## BILL ARP'S LETTER.

PHILOSOPHER MAKES EARNEST PLEA FOR FATHERLESS ONES.

As a Result of a Visit to the Decatur Orphans' Home.

clothing for the winter. I am satisfied that if our good people could visit these institutions and see the children these institutions and see the children and realize their condition, they would help them. It is all right, of course, for the millionaires to give millions to the universities and colleges, and so provide cheap education for the poor; but there is a class of helpless, friend-less children scattered over the land who will never get to college, and who would be grateful for bread and clothes and shelter. The scriptures

calls for charity. Little orphans can't come; they don't know the way. Their father is dead or their mother, or both. or perhaps one or the other is in the asylum or down with chronic sickness. It is a pitiful story, and every case is different, but all pitiful. They are all children of misery baptized in tears. I have been ruminating about this, and must write about it, though to most people it is an unwelcome subject. A few days ago I rode out to the orphans home near Decatur just to see how the children were getting on. My good friend, Robert Hemphill, went with me. He is the business man of that busy paper, The Constitution, but next to his family his heart's affections are absorbed in the orphans' home. He is the president of the board, and ought to be. He goes there every few days. and the children smile when he comes. On the way we never talked politicsnot a word-it was all orphans and the home. The farm wagon met us at Decatur and took us out a mile in the country. I didn't mind the rough riding, for it did me good to have my corporosity tumbled up a little; but I did mind getting in and out of that high-swung wagon that had no steps. I tried to show my activity, but I couldn't, and almost fell down before I got up. For aged orphans like me they ought to have a comfortable carryall, but Mr. Hemphill says they haven't got the money to buy it Where is the carriage man that he don't send one right away? Mr. Brumby, of Marietta sent six dozen good, strong chairs for the boys building, that has just been completed. Now, where is the big-hearted carriage man? It is a beautiful building, and will be dedica-

on any more. But that building and the girls' building need water-plenty of water. There is a little lake of clear spring water not far away, and Mr. Hemphill says there is fall enough for a water ram, but it will cost about \$500 to fix everything and put water in the upper stories-but the money is all out. It has taken all to complete the

ted soon; and I've a notion of taking

my wife down with me if the carryall

is there; she can't ride in a road wag-

"Where are you going to get the \$500 ?" I asked. "I have no idea," he said, and he looked distressed; "but I reckon it

new building.

will come. Three men have given u-\$500 each with the last twelve months. and I reckon there is one more some where. I know that there are several, if they knew how badly we needed it.' Then he told me about what George

Muse, Mr. Er Lawshe and Mr. G. V. Gress and others had done for the

For about three hours I went about the premises and mingled with the orphans. Some of the boys were digging

and wheeling dirt to stop a leak in the dam at the lake. Two had to go after the cows. Half a dozen came trotting down to the barn with their milk buckets. The milch cows marched to their stalls and the stanchions closed upon them, while the boys sat upon their stools and talked merrily as they drew down the milk from their udders. The eldest of these milkers was not more than 12 and the youngest about eight. Near the house, in the back yard, there were two boys swinging at the ends of a large rooking churn, and in 20 minutes they had gathered several pounds of nice yellow butter. I saw the girls washing and ironing in the laundry, and others preparing the evening meal, of which I was invited to partake. There were no idle hands, save, perhaps, the two youngest, one of whom was an infant in arms and one only three years old. All had some duty to perform, and were doing it willingly, and all were comfortably clothed.

But there were two master spirits about the place-Mr. Taylor and his wife had plenty to do. The outdoors and farm work and the cattle and getting wood and keeping the boys em-ployed in their working hours took all his time. But Mrs. Taylor has the greater responsibility, and she meets

it. She looks after the needs of all, both boys and girls, their food and clothes and health and conduct. She has one of those large, benevolent faces that a child could not help loving. Her tender care of the little ones and their affection for her was plainly visible. The little boy of sixteen months

was in her arms as she walked around with us and called up the turkeys and chickens. "I don't believe I can ever give up this one," she said. "These orphans are coming and going all the time. As fast as they get old enough the Lord seems to find places for them, and it always grieves me to see them Why don't some rich man give an endowment to the orphans' home at Decatur—why don't somebody leave it a good lot of money in his will, and then die soon after? And there is the orphanage at Clinton, S. C., that right now is on a strain to provide food and this one will be a company to the lord seems to find places for them, and it always grieves me to see them go, but I am going to keep this one and adopt it as my own. We have no children, and this one will be a company to the said. These orphanases are coming and going all the time. As fast as they get old enough the lord seems to find places for them, and it always grieves me to see them go, but I am going to keep this one orphanage at Clinton, S. C., that right now is on a strain to provide food and fort to me when I get old and have to leave the home." He was a pretty boy—the youngest of four that came there from one family. Their mother was dead and the father the same as dead; but they are better off now, and all of them seem contented and happy. Every one there has a sad history, but they do not realize it now. Several hundred have come and gone within twenty-five years, and nearly all of them have done well. Many revisit the spot in after years; many write affectionate, grateful letters, and some send over and over again, and woe and curses are threatened those who neg lect or oppress them.

I have long believed that good people would give more to charity if they were face to face with those who suffer. It is not a pleasant business to hunt up the poor and look upon want and rags and pale faces, but it ought to be done sometimes, even by the rich and busy people. The good St. James said that true religion was to visit the widow and the fatherless—yes, to visit them have done well. Many revisit the spot in after years; many write affectionate, grateful letters, and some send some tokens of their kind remembrance. One young man who has prospered and receives good wages sends \$5 monthly out of his earnings to help maintain some other orphan. That is about what it takes—\$250 to \$300 a month for the sixty who are there. At twilight there was a curfew bell, and the children gethered in the parlor and when they heard him they gave demonstrative evidences of approval. In his speech Mr. Bryan quoted the letter of Mark Hanna calling on the people who intended to vote the Republican ticket to hang the American flag from their windows October 3ist. He said, in part: "I find the children gethered in the parlor and when they heard him they gave demonstrative evidences of approval. In his speech Mr. Bryan quoted the letter of Mark Hanna calling on the people who intended to vote the Republican ticket to hang the American flag from their windows October 3ist. He said, in part: "I find the children gethered in the parlor or same who has prospered and receives good wages sends \$5 monthly out of his earnings to help maintain some other orphan. That its about what it takes—\$250 to \$300 a month for the sixty who are there. At twill be hand to vote the Republican ticket to hang the American flag from their windows October 3ist. He said, in part: "I find the children gethered in the parlor of the children at twill be hand to vote the same of good peo the spot in after years; many write af-fectionate, grateful letters, and some Mrs. Taylor there was silence, 'and there was reverence, too, for she made one of the sweetest and most motherly prayers I ever heard. It was brief, but it was beautiful. Then came the feast-not a display of good things, but good bread, good butter, good coffee, and at our table a good, fat, well roasted turkey, that the girls had cooked for Mr. Hemphill and he let me have some—yes, I got a plenty. That was the second turkey, Mrs. Taylor said, and she had many more that she had raised-about one apiece for each child. Good gracious! Feeding

> knew every tree, and where the chest nuts and chinquapins grow. But the home needs money, and its wants must be kept before the public. It is a blessed charity to give it, a charity that is full of promises in scriptures. It should be enlarged and more orphans sent there, for I believe that it is the best training school in the state, and its inmates will all make good citizens. Old Father Jesse Boring founded it, and if there is a heaven he is in it. He was a pioneer in good works. That's the kind of paternalism I believe in-being a father to the fatherless. My good mother lost ber parents when she was a little child. The pestilence swept them into one grave and she was sent to an orphanage in Savannah. They were good to her there and she used to tell us the gad story, and we would stand by her side and listen, and our hearts get full and our eyes overflow. But one day a lady came and chose her from among the children and took her away. It is the same way at this orphanage now. They come and they go, and are scattered

orphans on turkey! Well, why not

once in a while? I never saw an or-

phan who didn't like turkey. There

are lots of good things about there. While down in the field I found some

ripe maypops, and I have not passed

iking them yet, and black haws and

from Georgia to Texas. Good people, this is the noblest and sweetest kind of charity. Let us help it .- BILL ARP, in Atlanta Constitu-

### BAND OF DESPERADOES. Heavily Armed, Raid the Little Town of Carney, Oklahoma.

Two posses of United States marshals are n hot pursuit of the bold desperadoes who held up the little town of Carney Saturday night. The story of the hold-up at Carney reads like the robberies of the early days in Oklahoma. It was 10 o'clock when the town was attacked by the six bandits, all heavily armed, masked and well mounted. The robbers entered with a flourish of arms and oaths and at once attacked the store of J. E. Fouts, the largest merchant in the city. Be-fore entering the town, the bandits cut the telephone wires between Carney and Chand-ier in order to prevent interference with their evidently prearranged plans. Carney is a town of 800 people and contains a general merchandise store, hotel, postoffice, black-smith shop, stables and dwelling houses. Only Fouts and his son were in the store when the robbers rushed in and threw their guns on them. The chief of the outlaws demand that Fouts open his safe. He quickly complied and handed over \$800 in cash to the bandits. Two of the robbers then bound and pagged Fouts and his son and curried them bandits. Two of the robbers then bound and gagged Fouts and his son and curried them two miles out of town. Meanwhile the other robbers attacked the hotel and postoffice, but got nothing in the latter place. In the hotel, three drummers and two citizens were relieved in all of \$500 in money, watches and jewelry. At the United States Marshal's office the opinion prevails that the gang is headed by Pynamite Dick, a pal of the late Dalton and Doolin. He was said to be in Missouri near Sedziis inst week.

### Killed Their Grandmother,

A special from Clarksville, Ga., to the Constitution says that St. Clair Glover and his prother, a deaf mute, have been arrested and ailed charged with the murder of their grandnother, Mrs. F. Y. Glover. St. Clair Glover has confessed and assumed all the responsibility. He states that he killed his grandmother because she put him off in her will The old lady was wealthy.

### Steamships to Mexico.

A dispatch from St. Louis states that it is rumored that the Illinois Central is about to tery Park Hotel. The attendance was small. charter a number of ocean steamships to carry cargoes from New Orleans to Mexican

HE SPEAKS IN MCKINLEY STATE AT MANY POINTS.

Bryan Exposes Hanna's Foul Plot and Asks Patriots to Display the American F.ag .- Our Symbol of Lib-

Monday the special car Idler, bearing the Bryan party, was pulled out of Detroit, Mich., and at 6:30 the city of Toledo, O., which some weeks ago gave the nominee such a hearty welcome, was reached. Here a goodly crowd had gathered about the depot and outside the gates and cheered the nominee, and in turn he stepped out on the platform and ad-dressed them in a few appropriate words. At 7 o'clock he made a three minute platform speech at Ferrysburg, and another at Deshler a half hour later. Short speeches of less than five minutes were made at Ottawa and Leipsic

The largest crowd of the day was encountered at Piqua. There were a great many yellow badges out, but, as a rule, the word "nit" was printed over the names of the Republican nominees. The speech here of 20 minutes was devoid of new features as was the

vancement of our people's interests and gen-eral prosperity, display the National colors, at their homes, their places of business, or wherever they may be seen, in order that voters, whose hearts are for their country, may be strengthened in their purpose, and those who are undetermined may be the more patriotically and intelligently conducted how best to perform their duty as

As anthusiastic an audience as Mr. Bry has addressed for some time was at Wapako-nets, when the special pulled into that place. The houses in the vicinity of the hotel in front of which the stand that Mr. Bryan spoke from was erected, were decorated with flags and bunting and pictures of the candidate. As soon as Mr. Bryan was see emerging from the car the crowd cheered him wildly. His speech was punctuated through out with applause and cheers and his ad mirers continually expressed their approve

A crowd of several thousand people cheered the train at Dayton, where a stop of ten minutes was made to attach an extra coach containing the Hamilton and Cost committee

train, ex-cov. Jas. E. Campbell, who is here, being at the head of the reception

Mr. Bryan was escorted through the town which was profusely decorated, by a paradon which several hundred people took part nost of them being uniformed. The candidate spoke from a stand erected in the cour house park to a clowd of more than te thousand people. He was introduced by ex. Gov. Campbell, who in this way made his formal entry into the campaign for the nomuee of the Chicago convention. Both the

andidate and hissponsor were received with remendous applause.

There were short stope at Xenia and Jamesown and good-eized crowds listened to five-ninutes speeches from the nomines. While he crowd was tenthusiastic, there was quite number of McKinley shouters and balges the crowd. Washington Court House was given a ten-minute talk and the large audiace was apparently in sympathy with the

At Dayton the largest audience of the day yelled itself hoarse when, shortly after a o'clock, Mr. Bryan spoke at the Fair grounds. The crowd was estimated way up in the thous ands and the streets were crowded by thous-ands of others. For many blocks the streets were filled with exultant humanity and the trip clear out to the grounds a continual ovation. The crowd was wildly enthusiastic and interrupted the speaker time and again with demonstrations of its hearty approval of the

From a stand in front of the court house Mr. Bryan addressed a large audience for 2 minutes at Chillicotho. Circleville came in for a five minute talk from the platform of the car to a fair-size audience. There were short addresses Lancaster and New Lexington. At Zanesville the triple nominee made a speech of a half hour's duration.

At Martin's Ferry he was met by a large crowd and delivered a brief speech. At Bridgeport he spoke to 1,500. Twenty thousand met him at Youngstown. This point is in McKinley's congressional district.

### SIX SPEECHES A DAY.

McKinley Excursions Are Still Being Run to Canton, Ohio. At Canton, Ohio, Thursday, Maj, McKin ley made six speeches. Five of the delega tions were from Ohio and one from the adjoining State of Indiana. The Ohio people were so numerous and so enthusiastic that Major McKinley told them that this might very properly have been called Ohio day. The weather was delightful, Major McKinley, recognizing the fact that the arguments are all in, made his speeches short,

guments are all in, made his speeches short, crisp and inspiring. They elicited generous, and at times tumultuous, applause.

The largest delegation of the day was from Marietta, the oldest town in the State. If the various delegations were conspicuous for anything it was for the large number of for anything it was for the large number of the men who accompanied them who have never voted any other than the Democratic ticket, but who say they intend to support McKinley this year. It was estimated that nearly one-tenth of the visitors were sound money Democrats.

### A Banana Company Fails.

The Bluefields Banana company, whose eadquarters are at Galveston, Tex., with a branch in New Orleans, La, has made au esignment Liabilities are about \$60,000 was organized in October, 1890, and had three steamers, which plied between Galveston and Central American ports. Of late years the steamers have come direct to New Orleans, and the company transacted most of its business from there. F. Conger of Galveston was president and John Wilson of New Orleans was vice president. General depression of business is given as the cause of the failure. with assets valued at \$25,000. The company

The Flower Congress. At Asheville, N. C., Wednesday, the National Flower Congress convened at the Bat-Frederick Leroy Sargeant, instructor of charter a number of ocean steamships to carry cargoes from New Orleans to Maxican ports. It is reported that the business of the company is increasing to such an extent that a line of vessels in connection with its service to New Orleans has become necessary.

Frederick Leroy Sargeant, instructor of botany in Harvard University, was elected by the Harvard Universi

CREAM OF THE NEWS, CULLED FROM THE DAILY PAPERS.

Which Will be of More or Less Interest to the General Reader.

It is stated by officials that the reports coming from New Orleans as to an exciting controversy at Havana between Gen. Fitzhugh Lee, United States Consul General, and Gen. Weyler, over the attempted apprehension of a Mexican named Fernandez on board of the American ship Vigilancia give a significance and importance to the event not warranted by the facts. If there was any apprehension that war would result, that feeling must have been confined entirely to Havanna, for the law on the subject is so clear and its application has been so firmly established by precedent that the officials here were in no doubt as to the outcome. Consul General Lee has not informed the State Department of the affair and the fact that he did not deem it worthy of the expense of cabling, but will treat it only in the routine way through mail, is evidence of the impor-It is stated by officials that the reports



UNITED STATES CONSULTER

Spanish authorities received Havana advices fully explaining the case, but these advices were of an entirely pacific character and treated the matter as an inciden which has been satisfactorily adjusted be-tween General Weyler and Consul General Lee, without any breach of their friendly relations. The facts as reported are substantially these: Gen. Weyler ordered the arrest of Fernandez as a suspect, not knowing at the time of the issuance of the order that he was on board an American ship. Later General Lee notified the Spanish authorities that the Vigilancia was an American ship, which under our treaty rights had an immunity from search and seizure for suspects in transit to other ports. General Weyler promptly acceded to the position taken by Gen. Lee and the affair ended. No protests or claims were submitted to Washington by either side. It is said positively that the reports that Gen Weyler ever contemplated firing on the Vigil-ancia or trained the guns of Morro Castle on the ship are incorrect.

It is intimated in official circles here that although no regular formal loave has ye himself from his post as Consul General at Havana, that he has arranged the business of the Consul Generalship so that it may be left. for a time at least, to the care of Mr. Sprin ger, our energetic Vice Consul General. It is expected, therefore, that he will soon pay visit to his home in Richmond, It is unde stood from the same source that General Lee is in no respect dissatisfied with his office or with the relations that now exist between himself and the authorities at Havana, but he has undergone a trying and particularly unhealthful season at Havana while engaged in the discharge of onerous duties and feels the need of recuperation. A visit of course will afford an opportunity for Secretary Olney to confer with General Lee as to the present as-pect of affairs on the island, but further than bove stated it cannot be gathered that the Consul General's movements have any significance as affecting the relations between Spain and the United States.

William A. Richardson, Chief Justice of the Court of Claims, died, at his home here, aged 74 years. He had some months past with complication of diseases and owing to advanced age his death had been gener expected. He declined a Superior Court Judgeship in 1869 and in the same year be-came Assistant Secretary of the United States Treasury. He went to Europe as the financial agent of the government in 1871 to negotiate for the sale of the funded loan and made the first contract abroad for the sale of bonds. In 1873 he became Secretary of the Treasury, resigning in 1874 to accept a seat on the bench of the Court of Claims, of which he became Chief Justice in 1885. This osition he held at the time of his death. Judge Richardson was the author of a numper of publications of a financial and legal character.

For the three months of this fiscal ye the receipts from internal revenue have been \$37,794,887 against \$37,774,479 for the corres ponding three months of 1895. The principal items of revenue are: Spirits, \$19,944,645. crease of \$1,092,617; tobacco, \$7,370,407 ase of \$705,137; fermented \$10.133,571, a decrease of \$255,629; oleomargarine, \$269,091, a decrease of \$255,629; oleomargarine, \$269,091, a decrease of \$69,242; miscellaneous \$77,170, a decrease of \$12,299. Filled cheese at a tax of 1 cent a pound appears for the first time among items of revenue, the tax collected from Sept. 4, when the law went into effect, being \$1,215. For September, 1896, the collections trom internal revenue were \$12,009.120, as against \$12-, 001,956 in September, 1895.

The corner-stone of the Hall of History, the first of the buildings to comprise the American University, was laid here Tuesday. The ceremonies were conducted by the venerable senior bishop, of the Methodist Church, Thomas M. Bowman, assisted by the officers of the district grand lodge of Masons. Bishop Hurst, Chancellor, took a prominent The corner-stone of the Hall of Histor

The President has removed Postmaster John H. Levis at Black Biver Falls, Wis. and appointed David Thompson as his successor. The summary action in dismissing Levis is due to disclosures of alleged corruptions entered into to obtain office.

was struck dead while pleading a case in the Circuit Court room at Suffolk, Va. Mr. Circuit Court room at Suffolk, Va. Mr. Rriggs' face suddenly blanched and his hands were nervously pressed over his heart. He muttered a word of excuse to Judge Prentiss, staggered backward and sank in his seat. There was a deep breath, several short pasps, and all was over before the horrifieb spectators had realized the situation. Death was almost instantaneous. The deceased was born and educated at the University of Virginia. He leaves a wife, but no children. He was 46 years old.

### SABBATH SCHOOL

INTERNATIONAL LESSON FOR NOVEMBER 1.

Lesson Text: "Building the Temple." I Kings v., 1-12 - Golden Text: Psalm exxvii., 1 -Commentary

i. "And Hiram, King of Tyre, sent his servants unto Solomon, for he had heard that they had anotated him king in the room of his father, for Hiram was ever a lover of David." The association of Hiram and David in the building of David's house is seen in II Sam. v.. 11. Isaiah speaks of Tyre in these words: "Tyre, the crowning city, whose merchants are princes, whose traffickers are the honorable of the earth" (Isa. kxii., 8), but it is in the same connection that we read of the Lord of Hosts staining the pride of all glory and bringing into contempt all the honorable of the earth. Brom Ps. xiv., 12, we conclude that in the coming kingdom Tyre shall be represented, and we think of such as the woman of Math. xi., 21, in connection therewith.

in connection therewith.

2, 3. "Thou knowest how that David, my father, could not build an house unto the name of the Lord his God for the wars which name of the Lord his God for the wars which were about him on every side, until the Lord put them under the soles of his feet." How suggestive of Him who "must reign till He hath put all enemies under His feet, that God may be all in all" (I Cor. xv., 25, 28). When the Lord told David that he could not build the temple, He said to him, "Behold a son shall be born to thee, who shall be a man of rest, and I will give him rest from all his enemies round about, for his name shall be Bolomon—that is, peaceable—and I will give peace and quietness unto Israel in his days" (I Chron. xxii., 9, 10). "He shall build an house for My name and he shall be My son and I will be his father, and I will establish the throne of his kingdom over Israel forever." Truly a greater than Solomon is here whose kingdom shall have no end. The time of war on earth is not yet over, for the greatest is yet to come, but Isa ii., 1-4, shall be fulfilled, and when the Son of David shall judge among the Nations, "Nation shall not lift up sword against Nation, neither shall they learn war any more."

4. "But now the Lord my God hath given me rest on every side, so that there is neither advanced to the state of the contraction." He december advanced to the contraction of the contraction of the state of the contraction of

adversary nor evil occurrent." He does not mention the instrumentalities which God had used to bring this rest, but acknowledges it as the gift of God. Instruments are nothing except as God uses them, but God is all. He gives rest to all who are willing to cease from their own works and let Him control. When in the next age our Lord shall have cast the beast and false pr into the lake of fire and the devil into the pit then it shall be true in large measure that there shall be neither adversary nor evil to

contend with.

5. "And, behold, I purpose to build an house unto the name of the Lord my God."
He was ready to be used of God to carry out His purposes. This is rest indeed, to believe that God has a purpose (Isa. xiv., 24) and let God work in us both to will and to do of let God work in us both to will and to do of His good pleasure (Phil. ii., 18), sure that "every purpose of the Lord shall be per-formed" (Jer. ii., 29). He shall not fail nor be discouraged, but shall see of the travail of His soul and be satisfied (Isa. xlii., 4; liii., 11). Therefore we have only to dwell with Him for His work.

6. "Thou knowest that there is not among us any that can skill to new timber like th and then adds these words of praise. Not all are called to the same work. The Lord gives "to every man his work," and the Spirit divides to every one His gifts "severally as He will" (Mark xiii., 34; I Cor. xii., 11). Talents are given to each according to his several ability (Math. xxv., 15). If we are fully yielded, God will fill us with wisdom of heart to work all manner of work that He

may require of us.
7. "When Hiram heard the words of Solomon, he rejoiced greatly and said, Blessed be the Lord this day which hath given unto David a wise son over this great people."

Every good gift is from above, and a man can receive nothing except it be given him from heaven (Jas. 1., 17; John iii., 27).

8. "I will do all thy desire concerning timber of cedar and concerning timber fir." Thus Hiram sent answer to Solom All such records in Scripture are suggestive of the great love of God, who, having not spared His own Son, will with Him also freely give us all things (Rom. viii., \$2). "Delight thyself in the Lord, and He shall give thee the desires of thine heart" (Ps. XXXVII., 4).

9. "Thou shall accomplish my desire giving food for my household." The wor in hand to be accomplished by this partner ship was the building of the temple of the Lord. A temple is now being builded, which our Lord Jesus is both foundation as top stone, and believers are living stones the temple. If we seek first the kingdom God and His righteousness, all that we need in the way of food and raiment will be made

sure to us (Math. vi., 33).

10, 11. "So Hiram gave Solomon cedar trees and fir trees, according to all his desire. And Solomon gave Hiram twenty thousand measures of wheat for food to thousand measures of wheat for food to his household and twenty measures of pure oil; thus gave Solomon to Hiram year by year." Solomon was seven years building the temple and thirteen years building his own house (chapter vi., 38; vii., 1), so that this was a partnership covering many years. Our partnership is with the Lord Jesus Christ, and the work on hand is the completion of the church, which is the body of Christ. If we give our attention wholly to this work, our Master will see to the supply of all the need. To attend merely the supply of all the need. To attend merely to our own church or denomination may not be the best way of completing the church, but we are surely safe in sending forth missionaries as fast as we can, or, rather, as fast as He can, to gather out of all Nations the elect body of Christ, the building of Eph. ii., 19-22.

12. "And the Lord gave Solomon wisdem, as He promised him, and there was peace between Hiram and Solomon, and they two made a league together." We must distinguish between Hiram the king and Hiram, Tyrian, widow's son (I Kings vii., 18, 14), the skilled workman in brass who made all

the skilled workman in brass who made all the bright brasswork for the house of the Lord (I Kings, vii., 45), and yet both Hirams were identified with King Solomon in the work. To be identified with Israel in the age to come will surely be a great thing, but it is much greater to be in this age fully identified with the King of Israel, the Son of God (John 1., 49, 50). Of Him it is written, "Behold the man whose name is the branch, and He shall grow up out of His place, and He shall build the temple of the Lord."—Lesson Heiper.

### Surprise in Georgia.

A bomb shell has been exploded in political circles in Georgia by the making public of a letter from Dr. W. H. Felton, Populist Secretary of War Lamont has transmitted to the Secretary of the Treasury his estimates of the appropriations required by the War Department for the next fiscal year. The aggregate is \$52,875,638.27.

A Lawyer's Tragic Death.

At Suffolk, Va., Merritt Briggs, one of At Suffolk, Va., Merritt Briggs, one of S

Still Visiting McKinley.

Monday the week's visits to McKinley's home began with the arrival about noon of several car-loads of people from Sewickiey, Pa. In the party were a number of ladies and the McKinley and Hobart "Sound Money" club of that city. They were escorted to the McKinley home headed by a drum corps coming with them, and gave McKinley three rousing cheers, when he appeared upon the porch. Mrs. McKinley received the ladies after the address.

# ALL AROUND THE WORLD

THE LATEST NEWS ARRANGED PARAGRAPHICALLY.

Happenings Both Home and Foreign, As Well as From the North, East and West.

Notes From the South.

J. Sterling Morton, Secretary of Agriculture, was hanged in effigy at Alexander, Va.

Arthur Dunlap, aged 11 years, accidentally shot his brother Willie, three years older, at Atlanta, Ga.

James Sanders, a farmer, living near Daisy, Fenn., was killed by a charge from his own gun while on a squirrel hunt.

The Daughters of the Confederacy of the State of Georgia met in Macon. Hon. T. R. R. Cobb, of Atlanta, addaessed the meeting.

In Person county, North Cwrolina, a race riot between whites and blacks was

Ky., has been raided and every gate on the three roads in the northwestern part of the county destroyed.

One negro was killed and two others fatally wounded in a riot at Hager Station, Florida. They had quarreled with their employer at a lumber mill.

Joseph D. Kiernan, lawyer, notary public and reporter for the New Or-leans Telegram, was fined \$10 and sent to the parish prison 15 days for disturbing the Palmer and Buckner meeting there.

The Supreme Court of Georgia has The steamer T. P. Leathers, loaded denied a new trial to Tom Delk, the with 1,700 bales of octton, 9,000 sacks for the murder of the sheriff of Pike county. Taylor Delk, the father of Tom, was given another chance to prove his innocence.

Throughout the North

Rabbits are causing an epidemic of liphtheria in some parts of Iowa. December wheat took a big tumble on the Chicage board of trade Thurs-

A Russian passenger from Havanna Cuba, dies of yellow fever at Swinburne Island, N. Y. John R. Gentry tried for a first re-

cord of 2 minutes for a harness horse Tuesday at Terre Haute but failed. his time being 2:041. H. B. Schnaubelt, a member of the band of anarchists who caused the

Haymarket riots in Chicago, Ill., died The House of Bishops, in session in New York, has decided not to elect a bishop for Asheville, N. C., because of poor financial condition of State's diocese.

Thursday President Cleveland made speech on the occassion of the sesquicentennial anniversary of the College of New Jersey, at Princeton. He refused to be made an LL. D.

The prevalence of typhoid fever at Salt Lake City, Utab, caused the board | Money and Honest Election League of health there to inspect the water supply. It was found to be pure. The disease was attributed to bad milk.

Philadelphia, Pa., has signed an agreement with the wardens of his church that he will never preach over fifteen minutes, except on special and extra- of Indiana. At Munice he deliver ordinary occasions. The Board of Inquiry at Ellis Island,

New York, has decided that the 167 Armenians who arrived last week from Turkey cannot be admitted to this country. Judgment is suspended with regard to some fifteen or twenty of the

Political Dots.

There will be no fusion between Populists and Democrats in Georgia. Democrate and Populists of Tennessee have refused to have fusion on Presidential electors. Secretary Carlisle will not vote in

the Presidential election on November

According to the official figures of the New York election bureau, which has been made public, the total registration in that city is 330,976.

Mr. Bryan Wednesday spoke at Sandusky. O., at Richmond, Ind., to 5,000 people in one audience and 4,000 in another, and at Tiffin, O., to 8,000 people waiting in the rain to hear him: at Huntsville, Ind., to 15,000 people. At Richmond he criticized Harrison for supporting Cleveland's financial

Foreign. The British parliament will re-as emble January 25th.

The Bank of England rate of dis count has been advanced from 3 pe cent. to 4 per cent.

A Madrid, Spain special says the shipment of 35,000 reinforcements to Cuba will begin early in November. News from Constantinople sav Inited States Consul Luther Short,

tationed there, will in all probability poard the United States gunboat Banbrough the Dardanelles as an ordi-What Minister Terrel Says.

Hon.A. W. Terrell, the United States Minister o Turkey, has given to the Associated Press the first explicit and authorized sta from an official source regarding the mission of the United States steamship Bancroft in the Levant. He suid: "The report that the Bancroft will, under instructions, force the Dardenelles is too ridiculous for serious notice. The fact of the matter is that I have not applied for the entry of a dispatch boat to Constantinople since is perfectly. So the statement that I have abandoned or withdrawn an application is entirely without four-

### LATEST NEWS.

Crowds were turned away from the hall in which Secretary Carlisle spoke on sound money in Covington, Ky. Disorderly disturbances interrupted him several times, but the vast majority of his audience was in sympathy with him and the hisses were drowned with observ

Geo. P. Post, of New York, has been elected President of the Institute of American Architects at Nashville, Tenn.

The Southern District Conference of the Universalists met in Atlanta, Ga. All the Southern States were

Harry Love, clerk in a railroad office at Atlanta. Ga., was run over and killed by a freight while wheeling his bike along the tracks.

The United States Phosphate Com-pany, doing business within the south-ern district of Florids, has been closed by Caleb Chase, of Massachusetts, who held a mortgage against the company. It was indebteded to the defendant in the sum of \$20,000.

race riot between whites and blacks was brought about by politics. Several wounded, but none seriously.

The toll gates of Franklin county,

The toll gates of Franklin county,

Train robbers held up a Chicago & Alton train in Blue Cut, between In-dependence and Glendale, Mo.

At Augusta, Ga., Wesley Bennett, an agent for the Travelers' Accident Insurance Company, attempted to commit suicide.

The Populists of Georgis have taken down their electoral ticket. One member says he will vote for McKinley.

Will Settle, cashier of the Building and Loan Association, of Louisville; is a defaulter for \$8,000.

oil, sprung a leak and sunk three miles above Natchez, Miss.

At Mt. Vernon, O., Hon, Columbus Delano, ex-Secretary of the Interior,

Louis A. Coquard, a St. Louis bond and stock broker, made an assignment. The assets are placed at \$100,000. Dan Creedon whipped Harry Baker, of Chicago, in the twenty round bout at the Empire Athletic Club at New

Five prisoners escaped from the United States jail at Fort Smith, Ark. J. J. Miller, a German, committed suicide at Sumter, S. C.

The trial trip of the battleship Mas sachusetts was in every way a succ Hon. Holmes, Commins, one of the

oremost lawyers and politicians of the The Methun Company will resume operations in all departments except the weaving at its mills at Methun,

On invitation of the Sound Money League of Richmond. Va., a meeting was held at Richmond of representatives of all the leagues in the State, twenty seven cities and towns were represented. A permanent organization under the name of the Sound

BRYAN IN INDIANA.

for the State of Virginia was effected

A prominent Episcopal rector of He Speaks at Many Places in Houster-Wednesday Bryan, the never-tiring date for Presidential honors, began a tour at the baseball park to governl thou thusiastic silverites, as well as curlosity ers. There were counter demonstrations, the town was billed heavily for more that one political gathering. W. D. Bynam we to speak to the gold Democrate and the B publicans were to listened to W. J. Campan and the B publicans were to listened t

At Anderson s jam of humanity welce the candidate. The stand was cont in the open prairie, where he delive wonderful speech about arraying against class.
At Fort Wayne he addressed three At Fort Wayne he addressed three monster meetings, and in his speech his attack upon the gold Democrats was met with a ready ready response in the sympathics of the audiences.

He made other addresses at Time, the way wille, Bradford Junction, Bishmond, Cambridge. At each of the above points he was met by good crowds of allverties, but it was very evident that the McKinleyites were thick.

Thursday Mr. Bryan spoke at Terro and other places, thus winding up his ana stumping tour. The crowd at Haute was estimated at 20,000. The c at other places was large and enthus

Settled Out of Court At Richmond, Va., Judge Hughes sot last Thursday for heaving a motion to perpetuate his injunction against the Seabon



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