

THE TIMES.

DUNN, Harnett County, N. C.

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G. K. GRANTHAM, J. P. PITTMAN, Editors.

EDITOR'S ANNOUNCEMENT.

All communications must reach us on Tuesday evening.

Notices of Church entertainments and all other notices of like manner from which revenue is to be derived, will be charged 5 cents per line.

Business letters will be made to regular advertisers at 5 cents per line. Local notices without regular advertisements will be charged 7 1/2 cents per line.

Subscribers will be cut off at the expiration of their subscription unless we are notified and no paper will be discontinued until the subscription is paid up.

Communications must always have the author's name signed, and must be written plainly on one side of the paper.

Advertising rates furnished on application.

No legal notices inserted without cash in advance.

No communication will be accepted unless accompanied by the writer's name.

All advertisements inserted four successive weeks will be counted one month, and will be inserted and charged until ordered discontinued when the time is not specified.

TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION.

Three Months.....25 Cents. Six Months.....50 Cents. One Year.....\$1.00.

Sent by Mail. Payable in advance.

DUNN, N. C., FEBRUARY, 20 1895.

THEY ALL READ.

Americans are a nation of readers. In every home in our broad land with but few exceptions, are treasured means for this delightful and beneficial employment of leisure moments.

But there is no literature for the common people like that of the newspaper. It is the daily companion alike of the prince and the peasant, the man who inherits and the man who earns, of the millionaire in his mansion, and the laborer in his cot.

What better message can the merchant send than his advertisement of household necessities or fashion's novelties? What better avenue to the domestic group can the tradesman find?

Try it, and you will soon realize in an increase of patronage, it has brought to your trade a new constituency of buyers. Try it, and you will never return to the old methods; nor will you ever cease to wonder why you so long neglected such a profitable investment.

Notwithstanding the low price of wheat, it is said that the most of wheat growers are putting a larger acreage this year than last.

SENATOR Ransom's name has been suggested to the President by Congress, as being the proper man to send as Minister to Mexico, who had recently.

ONLY a few more days and Congress will hang her harp on the willow tree and let her able Congressmen go home to rest. The 4th of March and the story is told.

THE most formidable petition ever presented to Congress was the one presented last week by the Christian Temperance Union. It contained 4,000,000 names, weighed a ton and if rolled would cover a distance of thirty miles. It took five years to get it up—Wil. Star.

For years past the Populists and many sore-heads have claimed that the rate of interest was one great thing to give relief to poor struggling mankind. That six per cent. was a heavy item and should be the legal rate. Last Monday this six per cent bill became a law. Now we expect a change to soon take place and should all the bills vanish we will join in one voice and say, "well done."

WASHINGTON LETTER.

Special Correspondence of Central Times.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Feb. 16th '95.

When the news of the death of Minister Gray was received at the Capitol, Senator Ransom was immediately suggested for the place. The movement was inaugurated by Senator Morgan. Twenty-five Senators immediately telegraphed the President of their choice in the matter. To-day every Senator on the democratic side of the Chamber and a number of Republicans will present Senator Ransom's name to the President for this position. He is admirably equipped for the place. His courtly manners, knowledge of diplomacy, familiarity with international law eminently fit him for his place. The salary is \$17,500.

Board received a dispatch stating that the light house Capt. Wilde of the Light house at Smith's Point, Va., 100 miles South of Washington, at the entrance of the Potomac River into the Chesapeake Bay, had been carried away by the drifting ice. The keeper escaped. This light-house was badly damaged last winter by the storms. Most of the light houses at the mouth of the Potomac River and in the bay are iron screw stations, and fears are entertained that others will abandoned the light houses in this section, fearing for their lives. Capt. Wilde, of the light house Board is also informed that the keeper at the plantation Point light near Cape Charles, Va., has abandoned his post as his position was made perilous because of floating ice which threatened to carry away the structure.

Congress has appropriated \$10,000 for the hiring of tug boats to break the ice in the Potomac. This will relieve the pressure on the pier of the Long Bridge and may save that structure.

Thursday, Mr. Bower was delayed in getting to the House in time to call up the Winston Public building bill before it was referred to the Public Building Committee. It is believed here that Mr. Bankhead, the Chairman of the Public Building Committee is opposed to the bill, but it is known that the Speaker is in favor of it. Senator Ransom got his bill appropriating \$150,000 for the Winston Public Building through the Senate, knowing it would be cut down by the House. Mr. Bower is very "blue" over his misfortune of yesterday but hopes to get the bill before the House again this session. It is doubtful whether he will succeed for the adjournment is drawing very near. There are really only a few more working days between this date and March 4th.

Robert M. Jack and Spn of Chicago, Ill., were the successful bidders for the Newbern Public building. They offered to do the work for \$28,800. The bids were opened Thursday at the Treasury Department.

For the first time in the course of a short week the House has emphasized the fact by a decisive adverse vote that nothing is to be expected from the Fifty-third Congress in the nature of financial legislation. By a vote of 162 to 135 the House a week ago voted down the Springer bill. By a still more decisive vote of 167 to 120 it declined yesterday to authorize the bond issue proposed in the President's Message of a few days ago. It was not a party vote, for prominent in the column of its advocates were Republicans like Mr. Reed and in that of its opponents Democrats like Mr. Bryan, the aye and nay vote showing decidedly mixed results. Mr. Harrison did no vote on the measure, though he was present. The other members of the North Carolina delegation including Tom Settle and the Virginia delegation voted against it.

Col. A. B. Andrews is here. Senator Ransom has secured the \$196,000 for the Fast Southern Mills. The conference between the employes and officers of the Southern Railway took place in this city according to program, but the result only established a more decided entente cordiale between the parties instituted. It was found impossible to raise the wages of the entire force at this time. The Lady of the Lake was burned at her wharf Friday morning. She was one of the oldest boats on the river, pined between this city and Norfolk.

Homer L. Ferguson of North Carolina and W. L. Capps of Virginia, two of the brightest men ever graduated from Annapolis have been nominated assistant naval constructors by the President.

Richard Pearson Hobson, a grandson of Chief Justice Pearson, escorted two very pretty girls to the President's reception last night. Representatives Swanson and Meredith with their wives also attended.

ADVANTAGES OF THE SOUTH.

A continuance of the January meeting of the board of trade was held in the board of trade rooms last night.

President Hanson called the meeting to order a few minutes past 8 o'clock and after stating the purpose of the meeting introduced John T. Patrick, secretary of the Southern Inter-State Immigration and Industrial association, whose mission among the manufacturers of New England is to reply to questions concerning the resources of the South in relation to manufacturing advantages.

After thanking the board for its courtesy in extending him an invitation to address it, he said that while his shoulders were broad enough to carry the weight of his responsibilities they were not broad enough to cause apprehension on the part of the Lowell board of trade of the people of New England that he could take the Booth corporation on one shoulder and the Merrimack on the other and carry them South bodily, and he assured his hearers that he voiced the sentiment of the Southern people when he stated that it was not desired to kill out the industries of any section of the country for the advantage that might accrue to another. The organization which he represented has no intention of influencing mills or in fact any interest to move South, being organized for the sole purpose of furnishing reliable information to those who wish to know of Southern resources.

The speaker then explained the nature of the organization, which he styled an "industrial congress." This congress is composed of delegates appointed by the Governor of all Southern States, the appointment being one from each Congressional district and five at large from State. The congress is also composed of mayors, members of commerce and boards of trade, and it meets biennially for discussion. An executive committee consisting of the vice presidents of the organization is authorized to conduct its affairs during the interim.

Mr. Patrick said he represented the whole South and was not authorized to favor any section. He was prepared to state the peculiar advantages of the various sections but interested parties would have to form their own opinions. He thought the New England mill owners and the residents of New England as a whole would gain by the establishment of branch mills in the South, as the home business is not to be curtailed, merely the character of the goods manufactured being altered, while the owners invest in the South and have their surplus profits to spend in the North in other channels.

He thought the question of to-day is "Can the mills of the North compete with the cheap fuel and long hours of work in the South in the manufacture of the cheaper grades of woven goods? Yet there is a question, said he, that is of greater significance than this, and that is, can the manufacturers of the North hope to compete not only against the South in coarse goods, but, can it compete with the growing industries of semi-civilized nations?

Southern people live cheaper, wear thinner clothing on account of the climate, their houses are for the same reason cheaper, and the requirements for home luxuries are not so exacting. The people are a contented lot, and are not given to strikes or boycotts.

He then told of the water power of certain sections, and said that owners of the same, not appreciating its value, would not only give free use of the same but would give land free also to mills that wish to establish plants.

He said coal could be secured at from \$1 75 to \$2 per ton, delivered, which together with the inducement of free land and free water power, must necessarily be a great incentive considering the proximity of the raw material for cotton manufacture. He felt that it was better to manufacture the coarser grades of goods in the South and earn a profit for owners of mills than to permit the cotton manufacturing industry to go to other countries. In his opinion, New England mill owners with their expert knowledge of cotton goods manufacturing, could establish branch mills in the South that would be able to compete in the market for fifty years. The mills in the South will help two classes—the colored and white. The former would be benefited by lessening the supply of agricultural workers, while the latter would be given employment at rates of wages never before earned by them. He claimed that enemies of the South had advanced all sorts of arguments against Northern capital going South, claiming the South is unhealthy, unclean and ignorant.

In closing he advised the board of trade to send an agent South, and he assured it that every courtesy would be shown, and that he would personally accompany the agent on a tour of the States and guarantee free transportation.

C. H. Conant and P. O. Hearn asked a few questions about the mills already in the South and were told that the mills were paying from 15 to 40 per cent. The race of feeling will make it impossible for the colored people to work in the mills unless mills are erected for their exclusive employment.—Wil. Mess.

DR. BOYKIN'S WORM KILLER.

"The best Selling Vermifuge in the Market." The most reliable worm destroyer in use. Receipts furnished to any physician when requested.

LA GRANGE N. C., July '87.

Mr. J. P. Joyner:—I gave my child one dose of Boykin's "Worm Killer," purchased of you. It brought 366 worms. I consider it the best worm medicine made. Respt. J. W. Thomas.

DUCK CREEK, N. C., May 8th, 1894.

Boykin, Carmer & Co., Baltimore, Md.—Dear Sirs: Mr. A. Rudd, a very responsible customer of mine, gave half teaspoonful "Worm Killer" to a child last week and the result was 35 worms. M. Daniel Pines used it with still better results: 75 worms from one child; of course my sales will be large. Yours truly, E. S. Smith.

Read the following from one of the most prominent and best known physicians and farmers in South Carolina. He writes, "That a negro girl 10 years old near 11th and 12th streets took two or three doses of the 'Worm Killer', and passed 366 worms." Dated Ridgway, S. C., May 26, 1894. R. H. Edmundson, M. D.

Mr. H. M. McDonald of La Grange, N. C. says Dr. Boykin's "Worm Killer" brought over 100 worms from one child in the neighborhood; and that it gives universal satisfaction. He sells more of it than all other worm medicine.

Do not let your dealer put you off with some other. Ask for Boykin's Worm Killer and get it. Any M. D. can prescribe it and many do.

BOYKIN, CARMER CO.,

DUNN MARKET. CORRECTED WEEKLY.

Table with 3 columns: Item, Price, Unit. Includes Corn, Oats, Peas, Fodder, Chickens, Eggs, Butter, Meat, Ham, Cotton, Coffee, Sugar, Turpentine, and Scraps.

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Happy New YEAR! READ THIS! IT will be to your interest to read THIS "A" HELPING HAND

We are taught to deal with our fellowmen JUSTLY, and to give a helping hand. This we intend to do and we hope our efforts will meet with the co-operation of the business men of DUNN, and all other adjoining towns.

It will pay you to send us your order. We have leered to do work at prices never known to the public before. Give us a trial order and see what we can save you. We will give satisfaction in prices and quality. Address the TIMES JOB OFFICE, DUNN, N. C.

D. McBROWN, Tariff Reduction.

DEALER IN PURE NORTH CAROLINA CORN WHISKEY. O. M. KELLY'S make handled by MYSELF EXCLUSIVELY. Special attention paid to the shipping trade. Old Rye Whiskey, Fine Brandies and Wines for Medical Family uses. Your patronage solicited.

D. McBROWN, MY FALL GOODS ARE NOW BEING RECEIVED

N. B.—Other firms have claimed to handle the O. M. Kelly whiskey, Be ware, the O. M. Kelly Corn Whiskey is handled by me only. Fine Tobaccos, Cigars and can goods all ways in stock. Jan-16-1f.

NOTICE OF DISSOLUTION.

Notice is hereby given that the firm heretofore doing business under the firm name of Britt & Jordan, in the town of Dunn, has this day been dissolved by mutual consent. J. E. Jordan has assumed all the liabilities of said firm and all persons holding claims against said firm will present the same to J. E. Jordan for payment and all persons indebted to said firm will make payment to J. E. Jordan at once. E. T. BRITT, J. E. JORDAN, Jan. 15, 1895. DUNN, N. C., 16-17.

NOTICE OF LAND SALE.

By virtue of the power of sale contained in a certain mortgage deed made by G. M. Capps and wife to E. F. Young and recorded in book H. No. 2, pages 15 and 16, records of Harnett County, N. C., and transferred by said E. F. Young to me, I will sell at public sale for cash on the 7th day of March 1895 at 12 o'clock M. at the court house door the following real estate to wit: A certain tract of land in Harnett County about 1 1/2 miles from Dunn, containing 2 1/2 acres, more or less. All of said land being fully described in said mortgage. See records in R. 1816. J. F. PHILLIPS, Mortgagee. Sale to take place in Lillington.

MARION BUTLER

is elected to the U. S. SENATE. and I am still selling YADKIN County CORN Whiskey. Guaranteed pure and is pronounced by physicians to be the purest on the market. OLD Maryland XXX Rye, Pure Apple Brandy, Fine Wines for church purposes &c.

Positively no Kelly whiskey kept in stock, nor any other brands, except those I can recommend. Having been informed that other dealers were claiming to be doing business for me, and thereby deceiving some of my friends, I call your attention to the fact that I am in no way connected with any other bar, except my own in the Nimocks building. Thanking my friends and customers for the liberal share of patronage bestowed upon me in the past and hoping by honest and square dealings to merit a continuance of the same, I am, Yours anxious to please, W. S. JACKSON, Agent, DUNN, N. C., Jan-23-1f.

WANTED—Do you want to start the New Year in a good position that will pay you well, provided you are a good salesman and collector?

We want live, energetic men to canvass, sell machines and collect. If there is an agent in your community, we can locate you elsewhere in a good section. We furnish a nice light running wagon, agent to furnish horse and harness and make a \$500 bond. We offer a good salary or commission contracts, one under which a live, energetic, hustling man can make and save money. Men of character and good make-up do well to secure work with the Company for if successful and the business entrusted is handled honorably, they will be promoted to a more responsible position with increased compensation. Address, R. L. GREEN, District Agent, Raleigh, N. C. J. H. Harley, Manager, Wilmington, N. C., Jan-23-2m.

Big Day!

ON the 3rd Saturday in February 1895, will be a big day in DUNN. THE merchants in all lines of trade, will on that day give SPECIAL BARGAINS to all classes of men. A GENERAL TRADE DAY when you can exchange anything you may bring to town. Let all who want special bargains come to town on that day.

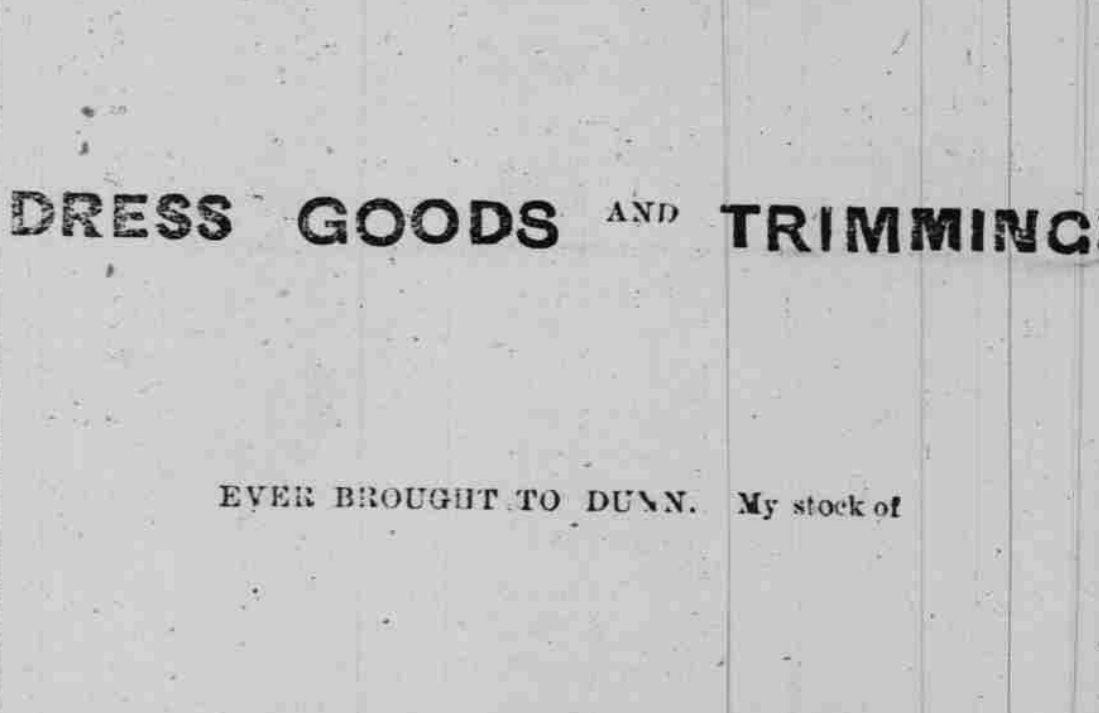
AND COMPLETE IN ALL LINES

IN A FEW DAYS MY STOCK WILL BE

EVER BROUGHT TO DUNN. My stock of DRESS GOODS AND TRIMMINGS CLOTHING, HATS AND SHOES MUST BE SEEN TO BE APPRECIATE

Give me a call Yours to PLEASE, E. F. Young, DUNN, N. C.

OUR GOODS ARE THE BEST OUR PRICES THE LOWEST



LARGEST and MOST COMPLETE BOGGY FACTORY on EARTH WRITE FOR PRICES and CATALOGUE

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