hats, Caps, Shoes, Boots, Ready-Made Clothing, Hardware, Glassware, Drugs, &c., &c. In fact any and every thing found in first-class store.

I am prepared and determined to give the highest market price for cash and all kinds of country produce that can't be undersold in Moore County.

I have on hand and am daily receiving a full line of

BRANDIES, Foreign and Domestic LAGER BEER, CIGARS & TOBACCO, Confectioneries, Canned Oysters, HAMS, SARDINES, SALMON, and a full line of canned goods.

When you come to town, always call on me and examine my stock before buying elsewhere. I Guarantee Satisfaction. J. W. MYRICK, Manly, N. C.

LEGAL ADVERTISEMENTS

J. W. HINSDALE, Attorney at Law, Carthage, N. C. HUNSDALE & ADAMS, ATTORNEYS AT LAW, CARTHAGE, N. C.

Have formed a partnership for the practice of law in the Superior Court of Moore County. Annual retainer of neither party included. aug 17

SCHOOLS.

Sanford High School FOR BOTH SEXES. Strictly Non-Sectarian. College Preparatory and Practical. John E. Kelly, A. M., Principal. (Late of Union Home School.) Mrs. Annie McGilvray, Lady Principal. (Late of Pocket School.) Tuition: \$1.50, \$2.00, \$2.50 and \$3.50 per month. Classics each \$1.00 extra. Music \$3.00. Board \$8.00. Fall Session opens 2nd Monday in August, 1888. For particulars, address THE TRUSTEES, Sanford, aug 5-11

RAILROAD

C. P. V. R. R. Dinner at Sanford. TRAIN SCHEDULE. Arrive Leave

Arrive	Leave
Pound	7:00
Greensboro	9:00
Sanford	1:35 p. m.
Fayetteville	4:10
Shoe Heel	6:12
Bennettsville	7:45

29 minutes at Sanford for dinner. J. W. FRY, Gen'l Supt. W. E. KYLE, Gen'l Passenger Agt.

CORNISH ORGANS. Reduced to almost cost to build. Buy direct of Old Established Manufacturer, and avoid paying Middlemen's profits. We guarantee below a low price. SPECIAL BARGAINS! \$27.50 \$42.50 \$45.00 \$50.00 \$60.00 REMEMBER! We do not wish you to buy a cheap organ after you have received one. We have a large stock of organs on hand, and we will sell you one at a low price, if you will give us a chance to show you one. We will give you a full trial, and if you are not satisfied, we will take it back. We will give you a full trial, and if you are not satisfied, we will take it back. We will give you a full trial, and if you are not satisfied, we will take it back. REFERENCE: Thousands of Happy Purchasers have testified to the excellence of our organs. LARGELY ADVERTISED CATALOGUE FREE. Address: CORNISH & CO., WASHINGTON, D. C. Mention Taylor when you write "A.P." to us.