

COUNTRY

THE



"PROVE ALL THINGS AND HOLD FAST TO THAT WHICH IS GOOD."

DUNN, N. C., WEDNESDAY, MARCH 4, 1896.

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NO. 8.

J. P. PITMAN, Editor and Prop'r.

VOL. VI.

SALVATION ARMY'S LOSS.

Commander Ballington Booth and His Wife Retire From the Organization.

THEIR SUCCESSORS ARE NAMED.

Mr. and Mrs. Booth Leave the Army Headquarters in New York.—Why General Booth Demanded the Removal of the Former Commander.—Mr. Dewey's Letter From the Commander-in-Chief.

New York, February 27.—The trouble in the Salvation Army respecting a Commander for the forces in the United States has culminated in the retirement of Commander Ballington Booth and his wife, who have withdrawn entirely from the organization.

Miss Eva Booth, the youngest daughter of General William Booth, who came to this country to try to persuade her brother to return to England, was authorized by cable from Bramwell Booth, the General's chief

CHAIRMAN CARTER'S VIEWS.

His Speech in the United States Senate on the Currency Question.

Senator Thomas Henry Carter, of Montana, who is the Chairman of the Republican National Committee, spoke against the House tariff bill, and characterized the Republican who sustained the President's "sound money" policy as "anapies." Senators Sherman and Teller followed in a warm discussion of the money question. It was rumored that Senator Carter would be asked to resign his position as Chairman of the Republican National Committee in consequence of his free silver views and his action, in conjunction with Senator Allen, in defeating the Republican plan for tariff legislation.

Mr. Carter was elected Chairman for the first time at a meeting of the National Committee held in the city of Louisville, Ky., in 1893. He managed the Presidential campaign of 1894 which resulted in the defeat of Benjamin Harrison for a second term.

NORTH STATE CULLINGS.

SALISBURY IN PROUD.

Work on the Shops to Begin at an Early Day.

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"This question has had the constant attention of the officers of this road, but it has been decided that in view of the changed conditions which exist today, it will be impracticable to locate the shops as planned near your city.

"Salisbury is the most southerly point at which the largest amount of our traffic centers, as it is the terminus of the Western North Carolina Railroad, over which our traffic is constantly increasing, and Salisbury, furthermore, will necessarily be the terminal point for the traffic which will be handled to the Norfolk line, recently established. Salisbury, beside being the natural terminus for the very important traffic from the West and from the Norfolk line, is the central point in mileage between Washington and Atlanta, being 333 miles from Washington and 314 miles from Atlanta; and 238 miles from Manchester, where we have large shops, and 270 miles from Knoxville, where our central shops for the Western lines are located.

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A QUEER MONUMENT.

Will Be the Tallest Monument in a Family Plot in America.

One of the most unique monuments in any cemetery in this country is now being placed in position in Greenwood Cemetery, Brooklyn. This remarkable gravestone is sixty-five feet high, and is said to be the highest monument in a family plot in America. It is a fac simile of a famous Egyptian obelisk and two interesting features which will mark the memorial will be its golden top, visible for miles around, and the inscription. Two sides of the pedestal, says the *New York Times*, are to bear the name of the owner, Millionaire John Stemmie, of this city, in English, and the remaining sides will have Mr. Stemmie's name in hieroglyphics, which will no doubt cause much wonderment among the thousands who visit the cemetery.

It takes fourteen different characters to represent Mr. Stemmie's name, and it is said that the millionaire spent many weary weeks hunting for a brainy man who was bold

SOUTHERN NEWS NOTES.

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Two Architects have Said that the Mississippi Capitol Building at Jackson is Rotten from Roof to Cellar and Likely to Fall at any Time.

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LATEST NEWS

IN BRIEF.

GLEANINGS FROM MANY POINTS.

Important Happenings, Both Home and Foreign, Briefly Told.

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THE FIFTY-FOURTH CONGRESS.

A Synopsis of the Proceedings of Both Houses.

THE SENATE.

MONDAY.

In the Senate Monday the bill granting a pension of \$200 a month to the widow of the late Secretary of the Interior, Mr. Morgan Walter G. Gresham, was amended to make the amount \$100 per month and passed.

House bill to provide for the extension by five months of the time within which suits may be brought to vacate and annul land patents to railroad companies, was reported from the committee on public lands, discussed briefly and passed.

The Vice President announced his signature to the urgent deficiency bill.

After short executive session the Senate adjourned.

TUESDAY.

The Senate on Tuesday, by a vote of 33 to 22, declined to consider the House tariff bill.

The last three hours of the day's session were given up to the consideration of the Cuban bill.

Majority report of the committee on foreign relations, Mr. Gray, another member of the same committee, who denouncing Spain in Cuba, and declaring the warmest sympathy with the revolutionists, argued that the declaration of belligerency was solely an executive function outside of the constitutional powers of Congress. Without action on the resolution, the Senate adjourned.

WEDNESDAY.

In the Senate on Wednesday Mr. Cameron presented the petition of the Glass Bottle Blowers' Association of the United States and Canada, urging the re-estimation of the free coinage laws at the rate of 16 to 1.

The army appropriation bill was reported and placed on the calendar. It is the total appropriation of \$24,774,492. The Senate committee increased the amount of the House bill by \$3,500 only.

Mr. Allen, of Nebraska, offered a substitute for the pending Cuban resolution. It authorizes and requires the President to issue a proclamation recognizing the independence of the Republic of Cuba. He asked that the resolution lie on the table.

THURSDAY.

In the Senate on Thursday bills appropriating \$500,000 for two first class railroads for a public building at Newport News, Va., were passed. Also the army appropriation covering compensation for United States district attorneys and marshals. A few unimportant amendments were made to the bill.

FRIDAY.

In the Senate on Friday after a few minutes devoted to matters of no general interest, on motion of Mr. Sherman, the business of the morning hour was disposed of by the resolution for the recognition of Cuban belligerency was taken up and after considerable discussion was adopted by a vote of 45 to 6. The resolution as adopted is as follows:

"Resolved, by the Senate (the House of Representatives concurring) that, in the opinion of Congress, a condition of public peace exists between the government of Spain and government proclaimed and for some time maintained by force of arms of the Republic of Cuba, and that the United States of America should maintain a strict neutrality between the contending powers, according to each all the rights and duties of public international law of the United States.

"Resolved, Further, that the friendly offices of the United States should be offered to the Spanish government by the President for the recognition of the independence of Cuba."

House bill relating to the anchorage and movements of vessels in St. Mary's river on the coast of Oregon, was taken from the calendar and passed.

Mr. Mitchell, of Oregon, chairman of the committee on privileges and elections, gave notice of his intention to bring before the Senate the election case of Mr. Dapout, for the State of Delaware, immediately after the adjournment of the morning business on Wednesday next.

THE HOUSE.

MONDAY.

The Indian appropriation bill was considered in the House Monday, and several amendments adopted. The bill as reported by the Secretary of the Interior from spending congressional appropriations for sectarian schools.

Speaker Reed announced that he had signed the urgent deficiency and diplomatic and consular appropriation bills.

TUESDAY.

In the House on Tuesday the Indian appropriation bill was passed.

Mr. Dingley called up the bill introduced by him and unanimously reported.

Three bills local to the fur seal industry, which the President has entered into negotiations with the governments of Great Britain, Russia, and Japan, were taken from the calendar.

A joint committee to investigate the fur seal industry in all its bearings, and to report what, if any, legislation is necessary for the preservation of the fur seal herd. It also provides for the establishment of a modus vivendi between the several governments under the control of the fur seal, with a proviso that if this modus vivendi is not concluded in time to govern the season of 1896, the Secretary of the Treasury is directed to kill every seal that can be reached on the Pribilof Islands, and sell the skins for the benefit of the fur seal herd.

The House on Tuesday the bill extending the time in which the government may enter suit to annul land patents issued under railroad, wagon road and canal grants, were introduced in a yeas and nays vote—155 to 33.

The resignation of Representative Cowen, Democrat of Maryland, as a member of the committee on banking and currency, was announced by Speaker Reed.

Mr. Leland, California, chairman of the committee on postoffices and post-roads, reported the postal appropriation bill for the year ending June 30th, 1897. The committee has provided for increased fast mail facilities between Springfield, Mass., and New Orleans, La., which provision had been struck from the bill, which was inserted, the appropriation for the service being \$196,000. An item appropriating \$100,000, was added for special mail service between Chicago, Ill., and Council Bluffs, Iowa, via Burlington. Special facilities were also provided for the Kansas City, Mo., and Newton, Kansas, appropriation for this route being \$21,000.

THURSDAY.

In the House on Thursday the argument in the contested election case of Van Horn vs. John Tarsney was resumed. The resolutions of the majority, declaring Van Horn entitled to the seat, and that Tarsney was not elected were agreed to and the contested election in the House was read. This case was discussed at length, but a vote was not taken.

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