

TENLIVES LOST IN A FIRE FIRST OF '96 ELECTIONS

A Four-Story Tenement in Brooklyn Republicans Carry Rhode Island by Proves a Death Trap.

THE WORK OF AN INCENDIARY. A VERY APATHETIC CAMPAIGN.

One Man Escapes to the Roof From the Top Story, but No Sound is Heard From Any of the Other Ten Italians Who Slept in That and the Third Story --- Thrifting Recital of a Survivor.

BROOKLYN, April 2 .- Fire broke out shortly before daylight yesterday morning in the four-story tenement at No. 36 Union street, in the heart of the South Brooklyn Italian colony, and before it was extinguished ten persons were burned to death. The flames did their work swiftly and surely. Only seven people out of seventeen escaped them, and all their effects were destroyed. The building itself was completely gutted, even the panels of the doors being burned through.

Following are the victims: Nicolo Tralia, aged thirty years; trominick Tralia, aged | twenty-four years; Locia Tralia, aged tweaty-four years; Traffa's baby, aged eight days; August Buono, and forty years; Maria Buono, aged thirty-five years; Fannie Buono aged five years; Johanna Buono, aged eightcen monthe; Lucia Calabria, aged eighteen years; Camelo Maratto, aged twenty-five

It seemed strange that so many should have perished in so small a fire. The building was not a large one and the damage to it will be covered by a few thousand dollars. A fire escape in the rear of the building offered a way out to the inmates, and the firemen were on the scene promptly with a be credited, almost without their knowledge,

Only Six Democrats Elected to the Legisla- the South, indicating that the liveliest ture .-- The Democratic Cities Swept by interest is being taken by natives as the Republicans .-- Although He is Re- well as settlers. Boards of trade and Was Reduced --- The Causes.

10,000 Plurality.

elected, Governor Lippitt's Plurality chambers of commerce are arranging to send delegations and some of them are going so far as to prepare samples PROVIDENCE, R. I., April 2.- Bhode Island of manufactured goods, and in Florida yesterday elected a Governor, Lieutenant- one town is to send a delegation of Planters' Oil Mill at Greenville, Miss., Governor, Secretary of State, General Treas- Northern settlers with an exhibit of

urer and Attorney-General. The election early fruits and vegetables. They proresulted in the usual Republican majority. pose not only to talk up their section The following State officers were elected: but to show it up by actual exhibits. Governor, Charles Warren Lippitt; Lieu- The rates from the North insure a large tenant-Governor, E. R. Allen; Secretary crowd of prospectors. The round trip of State, Charles P. Bennett; General Treas- rate from Boston and New York, via urer, Samuel Clark; Attorney-General, Ed- steamers, including meals and state rooms is less than \$16, and the round ward C. Dubois.

The contest was one of the dullest cam- trip from Baltimore is less than \$7 for paigns in the history of the State. The total the entire round trip to Southern ote was somewhat larger than last year Pines. The water route in May, you but this was due to a movement against liknow, will be most delightful, and cense in Providence. The entire Republican State ticket is elect many who are thinking of coming ed by something like 10,000 plurality, and South prospecting will avail themselves the Democrats have only a small representation in the Legislature. There are eight of this opportunity to get down at a Democrats in the present Legislature, but very low cost. The Northern editors the next will see but six. are to be extended free transportation

The city of Providence, which went Demofrom Boston to Southern Pines and cratic last fall, goes Republican by over 2000. The same is true of the Democratic cities of through the South, and many write us Woonsocket, Nowport and Central Falls. Each of these cities has a Democratic Mayor,

KENTUCKY WILL BE THERE. who was elected on local issues. The Governor of Kentucky comes The Republican campaign was fought on the issue of "Protection to Amerrican indus- to the front with a list of twenty deledozen engines. But before their eyes, and | tries." The Democracy made almost no fight gates to the Southern States' convenif the statements of several of them are to at all. In some of the towns the election tion. The Governor shows himself was permitted to go by default, no candidates for the Legislature being placed in the alive to the best interest of the South, and will do all in his power to further fleld. The plurality of Governor Lipplit was reand make a success of this important duced somewhat, and this is attributable to work. He feels, as does every carna number of causes. In the first place, the Governor is not well liked within his own est thinker, that this convention will party, and in the second place, he came out do more toward the upbuilding of the for McKinley against the avowed sentimen South at large than any step that could of nearly all the prominent members of his be taken at this time. The convenparty, as well as the rank and file. The Assembly will be very strongly Retion is to be held at Southern Pines. publican in both branches. This was as ex-May 5th. cted. It was thought that the Democrats would reduce the majority of their oppo-TOBACCO CULTURE. nents in the House of Representatives by A Tar Heel Farmer Gives His Experi-ence With the Weed. the election of a number of members from This was prevented, however, the city. introduction of the license by the Mr. D. V. Davis, of Fork Church, question. The liquor dealers supported the in a letter to the Louisville Home and Republicans. When the Democrats heard of this they sent the word around to vote for no Farm gives this information in regard fixtures, consisting of an elegant outfit license, and as a result many thousand votes to Davie county and tobacco culture of lock boxes, desks, tables and safe, were piled up in favor of absolute prohibithere: This was revenge to a certain extent, tion. This county is situated in that part tired postmaster. He refused to rent but the Democrats did not get the Assembly of the State known as Piedmont, N.C. or sell them to his successor at any men they expected. In the city of Woonsocket the Democrats made a game fight and were defeated but by small pluralities. The result was the same It is very well watered, having several price. streams that go to make it up. Davie is bordered on the east by Davidson in all the cities. county, the old Yadkin river being the dividing line. This river, as is shown BISMARCK'S BIRTHDAY. by the geography, becomes Great Pee

TAR HEEL NOTES. LATEST NEWS THE SETTLERS' CONVENTION To Be Held at Southern Pines Pro-

mises to Be a Grand Success. Mr. John T. Patrick writes as follows: "The Southern States Settlers" GLEANINGS FROM MANY POINTS. Convention at Southern Pines in May

promises to be of the greatest advan-Important Happenings, Both Home tage to the South. Hundreds of letand Foreign, Biefly Told. ters are pouring in from all sections of

Southern News Notes.

IN BRIEF

A big fire at Brunswick, Gs., destroyed the docks . and warehouses of

the Plant System, and other property. The two massive boilers of the exploded, wrecking the mill property and causing the death of five men and the serious injury of half a dozen' others.

Lientenant Col. Wm. H. Forwood, Major Blair D. Taylor and Captain M. C. Wyeth, all of the Army Medical Department, have been detailed to represent that branch of the service as delegates at the annual meeting of the American Medical Association at Atlanta, Ga., May 14th.

The Eagle and Phonnix Cotton Mills at Columbus, Ga., have shut down, throwing 1,700 employes out of work. The shut-down was the result of a strike by the 270 weavers. The weavers prevented others from taking their places. The cause of the strike was a cut of 10 per cent. in the wages of the weavers. After a week the strikers' places will be filled.

The Southern Baseball League will be composed of New Orleans, Mobile, Montgomery, Birmingham, Atlanta and Columbus, Ga. The season opens April 16th, and each club plays 105 Generation of Mr. Allison, chairman of the com-mittee on appropriations, the amendment as to the Oceanic Steamship Company was pass-ed over without action and the rest of the bill was proceeded with and agreed to. Mr. Constitutional Convention as a delegate-at-constitutional Convention as a delegate-at-constitutional Convention as a delegate-at-constitutional Convention as a delegate-atbe composed of New Orleans, Mobile,

each team will travel the number of

miles as follows: Mobile 3,998; Colum-

bus 4,330; New Orleans 4,446; Mont-

gomery 4,623: Birmingham 4,782;

South Pittsburg, Tenn., with 3,500

people, is without postoffice facilities,

owing to the pique of J. J. Ingle, who,

it is charged, was dismissed for incom-

tributing mail from over the tops of

several big dry goods boxes. The old

were the personal property of the re-

Northern Ne.73 Items.

in a Brooklyn, N. Y., tenement house

Lippitt, Republican, has been elect-

The Southern New England M. E.

The color line was distinctly drawn

in the New York M. E. Conference on

hold up the West bound express on the

Washington.

the classified service the assistant

attorneys and law clerks of the De-

partment of the Interior. This order

Conference has endorsed the plan of

admitting women as lay delegates.

ed Governor of Rhode Island by a

plurality of 10,000.

Ten persons perished by suffocation

Atlanta 4,753.

THE FIFTY-FOURTH CONGRESS. A Synopsis of the Proceedings of Both Houses.

THE SENATE.

MONDAY. The bill to approve a compromise and settlement between the United States and the State of Arkansas, arising out of mutual claims for the principal and interest due on State bonds held by the United States and for lands claimed by the State under the swamp lands act and other acts, was taken State bonds held by the State under the swamp lands act and other acts, was taken up in the Senate Monday and was passed after a debate lasting a couple of hours. No other business was transacted except the passage of some bills on the calendar that were unobjected to, including one for a pub-lie building at Indianapolis to cost \$2,000,-

TUESDAY

Mr. George occupied nearly the entire session of the Senate Tuesday in an argument against the claim of Mr, Dupon to the vacant seat in the Senate from the State of Delaware

About half an hour was given to the conideration of the postoffice appropriation

WEDNESDAY.

In the Senate on Wednesday Mr. Butler, of North Carolina, introduced a bill, which was referred to the finance committee, providing that payment of notes, bills, checks, etc., shall be in legal tender money, irrespective of any stipulation in the contract. He ex-plained that his object was to stop gold mortgages and gold notes. It did not affect existing contracts.

A committee of conference was ordered on the legislative appropriation bill, and Messrs. Cullum, Teller and Call were appointed conferees of the Senate. A resolution heretofore offered by Mr. Call,

for an inquiry by the committee on public lands as to the patenting of unsurveyed lands in Fiorida, was laid before the Senate and referred to the committee on public lands.

The postoffice appropriation bill was taken up, the question being on the amendment reported by the appropriations, committee, allowing \$80,000 additional compensation to the Oceanic Steamship Company for carry-ing the mails from San Francisco to New Wolfing and New South Wales. Zealand and New South Wales. At the sug-

Attacked the Same Day He Receives No. tice of His Hemoval. P. J. Clark, at Phoenix, assaulted L. O.

Hughes, Governor of Arizona, while the latter was standing on a street corner reading

the Denver News, sent a telegram about Governor Hughes for which he was discharged, the paper subsequently making an an apology for its publication. Secretary of the Territory Bruce received a despatch from Washington, reading:

"Order for Governor Hughes's removal signed by the President to-day.

"REYNOEDS "Acting Secretary of the Interior." The news soon spread and caused much-surprise. The Governor said he had received no other intimation of his removal. One year ago charges were preferred against him

by members of the Democratic parcy, some of them dating back twenty-five years. Special agents of the Interior Department were sent there to examine into them. The Governor apparently answered the accusa-tions satisfactorily, for nothing was done toward his removal.

He says he will ask for a thorough examination by the Senate into the causes which . prompted the President to remove him, and meet all charges that may be preferred. B. J. Franklin, who has been nominated by the President for Governor, is a lawyer of ability and stands well there. During President Cleveland's first Administration he was Minister to China, and has served two

terms in Congress from Missouri.

NEW LABOR COMMISSIONER.

John T. McDonough, of Albany, Nominated by Governor Morton.

John T. McDonough, of: Albany, was nominated by Governor Morton to the the New York State Commissioner of Statistics of ----

WEEKLY REVIEW OF TRADE.

The Outlook Does Not Appear Very Encouraging.

Dun & Co. and Bradstreet, of New York, in their weekly review of trade say:

The regular quarterly statement of failures is 4,512 with the liabilities of \$57,425,135

weather, begins, though in some branches of business is scarcely visible. As consum-ers make spring purchases they must lessen stocks and compel buying. The stocks taken in advance of consumers' demands last summer have, been distributed far more slowly than was expected, but months of waiting have helped to lesson the load which it is hoped spring buying will clear away. The backward season has been a hindrance, and also the number of hands unemployed in important industries and the low price of farm. products. Apprehensions of foreign or financial difficulties have hindered but are

now soarcely felt. The gigantic steel combination is expected to have a great influence in sustaining markets and stimulating confidence, and though such operations often miss the success they seek, they rarely fail to kindle speculative buying for a time.

Less of encouragement appears in the boot and shoe trade, as buyers hesitate, though leather is still firmly held. The woolen manufacturer does not gain in or-ders, and a large part of the machinery is stopped... Prices of wool have fallen 7% per cent., the average of 1,041 quotations being 13 62 cent. · · ·

Cotton mills still pile up goods in advance of orders, as reductions in prices have failed as yet to stimulate buying. Speculation in products has been tame. Cotton continues to come forward so largely that former predictions of 6,000,000 bales are remembered with derision and the outlook for the next crop continues good.

THE BUSINESS MOVEMENT.

Report of the Munufacturers' Record

Makes a Good Week's Showing. Special reports to the Baltimore Manufacturers' Record covering the business interests Mr. McDonough served his party in the of the South for the past week, show that the negotiations for the capital of a \$1,000,-000 steel plant at Birmingham, although not yet closed, are expected to be settled within a few days. Extensive improvments in the way of increased docking ard wharf facilities at Pensacola are to be added at a cost of \$150,000. The Illinois Central railroad announces that it will spend \$450,000 on its wharf and elevator improvements at New Orleas and about \$650,000 on increased track facilities; a cotton mill at Anderson, S. C., will duplicate its present plant at a cost of \$250,000; a company is being organized at Harmony Grove, Ga., to build a 15,-000-spindle mill and one at Lincolnton, N. C., to build a 50,000-spindle mill; a \$75,000 pack-ing and cold storage plant is to be built at Baitimore; a \$500,000 coal and elay company has been organized at Calvert, Tex.; a \$50,-600 lumber company at Warren, Tex.; a \$100,000 construction company at Norfolk, Ya.; \$30,000 is to be expended in the enlargement of the grain elevator at Norfolk, Va., and of miscellaneous enterprises there has been a large number throughout the South generally, during the past week. INTER-STATE COMMERCE LAW Sustained in a Case Before the Supreme Court of the United States. The long pending case involving the operation of the inter-State commerce law in important particulars, is decided by the Supreme Court of the United States, the opinion being announced by .Mr. Justice Shiras. In the first case, that known as the "Social Circle case," the court held that shipments on a through bill of hading, as in this case, from a point in one State to a point in another, are subject to the operations of the law and this applies to any of the roads making up the through route, although it lies wholly within a single State. It was also held in this case that the inter-State commerce commission had no power to make such schedules as it attempted to do when it put the rate from Cincinnati to Social Circle, Ga., at \$1 per hundred. The judge-ment of the Court of Appeals for the fifth circuit to the above effect, was affirmed.

ocaust was going on while they were bending their energies solely to putting out the flames. One of them said it was fully an, hour after they arrived before they knew that a scene of death was being enacted within the walls of the smoking brick tene-

There were no screams of distress, no out-cries of any kind. The inmates simply smothered and were burned to death like rats in a tran. The position of their bodies when they were found showed that death had not come by the painless, mercifu processes of suffocation. They had been awakened to the realization of their predicament and had sought in vain to avoid it. The bodies were piled in heaps by the rear windows, as if the panic smitten people had sought escape there and had been stricken down. One or two were in an attitude of prayer. The impress of agony was shown of the limbs of all, and the devouring fire had burned every vestige of clothing from them. Only one victim, a girl, had any covering on when the firemen reached the upper stories, and the bodies were seared almost beyond recognition.

There were two incidents of escape. John Calabria, who lived with his wife, Lucia Calabria, and his parents-in-law, the Buonos on the top floor, broke through the smoke and flame to the fire escape, and instead of going down it, clambered up to the top and swung himself by the gutter of the adjoining house to safety. He was unable to rescue his wife, and he said that she had died in his arms, while he was half carrying her to the window. He left behind him to their fate his father-in-law and mother-inlaw and their two children. Calabria is o a small, nervous build, and could scarcely have sustained the weight of anyone on the narrow, perpendicular iron ladder which did duty as a fire escape. He said the rounds were heated red hot when he eized them, and this may explain the failure of the others to follow his example.

Meanwhile another perilous scene was be ing enacted two flights below, where Joseph Esposito lived with his wife Maria, and four children, over the grocery and fruit store conducted by him on the street floor. Carl Esposito, a bright lad of thirteen, told how his family escaped.

"My mother does not sleep well at night. he said, "and early in the morning, while all of us were abed, she was awakened by a crackling sound like a fire makes. She started up and then she saw the flame through the por outside and the smoke coming under the cracks. My father was going to open the door to lead us down the stairway, but she said we could not get out that way. By this time we were all awake. Then my father opened the front window and we crept along the cornice over his grocery front to the butcher shop at No. 40 Union street, which my uncle, Antonio Esposito, keeps. There we were let in at his window. We

were all in our night clothes." The origin of the fire is not known. What is known is that it broke out in the hall on the first floor and swept up through the stairways, cutting off at once all avenues of escape. It is a curious fact that there had been another fire of the same kind half a block down on the other side of the street. and that the engines had only left the scene half an hour before they were recalled to the second fire.

THE PUBLIC DEBT.

There Was a Net Increase of \$5,274,782 in the Month of March.

The debt statement for March issued by the United States Treasury Department shows a net increase in the public debt, less cash in the Treasury during March, of \$5,-274,782. The interest-bearing debt increased \$14,788.970; the non-interest-bearing debt decreased \$579,447, and eash in the Treasury increased \$8,934,741. The bal-ances of the several classes of debt close of business March were: Interest-bearing debt, \$837,404,140 debt on which interest has ceased since maturity, \$1,659,510; debt bearing no interest. \$374,9i0,351; total, \$1,213,984,001. The certilicates and Treasury notes offset by an equal amout of cash in the Treasury outstanding at the end of the month were \$552,902,253, an increase of \$4,357,980. The total cash in the Treasury was \$874,968.-The gold reserve was \$100,000, net cash balance, \$171,641, 947. 748. In the month there was an increase gold coin and bars of \$4,189,711, the total at the close being \$171,885,709. Of silver there Was an increase of \$1,665,284. Of the sur plus there was in National bank depositorie \$27,010,993, against \$24,394,556 at the end of the preceding month.

Castle Park.

The eighty-first anniversary of the birth of Prince Bismarck was celebrated at Friedrichsruh, Germany, with great enthusiasm. The weather was clear and cold, and the sun shone bright. From the railway station, the Postoffice, the castle gates, and many private buildings flags were flying in profusion, and by noon there were many other evidences of a general celebration. Crowds of villagers and strang-ers assembled at the entrances to the



castle park, which were guarded by gen darmes, who rigidly excluded the public. The bands of the Batzeburg Chasseurs, the Hamburg Seventy-sixth Regiment, and the Altona Thirty-first Regiment arrived at 11 o'clock, at which hour a cartload of flowers arrived at the castle, together with a great number of presents for the ex-Chancello The mail brought a package from Naples containing a present from the Emperor. Three special trains brought 2500 person to take part in the torchlight procession in the evening. The paraders, with bands playing, marched to the castle and halted in front of the castle terrace. At about 8

Dee within the State of South Caro-. A Great Crowd Celebrated It in the lina. Davie does well in the production of wheat, corn and tobacco, to-

> bacco being the leading money crop. Cotton is also raised to some profit. I have been raising tobacco for thirty-five years and have been studying the nature of the weed all the way along and have decidedly learned that there is a certain time to cut tobacco better than others. Twenty years ago I discovered this, but to find the exact

time in each year it has taken twentytwo years. There is a sap in tobacco, as in a tree. When the sap raises in tobacco it runs the oil out and is very

When the sap is out of tobacco there is nothing in the plant but oil. It seems to be fat, and if then cut would be very profitable. Tobacco continues to make these changes as long as it stands on the hill, Tobacco raisers of any

experience at all will agree with me on these matters. You have experienced

as follows: 4 per cent. consuls \$3,347,-750; 6 per cent. North Carolina Railroad construction bonds \$2,720,000; total \$6,067,750. The interest on the 4 per cent. bonds is \$133,910, on the

\$297,110. The income from the rental annum. of the North Carolina Railroad will be

for by taxation. There are old bonds | 000,000, a slight increase over March, outstanding which will require the is- 1895, and about the same as for Feb-

fore January 1st, 1897, when the fund-ing act expires. The house of Mrs. Martha Marders, on Lit-Little, of Georgia, to be delivered matter involving deliv

Allison said, however, that he expected to have final action on the bill Thursday as it was expected that the Senate would not be in session on Good Friday.

THURSDAY.

Most of the time of the Senate Thursday was devoted to the discussion of the right of Mr. Dupont, of Deleware to a seat in that body. No vote was taken.

The remainder of the day's session was taken up in the discussion of an amendment to the postoffice appropriation bill, relating to the consolidation of suburban postoffices petency. Peter Bradshaw, the new and changing them into stations and sub-stations. No result was reached and the Cleveland appointee, took charge of the office April 1st, and is now dis-Senate adjourned until Monday next.

THE HOUSE.

MONDAY In the House Monday the Senate joint resolution was agreed to appointing Bernard B. Green as successor to the late Gen. Casey as superintendent of the new Congressional Library.

The sundry civil appropriation bill was then taken up in committee of the whole, after notice had been given by Mr. Hitt, that when the appropriation bill had been dis-posed of he would present a conference report on the Cuban resolutions. After passing over twelve pages of the bill the House adjourned,

TUESDAY. The sundry civil appropriation bill was onsidered by the House Tuesday.

A conference wis ordered on the legislaive, executive and judicial appropriation

WEDNESDAY. The House devoted the whole of Wednesday

to the consideration of the sundry civil appropriation bill.

THURSDAY.

On Thursday the consideration of the sundry civil appropriation bill was practically closed in the House, and the bill was passed as reported from the committee of the whole. Mr. Hitt reported from the committee on foreign affairs the resolution asking the President to transmit to Congress all correspondence in the State Department since Decem-ber 1st, 1895, relating to offers of mediation or intervention by the United States in the affairs of Venezuela, and it was agreed to. FRIDAY.

Baltimore & Ohio at Bremen, Ind., On Friday before the Cuban matter came but police went to the rescue, and up, the House passed 38 private pension bills, which had been favorably acted upon at previous Friday night sessions. In the after a desperate battle three of the robbers were wounded and captured. course of this part of the proceedings, Speaker Reed reversed his famous ruling in the Fifty-first Congress which has been the subect of so much controversy, and declared The Haytien legation at New Vork that a majority of the actual membership of the House constituted a quorum. . In the Fifty-first Congress he held that it required a majority of the actual membership of the Honse constituted a quorum. In the Fiftypolyte, as President of Hayti, and first Congress he held that it required a majority of all the members elected to the louse to make a quorum irrespective of vacancies

Mr. Hooker, of New York, reported the river and harbor appropriation .bill for the year ending June 30th, 1897, which will be called up Monday.

A bill was passed asking the construction of a bridge across the Mississippi river at St. Loui

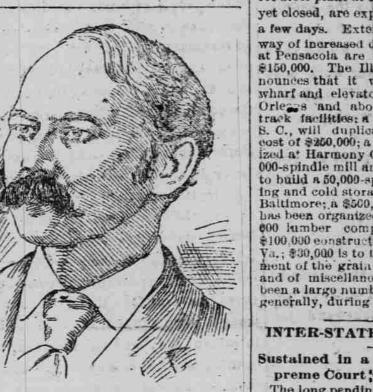
Mr. Hitt called up the report of the con-ference committee on the Cuban resolutions. The report recommended the adoption of the resolutions as passed by the Senate. The report was discussed at length, but no vote was taken. It is probable that the resolutions will be adopted Saturday.

SATURDAY.

In the House on Saturday Mr. Hitt, of Illinois, called up the conference report on the Cuban resolutions.

Mr. Turner, Democrat, of Georgia, argued

large. He was born in Ireland in 1843. When



M'DONOUGH.

he was seven years years old his parents came to this country and settled in Dunkirk. His education was secured at the public schools, St. John's College, and Columbia Law School. He served two terms as Police Magistrate in Dunkirk, and in 1876 was elected Special Surrogate of Chautauqua County. For fifteen years past he has been practicing attorney and counselor-at-law. Mr. McDonough allowed theuse of his name upon several occasions when there was not a ghost of a show of election to fill out Republican tickets.

NEW HAMPSHIRE REPUBLICANS MEET In Convention at Concord They Declare for

Reed or McKinley.

The New Hampshire Republican State Convention held at Concord incorporated in its platform a declaration favoring the nomination to the Presidency of either or McKinley. It is proba-Reed that, the delegates-at-large will ble vote for Reed on the first ballot, although even this is by no means assured in the event of a close division, in which McKinley would need them to secure a nomination. After the first ballot they may be counted with reasonable certainty for McKinley.

A proposition to auplicate the Massachusetts currency plank, favoring the gold standard, was overwhelmingly defeated. The following plank was adopted: "We demand the enactment of currency laws that will provide a circulating medium in gold,

silver and paper, which will always be interchangable at its face value, because each and every dollar of it is of the same purchas-

ing power as a gold dollar. Senator Chandler asted as Chairman of the convention.

KILLED, IN A CLOUDBURST.

Several Lives Lost and Property Destroyed in Kentucky.

A cloudburst devastated a strip of country in Clay and Gwsley Counties, Kentucky, and destroyed several thousand dollars' worth of - property and cost several people their lives-

The Cotton Crop Movement.

Secretary Hester's New Orleans cotton exchange statement: Semi-weekly movement at thirteen leading interior towns: For '96, receipts 15,516 bales; shipmente-26,789 bales; stock 240,418. For '96 receipts 25,767; shipments 54,300 bales; stock 241,041. For '96, receipts 11,947; shipments 16,020; stock 206,-173 bales.

Secretary Hester's cotton crop 'move-ment from September 1st, 1895, to March Sist, 1896, shows: Port receipts' ±,786-593 bales against 7.357,601 last year, 5,-459,002 year before last and 4,538,310 for the same time in 1893; overlands to make and Canada 725,876 against 974,523, 739,527 and 757,031; interior stocks in excess of Septem-ber 1st, 254,337 against, 252,908, 182 797 and 255,303, Southern mill takings, exclusive of consumption at Southern outposts, 600,831 against 609,895, 535,625 and 519,652,327 on in sight at close of March, 6,427,607 against 9,194,927, 6,916,951 and 6,070,108, Wrop brought into sight for the month of March 375,605 against 608,015, 809,343 and 255,762

Carlisle's Forthcoming Labor. Speech

at Chicago. Secretary Carlisle's address on April 15th at Chicago, it is stated, will be purely nonpartisan. It will be devoted solely to, a discussion of the financial problem in rela-tion to labor. It is stated in Washington

SOTTV

p. m. Prince Bismarck, attired in the uniform of a cuirassier, over which he wore a gray cloak, appeared upon the terrace and was

greeted with enthusiastic cheers by the thou-

has just received a cablegram announccutting tobacco one week, when it may ing the election of Gen. Tieresias Sicure up all right, and then cut off the same piece the next week, and it will monsam, Minister of War under Hipcure up sorry. that the country continues perfectly Our Bonded Debt and Income. quiet. The bonded debt of the State is now The President has further amended the civil service rules by placing under

includes about thirty persons whose 6 per cent. bonds, \$163,200; total salaries range from \$2,000 to \$,700 per

The official figures of government re-\$225,015, and if all this should be set | ceipts and expenditures for Marchshow aside to meet the interest on the bond- a deficit for the month of \$1,250,000 ed debt (\$297,110) there would be left and for the year to date of \$19,000,000. a deficit of only \$72,095 to be provided The receipts for March foot up \$26,-

sue of \$270,910 in 4 per cent. bonds, ruary, 1896.

the proposition to put a negro on the bench of Bishops. The boiler of a portable saw mill, owned by Fredrick Groves, of Miamisville, O., exploded. Two men killed and three injured, one fatally and the other seriously ·Five desperate men attempted to

Hayti's New President.

The National Assembly of Hayti elected as President General T. Simon Sam, Minister of War and Marine in the Republic. Affairs in the country are in the most peaceful condition.

Three Men Rob a Train.

The eastbound cannonball train No. 6 on the St. Louis and 'Frisco Railroad was held up three miles east of Lebanon, Mo., at 1.03 o'clock a. m. by three masked men and the safe blown open and robbed. The robman, stopped the train, and with the engineer in front of them marched to the express car. The messenger refused to open up and the door was blown open with dynamite, the safe cracked and its contents removed. The passengers were not molested The engine was detached and ran by the robbers to Sleeper, where it was abandoned. The Wells-Fargo officials at St. Louis say the mount of money obtained by the men was aly \$1277.

sands assembled to do him honor. The bands played a thanksgiving hymn, after which Herr Staelin, a merchant of Hamburg, delivered an address thanking the Prince for what he had done for Germany, which, he declared, would ever be faithfully remembered.

Prince Bismarck returned thanks in a brief address in which he quoted the words of Martin Luther that "the good will of one's neighbors is a necessity for a German Christian." Before retiring from the terrace Prince Bismarck, uncovering his head, said. in a trembling voice:

"My body is unable to stand long fatigues," and added, in faltering tones: "My heart goes out with you." At this the women sobbed, and the men cheered and shouted: "Wiedersehen," "Wiedersehen," and these cries were continued until the last of the crowd had taken their departure. The present of Emperor William, which was forwarded by mail from Naples, con-

sisted of a small photograph of the Emperor and his family, upon which was inscribed in pencil: "First of April, 1896. Wilhelm, Imperator, Rex."

Governor Hughes Refused to Retire. The Interior Department authorities at Washington, on receipt of a telegram from Secretary of State Bruce, of Arizona, that Governor Hughes refused to vacate his office. sent a telegram to Hughes, advising him of his removal, and to Bruce, instructing him to take possession of the office as Acting Governor under the law.

Where Bleached Blondes Are Plentiful It is said that every man, woman and child that lives at Point San Pedro, Cal., is a bleached blonde. This peculiar condition of of his State that their wool has been affairs is due to the chemicals used in the powder factory at that place. cheapened by protection?

ing act expires. -North Carolina Banks. There are in this State, according to Chief Clerk Denmark, 89 banks, of

which 27 are national, 40 State, 16 private and 6 savings. The loans and

discounts are \$12,954,278; the total resources \$20,007,336. The capital stock paid in is \$2,886,000 for for national banks, \$1,980,435 State banks, \$294,000 for private banks, and \$334,315 for savings banks; total, \$5,296,750. The total surplus

fund \$1,074,607; undivided profits. \$529,984; national bank notes outstanding \$673,075; individual deposits. \$5,058,736; in national banks, \$3,293,-721; in State banks, \$761;511; in private, \$718,617; in savings; total \$8,530,149; United States deposits, \$99,402.

Do High Taxes Make Low Prices ?

"There is not an article that we make to-day made possible by a protective tariff that has not been cheapened by protection to the American consumer." -Hon. William McKinley. If this is true, why do Major McKinley and the high tariff press denounce the Wilson tariff because, they say, it has lowered prices? Protectionists

claim that our wool growing industry was made possible by the tariff. Will the Ohio Major dare to tell the farmers

signed. Little was several times Speaker of the Georgia House of Representatives and afterwards Attorney General of that State.

the committee on ways and means,: stated that from present appearances Congress could adjourn by the 15th of May. He was not prepared to say that an adjournment would be reached at that early date owing to the possibible contingencies, but he saw no reason why ajournment should be delayed after June 1st.

Foreign.

At Friedrichsruhe, Germany, the eighty-first anniversary of the birth of Prince Bismark was celebrated with great enthusiasm. peat there that experience.

Oklahoma Don't Want Greer. County. The Supreme Court at Guthric, O. T. refused to recognize Greer county, just added to Oklahoma by the Suprema Court of the United State, as a county and attached to Oklahoma 500 miles away for judicial purposes. This leaves the county as an unorganized territory with 20 murderers applying for write of hatenas corples. West's

sympathy for any people struggling for free-dom, but it is not a question of sympathy. It is a question which effects our own interests and which relates to our duty as a member of the family of nations. It also deals with Representative Dingley, chairman of our daty under treaty stipulations with othernations.

These, as Mr Turner said, involved all the reasons which he advanced for opposing the resolutions. In the course of his remarks Mr. Turner referred to the trying circumstances in which the Southern States stood during the reconstruction period following the rebellion, and called the attention of the House to the fact t at in Cuba there existed a condition which was not equalled in any Southern State. The Anglo-Saxon race had the instinct of government and no other race had it in nearly so large a degree. A contention for the mastery between the two races in Cuba, Mr. Turner said, would be inevitable. Having had an experience in reconstruction he would not willingly undergoit again nor do aught to bring about conditions of things in any country that would re-

The Only One of His Kind. Prof. J. W. Hoffman, of Tuskegee Institute, the only distinguished negro-scientific agriculturist of America, has been elected a member of the Massachusetts Horticultural Society in recognition of the work he is do-Utica, N. Y., has got up a patition with 1200 signatures asking for a surfew bell to be rung at 9.30 cvery night. ing for the race along scientific lines and for

Little, of Georgia, to be Assistant Attorney General, vice John Hall, re-signed. Little was several times hours after the rain before he could reach the place. At last accounts the podies of the wife and child had not been found. Three or four other houses were also torn down, but no other deaths have been reported. People have been made destitute by the destruction of their provisions and feed for

Enormous Resources of National Banks.

their live stock.

The enormous resources of the National banks of the United States are shown in the last abstract of their condition, made publie by Controller Ecke's. The 3699 Na-tional banks had, February 28, 81,951,344,-781 in loans and discounts, \$192.036,-933 in stock and securities, a lawful money reserve of \$337,259.922, of which \$156,000,010 was in gold; capital to the ertent of \$653,994,915, surplus fund of \$247,-178,188, undivided profits of \$87,041,526, un-paid dividends of \$1,233,515, individual desits of \$1,648,092.888, and bills payable of

220, 104, 667. and that had not

Shot His Wife and Himself.

At Kansas City, Mo., Henry Hill shot, ht rife; Dottie, and then himself. Death in tach case was almost instantaneous. Hill was twenty-eight years old and his wife wenty-one. Jealousy was the cause. They same from Charleston, Mo., several weeks

Nevada's Gold Output.

The Superintendent of the Mint at Carson. Nevada, reports Nevada's gold eutput for. 1895 as \$1,780,200, an increase over 1894 of \$559,500. The coining value of the silver product of Nevada for 1895 is given as \$1,-052,000, an increase over 1894 of \$54,500.



GAINEY & JORDAN Dunn, N. C.