"PROVE ALL THINGS AND HOLD FAST TO THAT WHICH IS GOOD"

DUNN, N., C. WEDNESDAY. JULY 1, 1896.

## LATEST NEWS IN BRIEF.

GLEANINGS FROM MANY POINTS

important Happenings, Both Home and Foreign, Biefly Told.

Southern News Notes.

At Ocala, Fla., while Duke Graham and Tony Dice were in a boat on Silver Springs Run spearing fish, they were fired on from ambush. Graham was killed and Dice wounded.

The Seashols Dry Goods Company, of Louisville, Ky., has made an assignment to the Louisville Trust Company. The assets are estimated at 2115,000, and the liabilities \$73,000.

At Jeffersonville, Ga., Mrs. Elizaboth Nobles and Gus Fambes were resentenced by Judge C. C. Smith to hang on the 7th of August. The judge directed that Mrs. Nobles be hanged firet.

At Washington, Ga., in the trial of J. L. Sutton, charged with being acressory before the fact of the murder of R. L. Hinton, the jury after staying out four days and nights, returned a verdict of acquittal.

Consul General Lee's brother, Capt. Dan. M. Lee, of Stafford county, Va., who is in constant correspondence with his brother, denies emphatically that Gen. Lee has written the private letter concerning Cuban affairs.

The Loan and Savings Bank of Charlotte, N. C., is short to the amount of \$4,500. John E. Oats, president of the bank, has published a card to the public guaranteeing each and every depositor that the shortage is covered by his bondsmen, and that the bank will continue to do business at the old stand as usual.

Northern News Items.

The four round fight between ex-Champion James J. Corbett and Tom Sharkey at San Francisco, was declared a draw. Gen. Benjamin Harrison was chosen

President of the Indiana State Bar Association at its organization in Indianapolis Tuesday. The New England Granite Com-

pany's works, at Mason, N. H., have been destroyed by fire. Loss, \$50,000. Two hundred operatives are thrown out of employment.

The Bank of Salt Lake City, Utah, formerly the American National Bank, has closed its doors. The owner, J. H. Bacon, says all the liabilities will be paid in full.

The jury in the case of Mrs. Mary Almont Livingston Fleming, of New York, charged with having poisoned her mother, Mrs. Bliss, has returned a verdict of not guilty.

The directors of the Naumaukee, Mass., Mills, have decided to further curtail production by shutting down No. 3 mill. No. 5 has been closed since the first of the month. This shut-down will reduce the total production about one-half. The company's other mills will run four days a week.

Prince Lief, Byron McClelland's chestnut colt, won the National Derby Saturday at St. Louis, Mo., in recordbreaking time from a field of the best three-year-olds on the turf. The weather was ideal, the track never faster, and the attendance 25,000. Purse, \$20,000.

Cornell's team won the boat race from Harvard at Poughkeepsie, N. Y., after a hard struggle for the victory by the latter, making the rowing in 10 minutes and 18 seconds, four seconds shead of her formidable rival, 84 seconds ahead of the Pennsylvania crew, and 33 seconds ahead of Columbia.

Foreign.

Henry M. Stanley, M. P., the Arctic explorer, is ill in London with inflammation of the stomach. He has been unable to take food for several days, and his condition is serious.

A dispatch from Bayruth, Syria, says that during the recent fighting between the Turks and the insurgent Druses in the Hauran districts, the former lost 300 men killed.

The German Derby, a race that is worth 175,000 marks to the winner, was run Saturday at Berlin, Germany, and won by Trolhetta: Dandar was second and Ganasche third. There were 25

The portuguese government has granted to Great Britain permission to land troops at Beira, in the Portuguese South African possessions, for the purpose of marching them into Matabeleland to quell the Matabele

uprising. John Scott, the last of the old law reporters, has just died in England at the age of 98. His first volume of reports of cases in the Common Pleas, to which court he was always attached, is tor 2 William IV, the year 1832. He compiled 90 volumes of reports in all.

Washington.

Secretary Olney has received from Sir Julian Pauncefote, the British ambassador, a formal request to use his good offices to secure the release of the British surveying party who were arrested by Venezuelan police.

Confederate Monument in New York. Arrangements are being made to dedicate the monument in Mt. Hope Cemetery, New York, in honor of the Confederate Veterans, on Labor day, but if not then perfected, on Thanksgiving day. The G. A. R. will not take part as a body, but many Grand Army Posts will be represented. The monument is a stately obelisk of granite.

Just the Same Thing.-"Say, loan me \$10 for about a week?" "Can't; haven't got but five." "That'll do-led me the five for two weeks!"-Chicago Rec-

## LADIES' DAY AT CANTON.

Public Reception to Major McKinley, His Wife and Mother.

NON-PARTISAN DEMONSTRATION

Thousands of Women Greet the Candidate for the Presidency and Family--- Flowers and Speeches of Congratulation From the Home Folk for Mother and Wife--- No Men Actively Participated.

Canton, Ohio, June 27 .- Five thousand of the hundred thousand people of Starke County greeted ex-Governor McKinley, his wife and mother at a public reception by the women of Canton, late yesterday afternoon. And of these five thousand there was not a man present besides the Governor, the patrolmen at the doors, and two score report-

It was a non-partisan affair. The house was darkened and there were handsome floral and electric light effects. Two hundred handsomely dressed women assisted in the reception. There was music, and the beautiful home of the late Jacob Miller, with its great rooms and broad lawns and shady trees, presented a scene long to be remem-bered. For a half dozen blocks each way the streets were crowded from 2 till 6 o'clock.

Mrs. Alice Danner Jones, one of the most eloquent women of Ohio, presented Gover-nor McKinley, his wife and his mother, who is eighty-seven years old, from the balcony overlooking the lawn. Major McKinley thanked the assemblage for the compliment to his wife and mother, and concluded by saying that no man could

have a higher ambition than "to merit the

approval of the mothers and sisters of his



MRS. WILLIAM M'EINLEY, SR. (Mother of the Republican candidate for President.)

sat Mrs. McKinley and the Major's sweetfaced mother. They merely bowed to the multitude. The Major stood upon the floor and shook hands at his usual rate, thirtythree for every minute, pronouncing each name as it was given to him, and frequently

adding a pleasant word or two. For blocks and blocks the street was filled with waiting carriages, and in the yard a surging sea of parasols told of thousands of vomen of high and low degree impatiently awaiting opportunity to pass between the ribbons held so as to form an aisle by the younger matrons of Canton.

CORNELL THE WINNER.

First in the Greatest 'Varsity Race of the

Year. The 'Varsity boat race was rowed at Pough-

keepsie, N. Y., over the Hudson course, the finest in the world and under perfect conditions. The little crew, representing Cornell University, won from Harvard by four open lengths in nineteen minutes, twenty-nine econds, which breaks the American collegiate record for four miles. The University of Pennsylvania boat lapped that of Harvard. Columbia was twelve lengths behind. The race was rowed and won in the pres-

nessed a race in this country. Probably 30,-000 people saw the Cornell and Harvard crews make their magnificent struggle. The crimson men led for two and a half miles, with Cornell and Pennsylvania so close as to be dangerous. For two miles these three crews were close together. There was not half a length between any two of

ence of more people than ever before wit-

The struggle between Cornell and Harvard up to the third mile was as grand a fight as was ever seen on the water. Cornell gained inch by inch until their boat forged ahead, and then Harvard, though upon almost even terms, had to drop back beaten.

Pennsylvania was three lengths behind Harvard at the beginning of the fourth mile, but her crew pulled up until they finished less than a length behind the Cambridge men.

GREATER NEW YORK COMMISSION. The Members Meet and Organize, but Discover Divergent Vlews.

The Greater New York Commission, after it had organized in New York City, found itself divided. On the question as to whether it should declare itself for a borough form of government the New York commissioners were arrayed against those from Brooklyn. It was the first sign of difference of opinion, and was considered as an indication of future

The organization of the commission was ffected in Mayor Strong's office. General Benjamin F. Tracy was elected President, George M. Pinney, Jr., of Staten Island, Secretary, and Silas B. Dutcher, of Kings County, Treasurer.

Former Mayor Thomas F. Gilroy, who was appointed by Governor Morton to fill the vaby caused by the refusal of Comptroller Fitch to serve as a commissioner, was present. His appointment was made public by Mayor Strong when the commission met.

Cloudburst Wrecks Homes and Crops. A cloudburst at Marietta, Ohio, which covered a wide area, was the most destructive that ever visited that territory. Houses were swept away, stock of all kinds drowned and many persons narrowly escaped with their lives. In some streams the water rose twenty feet in ten minutes. Crops are ruined on the Little Muskingum for twenty miles,

New Mexico Populists.

At the New Mexico Populist Territorial Convention held at Albuquerque for the selection of delegates to the National Convention resolutions advocating co-operation with the Democratic party for the purpose of gaining free coinage of silver at the ratio of 16 to 1 were adopted unanimously.

North Carolina Democrats.

At Raleigh Cyrus W. Watson was nominated by the North Carolina Democratic Convention for Governor on the first ballot. The platform adopted instructs the delegates to ! Ohicago to vote for free silver.

FATHER KNEIPP TO VISIT US.

Famous Originator of the Cold Water Treatment to Come Here in September. The Rev. Mgr. Sebastian Kneipp will come to the United States this fall to deliver lectures and perform his cores. Hugh Ch. Pressfreund has sailed from New York for Woerishofen, in Bavaria, where the priest lives, to perfect himself in the methods of the cure and to bring the reverend physician back with him.

Father Kneipp is celebrated throughout all Europe as the originator of the cold water cure. When, as a young man, he had just entered the priesthood, his health began to fail, and he thought he would be obliged to



(The patients are Archduke Joseph of Austria and his son.)

give up his profession. He was loath to do this, however, and began a careful study of the human body. He became convinced that the congestion of the blood in different parts of the body was the cause of most of the ills to which flesh is heir, and determined that the external application of ice cold water was the best remedy for that. He underwent a course of this treatment himself and was soon restored to health.

He established himself in Woerishofen, one of the prettiest towns in Bavaria, and has treated all who came to him free of charge ever since. Recently his cure became all the rage in France and Germany, and last year it is estimated that more than thirty thousand persons were treated by him and his assistants. The Emperor of Austria has undergone the treatment twice. The Archduke Joseph of Austria and his son. Archduke Augustin, were treated by him this year, and different members of the Rothschild family have paid him visits. When the Pope was ill two years ago Father Kneipp went to Rome and treated him. The Pope was so well pleased with the treatment that he conferred the title of Monsignor upon the priest.

Besides the cold water treatment only the simplest kinds of remedies are used. Each patient is compelled to walk barefooted in the snow in winter and on the wet grass in summer. Nervous affections are the diseases which yield most readily to the treat-

LYMAN TRUMBULL DEAD.

He Caught a Fatal Cold at the Funeral of a Friend.

Ex-United States Senator Lyman Trumbull died at his home in Chicago, after a long illness, the result of a cold caught while attending the funeral of an old friend. He died surrounded by his family. A career like that of Lyman Trumbull's

comes to few men. For more than sixty years his had been a life of ceaseless activity. He had been school teacher, 'lawyer, judge. He played his part in politics-on the stump, in the halls of Congress, in the deliberations of parties and as a non-combatant [counselor. In the beginning he was an anti-Slavery Democrat. As a Republican he fought side by side with the men who founded the Republican party of to-day. Then he again became a Democrat. In the latter years of his life he parted company with that party and became a Populist. And all the men of all parties respected him. Judge Trumbull's last appearance in a court room was made as counsel for the American Railway Union officers before the Supreme Court in Washington. He was twice married. His first wife was Julia Maria Jayne, of Springfild. Ill., whom he wedded in 1843. She died in Washington in 1868. In 1887 he married Mary J. Ingraham, of Saybrook, Conn. He was born in Colchester, Conn., in 1813.

GEORGIA FOR SILVER.

The State Convention Adopts the Unite Rule.

The Georgia Democratic State Convention met at Macon and instructed the State delegates to the Chicago Convention to vote as a unit. The following were named as delegates-at-large: Evan P. Howell, Patrick Walsh, Al. Lewis and Pope Brown. The platform declares for the free, unlimited and independent coinage of silver at the ratio of 16 to 1, and condemns the Cleveland

Administration. Governor W. Y. Atkinson led the conservative and Evan P. Howell, of Atlanta, the radical elements of the silverites. Governor Atkinson and the other State officers, except State Treasurer Hardeman. were renominated. W. J. Speer was named

for State Treasurer. Sheriff Shot by Tramps.

Two tramps shot a farmer's dog near Glencoe, Minn., and a warrant for their arrest was secured and given to Sheriff Rogers, of McLeod County, to serve. The Sheriff, with a duputy, overtook the tramps of the cruiser's men were in vain. and demanded their surrender, whereupon the vagrants opened fire, killing Rogers almost instantly.

Filibusters Seized. United States revenue officials on the steamer Winona, of that department, have seized the Three Friends and the City of Richmond at Key West. Fla., their com-manders being accused of filibustering.

27,000 Killed in Japan. It is now said that 27,000 persons were

drowned and 8000 were injured by the recent tidal wave and earthquakes in the northern provinces of Japan. A Venezuelan Incident Closed. The Venezuelan Government informed

Minister Andrade in Washington that the English surveyor Harrison had been re-

Slain by Her Insane Son. Mrs. Leander Stevens died at her home in Clinton, Conn., as the result of a murderous assault made on her by her insane son. The boy attacked her with a pair of tailors' shears and drove one of the points through her skull. Mr. Stevens was assaulted.

Drowned Herself and Three Children. Mrs. Boerner, wife of Fred Boerner, a prominent citizen of Comal County, Texas, while in a fit of insanity, tied her three small children to her body with ropes and then jumped into the Comal River. All four The government is authorized to enforce the were drowned,

THE COMMERCIAL REPORTS.

Business Shows Improvement. Decrease in the Number of Failures. Dun and Bradstreet's commercial reports continued signs that a gain in business has kansas, discusses in the current number of begun. Stocks have gone higher than they the North American Review the causes wheat and cotton are in better demand; there the United States. The facts are placed dustries seems in some measure, at least, to be checked. While the outcome of the Democratic Convention is uncertained to the country, and average of 7,317 per year there have been 43,502 homicides in this country, and average of 7,317 per year the country and year the country and year the country and year the country and great crops are not yet wholly beyond danger, a sure and strong improvement could hardly be expected, but the tone in business circles has grown distinctly more hopeful.

Textile manufacturers do not gain. The only change in cottons is a reduction in bleached shirtings in standards to the lowest price ever reached, though the change discloses no new weaknesses, but a belief that the time has come when sales can benefit by reduction, and large sales are now reported. Stocks of dealers are believed to be so low that replenishment would now make a great change in the condition of in-

The waiting in iron and steel brings a slightly lower average of prices, the lowest since April 1, and only 1-8 per cent. above the lowest of the year, though the combinations make no changes in quotations. Beams are quoted delivered instead of at the mill, but numerous contracts are kept back; consumption of wire pails at current prices has so declined that American wire rods are offered at competing prices in England; scarcely anything is done in bars. Plates are weak and also sheets, and orders for rails though numerous are not large. Southern No. 1 is offered at \$1 below Pennsylvania pig, and grey forge is 10c. lower at Pittsburg. Since coke has advanced to \$2 per ton the ovens at work have decreased 33 per cent. and the weekly output is 60,643 tons or 35

At Builimore general trade is very dull, although some merchants are preparing to send travelers South. Crop prospects in Texas are unfavorable, owing to lack of rain, but quite satisfactory in South Dakota and West into Washington. Relatively the most favorable trade report of the week is from Chicago where inquiry for iron and steel has i creased, and specifications for work are coming forward more freely. This has created reening and the business outlook there is more favorable. Chicago jobbers in dry goods, clothing and shoes report fair sales for fall trade. Business failures throughout the United States continue to run somewhat above the range in like weeks in preceding years. The total reported this week is 265, compared with 234 last week and 231 in the week one year ago.

There is a moderate increase in lank clearings throughout the United States which amount to \$1,038,900,000 this week, an increase of 10.6 per cent. over the preceding week, but a decrease of 3.5 per cent, as compared with the corresponding week one year

CROPS IN THE COTTON BELT. Generally Speaking Reports Are Favorable and Guarantee the Produc-

tion of a Large Yield of Cotton. The following are extracts from the summary of the weekly crop bulletin of the Agricultural department at Washington:

Virginia-Richmad : Cool, with cloudy weather and much rain has kept farming opcrations at a standstill in eastern counties; corn continues fine, but fields are grassy; wheat harvest under way; grass improving; oats heading; cotton and peanuts damaged by rains; tobacco very promising. North Carolina-Raleigh: Week too cool for

cotton; precipitation abundant, with excess in five counties and destructive hail storm in one; all crops doing well; first cotton blooms 10th; wheat harvest nearly over and threshing begun; early peaches and apples in market; poor quality; condition of grapes South Carolina-Columbia: Week favorable for crop growth and cultivation except

too much rain over southeastern portion; both early and late corn continue promising: cool nights and lice have injured cotton seriously, squares forming plentifully and blooms common; melous ripening, fruit Tennessee-Nashville: Heavy rains in eastern section and portions of central benefited crops; latter part of week favorable for having and cleaning crops; cool weather checked cotton growth; but plants generally healthy; tobacco generally thrifty; corn and other crops doing well; western section

SWALLOWED BY THE WAVES. British Steamer Goes Down with Hundreds on Board. One Saved.

A special telegram from London says: The British steamer Drummond Castle, which sailed from Table Bay, May 28th, for this port with 350 persons on board, has been sunk near Ushant, the most western of the island off the coast of Brittany, France.

The steamer Drummond Castle was wrecked at midnight on June 16th. A survivor of the disaster named Marquard is at Ushant and two others are at Ile de Molen. Six bodles have been recovered, including that of been placed in a special house. The European style. three sank The Drummond Castle struck the rocks west of He de Molene at midnight on the 16th and sank immediately. There was no time to take out the boats. Present information is that one person was saved at Ushant and two other survivors are at Ile de Molene. Their names are not given. A government tug is carrying on the search. The telegram states that the Sybille lowered her boats and did all that it was possible to do to rescue those on board the steamer, but so sudden was the collapse of the vessel that the efforts

A CAR FACTORY GOES SOUTH. A Pennsylvania Concern Goes to Savarnah, Ga., to Build Cars.

The Georgia Car & Manufacturing Co., ir corporated with a stock of \$300,000, has begun the erection of its plant here. The machinery was formerly located at Huntingdon, Pa., and was recently bought by Savannah capitalists. The company will employ 400 to 500 hands. The six thousand miles or more of railroad tributary to Savannah will give the company practically all of its busi-ness in the way of car building and perhaps the largest amount of the car repairing. Some of the railroads have found it cheaper to have their building and repairing work done by contract than to do it themselves. It is stated that cars can be built there for 25 per cent, less than anywhere else owing to the great timber belts located near by. A wood Vulcanizing plant will also be established in connection with the car factory.

A Royal Decree.

A royal decree has been issued, authorizing the Spanish bank at Havana, Cuba, to issue \$12,000,000 in gold bills in denominations of ten, five, three and one dollars and in fractional denominations of fifty, twenty, ten and five cents, the above sum to be delivered by the local treasury in payment of current obligations. The government will deposit in the vault of the bank \$3,000,000 in silver becirculation of these notes.

HOMICIDES IN AMERICA.

Judge Parker Discusses the Causes in the North American Review. Judge I. C. Parker, of the United States for the past week is as follows: There are District Court of the Western district of Ar-

were before the artificial break ten days ago; and the remedy for the recent homicides in within the same period there have been 728 executions and 1,118 lynchings. In the last year 10,500 persons were killed, whereas in 1890 there were only 4,290, or less than half as many. The figures prove that homicidal crime is increasing at an alarming rate. The ineffective administration of the criminal law is blamed for this state of affairs. David Dudley Field says so; Justice Brewer, of the United States Supreme Court. says so, and Judge Elliott Anthony, of Illinois, is of the same opinion. Judge Parker also agrees with the other exalted expounders of the law, and dwells on the false sympathy that is always awakened for the criminal and finds no tender expression for the victim a few days after the crime has been perpetrated. Judge Parker notes the indifference of the community at large to the enforcement of the criminal law, and points to the corrupt verdicts which are the outcome of fraud and perjury.

PROGRESS OF THE SOUTH.

A Diversity of New Interests as Shown

by the Manufacturer's Record. The Manufacturer's Record, in its weekly summary of Southern industrial news, reports that the two most important events announced for the week have been the proposed building of two elevators at Galveston. to have an aggregate capacity of 600,000 bushels, the increasing grain trade of that port demanding an extension of facilities for handling, and the decision of expert cotton manufacturers to build at Gaffney, S. C., a cotton mill to manufacture a very much finer grade of goods than has ever been produced in the South. At Charlotte, N. C., a \$12,000 company has been formed to manufacture cordage and webbing; a \$50,000 company has been organized at Concord, N. C. to build a cotton mill, and a water-power has been purchased in North Carolina for a \$300,000 mill; a \$50,000 water company has been organized at I ensacola, Fla , and a \$50,-000 duplicate electric plant contracted for at Columbus, Ga.; a \$100,000 glass decorating company at Macon, Ga., has let contracts for water and electric light plants; Pittsburg people, who have purchased 1,000 acres of coal land near Charleston, W. Va., will put in an extensive electric mining equipment; a bicycle factory at Hagerstown, Md., now employing about 1,700 hands, will be enlarged; \$30,000 will be expended on the extension of the water-works at Hagerstown; the electric railway between Baltimore and Washington has let a contract for one power house for \$81,500; an ice company has been organized at Spartanburg, S. C.; a \$100,000 electric power and light plant will be built at Jackson, Tenn. Texas reports a \$30,000 ice company at Lagrange; a lignite coal company at Rockdale; a \$228,000 sewer contract at San Antonio and a coal company to operate 2.300 acres of land: arrangements are being made in Philadelphia for the organization of a company to purchase the furnace at Basic City, Va., and operate ore mines in con-nection with it; a beef extract works is to be established at Alexandria, Va. The general list of industrial enterprises for the week shows a considerable diversity

of new interests.

DEATH AND DISEASE IN CUBA. Smallpox Raging-Malarial Diseases

Prevalent, With Some Yellow Fever. Reports to the surgeon general of the Marine Hospital Service from the United States sanitary inspectors in Cuba to Washington show terrible increases of deaths from contagious diseases in the island. Dr. Caminero, the official at Santiago, writes that "smallpox is raging epidemically" and the cases which can be counted by the hundreds are increasing daily. There are no precautions to keep the sick isolated, and wakes over the corps are of daily occurrence. Yellow fever has decreased somewhat. Malarial conditions of most deadly character are common, and dysentary among the adults adds a large contingent to the general mor-

The American consul at Sagua la Grande reports that yellow fever is on the increase among the troops at that point and from Cienfuegos the consul reports 49 deaths from mallpox and increasing yellow fever.

Had Many Wives. The Ex-Khedive Ismail, of Egypt, who recently died, had more than 800 women in his harem at Cairo. When he abdicated and left Egypt in 1879 for Naples he took with him twenty-eight wives and a great number of servants. His successor and son had only one wife and the present Khedive married a slave. The mother of the Khedive is the first lady of the State and takes precedence of his wives and daughters, who are called princesses. She is beautiful, highly accomplished About six bodies have and speaks four languages. She dresses in

Declared Unconstitutional. At Louisville, Ky., in the \$5,000 damage suit of R N. Lander, colored, and wife. against the receiver of the Ohio Valley Railway company, Judge James Breahitt decided the separate coach law unconstitutional and the jury was given pre-emptory directions to find for the plaintiff. An agreed verdict for \$125 was then signed by the twelve men, and he case will go to the Court of Appeals. Lander's wife in July last was forced to move from the car set apart for white people to the ceach known as the "Jim Crow" car.

Brooks's Comet Returns. A cablegram received by Messrs, Chandler and Ritchie from the European centre of astronomy, Kiel, announces that Javelle, one of the astronomers at the observatory at Nice, has observed Brooks's periodical comet on its return to the sun. The comet is one discovered by W. R. Brooks, of Geneva, N. Y., in 1889. Its orbit, as computed from observations obtained in 1889, predicted its re-turn this year. It has been found very close to its computed place,

Canvass of the Delegates.

The Chicago Tricune says: "A canvass of the delegates of every State and Territory on the currency question shows 578 delegates to the Democratic National convention to be, either by instruction or personal preference, for the free and unlimited coinage of silver at 16 to 1, against 328 delegates instructed for, or favoring the present gold standard." The estimate is based on the observation of the have so instructed.

Birthday of Baseball. The game of base ball was fifty years old last week, the first match game having been played at Hokoken, N. J., on June 19, 1846, between the Knickerbocker and New York clubs. Previous to that time town ball had been the great game, but some of the devo-tees got their heads together and evolved a series of rules which changed the sport so materially that they decided to call it base ball. The first team was organized on September 23, 1845, but it was not until the following June that a match game was played.

TELEGRAPHIC TICKS.

The decision in the case of Capt. Hart, the Burmuda commander has again been postponed until July 10th. Consul Griffin, at Limoges, France, says that bicycles are taxed \$1.92 each; and that one person out of every fitty capable, rides the wheel.

Mrs. Mattie Craveu, of San Francisco, Cal., has revealed her relations with the late millionaire Fair, and shows a private mariage contract.

At New York Conrad N. Jordan. Assistant United States Treasurer, has invited representatives of several foreign exchange houses to a conference with him at the sub-Treasury to find out what was necessary to do to have shipments of gold to Germany made in gold bars so as to save the expense of minting.

At Providence, R. I., the Lonsdale Company and B. B. and R. Knight have signed the agreement to close their cotton mills alternate weeks during July and August.

At Omaha, Neb., Friday, several thousand Sioux Indians celebrated the twentieth anniversary of the destruction of Custer's command at Little Big Horn in 1876.

At Philadelphia, Pa., Saturday, Jas. B. Gentry, who on Feb. 17, 1895, murdered Actress Madge York at Zeiss' Hotel in that city, wat found guilty of marder in the first degree. His counsel has applied for a new trial.

Joseph Conkling, of Charles county, Md., who was awaiting trial on a charge of murdering his wife and her sister, Miss Daisy Miller, April 23, has been taken faom the old jail at Port Tobacco and Lynched by a crowd of about twenty-five men.

Gen. Bradley Johnson, of Virginia, war correspondent of a New York newspaper, has been notified that if he continues to send out news detrimental to the Spanish government he will be expelled from Cuba. Coyler Hall, a wealthy citizen of Es-

for the killing of his step-father. O'Ferrall. He denies the killing. It is announced on excellent parliamentary authority from London that the home secretary has been enduced to reconsider his recent determination

as regards Mrs. Maybrick, and her re-

cambia county, Ala., has been arrested

lease is therefore likely to take place any moment. It has been estimated by Sergeantat-Arms Swords of the recent National Repuliban Convention, which was held in St. Louis, Mo., cost something in

the neighborhood of \$3,000,000.

German-American Tile company of Louisville, Ky., which failed a short time ago for over \$200,000, has been indicted for obtaining money under false pretenses. At Red Oak, Ia., Saturday John R. Gentry was sent against time at Pac-

A. J. Speckert, president of the

making it in 2:03 1-2, beating the track record one-fourth of a second. WEEKLY COMMERCIAL REPORTS

The Uncertainty of the Money Ques-

totus park and clipped a quarter of a

second off his record for Stallions,

tion Causes a Lull in Business. Dun and Bradstreet's weekly report of business is as follows: Failures for the week have been 217 in the United States against 256 last year and 24 in Canada against 22 last year. The monetary outlook is not yet clear to some. The strength shown in recent conventions by advocates of silver coinage and expectation that all the elements favoring that policy may yet be concentrated, incline them to a waiting attitude. Their uncertainty retards

improvement, netwithstanding the more widely prevalent feeling that the monetary action of the St. Louis Convention will be sustained by the people.

Interviews with merchants in staple lines at twenty-five of the more important distributing centres show that, aside from the increased strength in wool in the hands of interior holders (as reflected at Boston and Philadelphia) an improved demand for hardware at Providence, for clothing and shoes at Baltimore, shoes and dry goods at Memphis, and in similar lines at St. Louis; there has been no improvement in trade.

At Chicago there is a more hopeful senti-

ment but no increase in business. A canvass of leading jobbers at important cities shows no expectation of a revival in general trade until after election, and at some points no real improvement is expected until next year. The volume of general trade is no larger than last week; in some lines it is smaller. notably at Pittsburg and Kansas City. Midsummer duliness characterizes operations at almost all points. Relatively the greatest activity has been among Eastern dry goods jobbers, who have sacrificed prices to reduce heavy stocks of cotton goods. Restricted production of print cloths at Fall River is likely to be followed by similar action at Providence and at Augusta. New England rubber manufacturers are curtailing production and the situation and outlook in iron and steel industries is less satisfactory, with a prospective cut in the price of Bessemer pig iron and the probability of the billet combination reducing quotations a nd lowering prices for coke. In addition there are reduced prices for leaf tobacco, petroleum and cotton, for wheat, wheat flower, oats, pork, lard, sugar and coffee.

WILL VIEW OLD BATLEFIELDS. Tickets to Richmond Have Been Ex-

tended to July 15th. In order to give the Confederate veterans visiting Richmond during the sixth annual reunion of the United Confederate Veterans sufficient time to visit the Virginia battlefields before returning to their homes, the commissioner of the Southern Passenger Association has authorized its members, composed of the various roads in the South and Southeast, to extend until the 15th of July the limit of such tickets as expire on the 10th of July, upon surrender of the same not later than the 5th of July to the ticket agent of the line over which the holders arrive at Richmond, such tickets to be returned to the unit rule by the delegates from States which holders properly extended for return pashave so instructed. from the battlefields.

Troops for Cuba.

A special from Madrid, Spain, says: The first portion of the troops destined for Cuba will embark on twenty steamers at the end of August. The troops will consist of 35,100 infantry, 467 cavalry, 282 artillery, 1,619 engineere and several battalions of volunteers. The Chamber of Deputies has approved the eredits necessary for the transportation of these forces to Havana.

CATTLE QUARANTINE.

Governor Carr Issues a Proclamation

Regarding Cattle. Governor Carr has issued the following proclamation regarding the cattle

quarintine in this State: "In pursuance of section 2,322 of the Code of North Carolina, the Secretary of Agriculture has consented to a modification of said quartine line of the State of North Carolina, I hereby proclaim, in accordance with said decree of the Secretary of Agriculture, that the territory west of the following line, beginning at the Southwest corner of the county of Cherokee; thence along the Southern boundry of the counties of Cherokee, Clay, Macon, Jackson, and Transylvania, to the Southeast corner of the county of Transylvania; thence northwesterly along the Eastern boundary of Transylvania county to the Southwest corner of the county of Buncombe; thence easterly along the southern boundry of the said county to the summit of the Blue Ridge Mountains; thence in a northeasterly direction, following the said mountains to their intersection with the Northern boundry of the State of North Carolina, is declared to be free from the infectious disease known as Southern and splenetic-fever, and the territory herein above mentioned

is entitled to all the privileges of said uninfected districts. 'In order, therefore, to better en-force this law, I do hereby call the attention of the solicitors of the various districts of the State to section 2,322 of the Code of North Carolina and the quarantine laws of the United Stat and urge them to see that this law is strictly enforced and to prosecute vigorously all violations thereof, in order that the cattle-raisers and cattlebreeders of this State may have the protection under this act and hereafter gain better advantages, which will accrue from a strict enforcement thereof; and I do further warn persons living east of said uninfected district, as herein provided, not to violate said law by driving or shipping cattle into the uninfected district, in violation of the law, during the period named therein, from April 1st to November 15th of each year; and I do hereby request all good citizens of this State to assist in the enforcement of said quarantine law."

Patented a New Bicycle.

Dr. R. K. Gregory, of Greensboro, has invented and patented a new bicycle. In addition to the pedals for propelling it, it has a hand-bar with crank, wheels and chain attachments so geared as to give the rider full power of his arms, and the muscles of his shoulders and chest in propelling the machine. The inventor claims that his wheel will enable him to ride with much greater speed, and more ease and far less fatigue than any other bicycles as the rider uses the muscle force of his whole body instead of his legs alone.

Alfred Stafford, a substantial farmer living near Rosedale, this State, was murdered Thursday by one of his neighbors, Joseph Cooper. There had been bad feeling between the two men for some time on account of stock depredations.

The programme is out for the second annual session of the Southern Bibical Assembly, to be at Asheville, July 23d to August 12th. A long list of prominent lecturers and teachers has been secured.

The summer school of the Univer-

sity of North Carolina opened with

125 teachers present Wednesday, just double the number on the corresponding day last year. All arrangements have been completed for the State Firemen's Associstion tournament which is to be held

in Salisbury in August. The prizes

amount to over \$600. Large additions are being built to Messrs. F. and H. Fries' cotton mill, in Salem and to the Southside Cotton Mill. Both mills are rushed with or-

Forsythe's new \$50,000 court house is beginning to make a showy appearance. The stone and brick work on the first story is nearing completion.



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