

ford by a Bursting Boiler.

OCCCRRENCES WORTH NOTING FROM ALL OVER THE STATE.

CULLINGS.

laval Reserves Put the Nautucket in Good Shape.

Francis Winslow, commander of the Sorth, Carolina Naval Reserves, rcports that the monitor Nantucket at Wilmington has in ten days been put. n good fighting shape, as far as her machinery is concerned; that the engines are serviceable and that the turret revolves properly. All this work was done by the Naval Reserves alone, but it was paid for by the government. The work was superintended by Chief Engineer Milligan, of the United States Navy.

A MATTER OF GENERAL REGRET

The Scaboard's General Manager Walks the Plank.

General Manager Winder has been retired from the position of General Manager of the Seaboard Air Line, and Mr. St. John becomes General Manager in connection with his duties as Vice-President.

This action is in accordance with an order of the president and a committee of the directors of the lines comprising the Soaboard Air Line system. Mr. E. St. John assumes the duties of general manager of the entire system, in addition to his position of vice-president.

It is understood that the directors also created the position of general superintendent, which will undoubtedly soon be filled. -401

Desperate Whitecaps.

Whitecaps in Carroll County, Vir-

A FATAL EXPLOSION. Two Men Instantly Killed Near San-

A cotton gin boiler exploded near Mr. Gilmer's, about two miles from Cumnock, killing his son, Mr. James Gilmer, and Mr. Walter Gunter. Mr. Gilmer himself was badly bruised, and Mr. Gunter had the top of his head Important Happenings, Both Home blown off, exposing his brains. No other persons were near the boiler at the time of the explosion. Three other

men narrowly escaped being killed, as they left the engine room about five minutes before the fstal accident. The explosion was due to the igno-

rance and carclessness of the fireman, who failed to examine a rusty valve through which the water could not be conducted into the boiler until after the latter had become hot. The boiler was about forty years old and was used to hoist coal at Farmville before the war, One end of the building was completely wrecked and pieces of the

boiler were thrown from fifty to seventy-five yards.

Mr. Gilmer was a native of Scotland, but came to this country several years ago. He was happily united in mar-riage to Miss Rosa, daughter of Capt. Alex. Wicker, an esteemed citizen of that county. She, with an infant child, defenses. survives him. He was about thirtyseven years of age. Mr. Gunter wat about forty years of age, and is sur-

vived by a wife and five or six children. A GRAND WORK. North Carolina in Need of More Just

Like Him.

"Hollywood Inp," at Pinehurst, to succeed Chas. F. Mayer. near Southern Pines, has been opened. Mr. James W. 'Tufts, of Boston, is spending \$450,000 at Pinchurst. The

or indeed in the South. Mr. Tuftshas ordered 30,000 trees from France, to ginia, near the North Carolina line, be planted on his 10,000 acres of land. He has built 35 residences. Some of these have as many as 20 rooms. He will rent two rooms, and a kitchen and dining room, to a man and wife at \$30 a year or for three months. Now the county at once. He is now in these rooms are completely equipped with the exception of bedding and napery. There are 7 or 8 room houses, likewise completely equipped (with the above exceptions) which rent for only \$75 to \$225 for a year or for three



GLEANINGS FROM MANY POINTS.

and Foreign, Briefly Told.

Newsy Southern Notes. Money has been elected United States Senator from the State of Mis-

sissippi. Atlanta has abolished its detective department and assigned the members on the police force.

The Mississippi dead-lock has been broken by the nomination of Money for United States Senator by the Democratic Caucus.

The Mississippi Legislature has passed a law making pistol-carrying a seri-ous offense, punishable by a fine of \$50 and 30 days in jail.

The National Editorial Association, at St. Augustine, Fla., was addressed by Senator Squire of Washington, by Senator Squire of Washington, on the pressing need of better coast defenses.

A verdict for \$1,750 has been rendered in the United States Circuit Court against the Florida East Coast railroad for blacklisting W. E. Willets, a conductor.

Hon. John K. Cowen, Representative in Congress from the fourth Maryland district, has been elected president of the Baltimore & Ohio Railroad,

At Nashville, Teun., the board of directors of the Tennessee Centennial and Industrial Exposition voted to hotel is a beauty, and takes rank postpone the opening of the fair from among the most attractive in the State September 1st, 1896, to May 1st, 1897. Ex-Congressman Oscar Turner died the Venezuelan matter, A bill was introduced the reneal the refunding act of 1870 and the

A Synopsis of the Proceedings of Both Miss Clara Barton Sails on Her Errand of

Houses.

THE SENATE. The Monroe doctrine was the subject of resolutions and discussion in the Senate on Monday. The committee on commerce reported a bill on the subject of naptha launches. Under it, launches less than 15 tons burden shall not require inspection, or an engineer, or a licensed pilot; but launches exceeding 15 tons, carrying passengers for hire; shall be subject to inspection and all the laws of the road. No progress was made on the House bond bill with the free coinage substitute reported from the committee on ographer, and Ernest Mason; interpreter. finance. The Peffer funeral bill gave rise to

some discussion and was disposed of by being referred to the committee on rules. In the routine business of the Senate on Tuesday a "service pension bill" was reported from the committee on pensions, without any recommendation, and was placed on the alendar, A resolution was offered and referred to the committee on foreign relations, requesting the President of the United States to inquire into the arrest and foreible

removal of Mark C. Rodriguez, a citizen of the United States on board of the United States mail steamer Olivette in the harbor of Havana on the 15th instant, and also in the arrest of Louis S. Someillan and his son in . Havana; and if no just cause for such arrests exists; that the President demand their immediate release. The bond bill came up as the unfinished business, but it also went over for the day and business on the calendar was proceeded with and about 65 bills, to which

On Wednesday after the routine business -the presentation of petitions and the introduction and reference of bills-the resolution directing the Secretary of State to send to the Senate the dispatches of United States. consuls relating to the war now carried on in Cuba was reported back adversely from the committee on foreign relations, and was placed on the calendar. The committee on foreign relations reported a preamble and concurrent resolution in regard to the Armenian outrages in Turkey, Senator Walcott addressed the Senate at length on the Yenezuelan question concerning the proposed extension of the Monroe doctrine, and in criticism of the action of the executive and legislative departments of the government. Three set speeches were delivered in the

Senate on Thursday-Warren talked talur. DuBois; the bond bill and free coinage; Dan-iel defended the administration's course in

the American Minister for f resumption act of 1875. A resolution was offered for the appointment of a select comrepresented the first Kentucky district mittee to inquire into the imprisonment of in the House of Representatives as an Eugene V. Debs (in connection with the great Black Sea. railroad strike). A resolution was offered and referred to the committee on commerce, directing the chief of engineers of the army to make a survey across the Peninsula of Fiorida for a route for a ship canal and to prepare estimates therefor. The Senate then

The Convention Adopted Important

Resolutions.

The session of the American Manufacturers The American Line steamer New York left was held in Chicago. The next session will her pier, New York City, flying the Red Cross be held in Philadelphia, the time to be fixed flag from her mainmast, and bearing Miss by the president. A number of resolutions Clara Barton and her company of helpers on the first stage of their journey to Constanti-nople, for the purpose of aiding the dis-tressed Armenians. The party sailing con-tisted of Miss Barton, President of the Na-tional Red Cross Society; Dr. J. B. Hubbell, general field agent; George H. Pullman, Miss Barton's secretary; Miss Lucy Graves, Sten-ographer, and Ernest Mason, Interpreter. were reported from the committee, and adopted without comment, and others after brief discussion. They were as follows:

Whereas, the merchan's and manufacities ers of the country are practically unapinous in the plan of freight rates which would be uniform throughout the United States, would tend to simplify freight rates and make them uniform, just and stable; and

Whereas, while this is acknowledged to be true by most of the carriers themselves, the experience of the past five years show that no relief in this diffection can be looked for from them since the ador tion of such a plan arranged by a large committee of their object freight men, representing all the different interests, was defeated on account of the jealousies of some of the leading carriers; therefore; Resolved; That the national association of

manufacturers of America respectfully and carnestly petition the congress of the United States to authorize and direct the interstate commerce commission to prepare ¢r cause to be prepared at the earliest possible tinic a plan of rates which shall be uniform throughout the United States and to order the same to be put in effect January 1, 1897, on all the failroads in the United States engaged in interstate commerce. Resolved. That it is the sense of this con-

vention that a department of manufactures be established under a secretary of equal rank with the secretary of agriculture and that the executive committee be in tructed to take such steps as may speedily accomplish

said object. Resolved, That the executive committee be requested to consider what action should be taken to prevent the obstruction of traffic business between the States of this Union owing to severe and inequitable laws. Resolved, That the senate of the United

States is carnestly requested to pass prompt-ly and send to the President the emergency revenue bill which was adopted by the house of representatives.

We insist that congress treat domestic sugar as it does wool and other agricultural products and we demand for the beet and cane sugar industries fair legislation and liberal encouragement.

The committee on resolutions declined to report on the resolutions of sympathy with Cuba; on the ground that the manuscript de-

They Are Less Burdened With Debt and Have More Laid Up Than

at any Time Since the War. The Baltimore Southern States Magazine publishes reports from over 500 correspondents in all parts of the South as to the fluancial condition of farmers. These reports show that Southern farmers as a class are less burdened with debt than they have been at any prevlous time since the war; that they are now

vlous time since the war; that they are now more and more every year producing at home their own provisions and becoming less and less dependent upon the West for eorn, flour, pork, hay and like supplies; that growing these things themselves they are saving the enormous profits on them for-merly paid to supply merchants, and that living thus on their own resources they can count largely as profit whatever they may receive for such ection as they grow. While, its a rule, there is little money in circulation, the fairners are living better than ever be-fore in spite of hard times, and because of a fore, in spite of hard times, and because of a wider and wiser utilization of natural re-

sources and capabilities. It is shown, however, that in some sections the proceeds from the sale of cotton and the surplus of other crops has been more than enough to pay up back debts, and that farm-ers, besides buying such needed supplies as cannot be raised, are improving their farms, buying new furniture, vehicles, farm implements, etc., and is some cases are lending and investing money. The reports as a whole, demonstrate that the Southern farmer is much better prepared to make a living than his Northern brother. As emphasizing the foregoing the Southern States publishes a table showing the crop of corn produced in the South in 1895 compared with the two previous years, ' o figures being from the reports of the Departme t of Agriculture, as

follows: STATE 1893. 1894. 1895. Maryland...15,078,221 14,268,234 16,531,205 Virginia....31,234,040 82,195,858 32,607,158 Georgia ... 33,678,277 35,133,735 42,172,481 Florida ..., 4,909,364 6,214,044 6,186,645 Alabama ... 23,528,514 34,760,811 44,376,457 Miss 25,817,179 35,931,213 35,977,169 Louisiana ... 15,216,266 17,880,183 22,574,284 Texas 61,170,965 69,338,676 107,905,565 Arkansas ... 32,110,814 38,437,824 50,359,558 Tonnessee ... 63,649,661 68,060,316 83,133,022 W. Va 14,089,051 12,611,968 16,662,789 Kentucky 68,069 67 892,997 93,939,331 Kentucky...68,008,060 67,892,297 93,939,831

Totals., 435,745,706 483,421,962 607,665,017



Mercy.

The proposed route of Miss Barton and her party is to London, then Paris, Geneva, Baden-Baden, Vienna and then to Constantinople. This trip will probably o cupy about three weeks. She will confer with the Brit-ish, French and German Red Cross Societies and with the International Society in Gene-va, with regard to co-operation with the

American society: On reaching Constantinople Miss Barton will make an appeal to the Sultan through ielp in her work

have become desperate in that section. They have visited the houses of three different parties. One was Lacy Worrell, a man suspected of being a revenue informer. They cowhided him unmercifully and ordered him to leave West Virginia and has sent for his wife and family. Another victim was Will Dalton. He was hung to a limb three times until almost dead and then, after a severe flogging, was turned loose. He recognized several persons months. All this is a God-send for the in the mob and the chances are they poor New England consumptive. will soon be arrested. It is believed that the Whitecaps are an organized crowd of toughs committing their crimes thinking that the distillers in the county will be accused of the same.

Rewards Offered.

A reward of \$50 is offered by Gove Carr for Henry York, a negro about 25 years of age, who stands charged with the murder of John Steele, in Cabarrus county, December 25th.

An executive reward of \$100 is offered for the unknown person or persons who shot James Harris while the latter explosive. was seated, in company with his family, in a room in his home, last month.

A City of Cotton Factories. Charlotte, which now leads all cities in North Carolina as to the number of cotton factories, having nine, adds another. It is named the Charlotte Hosiery Farn Mill and has \$75,000 capital, and H. S. Chadwick is president. It will have 5,000 spindles. Work on it will begin March 1st.

Reward Paid

An executive reward of \$100 has been paid to John W. Willis, the capter of the negro who attempted to asshult and nearly killed Miss Bolton in Nockingham county. Willis went to Danville after the negro and has delivered him at the jail at Wentworth. determined to open formally the Davis

Postmasters Nominated.

The President has nominated Ignaico Sepulvida, of California, secretary of legation to Mexico, and the following postmasters: Virginia--O. T. Wicker, Farmville, North Carolina-W. N. Pritchard, Chapel Hill; W. D. Gaster, Tayetteville.

A social club in Winston prohibits itors will be paid. dancing.

Concord and Mecklenburg Presbyterians are arranging to build and maintain a female college.

It is said that the Ohio River and Charleston Railroad is to survey a line from Shelby to Spartanburg.

S. F. Patterson, of Ilchester, Md., will build a 12,000 spindle cotton mill at Roanoke Rapids, near Weldon.

The coming term of the federal coart at Newberne will be almost entirely occupied by the trials of the negroes who are charged with swindling the government out of pensions. One

TELEGRAPHIC TICKS.

Gen. Weyler, the new captain-general, has set sail for Cuba from Spain,

At Middletown, N. Y., the Deckertown silk mill has been burned; loss, \$60,000.

At St. Mary's, O., a wagon load of nitro-glycerine exploded, killing Sam Angel, the driver, and two horses. The wagon contained 760 quarts of the

At Columbus, O., W. H. Bodine, bank examiner, has discovered \$129,000 over drafts in the Farmers' National Bank of Portsmouth, Ohio.

The Stevens Cotton Mill, belonging to the assigned estate of H. S. Shirk & Sons, of Laucaster, Pa., has been completely destroyed by fire. Loss \$60,-000; insurance \$37,000.

The English government has agreed apon the plan of a commission to settle the claims of the Canadian sealers seized prior to the sitting of the Paris tribunal of arbitration. There will be

an English and American arbitrator who will act with the President of the Swiss republic as third man. At Richmond, Va., the ladies of the

Confederate Memorial Society have mansion as a museum on February 22nd, the anniversary of the inauguration of Mr. Davis as President of the Confederate States.

years

Trust Company has assigned. Depos-

The Orange Judd Farmer places the value of farm animals in the United States at \$1,864,420,000, or \$62,139,and mules.

She Got Back the Ring.

All the romances that sprang from our civil war will never be told, and yet many of them are well worth the telling. A charming little story comes from the South. Mrs. Lewis, wife of the general of that name, chief of the responsible for the accident.

at his home in Louisville, Ky., Thurs- | to repeal the refund day afternoon, at the age of 80. He Independent.

The Democratic executive committee of Alabama met at Montgomery, elected four free silver men to fill vacancies on the committee, and selected April 21st as the date for holding the State convention.

The Republican convention held in the sixth Texas district elected two Reed delegates to the St. Louis convention. This is the third congressional district convention thus far held were Reed men.

One of the buildings at the Tennesee Centennial exposition will be erected entirely with money provided by children of the State. Everything in it and around it will be arrar ged for posed of the second of the general annual the pleasure and profit of the bildr n.

In the tower will swing a fire set of silver chimes. The Baltimore Manufacturers' Reord's weekly summary of industrial

interests in the South shows that several of the oldest and largest New England cotton mill companies are now in-

> Northern News Notes. A Salt vein, 300 feet thick, said to

be the richest in the world, has been found under the town of Little River, Kan.

The will of Mrs. Anna R. Aspinwall, of Pittsburg, Pa., bequeaths her fortune of about \$3,000,000 to the hospital of the Protestant Episcopal Church in Philadelphia.

The National Association of Manufacturers in session at Chicago, Ills., elected Theo. S. Swearcy, of Philadelphia, president for the ensuing year, Thomas Daler having declined a reelection to that position.

An explosion of chemicals in the laboratory of the Swanson Rheumatic Joseph Shakespeare, twice mayor of Cure Company, at Chicago, wrecked New Orleans, died Thursday, aged 58 the contents of the offices on one floor, frightened into panic the occupants of The Clarksdale, Miss., Bank and the building, injured three persons

> A week's steady rain in the lower Missouri valley converted creeks and sufferers and traffic is seriously de-

layed. with a barouche conveying five Sister

of Mercy on Jefferson avenue bridg and four of the nuns and the driver o carriage were seriously injured. The injuries are not regarded as fatal. The motorman of the electric car is held

proceeded to executive business. In the Senate on Friday the committee or priveleges and elections was given permission

to sit during the sessions of the Senate to consider the Dupont election case from Delaware. The concurrent resolution reported Wednesday from the committee on foreign relations on the subject of outrages on the Armenians was laid before the Senate, and discussed at length, and the resolution was in Texas at which the delegates elected adopted. The tdil appropriating \$5,000 for the purchase of lands adjoining the United States naval station at Port Royal, S. C., was passed. After a short executive session the

Senate adjourned until Monday.

THE HOUSE.

The House Monday in a brief session dis appropriation bills-the Military Academy bill. Resolutions and bills were agreed to

extending the time for the completion of Aransas Pass Harbor; donating condemned

cannon to various Grand Army posts; hi-corporating the supreme council thirty-third degree of Scottish Rite Masonry for the Southern jurisdiction; to print 5,000 copies each of the postal laws and the geological survey report on the Cripple Creek, Colo. district. The President's message in response vestigating in the South for locations to the House resolution of inquiry relative for building mills to cost over \$500,000 each. House and referred to the committee on foreign affairs. The urgent deficiency bill was reported to the House. The Military Academy appropriation bill for the year end-ing June 3d, 1897, was taken up in committee of the whole and passed. It appropriates

\$419,117. A joint resolution reported from the committee on ways and means was agreed to, directing the Commissioner of Internal Revenue to destroy all income tax returns and copies thereof made under the provisions of the tariff law of 1894, since declared to be unconstitutional.

On Tuesday a resolution of inquiry reported from the committee on inter-State and foreign commerce was voted, directing the Secretary of the Treasury to inform the House whether or not, in his opinion, the regulations for the safety of the public in ocean travel are adequate, and if so, whether or not these regulations tare being carried out. The House weat into committee of the whole to consider the uncent deficiency bill. A brief general debate ensued upon the subject of the fee system in paying officials of United States courts and the necessity for its reformation, if not abolition. Several unimportant amendments and one appropriating \$5,000 for the survey of Chippewa Indian ands, being added, the committee rose and and caused a property loss of \$10,000. the bill as amended was passed.

Two-thirds of the three-hour session of the House Wednesday was occupied in the consideration of a Senate joint resolution rivers into inland seas. Farms were authorizing the expenditure of \$55,000, all inundated, fences destroyed, bridges told, for the employment of outside assistance to the supervising architect of the 000 less than in 1894. The heavy de-cline has principally been in horses extensive. The railroads are great great supervision of the Chicago public building. The joint resolution was passed. The unanimous report of elections committee No. 2,

that H. C. Milner was entitled to the seat now An electric car at St. Louis collided | occupied by him as Representative from the ninth New York district, and that Timothy J. Campbell, contestant, was not entitled thereto, was agreed to without discussion. The "nervous irritation produced uy the

indulgence of an afternoon of constitutional debate," as Mr. Dolliver, of Iowa, expressed it, was responsible for the only enlivening, feature of an otherwise dry stretch in the

sensation by its partial report Wednesday House proceedings Thursday. Immediately after the reading of the journal Mr. Henafternoon. It had been known for some derson, of Iowa, reported the quorum-counttime that the jury had been investigating ing rule from the committee on rules as charges of bribery against members of the amended to meet objections made to it: original from, and it was agreed to. After | Stat : legislature. In the partial report given out are three such indictments. The accused the transaction of some routine business, the House, took a recess until Friday night. for are all ex-members of the senate. They are J. C. Ohl, of Youngstown, W. C. Gear, of the consideration of pri ate pension bills, and at the conclusion of that session to stand ad-Upper Sandusky, and John L. Geyer of Coinbus. The latter represented the Paulding journed until Monday. There was a fair attendance of members district in the senate, but he recently remov-Friday night, when the House met for the ed to Columbus. Gear is charged with askfirst pension session of the Fifty-fourth Coning Senator George Idea of Newark, for \$250 gress. Among the 13 bills which received o vote for a bill to pay him \$700 to defray favorable consideration were the Senate bili his expenses in a contest for his seat. Ohi granting a pension of \$75 per month to the is charged with asking a like amount to vote widow of the late Brigadier General W. 1 or a similar bill to recompense Senator R. Cogswell, of Massachusetts, and the House H. Gamur, of Zanesville. He is said to have been paid this sum. He is also charged with bill increasing to \$72 per month the pension proposing to give Senator E. M. Avery \$160 of the widow of the late Col. Wm. Dulaney. The House adjourned till Monday. tee. Geyer is charged with asking \$400 to vote for a bill empowering trust companies to administer estates. He asked it of W. F. CUBA LOST TO SPAIN. Burtell of Columbus, who is president of That is the Opinion of the German such a company and prominently interested in the passage of such a measure. It is un-Emperor. derstood that there are more to follow. Senator Geyer and Iden were arrested, and a It is stated upon good authority that the deputy sheriff went to Youngstown for Sena-Emperor of Germany, in conversation with tor Ohl. Ohl, Iden and Avery are Republia guest at dinner in the Castle, expressed his cans and Gear and Geyer are Democrats

of mercy. Port stations for the work will be established at Alexandretta, on the Mediterranean, and Trebizonde and Sassoum on the

Should the possibilities for relief work be found to warrant it M ss Barron will cable for several active members of the Red Cross Society, as well as six trained nurses.

PRINCE HENRY DIES OF FEVER.

Queen Victoria's Son-in-Law Expires While on the Ashantes Expedition. Prince Henry of Battenberg husband of

Queen Victoria's ninth child and youngest daughter, Princess Beatrice, who was taken ill while accompanying the British expedition against the Ashantees, died of coast fever on his return voyage from Cape Coast Castle to Sierra Leone. His death occurred on the British cruiser Blonde. The Bionde put into Sierra Leone, and the news of his death was immediately cabled to the Queen and Princess Beatrice at Osborne, and also to the Admiralty and the War Office. The Queen was intensely agitated upon the receipt of the news, and Princess Beatrice is almost crazed with grief. The Queen's raview of the flying squadron off the Isle of Wight, has now been abandoned in consequence of Prince Henry's death. All the warships in the Solent, the royal yachts and the club house of the Royal Yacht Squadron put their flags at half-mast as a mark of respect to the memory of Prince Henry, and flags were half-masted upon public and private buildings in London and all of the great towns, in which the church bells were toiled when the news of Prince Henry's death was received. At the desire of the Queen Mr. George J. Goschen, First Lord of the Admiralty, has cabled instructions to Commander Henry M. C. Festing, commanding the British cruiser Blonde, to bring the body of Prince Henry to England

with the least possible delay. Prince Henry Maurice of Battenberg was a son of Prince Alexander of Battenberg (Hesse) and the Countess von Lauck, daughter of a former Polish Minister of War, who was raised to the rank of Princess on her morganatic marriage with the ruler of Hesse. He was born October 5, 1858, and married July 23, 1885, Princess Beatrice Mary Victoria Fedora, the ninth and youngest child of Queen Victoria. On the day of his marriage he received the rank of "Royal Highness" by letters patent from the Queen. He was later appointed Governor of the Isle of Witht and of Carlsbrooke Castle, and, although not really an officer of the regular army of Great Britain, he was indicated as a Colonel in the army list. In November last Prince Henry joine t the British Ashantee expedition in a special capacity and sailed on December 7. Colonel Sir Francis Scott, commanling the expedition, appointed him his military secretary. In the early part of January he was attacked with swamp fever at Nyisa and returned Cape Coast Castle in charge of

his illness was not serious. Prince year, Henry was a younger brother of the late Alexander of Battenberg, some ment a time Prince of Bulgaria. The Prince's position at the English court was an uncomfortable, in some respects perhaps a painful one. Like the late Prince Consort, whose popularity in England was wholly posthumous, he was regarded with little favor on account of his Nationality, his relatively in-ferior rank and his lack of wealth.

CORRUPTION IN OHIO.

Grand Jury Presents Legislators for Asking and Receiving Bribes.

The grand jury at Columbus, O., created a

clared the war had ended, extelled the insurgents and denotinced the Spaniards in harsh terms. Richard H. Edmunds, editor of The Manu-

facturers' Record of Baltimore, submitted 3 strong argument in favor of a new cabinet position to be designated as the department of manufacture and commerce, and there was an address upon international banks by Ulysses D. Eddy of New York.

SOUTHERN INDUSTRY.

The Manufacturers' Record Gives a Cheerful Summary. The Baltimore Manufacturers' Record

weekly summary of industrial interests in the South show that increased attention is again being given to textile matters, and that several of the oldest and largest New England cotton mill companies are now investigating in the South for locations for building mills to cost over \$500,000 each. Among important matters reported for the week were the privileges secured at New Orleans by the Illinois Central railroad for the construction of wharves, warehouses and grain elevators at a cost of about \$750,000the intention being to provide increased facilities not only for the export trade, but to give special attention to the development of foreign imports. Cotton mill enterprises show a 5,000 spindle mill at Charlotte, N. C., a 5,000 spindle mill at Monroe, N. C.; is to a 5,000 spindle mill at Monroe, N. C.; is to double capital; a 15,000 spindle mill at Hills-boro, a knitting mill at Winston, a 2,500 spindle mill proposed at Sparta, Ga.; a \$150,-090 mill proposed at Charleston, S. C.; a \$100,000 mill at Beauforf, S. C.; enlargement of mills at Lynchburg, Va. and Eamberg, S. C.; contracts let for a 100,000 car wheel works at Remingham to be activitied for works at Birmingham, to be established by western people and for a \$10,000 bolt and jut works at the same place; a \$300,000 company to build electric plant at New Orleans; a \$40,-000 company at Alexandria, La. to build a 5 ton refrigerating and 25-ton loe making plant; a \$25,000 ice plant at El Paso, Tex., a \$40,000 tanning company at Tyler, Tex.; an extensive enlargement of a gold ore reduction plant at Blacksburg, S. C., including the establishment of chlorination works and a

stamp mill. The sale is reported of 17,000 acres of land near Southern Pines, N. C., to New York colonization agents, who expect to settle about 1.500 families on the property within the next 12 months.

WEEKLY REVIEW OF TRADE.

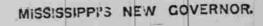
The Week Marked by Apparent Rather Than Real Improvement.

R. G. Dun & Co., of New York, in their weekly review of tra e, say: Failures for fifteen days of January have shown liabilities amounting to \$12,538,617 against \$7,501,209 in 17 days of last year and \$13,658,990 in 18 days of 1894. The failures for the week have been 373 in the United States against 363 last a surgeon, though it was announced that year and 61 in Canada against 590 last

This week has been marked by improvement apparent rather than real. Prices of some products have risen, but only because supplies are believed to be smaller than was expected.

Prices of pig iron and billets have risen. but because coke and ore have been made dearer, and not because of any better demand for finished products. Money has been easier but only beause more has been borrowed from Europe at a time when the actual balance of trade takes money hence to Europe. The Senate still injures all business by doing nothing and the Treasury cannot expect to gain in gold as yet, but losses are less than was expected. It is generally assumed that the new loan will be placed without difficulty. Business at the mills does not revive. Payments through clearing ouses for the week are 65 per cent. larger

Including wheat, corn and dats the Southern States estimates a total grain crop for the States named of 7:10,000,000 bushe's in 1896.



Ex-Senator McLaurin Inaugurated at Jackson.

Ten thousand people witnessed the inaug-uration of Governor McLauria, at Jackson, Miss. Twenty-two companies of the Mississippi National Guard were in attendance.



The address of welcome was delivered by Mayor Clifton, and the new Governor spoke to the multitude from a platform in front of the Capitol. Chief Justice Cooper administered the oath of office in the House of Representatives.

The Engine Blew Up When the Train Was Going at 60 Miles an Hour.

Passenger train No. 21, on the Panhandle, was wrecked a mile east of South Charleston, O. The train was running at the rate of 60 miles an hour when the engine blew up with a report that was heard for three miles, instantly killing the engineer, Clark Trimble, and Fireman Walters. The train carried nine coactes, with two mail coaches, being the through train from New York to St. Louis. The wreck was the worst ever had en that section of the road. The cars were riled up and one mail car was thrown into en adjoining field. A number of passengers were badly bruised but none fatally injured.

Highwaymen Kill a Dairyman.

Michael Ferrage, a dairyman, was killed by highwaymen in New Orleans. He was delivering milk when he was held up. Ferrage struck one of the toot-pads with a pail and the highwayman pulled his pistol and fired, striking Ferrage in the stomach. Ferrage died in two hours. The hold-up occur-red on the corner of Kalvesz and Kerleree streets, one of the principal residence sections of the French portion of the city.



white man of local prominence and wealth is also to be tried.

Peter Cobb and wife, Margaret, stockholders in the North Carolina Railroad Company, who recently began an action in the Superior Court of Guilford County, to annul the lease of opening that contained a lock of her that road to the Southern Railroad hair. In one of the battles of the Wil-

Company, have withdrawn the suit. company, of which J. L. Logan is the field hospital. A friend rememberpresident, and have leased property at ed that the general had always worn Wilmington and will put in a plant for the ring upon the hand of the ampuremoving lint from cotton seed. The tated arm and went back to the hospital company calculates on getting \$12 to search for the missing member. worth of lint from each ton of seed, When he discovered it at length he after the latter has passed through drew the ring from the finger and sent ordinary gins.

Killed His Baby.

Albert Tollis, of Brook, Ind., has been lodged in jail at Fowler to prevent him from long lynched by his neighbors. A few nights ago he became annoyed at -the crying of his oung baby and squeezed its head violently, ausing its death the next days' A charge of murder has been preferred against Tollis.

The Deadlock Still Qn.

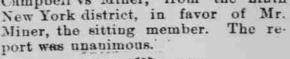
The latest from Kentucky is that there i no prospect at the present time for breakin the deadlock in the Legislature over th election of a United States Senator.

Atlanta capitalists have formed a in his arm, which was amputated in

shoulder.

installation department of the Atlanta Exposition, is the heroine. She was married just at the outbreak of the war. and when her husband left for the fight she gave him a gold ring, which had an derness Gen. Lewis received a bullet

House committee on elections, No. 2. Mr. Johnson, of Indiana, chairman. has decided to contest election cases of Campbell vs Miner, from the ninth



Washington.

Foreign.

Advices from the City of Mexico sav bull-fighting has been interdicted in the republic after the fulfillment of present contracts. The cause is supposed to be frequent daugerous disorder and turbulence at the fights by spectators.

The Red Cross Party Set Sail. Miss Clara Barton, president of the Ameri-

can Red Cross Society, and party, sailed

A Kentuckian's Deed.

it to Mrs. Lewis, who wears it as proud-

ly and reverently as her wedding ring.

Thursday morning on the steamship New Capt. Anderson Hayes, of Hindeman, Ky., York for Southampton en route to Constanseveral days ago shot and wounded James tmople, where she will seek permission to Black and it is believed the latter will die. enter Armenia to administer assistance to Hayes is an ex-Confederate and a strong the needy and afflicted of that country. friend of Congressman J. M. Kendall, He became enraged at the report that Contestant Hopkins had been seated in Kendall's place, He got together and drilled 42 men, declaring that he would go to Washington and whip

with his 1870 celebration, is getting ready the Republicans for seating Hopkins. When told that the report was false, he drew his pepper-box pistol and shot Black in the to celebrate the wars against Napoleon. has just sent \$2500 .rom his privy purse to the fund for a monument in commemoration of the Battle of Leipzig, in 1812.

He

opinion that the Island of Cuba was lost to

Spain. The best course for Spain to take Kaiser Wilhelm, being nearly through the Kaiser is alleged to have said, would be

to come to some sort of arrangement with the United States, whereby she could obtain some substantial remuneration for the cession of the Island but he was of the notion that it was probably too late for even such a

transaction as that now.

Commander Kingsley Falls Dead. Commander Kingsley, United States Navy, of the United States training ship Essex. ying off Yorktown, Va., fell dead from heart allure on board his ship.

than last year, but 28.3 per cent less than in 1893, being less satisfactory than for a long time.

Textile industries do not gain. With materials practically unchanged they halt because the demand for future delivery is so narrow, Cotton manufacturers have for months been storing up staple goods but prices have gradually declined ever since O tober 17th. Woolen goods also tend lower, with small demand, and are practically at the prices of a year ago, though wool is higher.

Condition of National Banks.

The abstract of the condition of the 3,706 national banks on Dec. 13 last as complied by Comptroller Eckels has been made public. It shows that they had \$2,020,960,000 in loans to hold up a State university bill in commit- | and discounts and \$1,720,550,600 in individual deposits. The specie holdings are stated at \$206,712,410, of which \$168,244,439 was in gold. On Sept. 28 last the gold in the national banks was \$162,925,290.

> The Mails Denied to a Thing of Innum-'erable Aliases.

The Postmaster General was denied the privileges of the mails to Frank S. Thomas, alias the Southern Supply Company, alias the Chattanooga Manufacturing Company, alias Cowart Preserving Company, alias Mrs. Bachel V. Thomas, of Cowarts, Ala,

There are a great many people who are tazy in every particular except in the mutter of personal adornment.



GAINLY & JORDAN Dunn. N. C.