THE MARKETS.

Futures closed quiet at the decline. American middling.

March and April 4 23

May and June 4 24

October.....

New York, quiet, 814. Augusta, steady, 7%. Charleston, steady, 7 7-16. Norfolk, steady, 7 13-16. Baitimore, nominal, 814.

Boston, quiet, 8%.
Wilmnington, steady, 7%.
Philadelphia, quiet, 8%.
Sivannah, easy, 7%.
New Orleans, quiet, 7%.
CHARLOTTE COTTON MARKET.

Middling fair.
Strict good middling. 734
Good middling. 740

Medium fine 20c., fine 12, fully fine 24.

COLUMBIA COTTON MARKET.

RALEIGH COTTON MARKET.

CHICAGO GRAIN AND PRODUCE.

Opening.

84 25

Strict middling.....

Cotton selling at 734@7%.

December.....

May

October..... December.....

October.....

May Mess Pork, per bbl.

October

Lard, per 100 lbs.

October

January

Short Ribs, per 100 lbs

goods, per gallon, \$1.18.

NAVAL STORES.

Spirits steady at 241/2025. Tar firm at
 Turpentine steady; hard 1.30; soft 1.70;

Bavannah .-- Spirits firm at 24%; sales 1,165.

Coffee-Spot Rio firm; No. 2, jobbing, 11; invoice, 101. Mild, quiet. Cordova, 15@17.

The rice market was firm at Charleston

The quotations are: Prime, 5@514; good 11/2@414; fair, 4@414; Common, 31/2@814.

THE "REBEL YELL."

Virginia Confederate Veterans Visit

Major McKinley.

Of all the enthusiastic demonstrations

since the St. Louis convention, Canton has

"rebel yell" was beard for the first time on

her streets. The visit of the old Confederate

warriors from the Shenandoah Valley

brought thousands of people to town. The eighteen hundred Virginians were ex-

pected early in the morning. Train de-lays kept them on the road until 4:30 o'clock. Then they were met by the

Union veterans of Cauton, several hun-

Charleston .-- Rosin firm at 1.80@1.40,

Ostober \$3 25

January........... \$3.55 Cash quotations are as follows:

M .y 26%

December..... 1814

Market steady.

Corn.

April and May 4 23@4 24

HAPPENINGS AT WASHINGTON

CREAM OF THE NEWS, CULLED FROM THE DAILY PAPERS.

Which Will be of More or Less Inter-

est to the General Reader.

A Richmond special says: The details of the transfer of the Seaboard and Rosnoke railroad have been completed and the property is now virtually in new hands, and will now be operated for the general railroad development and welfare of the South. It is known that three parties holding the con-trolling shares under a pooling contract were anxious to get the highest figures possible. They were offered par, but they made it known that \$150 was the least they would take. Mr. Ryan and the pool committee had a short conference, the result of which was the acceptance of \$110 per share by the company. A contract for the necessary transfer was draw by Heary Crawford for the Ryan syndicate and Judge Watts for the pool. There were conditions of the transfer which included the re-election of President Hoffman or the retention of the present management for another year. As the matter stands today the Seaboard Air Line is controlled by Thos. F. Ryan, and its future policy will be one of conservatism and peace.

Chairman Babcock of the Republican Conlowing statement to be made over his signatare: The committee has now received de-tailed re orls from nearly all the Congress-ional districts, and while there are quite a number of districts that cannot be determined upon at present, owing to various causes. ome with two candidates, others where the question of fusion has not been settled, and others where nominations have not been completed, we have sufficient data to warrant us in saving that the Republicans will elect memhers who are pledged to sound money from 194 districts without any question. These districts I consider absolutely certain, and in addition to this there are about 50 more that can be classed as doubtful, with the probabilities that the majority of them will elect Bepublicans. This insures at this time a working majority of 32.

J.-W. Barcock.

Vice Consul General Washington, writing to the Department of State from Cairo, on the prospect of the cotton crop of Egypt, says that the present season's crop promise to surpass all previous years in quality. According to statistics compiled by the finance department, there are under cultivation this year about 1,050,000 acres, as compared with little under one million acres last year. Last year's crop amounted to about 520,000. 000 pounds, so that on the basis of area alone a crop of five hundred and fifty million pounds is probable this year. So far the weather has been favorable and the plants have borne an abundant crop. Up to the present time there has been no appearance of the worm which caused such alarm last year and whose ravages led to the appointment of a commission to study the question of destroying it. Some of the cotton has been picked and shipped to Alexandria, but buyers refused to pay the price asked.

The Secretary of the Treasury has ordered the discontinuance of Chester Shoal, Bethel Creek and Orange Grove houses of refuge on the eastern coast of Florida. These houses were built many years ago, when there were sible for over 250 miles of beach. Within the same territory, there are, however, now about ten thousand people, and hence these houses of refuge are regarded hs no longer necessary to commerce or for the interests of humanity, These houses were never intended as regular life saving stations, but only to afford relief to people cast ashore and liable to perish of hunger and thirst.

A statement issued by the Agricultural Department shows that the fiscal year ended June 30 the American farmers sold to foreign nations \$570,000,000 worth of their products, a gain of \$17,000,000 over the preceeding year. A very rapid and continuous decline is shown in our exports to Cuba, which dropped from \$24,000,000 in 1893 to \$20,-000,000 in 1894, declined to \$13,000 000 in 1895 and amounted to only \$7,500,000 in 1896. Our total imports during the year were \$780,000,000 worth of goods. This was a year's gain of \$48,000. Our imports from tuba, which were valued at \$79,000,000 in 1898, shrank to \$40,000,000 in 1895.

George M. Howard, auditor for the postoffice department, has in preparation his annual report for the fiscal year ended June 30, 1896, from which the following condensed statement of the finances of the postoffice department for the fiscal year is taken: The total revenue for the past fiscal year is \$82,-499,208, an increase of \$5,516,080 over the previous year. The total expenditures for the year are \$90,626,296, an increase of \$3,-838,124 over the expenditures of the previous year. The excess of expenditures over receipts is \$8,127.088. This is a decrease in the annual deficit of \$1,679,956, as compared with the previous year.

At the request of the Interior Department, the Secretary of War has sent troops to Tuscahoma in the Choctaw country to guard against trouble which is apprehended by Agent Wisdom when the new chief of the tribe is installed. The order was sent to Gen. Merritt at Chicago and the troops sent forward were two troops of cavelry who were at the practice camp, Swann Lake, near Pond Creek, just west of the Oklahoms line. The troops have been placed entirely under the orders of Indian Agent Wisdom.

Senators Faulkner and Butler, of the Dem ocratic and Populist committees respectively, have received telegrams from Parkersburg, W. Va., informing them that fusion between the Democrets and Populists on the electoral ticket in that State had been perfected on the basis originally suggested by the Populists of four Democrats and two Populists. The committees have continued their exertions with the hope of extending the agreement to the State ticket,

The President has appointed Wm. H. White United States district attorney for the eastern district of Virginia in place of Mr. Lassiter, whose resignation was recently requested be-cause of his political activity in behalf of Mr.

The First National bank of Mount Pleasant, Mich., has closed its doors to business. The capital of the bank is \$50,000 and it owes depositors \$67,000. Comptroller Eckles says the bank's affairs were handled incompetently tently.

Secretary Francis has disbarred from prac-W. Osborne, of Lansing, Mich., for receiving

flegal pension fees. Comptroller Eckels has issued a call for he report of the conditions of National banks at the close of business on Tuesday, Oct.

To Stir Southern Spinners.

The delegates attending the fourteenth annual convention of the national mule spinners association, which met in Boston, Mass. last week, completed their work on fhurs-day and adjourned to meet in Boston next year. Previous to adjournment, it was decided to make an immediate effort to organize the spinners in the South, that Robert Thousand, of Fall River, should confer with President Gompers of the American Federational Laboratory tion of Labor concerning this proposed move-ment and that the American Federation of Labor should select two organizers from the national Mule Spinners association.

THE COMMERCIAL WORLD. Increased Railroad Earnings and s Generally Improved Tone.

Below is the weekly reviews of trade for the past week, as reported by R. G. Pun & Co, and Bradstreet: Distinctly better conditions have appeared of late, and are reflected in the somewhat larger employment of labor, in large transactions, and in the continued buying of materials for manufacture. A great part of the change is due to those restless laws of supply and domand, which take wheat where it is wanted, and gold where it is wanted. India is waiting for reargoes of wheat on the way from the Pacific States, just as Austria and South Africa were not long ago. The surplus usually available from India disappears, and the surplus from Russia and European countries is reduced, according to late estimates, 75,000,000 bushels. Happily, this country has a supply ela. Happily, this country has a supply which official accounts have not correctly measured, if actual movements do not greatly mislead.

Mislead.

A feature of large importance, too, is the unusually heavy foreign demand for corn, which is a rarely failing sign of deficient crops abroad, where other grains are used instead, when wheat becomes scarce and dear. It is another good sign that the railroad earnings, amounting to \$38,745,818 in the United States for September, show a smaller decrease than in August—1.3 per cent., against 5.7 compared with last year.

The outward movement of money to the

The outward movement of money to the interior has been \$4,000,000 for the week, and little is doing in commercial loans, with rates about 1/2 per cent, higher than a week ago. The failures for the week were 296 in the United States, against 286 last year, and 46 in Canada, against 52 last year.

BRADSTREET'S REPORT. Cold weather and continuing heavy re-ceipts of cotton and wheat and other influences have stimulated the demand for staple goods at various points, but the volume of trade, remains moderate without material change from a week ago. The tendency in some quarters is for a smaller volume of trade, but the general outlook is for an immediately improved demand. Except in the cotton and wheat regions mercantile collections continue unsatisfactory. Trade improvement is reported from Atlanta, Augusta, Charleston, Birmingham, Ala.; New Or-leans and Te as cities. Silver has declined in price and value.

DAGOES FOR M'KINLEY. The Republican Candidate Received and Speaks to Pittsburg Italians.

Last Thursday a delegation of 800 swarthy, dark-haired Italian-Americans with barners and band from Pittsburg, Pa,, representing the United Italian Republican clubs of that city visited McKinley at his home at Canton, O. These Italian born citizens have learned to cheer and they gave the Major a stirring welcome when he appeared on the porch to

address them. The spokesman for the clubs was Lewis Beggino and he made a speech which was a model of brevity. Mr. McKin-ley in turn then addressed them, reviewing the issues of the campaign, and saying that he was specially gratified to be assured that our fellow-citizens, the Italian, were enrolled this year in the ranks of the Republican party. (Great applause and cries of "good." and that they are enlisted in a patriotic effort to achieve a victory for themselves for their labor, for their occupations and for their country. (Cries of three cheers for the

The next delegation to visit McKinley were one hundred Republicans from Logansport, Indiana. W. T. Wilson acted as spokesman. In addressing this delegation, Major McKinley dwelt upon the inability of the government to create value or money. He said, if by mere flat the government could raise 50 ents to 100 cents in value, then the work of Washington, Hamilton and Jefferson in constructing a financial system was folly and the people have been robbed of all that has been aken from them in taxes. "But." declared Major McKipley, "the government cannot create something out of nothing and the man or party which teaches that it can, teaches a false doctrine." * * *

The Jefferson county (Pa.) delegation, 1,000 strong, which was the next to arrive was a representative one, composed of miners, lumberman, farmers and working men. More than 2,000 voters of Cleveland, in uniform and accompanied by excellent bands, marched up while Major McKinley was addressing his Pennsylvania visitors. When he had finished the Cleveland men passed in review before him, and were loudly cheered by the other visitors in Canton, who remained to see them. The Cleveland delegation filed into Major McKinley's yard and packed it densely. The Major's appearance on the porch drew forth a tornado of applause which in volume, intensity and duration, has not been equalled here.

BRYAN IN IOWA.

Joined in the Celebration of the State's Celebration of its Half Century of Statehood.

In the conc'uding ceremonies Thursday of Burlington's calebration of the semi-centennial of Iowa's admission to the Union, Wm. J. Bryan was the principal attraction. The city was profusely decorated and great crowds of visitors filled the streets. Mr. special car which he will have at his disposal for the rest of the campaign and took breakfast at the house of John J. Seeley. At 'clock, Mr. Bryan was escorted to the court house, where he held a short reception. A parade in which the bands and mounted and unmounted organizations, including a num-ber of ladies on horseback, took part, escorting the candidate through the principal streets to the Colliseum in Crapo Park. Here he delivered his principal address to an immense cruwd of people. John J. Soerley, who presided, introduced him. Several other stands had been erected in the park and from these Mr. Rryan and others made short

After leaving Burlington his first stop was at Cedar Rapids. Here he spoke to an ap-preclative audience at the Athletic Park. At Marshalltown two meetings were addres ed by Mr. Bryan, the first in a big tent erected in front of the court house and the econd in the opera house. Both places were

McKINLEY'S RECEPTION ..

Four Speeches to 3,600 Callers -- A Cold Day.

and made peopleshiver. The inclemency of the weather had no effect upon the size or the conquest of the American masses was enthusiasm of the delegation, however. The visitors from Geauga county, Ohio, numbered 2,500, from Ashland county 400, from Parkersburg and other points in West Vir-ginia 600, and from Indiana 100. The big delegation from Geauga county and the one from Ashland were composed of farmers. They brought their wives and children with them, and there were more than 200 women in line when the delegations paraded in the streets. Whole families have gone into politics this year and whole families go to Canton to see and hear Mr. McKinley. Major McKinley spoke in the tabernacie in the afternace. noon. His utterances were fu'l of patriotism and strong pleas for the cultivation of a broad national spirit.

OCTOBER TIDAL WAVE

STRIKES BRUNSWICK, GA., AND FLORIDA TOWNS.

The Most Remarkable Scenes Since 1854 -- Providence Prevented Extremely Stormy Weather.

A special to the Savanuah (Ga.) Morning News from Brunswick, Ga., received at 11 o'clock last Friday night, says a big tidal wave came in on an October Northeaster. No lives were lost but great damage to property was sustained in Brunswick. Citizens owning rice plantations are fearful that their entire unshipped crops are gone and this seems probable. The loss of the rice planters will thus be heavy and not easily sustained by them in view of the past mis-

The tidal wave furnished the most in-teresting sight since the one of 1854. The water completely hid all the marshes between Brunswick. Fancy Rluff, Jekyl, St. Simons, Southern railway docks and other places. Long stretches of the boulevard were under water and thousands of marsh and water animals were driven on shore for refuge. The Monk street docks were completely covered. St. Simons ticket office and warehouse were cut off. Passengers from St. Simons were ferried across the docks to shore, the water

being eighteen inches over the docks. From St. Simons the steamer Edgement came across the water from Havered marsh, a thing enheard of before. Everything was one vast sea of water and Captain Dart had to use his compass and chart to get to town. Water birds of various kinds flow to the Edgement to rest, their search for land having exhausted them. Many were brought to town. Heavy drifts of marsh grass and sea rack, covered with thousands of minks and seabirds, came against the Edgement retarding her progress.
On Newcastle, Brunwick's principal busi-

ness street, water came from the drain pipes and in one place formed a solid sheet across street. On every hand were evidences of the vast amount of water surging into the bay below. All along the water edge , children with sticks were killing boat loads of game and table delicacies, and over 100 hunters were out in boats sho ting marsh hens by the thousands. There is great feasting in many homes. Providence prevented extremey stormy weather, or much disaster would have accompanied the wave.

At Fernandina, Fia., heavy winds from the northeast blew all day and the tide rose so high that a big lot of damage along the river front was done. The dock which is used by the Florida Tie and Lumber company were under water and numbers of ties have been washed away. The water rose for a block up Centre street, and the lumber drifted right up into the street. The storm signals were beat into threads.

The entire row of Florida Central & Penir sular Railroad tracks along the river front were under water, and the foundation of the dock was washed away. At the elevator the ergices and boiler rooms were three feet under water and the trains which arrived could not come up to the depot, but had to stop at the Beech street crossing. The steam er City of Brunswick, which runs between Fernandino, Fla., and Brunswick, Ga., was unable to face the rough weather in the

At St. Augustine a heavy northeaster came in at midnight and brought a heavy tide. It flooded Bay street, and the streets south of Bridge street were also flooded.

SLAIN BY A LUNATIC.

A Man Goes Crazy, Makes His Escape and Shoots Down an Unsus-

pecting Man. At Atlanta, Ga., lost Friday, P. H. Osborne, a lunatic, escaped from his home and shot and killed Theodore Shrader on the corner of Lloyd and Alabama sircets. Shrader was foreman of a lithograph company. Fe had left his work and was on his way home. Osborne met him, and without a warning drew a pistol and shot him five times, killing him almost instantly. The men did not know each other. Osborne was in the asylum once and was violently insane. A year ago he was released, the doctors thinking that he had

On Monday he was married and a day or two later his family noted that he was growing violent again. His father had arranged for a judicial investigation, in order that the young man could be returned to the State asylum. While the father was absent Osborne escaped from his home, having secured a pistol. He had declared that he intended to kill some one, and officers were sent out to look for him. Osborne went to the union psssenger station and spent an hour or more About 4 o'clock he walked off rapidly and after passing a hundred people, sho Shrader on the insane impulse. Osborne stood still and waited until a policeman arrested him. There is no doubt about his insanity. Shrader leaves a family.

URGING-CLEVELAND.

American Board of Foreign Missions As Protection in Turkey.

The American board of foreign misions, in session at Toledo, O., adopted lengthy resolutions touching the Armenian question. The resolutions urged the President of the United States to insist upon the issue by the Turkish government of the proper exequatur, that our consuls may securely occupy the posts which this government assigns to them, and "urge the President of the United States to demand of the Turkish authorities at once and pre-emptorily indemnity for the wrongs inflicted on America's, reimbursement for the destruction of their property and the punishment of those persons who have been guilty of these crimes. We believe that the adoption of such an American will receive the loyal support of the Ameri-

can people."

The Board apointed a committee, consistinfl of President J. B. Angell, of Michigan
Universty, Rev. W. S. Dodd and Hon. H. G. Halle, to present the resolutions to President Cleveland.

Mr. Sewall's Acceptance. Hon. Arthur Sewall, Democratic nomines for the vice Presidency has made public his letter to Hon. Stephen H. White, chairman. secepting the nomination. It is quite lengthy, Among other things he says:

"I am glad to express my satisfaction that At Canton, Ohio, last Wednesday Major McKinley had 3,600 visitors and made four speeches. The weather was disagreeable. A sharp wind from the north chilled the air seemed remote, and when arrogant money thangers throughout the world boasted that

Death List Grows Lighter.

Many of the missing persons from Cedar Keys, Fla., have returned and the latest defnite information is that the total number of secovered dead is fifteen and the missing lead nine. In addition to these four colored pongers from the schooner Rosa Lee were lrowned. It is now thought that the sponge leet was beyond the range of wind, as a leatman arrived from the direction taken by them and did not report much destrucon. The city is still cut of from railroad and telegraphic communication and will be

PROGRESS IN DIXIE. Many New Industries Reported During the Past Week.

The Chattanooga, (Tenn.) Tradesman is in close touch with all legitimate industrial interests of the South and special reports indicate a much better feeling among manufacturers. The movement in cotton and wheat

Confidence in the iron and steel market continues strong. The demand for pig iron increases at some points, where investments increases at some points, where investments in Southern pig have been so extensive, a speculative feeling is visible. Advances in Southern pig are being firmly maintained. The final test of the Hawkins process of steelmaking from Alabama iron has been made at the plant of the Jefferson Steel Manufacturing company, at North Birn ingham, and was entirely satisfactory. The result will be the changing of the Jefferson company's plant into a steel mill at no distant date. Thirteen furnaces are in blast in the Eirmingham district and large sales of iron are reported, the demand fully equalling the output. Iron men believe the upward movement in the market has come to stay.

come to stay.

The lumber market shows very little change. At some points business is increasing, while at others it is reported only fair for the season. The export trade is all that could be desired, the mills having all the

work they can do.

The textile industries are characterized by increasing activity, and but few idle spindles are reported in the South. Work is progressing favorably on mills in course of construc-tion, and several large plants will be ready to begin business before the first of the year.

to begin business before the first of the year.

Among the most important new industries for the week are the following: A \$50,000 distillery at Louisville, Ky.: a \$15,000 rice factory at Fayetteville, Ark.; the City Ice company, capital \$50,000, organized at Hot Springs, Ark.; a \$200,000 cotton mill at Pouglasville, Ga.; The Monroe Cigar company, capital \$25,000, chartered at Tampa, Fia.; the Snydor Pump and Well company, capital \$15,000, at Richmond, Va.; the Bryan Water, Ice, Light and Power company, capital \$20,000, at Bryan. Tex. al \$20,000, at Bryan. Tex.

BRYAN IN TENNESSEE.

Memphis and Nashville Gave Him Royal Reception.

st Monday, Bryan, the Democra didate for President, spoke at Memphis, Tenn. The visit of Mr. Bryan to this city was made the occasion of a general holiday. Business houses closed their doors and even the banks suspended for the day. Mr. Bryan, under escort of the Neeley Zouaves, accompanied by the local reception committee, reached the Overton tract, a big open field, where the speaking took place. He known as St. Elizabeth's Asylum. The defound there a dense crowd, estimated at 15,- ficit does not come out of the government 000 people. The audience was not composed funds, but out of sums paid by private pa-wholly of Memphians. Large contingents, tients. Dr. Godding states that the amount wholly of Memphians. Large contingents, not only from Arkansas and Mississippi, but from Alabama and Kentucky, with, of course large numbers from nearby places in Tennessee were there. He spoke for half an hour upon the issues confronting this politic campaign. On the conclusion of his speec he was accompanied to the railroad station

by a great crowd. Arlington was the first stop after leaving Memphia. Great crowds met him and hand shaking took up the time. Brownsville came next and the crowd was full of enthusias At Humboldt fully 7,000 met him, and he de-livered a short but nointed speech. Camden had the pleasure of hearing a minute talk. He made three speeches in Nashville, the principal one in Hay Market, where the crowd was estimated at from 25,000 to 40.

POWERFUL COMBINATION.

The Seaboard Air Line Sold to Ryan and Thomas.

A special from New York says: The statement is authoratively made that a majority of the stock of the Seaboard and Roa-"c'se railroads, which controls the various roads constituting the Seaboard Air Line, has been purchased by Thos. F. Bran, of New York, acting for himself and Gen. Samuel Thomas. The transaction also includes control of the Baltimore Steam Packet Company, which operates the Bay Line of steamboats from Norfolk to Baltimore, in connection with the Seaboard Air Line. The deal will result in a termination of the rate war started by the Seaboard Air Line.

The understanding is that the Seaboard Air Line will be joined with the Georgia Certaal, Port Royal and Augusta and Port Roval Western Carolina railroads, which are controlled by Messrs, Thomas and Ryan, The last named two roads are operated by a new company, called the Charleston and Western

BRYAN IN DAKOTA.

They Stand in the Mud to Hear the Free Silver Advocate.

Friday, Bryan, the Democratic candidate for President, was at Siou : Falls, and there he received a great ovation. Elaborate preparations had been made, and a procession of no mean proportion was drawn up at the depot when the special train carrying the Bryan party pulled in. It was raining and the day was not calculated to inspire enthusiasm or large crowds, but there were large crowds from adjoining States. After luncheon Mr. Bryan was taken to the bicycle track near the city. By this time the rain was pouring in torrents, but when he reache the stand he found an enthusiastic crow standing in the mud waiting to hear his Mr. Bryan's speech was devothed mainly to exonerating Senator Pettigrew from the charge of disloyalty to the Republican

At Canton Mr. Bryan spoke briefly to a crowd of farmers, who heard him with attention and applauded him with vigor. HYPNOTIST HELD

Responsible for the Acts of His Sub-

lects. If the ruling of Judge Foute, of Atlanta, Ga., nolds, hypnotists will have to be very careful what they order their subjects to do. The Judge holds that the hypnotist is directly responsible for the acts of his subjects. During a performance at a theatre in Atlanta the subject of a hypnotist imagined he was a monkey. He grabbed a hat from a man in the audience and bit a piece out of it. The professor and his business manager declined to make nood the cost of the hat and the hypnotist was prosecuted before Judge cone, five being divided. Middlesex county, accompleted the respective ing nearly doubled their number of towns from 1893. In Hartford, in 1893, the towns stood Republican 17; Democratic, 4; divided, 7. Returns show that the Republicans have lost one, five being divided. Middlesex county, accompleted above 19. Republicans have lost one, five being divided. ta the subject of a hypnotist imagined he the hypnotist was prosecuted before Judge Foute upon a charge of malicious mischief. The Judge sustained the charge and bound the hypnotist over to a higher court.

The Georgia Election. Reports to the Atlanta Constitution say that the indications from Wednesday's State election are that Atkinson's majority will ex ceed 35,000, with the probability that it will go over 40,000. The majority for the remainder of the State ticket will largely exceed that of Atkinson, the probability being that it will go beyond 50,000, while Atkinson's majority will be from 12,000 to 15,000 larger than was received by him two years ago. Reports from every section of the State show largely-increased Democratic majorities over the vote of two years ago. The Populist chairman is slow to concede the State, and says he looks for surprises. A light vote was polled in Atlanta. Tom Watson's district

News From Washington.

Spot cotton closed quiet; middling up lands, 8%; middling guif, 8%.

LIVERPOOL COTTON MARKET.

Liverpool.—Cotton—Closing—spot, moder ate demand, prices favorable to buyer.

American middling 4 11-16d. and once prosperous republic."

*Dillard F. Ragland, a messenger in the Treasury Department, appointed from Gonad, Texas, committed suicide by inhaling gas. He was to have been married in Atlanta to a young woman from Dallas, Texas, but for some reason changed his mind, and rather than tell his intended that he was not yet in a position to marry, he killed himself. yet is a position to marry he killed himself. The circumstances of the suicide indicates that the act was not premeditated.

Senator Butler, chairman of the Populist committee, has made an estimate, in which he claims as "reasonably safe for Bryan" the States of Alabama, Arkansas, Florida, Georgia, Louisiana, Mississippi, Missouri, S uth Carolina, Tennessee, Texas, Virginia, Colorado, Idaho, Montana, Nevada, North Dakota, South Dakota, Utah, Washington, Wyoming, Kentucky, Kansas, Nebraska, Indiana, North Carolina, Oregon, California, Maryland and West Virginia, giving 232 votes, while he says Bryan's chances are at least even in Illinois, Deleware, Michigan and Iowa. Ohio, he says, is trembling in the balance. Senator Butler, chairman of the Populis

In the discussion of campaign contributions it should not be forgotten that Uncle Sam himself draws by far the largest check for expenses for a presidential contest. This will appear when it is stated that the single item of franked envelopes, supplied free of charge to the members of the House and Senate thus far in this campaign cost the government, through its public printing the sum of one bundred and for sad dollars. The enormous demand for these envelopes has compelled the government to buy two additional envelope presses.

It is announced that a shortage cl between \$15,000 and \$16,000 has been found in the accounts of Dr. A. C. Patterson, the assistant physician in charge of the criminal and homi-cidal wards of the government hospital for the insane on the outskirts of this city, of the shortage has already been made good, and that the matter, which was one with which the government had nothing to do. was closed.

The Navy Department has received reports of the target practice made by the cruiser Raleigh while she was stationed on the Florida coast, early in September. They show exceptionally good work at the guns, and in addition indicate the entire success of the percussion shell adopted by the navy. The target fired at was the hull of the wrecked bark Carmelita, at a distance of about a mile and a half. Nearly every shot struck the mark and the shells burst within the two sides of the hull, just as they were calculated

The President has appointed William H. Cooper to be collector for the district of Del-

BLOOD SHED AT THE POLLS.

and in Turn is Lynched. last Wednesday's State election a quarrel arose at the polls between Will Mayfield and Bud Sanders, resulting in the formur savoting the latter. Tom Waller shot I. G. Swift in the arm and shoulder. Mayfield an I Waller were arrested. The young men are well known and are active county politicians. 'The dispute arose over contesting votes.

Democrat, the other a Populist. At Mount Junction, in Screven county, Gus Williams, a Populist Negro, snatched a hand, The Democratic Negro struck Williams for his insolence, and Williams fired at his assailant, but missed his aim and shot and instantly killed Engineer Middleton of

The Life-Saving Service.

its annual report for 1895, states that there are 261 life-saving stations on the Atlantic, Gulf and Pacific coasts and the Great Lakes: 184 of these being on the Atlantic coast line. There is but one river station, at the falls of the Ohio, at Louisville, Ky. During the year 675 disasters to vessels on these coasts were reported, involving property valued at \$10,725,175. Of this property nine-tenths was saved by the life-saving stations and salvage and wrecking companies working together. These disasters involved the lives of Of the 675 vessels in jeopardy 73 were lost. danger, and only one life was lost, and only \$83,535 worth of property was lost out of the \$2,000,000 worth in peril. The total net ex-

Elections in Connecticut. Town elections have been hold in all the 156 towns in Concerticut, with the exception of Hartford, New Haven, Bridgeport, Ansonia, Deroy and Naugautuck. Returns show that the Republicans have made large gains over a year ago, the Republicans havcompleted, shows 12 Republican towns national Democratic tickets were voted for. It is probable that the complete returns will show that the Republicans have gained at least 15

Bryan Welcomed in Indiana. The reception accorded William Jennings Bryan on his arrival in Indianapolis, Ind., last Tuesday was rearly as rge as any he has received during his entire trip. He made five speeches here, two in the afternoon and three at night, and at each meeting he addressed immense audiences, one of which was nearly as large as that addressed by him on Boston Common, the largest of the campaign. Before reaching Indianapolis from Louisville, Ky., he made several stops; and at each place he addressed vast throngs

The Populist campaign text book, the last of the list of these books, has been to press. The following from the preface to the book is a key to the entire volume: "The focus of this campaign is the money question, and the voters who act together in the settlement of this question on the side of the people will also be forced to act together for the proper solution of all the other great issues contained in the People's party platform. Behind the gold standard the monopolists and trusts have massed their forces, making the real issue now whether the monopolies and trusts will capture the government or whether the people will be able to redeem the government from the control of those who have debauched and plundered a great and once prosperous republic."

Williams Fires at His Assailant, But Misses and Shoots a Looker-On,

News from Elberton, Ga., says that during One of the parties to the difficulty was a

ticket out of a Democratic Negro voter's the Central Railroad, who was an innocent looker-on. Bystanders took Williams and lynched him and riddled his body with bullets.

never seen the like of last Friday. The

The United States Life-Saving Service, in 8,523 persons, with only 26 lives actually lost. diture for the service in 1895 was \$1,285,-

> American eagle in gold resting upon a large shield. This side bears the inscription: "Pre-sented to the ex-Confederate Veterans of the Shenandoah Valley, Virginia, by the ex-Un-ion Veterans of Canton, Ohio, October 9, After the presentation, Capt. W. S. Lurty added the assurance of support in a lew informal remarks. Major McKinley then personally greeted all his visitors, standing on his porch while they filed past him. Other delegations visiting Major McKinley today were the Woman's Republican Club at today were the Woman's Re Warren, Pa.; three car loads from East Ten-Warren, Pa.; three car loads from East Tennessee who came to dedicate the stump presented Major McKinley from that State; a delegation from Monongaheis City, Pa.; and another from Clinton, Ohio. To all of these Major McKinley spoke briefly in response to the greetings of their spokesman. Father of Medicine.

Hippocrates has been styled "The Father of Medicine," Some of the names bestowed by him on diseases are retained to the present day.

The Latest News.

Baltimore has won the Temple Cupthis making them the champion the

George DuMaurier, the artist-novel-ist auther of "Trilby," died in London, England, last week.

John Falls, a farmer returning home from Birmingham, Ala., after selling his cotton, was waylaid and killed for

Fire destroyed three big factories at Wilmington, Del.

Wm. J, Bryan will speak in Illinois eight days, beginning October 23d and concluding Oct. 30th. He will devote the last three days to Chicago, during which time he will deliver fifteen speeches in various parts of the city Corning, Iowa, has been visited by

terrible fire, involving the loss of a third of its business houses, with a to-tal value of \$150,000; insurance small. The remains of Du Maurill, author of "Trilby," were cremated in Woking last week, so says a London, Eng.,

cablegram. The New York Sun says an effort is being made again by the representatives of English capitalists to acquire the properties of all the manufacturers of plug tobacco in this country in order to form a plug tobacco trust.

Jack King, president of the Mer-chants' National Bank, of Rome, Ga., is charged with embezzling \$22,000 from his bank.

Martha J. Adams, aged 75, who spent much of her life in missionary work among colored people of the South, is dead.

WILL NEVER RESIGN.

Watson Will Remain on the Ticket Until the Last Ballot is Cast.

Below is an extract from an interview between James Creelman, of the New York World, and Thomas E. Watson, in connec tion with his candidacy for Vice-President: "I will remain on the ticket till the last ballot is cast," exclaimed Mr. Water "When election is over I will go back to a party and they will know then that the tru committed into my hands has not been b trayed., I have been shamefully treated by I am not afraid to do my duty. I represent a great political party, and was regul nominated for the office of Vice P dent in my party's national convention.
Think of how I have been used! Think
of the humiliation of having to beg in
public for a formal notification of my nompublic for a formal notification of my non-ination. Think of the indignity of having been asked to abandon the cause of my party for a fellow like Sewall. No, I will not re-tire. I intend to vote for Mr. Bryan and do all in my power to elect him, but I want to warn the free silver Democrats of the coun-iry that they cannot hope to secure enough votes from the Populists to elect Bryan by leriding and reviling their candidate. I represent men who pray before they fight, men who have sacrificed everything for principle and have withstood ridicule, misrepresentation and estracism for conscience sake. You sannot laugh down a cause for which 1,800,

100 men bave cast their votes."

Cash quotations are as follows:
Flour firm. Wheat, No. 2 spring, 66%; No. 3 spring, 63@603%; No. 2 red 69%. Corn, No. 2.22%. Oats, 2, 173%; No. 2 white, 20@22, No. 3 white, 16@20. Bye, No. 2, \$3.82, Barley, nominal, No. 3, 25@85; No. 4, 24%@27. Flax seed, No. 1, 73@74. Prime timothy seed, \$2.50@2.52%. Mess pork, per bbl., \$6.30@6.35. Lard, per 100 lbs., \$3.923/@3.95. Short rib sides (loose), \$3.25@3.50; dry salted shoulder (boxed), \$3%@4: short clear sides (boxed), \$3%. Whiskey, distiller's finished goods, per gallon, \$1.18. Some men are full of surprises, even to their intimate friends. No one ever suspected the poet Lowell of stoicis until he suffered from gout; then the pain brought out that "he had the pride of a North American Indian in the unflinching endurance of physical agony." Mr. G. W. Smalley, in an essay on "Mr. Lowell in England," pub lished in Harper's, refers to this side

> of the poet's character. "Visit him in these days, and if you did not know him well you might never guess that he was suffering. The worst paroxysms were borne in silence with a set face which was capable of a

> Mr. Smarley parrates that one summer Mr. Lowell had an unusually vio lent attack. Perhaps the trouble might be something besides gout. He took Mr. Smalley's advice regarding a physician, "no gout specialist, but a firstrate all-around-man." Doctor Brondbent-now Sir William

Broadbent-was called, and went at once to see him. It was gout and nothing else, though a very acute attack and the pain violent. The physician wrote a prescription "What is that for?" inquired the pa-

tient. "To relieve the pain." "Thank you, doctor, but I only wanted to know it was really gout," and no persuasion could induce him to take the medicine. He seemed to wish, care Mr. Smalley, to convince himself that

dred strong. They came with badges in-scribed "No North, No South, No East, No West; the Union fcrever." Arm in arm with the old boys in blue, the veterans in grey were escorted to the Tabernacie, where the G. A. R. and the Woman's Relief Corps served them dinner. They had a new version of an old song and sang "We are coming, he was not to be conquered by po Later he had too many opportunitie Father McKinley, two hundred thousand strong." From the Tabernacie to the Mebut to see others suffer was a thing he Kinley home the streets were lined with expectant people. Three hundred Cleveland veterans joined in the escort, The bands played "Dixie," "America" and "Marching Through Georgia." The throngs of people could not bear. on the way joined in the yells of the marchers as best they could.

Major McKinley spoke from a small temporary reviewing stand covered with the national colors. General John E. Roller spoke on behalf of the soldiers. After Major McKinley had responded to the addresses, ex-Mayor R. A. Cassady of Canton presented the visitors a banner by which to remember their visit there. Upon one side is represented clasped hands, indicating the union of all the soldiers. Above these are the words "United," with "McKinley Club" in large gold letters. On the reverse side is a large American eagle in gold resting upon a large on the way joined in the yells of the marchers



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