

apla and the country, we are assembled as erats of the nation to secure in the next aluabid Democrats to take counsel to Democratic convention the maintenance of pider and for the undisguised purpose of using a strong and promoting a thorough and the time-honored principles and policies of the Democratic party, and when the nationorganization of the Democratic al committee herein provided for is not in name is that they may go forward as one session the executive committee shall have man arthurs-olute purpose to rescue the all the authority and discharge all the duties A party founded by Thomas Jefferson from hereby conferred upon the national comdatografic domination. mitten. "Turpitore, with this object in view, this

convention of American Democrats, composed of representative : from 22 of the lead-- Sector of the Union, make the following elaration on the monetary question, which has been forced into the leading place among hes net of the day: "The Federal constitution names silver and gold together as the money metals of the tenal States. The first coinage law passed by Carer-s under the constitution made the show dollar the unit of value and admitted gold to free coinage atta ratio measured by ester dollar unit. From the beginning tille government, following a policy formsinted by Thos. Jefferson, the Democratic jury has been the party of bi-metallism, lavoring the free coinage of both silver and gold at the national mints, and opposed to farming out to banking corporations the potentiat's sovereign power of issuing end controlling the money of the people. "The act of 1873 demonstizing silver was surreptionally passed, without the approval or knowledge of the American people, and from the time when the effect of this act in factening upon this country the single gold stundard was understood, the Democratic parts has consistently and persistently urged that the grievous wrong be righted. Failure to near plish the object has resulted in the teady appreciation of gold and a correspondlog fall in the price of commodifies produced by the people; a heavy increase in the burden , public and private; the enrichment of the money-lending class; paralysis dindustry and the impoverishment of the people and unexampled distress in all gold indard countries. Experience has shown that, while under the single gold standard there may be an occasional revival of business activity, accompanied by enhanced prices of a limited number of commodities, such revival is due to artificial and temporary causes and cannot permanently alleviate the sufferings due to the falling of prices brought about by the appreciation of gold and the inadequate supply of primary or re-

"Fourth. It shall be the duty of the national committeeman from each State, im-

the Circuit Court of Tuskaloosa county, on the strength of affidavits of various citizens alleging in several counts corruption in office. He has also ordered the impeachment of P. W. Mahan, justice of the peace in Tallapoosa county, on information alleging incompetency, habitual drunkenness and corruption in office. Disasters, Accidents, Fatalities. A boiler of a steam thresher at work near Oakland, I. T., exploded, killing three men and wounding ten others. The London Globe publishes a dispatch from Tunis stating that s me barges laden with iron girders collided near Goletta, with a ferry boat that was crowded with passengers. Some of the passengers were killed and many of them drowned.

detter-filterte freester where relates of the American people, the intervation American labor and the prosperity of American industry have a higher claim to the consideration of the people's lawmakers they the greed of foreign creditors or the avariations demands made by 'idle bolders of idle capital.' The right to reguhte its pwn monetary system in the interests of is own people is a right which no free revenument can barter, sell or surrender. This reserved, right is a part of every bank of every contract and of every obligation. No creditor or claimant can set up a right that can take precedence over a nation's obligations to promote the welfare of the masses of its people. This is a debt higher and more binding than all other debts, and oper that is not only dishonest but treasonable

"The land and its products are the basis of all development and prosperity. The productive capacity of a country must be the had ad its credit. In opposing the policy of contraction, which must inevitably deprecate the value of land and its products, we are the supporters of property rights and sound credit and stand between the homes whithe states of the people and the red flag while auctioneer.

"The policy of gold mono-metallism has been characterized by repeated and disas-iteus finencial panies. The farmers have bound their presperity and independence ametantly waning under its blighting influman. Manufactures are interested to opthere it, for they find the prices of sale fallmethodow the cost of production. Merchants should oppose it, for with falling prices they are oden compelled to sell for less than they paid for manufa-tured goods. Neither manufacturer nor merchant can prosper unhas the mass of consumers realize such proce for their products and labor as supply subsciences liberally with the necessities and luxure - of life, nor can the wage-earner prosper, for under depressed conditions there' is less and less competition for his

"The Derive rate party is the traditional rend and champion of bi-metallism, Its auth and power and popularity have It is made unlawful for imbeciles or insane been largety built up on its steadfast oppo-sition to the demonetization of siver and its record of unwearied effort to restore it to its ply to persons already married. An effort

mediately after his appointment, to take steps as he may deem best to organize the bimetallic forces in his State, and it is earnest ly recommended, that in each county and lection precinct of each State bi-metallic Democratic clubs be organized, and for the

purpose he may appoint such committees and canvassers as he may deem best. "Fifth. That fully realizing the fact that this nor any other plan of organization can be successful without the hearty co-opera tion of the voters themselves, we urge upon every voter in every State in the union who is in sympathy with this movement, and who wishes to restore permanent prosperity to his home and country, to lend his aid and influence to perfecting this organization, and that each of them shall enrol bluself in such clubs."

THE TREASURY COMFORTABLE.

The Belmont-Morgan Syndicate will Protect the Gold Reserve.

Evidence that the Belmont-Morgan bond syndicate intends to protect the g 1d reserve of the Treasury against raids upon it for export to Europe was received at the Treasury Department by Acting Secretary Curtis Tuesday afternoon. A telegram fro n Acting Treasurer Mulhuman reached him stating that J. P. Morgan & Co., had deposited \$1,346,000 in g ld coin in exchange for

United States Notes. A previous telegram to the Department contains the information that \$900,000 gold coin had been withdrawn from the subtreasurer for exp rt Wednesday. With the deposit of gold Tuesday by the syndicate their deposit since gold exports have been resumed on a large scale reached a total of \$3,346,000.

It is estimated that with exchange at the high figure quoted, 49.012 to \$4, n net profit of \$3,000 on each \$1,600,000 gold exported is made by the shippers. Treasury officials are much gratified at the action of the syndicate as it is construed to mean that they will not permit the gold reserve to fall below \$100 .-000,009. At the close of business Tuesday the reserve stood at \$101,933,715.

ARTIST HOVENDEN KILLED.

Sacrifices His Life in an Attempt to Save a Child.

Thomas Hovenden, the famous a tist, was Instantly killed by a railroad train near Norristown, Pa., Wednesday, He saw a little child in front of a rapidly approaching engine. The engineer blew his whistle freely when he saw the little figure standing between the rails. The child seemed to become

confused and awaited her coming doom without attempting to avoid it. Mr. Hovenden rushed forward and snatched the child up in his arms. Before he could make the leap that would have saved them both the pilot of the engine struck Mr. Ho venden and hurled him across the track with errible force. Both were killed.

Mr. Hovenden was the painter of "Ereaking Home Ties," the picture that attracted so much attention at the World's Fair.

For Women and Children.

The Connecticut Legislature, which recently adjourned, passed several bills in the interest of women and children. The age limit for the employment of children is raised from 13 to 14 years, and compulsory education to the age of 14 is prescribed. Children under 16 must not be admitted to dance houses, concert saloons, roller-skating rinks or variety halls unless accompanied by parents or guardians. Tho interest of a surviving husband or wife in the estate of the other (there being no children) is made \$2,-000 absolutely and one-half the remainder.

Political Doings. The New York Democratic State committee selected Syracuse as the place for the Democratic convention to be held September 24th. The Kansas Republicans will not hold a convention this year, as had been projected, to take action on the silver question. This decision was reached to-night at a meeting of the State Central Committee, which voted solidly against such a gathering.

---Labor. The striking miners at Marquette, Mich.

sought interviews with the companies officers, but were told that none with actual smploes would be given.

Miscellaneous,

Pagilist Corbett was married Thursday at Asbury Park, N. Y., to Jesse Taylor, of Omaha

A French railroad company has ordered clocks to be placed on the outside of every locomolive. It is said that sufficient money is at hand to keep ten thousand men employed on the

Panama eanal for two years. The report is current in New York that a gigantic combine has been formed to fight the Westinghouse-Baldwin combination.

The New York World says that the salo bs in the city were wide open on Sanday, and you could buy beer in nearly 5,000 saloons. The old and the new board of police com-

missioners of Omaha. Neb., have asked the State Supreme Court to meet and decide beweep them at once. A movement has been started among col-

ored people of the District of Columbia in favor of having separate stories, where they may purchase goods and in which their race may be represented as clerks and other employes

Mrs. John P. St John, wife of the famous Prohibition Ex-Governor, is at present and has been for some time superintending the engineering and other work of constructing a tunnel in a gold mine at Cripple Creek, in which her husband has a controlling imerest.

A meeting of newspaper publishers throughout the country at some centrally located city is contemplated at an early day to consider the question of the Paper Manufacturers' Trust, which has been lately organized. The movement for the mee.ing has its origin which the American Newspaper Publishers' Association.

America's first female sheriff was appointed at Springfield, Mo., this week. A fiveday deadlock ended in the county court by the appointment of Mrs. Helen C. Stewarc to be sheriff of Greene county, to sacceed her husband, who died a few weeks ago. As the sheriff must preside at all executions for capital crimes, Mrs. Stewart may yet become the world's first woman executor.

To Settle Florida Lands. The firm, which is composed of Messrs,

Clav & Hart, both of Iowa, have purchased about 200,000 acres of land in Florida, upon which they propose to locate a desirable class of settlers. Messrs. Clay & Hart have had a great deal of experience in this line, having recently brought from Holland 1,000 emigrants to Wisconsin.

Col. J. W. Patton, the local agent at Jacksonville, Fla., says that the first settlers will arrive there about the latter part of September and would consist of a party of about thirty of the representative gentlemen who will form the colony and that they are the advance guard of a much larger number who will come in October.



Soon after Mr. Ransom's appointment to the Mexican mission there was considerable discussion in the newspapers and among public men as to whether his incumbency of the office was legal. The matter was considered informaily by the President and members of the cabinet, but as no formal question on the subject was raised by any officer of the government, the status of Mr. Ransom was not impaired, So far as can be ascertained Mr. Ransom continued to draw his salary of \$17,500 a year, but it was only recently that Auditor Holcomb, when he came to pass upon the accounts; found himself unable to decide whether he could approve the payment of Mr. Ransom's salary, n view of the fact that he had been a mem ber of the Senate when it was increased The matter was accordingly submitted to the

attorney general for an opinion. The decision rendered to-day by the acting Attorney General also disposes of another matter in which Mr. Ransom was pecuniarily interested. Nearly three months ago he re turned to the United States quite ill, having obtained sixty days leave of absence. He spent most of the time recuperating in the North Carolina mountains and then obtained an additional leave of thirty days. Under the regulations of the diplomatic service, Mr. Ransom was entitled to sixty days annual leave and to thirty days sick leave additional, a total of ninety days. There is no provision for a further extension for any reason and diplomatic or consular officers who have exceeded this quota, have not received pay for the period they remained away from their posts. Mr. Ransom's ninety days are nearly up and last week he came to Washington to ascertain if his continued ill health would secure for him a further extension with pay. That question was not disposed of and there is now no necessity for an opinion on it, in Mr. Ransom's case, at least, as the acting Attorney General's decision disposes of everything relating to his emoluments,

Mr. Ransom was elected to the Senate in 1872, and served continuously from April 24th of that year until February 23rd, 1895, when his nomination to the Mexican mission was sent to the Senate and immediately confirmed by that body, and until the 4th of March, when his term expired and his comission as minister to Mexico was signed by the President. He was a member of the Seuate when the diplomatic and consular appropriation bill was passed, which contained a rovision raising the post of minister to Mexico from a mission of the second class to a mission of the first class, and increasing the salary of the office from \$12,500 to \$17,500 a It is due to Mr. Ransom's occupancy vear. of a seat in the Senate chamber at that time that he is to-day without an office and that he is technically a debtor to the government for the amount of salary he has drawn since assuming his diplomatic post. Whether or not he voted in favor of the increase is of no consequence; the fact that he was a member of the Senate when it passed the diplomatic and consular bill as stated, operated against

him in holding in a legal manner any Federal civil office "which shall have been created, or the emoluments whereof shall have been increased" during the time for which he was elected S-nator.

Mr. Ransom succeeded Hon. Isaac Gray, ex-Governor of Indiana, who had died a short time before. After a visit to North Carolina, retarning to Washington to receive instructions, Mr. Ransom left here for the City of Mexico on March 30th. He arrived at his destination quite ill. The high altitode of the Mexican capital had affected his heart and accentuated a trouble from which he had been suffering for many years. Mr. Ransom was i'l most of the time he was in Mexico, and he was advised by his physician to return to the United States for treatment and recuperation. Following this counsel he came to North Caarolina in May, and has esort in that been at a nei his home in Weldon most of the time since. Foreirn Population of Shanghal. He is now at Weldon. While in Washing-Consul-General Jernigan, at Shanghai, has ton last week the minister paid several visits to the State Department with reference to the question raised by Auditor Holcomb. Just before returning to North Carolina he said his health had improved sufficiently to permit him to go back to the City of Mexico in about a month. The constitutional provision through which Mr. Ransom has been deprived of office does not bar him from being re-appointed to the Mexican mission. He could have been appointed without violation of the have been appointed without violation of the law or constitution at any time after, the hour of poon on March 4th, last, when his senatorial term expired. It is believed that President Cleveland will, upon being official-ly notified of the condition of affairs, re-appoint Mr. Ransom to the office which nearly every Senator united in asking the President to do last winter.

The Alliance and Polk had the Democra party in North Carolina in their breeches pocket, but you went out and lost. But the solid South was broken up in the last election. Jarvis and Ransom went over the State trying to eatch the Senatorship, but this young man (pointing to Butler) cooned up a tree, got the persimmon and away he went. (Great applause.) But with the breaking of the solid South came the breaking of the solid North. I'll stand by the Democracy if it purifics itself, but I'll never

follow thieves and rascals. It is the duty of the people to consider carefully the financiail issue and to follow where their interests lead them. The old Puritans and their descendants, acting on he principle that the world was created for the saints, and we are the saints, had gov-

power. The Democratic party had always been committed to bimetallism, but when it

did not fulfil its pledges the Alliance came

along and taught that we would no longer

stand by Democracy unless it did some-

The speaker blamed the free silver "re-

form" clement in the other Southern States

for not capturing the Democratic machinery

in the State, as was done in South Carolina.

thing.

erned this country long enough. Mr. Tillman then went into a long discussion of what money is, Carlisle says that law cannot affect the value of a metal. That statement is al-surd. Talk about flat money Gold is as much flat money as any other, and because the law makes it so, and silver bullion can't be carried to the mint and coined as gold, simply because the law forbids it.

The old arguments of the silver men were gone over, that prices fell because of striking down silver, that silver was demonetized by a sneaking legislation in 1873, that the panie of 73 was the result. The national bank question was discussed. The speaker asked if Government bonds were so good, why was not a little flat paper good too? The bonds themselves were flat, he said, nothing but a promise to pay. Paper is not a desirable investment, say the gold bugs. Ah, that is where the shoe pinches.

Cleveland and Carlisic came in for abuse for arranging the last bond issue and letting England dictate the terms of it. There is not enough money in the country. Metallic money has been stricken down and until we get it back we will such the hind teat that has got ne milk in it. (Laughter and applause.) Demceratic politicians howled for a long time about the tariff iniquity. Did Cleveland call Congress together to repeal the high tariff or to repeal the Sherman law?

What is to be done? Can the Democrats of the South and the Populists of the West get together? Will they let bygones be byzones and fight together against Wall street? We have only eighteen months to work, and if desirable men of all parties don't come together in that time we will have our hands fastened in shackles. We will have gold bonds forced on us, and be tied hand and foot for a generation. He would work to have his State put out an election ticket which would cast its vote for a dyed-in-thewool silver man. A man cast of the Mississippi would do. Western Republicans hate the name of Democrats. Southern Demoerats hate the name of Republican. We can't join the Populist party because you have too many cranks at your head.

We are here to consider how to get together. If we in South Carolina can't get a silver man for President in the Democratic party, we may have to take one from the Populist party. I would rather have Populism with its cranky leaders than to follow the false leaders in the old party, who have proved traitors. North Carolina is overwhelmingly for silver as South Carolina is. They must stand together. Their interests are identi al.

Tillman spoke about two hours and was followed by Senator Butler, of North Carolina who made a free silver speech of the same length.

The Board of Directors of the North Carofina Railroad met at Burlington, N. C.; on Friday, and leased the road to the Southern Railway for 99 years at na annual rental of 616 per cent. for six years and 7 per cent. for inety-three years which means forever. The North Carolina road will in the foture declare a dividend of 6 1-2 per cent. per anaum, which subjects it to taxation which tax the Southern pays as well as the keeping un of the road bed, depot, etc., as in the old lease.

the Carolina, Tennessee and Ohio Railway, which was incorporated by the last Legislature, with the same object in view as the other project.

Wilmington and other points. The

right of way was secured, and six or

seven miles of the road bed were gra-

ded, but the panic and other obstacles

brought the project to a standstill.

The object in closing out the affairs of

this company is to allow the franchise

and property to go into the hands of

Silver Convention in North Carolina. Tuesday the following paper was cirulated among the Raleigh democrats

for signatures: "Recognizing the importance of an expression of the people upon political questions before the meeting of the

national convention, which declares and settles the politics of parties, and believing that the prosperity and happiness of the great body of the people depend upon the re-establishment of the unit of value which existed prior to 1873 and the remonetization of silver at the ratio of 16 to 1, we recommend that all persons opposed to a single gold standard be called together for consultation at some carly

date." Rich Phosphate Deposits.

The Messenger says that for some days explorations for phosphate deposits have been in progress at the Hermitage plantation, near Wilmington, under the direction and supervision of Professor J. A. Holmes, State Geologist. The tract of land contains about 2,000 acres and so far iwentyfive acres have been explored by borings and diggings. The result has been beyond expectations, as beneath the surface of the land explored is a deposit of phosphate in a strata of three feet in thickness.

The State Farmers' Alliance has elected the following -officers: President, Cyrus Thompson; Vice President, John Graham; letturer, J. T. B. Hoover; secretary, W. S. Barnes, of Raleigh; steward, V. N. Sewell; chaplaio, Rev. P. H. Massey; business agent, T. Ivey, N. C. English and James M. Newberne are made members of the executive committee; J. E. Pearson, delegate to the National Alliance: J. W. Denmark alternate.

Mr. W. K. Parker, of the Cumberland Mills, who lately bought the Wayne couty mill at Goldsboro, has arranged with capitalists of New York and Goldsboro to enlarge the latter plant. Au entire equipment of new machinery will be put in and a company organized with a capital of \$500, 000. Mr. Parker has been authorized

The members of a charch in Davidson county Monday notified a whisky distiller named Leonard that he must remove his still from anywhere near their church. He declined to do so unless they farnished transportation. They bronght nine teams and landed his outfit twenty miles away.

The new Kestler Manufacturing Co., of Salisbury, N. C., has decided upon a plant of 5,000 spindles, and is now receiving bids to erect same; building to be two stories high, 75x200 feet, with steam heat, electric lights, etc. Considerable excitement exists in

their interest. The crop ought to bring fair values, should be judiciously distributed over the selling season without allowing the deliveries to be too great at any time. And I advise that all farmers that can do so, without violating a contract, should market their crop as slowly as they can, or at a ratio of one-third less than last season; the equilibrium of prices will be thus fairly retained, and we will come much nearer receiving the commercial value of our product.

erops upon the market hoping to receive better prices before a decline. This action

upon the part of the farmers will accomplish

the intention of the manipulators of the

market and is to be deprecated as suicidal to

"It will be remembered by many that previous to our civil war, on account of the lack of transportation facilities, it required from seven to nine months to market the common cotton erop. We now sell the bulk of it, which is three or four times the size, in about three months, thus congesting the market, making competitors of ourselves in the mad rush to get rid of our product, while upon the other hand a judicious gradual distribution of the same over a greater period of months would be conducive to competition between the manufacturers who are obliged to have our material and their running after as to buy our product instead of our baving to run after them to sell it to them.

"And I desire to im; ress upon the cotton growers the imperative necessity of organization for the accomplishment of this purpose, and all instrumentalities should be epgaged in the achievement of this consummation devoutly to be wished. Doubtless this endeavor will meet with strenuous opposition at the hands of those who recklessly speculate upon the labor of the farmer of the South. He would be offered a little more than the market price to bring in his crop. The argument of risk of fire, loss in weights, would follow with the usual denunciation of advice, but I implore you for the sake of your families rendered destitute by these lespoilers and for the love you bear for our 'Sunny Southland' for all that is sacred to our hearts and to our homes to resist this current that is insidiously, day by day, drawing us into a vortex of poverty and shame and depraving our manhood and increasing erime.

"There never was a more cruel and relentless war waged upon the people than upon the South by England and her emissaries and tory allies, reducing her people from affluence to the pittance of ten cents a day for their labor, which cotton at five cents per pound means.

Too Much Crops.

Farmers in Iowa are actually deploring he super-abundance of their crops for the reason that prices will be so depressed by the tremendous surplus which will exist, that they will not get as much money out of the land as they would have done had lighter crops been reaped.

The Lookout Press.

The Lookout Press, of Chattanooga, Tenn., has just issued a special edition of 50,000 copies that is of especial interest. Cuts of Lookont Mountain, Chattanooga, National Cemetery and a Chickamauga Park monument and observation tower, also a good map of all the battlefields about Chattanooga appear. Short articles on Lookout Mountain, the Chickamanga and Chattanooga National Military Park and other interesting subjects are printed. Our readers can get a copy of this special edition free by addressing the publishers and mentioning this paper. Address (enclosing stamp for postage), The Lookout Press, Chattanooga, Tenn.



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The Property of the Southern.

b storie place as a full money metal equal wh gold. The effort at this late day 'y In her, par excellence, the champion of gold women of the right to vote in school disconconcertallism, the enemy of the policy it | trict meetings. he upheld and the defende of the crime it denounced, san effort to dishonor its foord, its promises and its principles. The manual the Democratic party is forced into - position it heaps coroquy on its own in t and crown i's great adversary with gory and honor.

"Duty to the people requires that the party of the people continue the battle for bimetallism until its efforts are crowned with success; therefore be it

desolved. That the Democratic party in "ational convention asserabled, should de-

mand the free and unlimited coinage of silver and gold into primary or redemption money at the ratio of 16 to 1 without waiting for the action or approval of any other nation.

the tool. Governor Atkinson granted a respite to both persons for sixty days. ation-credit carrency, based on a single metal, the supply of which is so limited that I can be cornered at any time by a few bank-

"liesolved, That it shoul declare its oppo--itea to the policy and practice of surrento the holders of the obligations of the United States the option reserved by the to the government of redeeming such o lations in either silver coin or gold

Cain.

to extend woman suffrage to all local elections failed, as did the scheme to deprive

Mrs. Nobles Respited.

Governor Atkinson of Georgia, has granted a respite for sixty days to Mrs. Nobles and Gus Fambles, who were sentenced to be hanged on Friday at Jeffersonville, Twiggs County, Ga. Judge Smith, who was asked to grant a new trial, declined to do so for lac't of jurisdiction. The attorneys for Mrs. Nobles, Messrs. Harris and W. C.Glenn, then asked the Govornor for a respite for the old woman. They want time to carry the case to the Supreme Court. The attorneys had a petition signed by a great many ladies urging the Governor to commute the woman's sentence or respite her. The negroes asked

the Governor to treat Fambles just as he treated Mrs. Nobles, as the negro was merely

Death of Dr. Richardson.

native of Charlotte county.

Rev. Dr. William T. Richardson, senior editor of the Central Presbyterian, died at his residence in Richmond, Va., on Wednesnesday night. He was 75 years of age and one of the best known ministers in the Southern Presbyterian Church. He was a as Italy.

United States Indian Statistics.

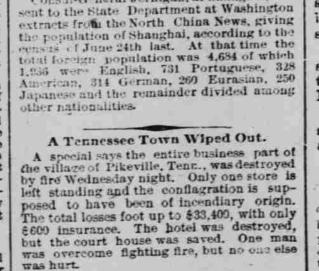
According to the latest statistics of the 247,000 Indians now left alive in this country \$0,000 are today engaged in farming and stock raising. During the past year the In-dians raised 11,722,653 bushels of wheat. 1,373,230 bushels of corn and other grain, and vegetables in like proportion. They mar-keted 30,232,000 feet of lumber. They own 205,844 head of cattle, 1,283,633 sheep and goats. The value of products of Indian labor sold by them is estimated at \$1.220,517. Of the 247,000 Indians 189,000 are self-supporting and 35,000 pay taxes, live outside the reservations and are counted in the general population. At the last election about 22,000 Indians voted. About 30,000 are church members.

10.000 Arrested Annually.

There are, according to statistics, nearly 10,000 people arrested in the United States each year, charged with killing in some way, not always so as to constitute murder, but some form of homicide. This does not mean, however, that there are 10,000 homicides yearly, since it is very frequent for two or more persons to be arrested for the same crime. Still it does mean that with only a little more than double the population, we have nearly four times as many homicides

THE DENIAL SATISFACTORY. United States Minister Ransom's denial that he has made statements to a reporter reflecting on Mexican officials in connection with the extradition treaty, is considered satisfactory in the City of Mexico.

Colonial Relics. The department of Colonial Relics will be one of the most interesting of the Cotton States and International Exposition.



Kill all the Cats.

The British Medical Journal calls attention to the fact that diptheria is often spread by cats. During the last epidemic at Brighton England, it was found that several cats died of diptheria and that beyond doubt the dread discuse had, in a number of cases, been communicated by pussy pets to human beings.

Wilkes county over the appearance of grave robbers in certain sections. Responsible citizens announce the robbery of several graves in Union township.

The Bessemer City Cotton Mill was sold at Bessemer City, under a deed of trust, Saturday and was bought by Mr. S. J. Durham, of Dallas.

W. H. Rand has been elected stewart to the Institution for the Blind, at Ealeigh, succeeding Mr. Grimes.

The Cotton Visible.

In New York the total visible supply of cotton is 2.604,830 bales, of which 2.283,630 bales are American, against 2,144,583 bales and 1.715,483 bales respectively last year. Re-celpts of cotion last week at all interior towns, 3,332 bales. Receipts from planta-tions, none. Crop in sight, 9,705,588 bales.

A Libel Suit.

Governor Woodbury, of Vermont, has brought a \$50,000 libel suit against The Rutland Herald for articles recently published calling him a rumseller and owner of a building in which liquor is sold contrary to law.



want your trade, and if arloen- 1; rans had square dealing will win, we will have it. We challenge the world to produce a HETTER \$50,00 Sewing Machine for \$50,00, or a botter \$20. Sewing Machine for \$20.00 then you can buy from us, or our Agents, THE NEW HOME SEWING MACTINE CO. FOR SALE EY GAINEY & JORDAN Busn S. C.

MONEY