

"PROVE ALL THINGS; HOLD FAST THAT WHICH IS GOOD."

VOL. VII.

DUNN, N. C., JULY 20, 1898.

NO. 4.

GLORIOUS RESULTS CROWN OUR EFFORTS.

Santiago, and Eastern Cuba, Has Fallen, and Gen. Toral, With 20,000 Spaniards, Surrendered.

THE PROUD EMBLEM OF SPANISH AUTHORITY TRAILING IN THE DUST OF DEFEAT.

The Conquered Spaniards Surrendered On the Condition That They Be Sent Back to Spain at Our Expense.

The White-Winged Messenger of Peace Comes From Spain Holding Out the Olive Branch. The Irene Incident May Assume Serious Proportions. Rights of Individuals Suspended by the Spanish Government. The Fourth Expedition Has Sailed for Manila.

WITH THE UNITED STATES TROOPS, before Santiago (By Cable).—The reverse to the Spanish arms in eastern Cuba is complete. Santiago has fallen, and with it all the eastern end of the island. General Toral, the Spanish commander, agreed to the general terms of the surrender at a personal interview with General Shafter, at which General Miles was present. The victorious American army, after a campaign of three weeks of almost unopposed hardships for both officers and men, accept the news with heart-felt relief. The victory is greater than appeared at first. All the Spanish troops in the Fourth corps, the military division of Santiago, except from a line several miles north from Aserradero, 18 miles west of Santiago, through Dos Palmas, Palma Soriana, Alcañata, to Sagua de Tanamo, on the north coast, and eastward to Cape Maysi, are surrendered and the territory is abandoned. Between

in his command was manifest and he did not hesitate to ask for time to communicate the situation to Madrid, although he dubiously shook his head when he spoke of the probable response. He also volunteered the information when General Miles gallantly



ly inquired after General Linares' wound, that the latter would probably necessitate the amputation of his left arm at the shoulder. General Miles at the interview did not attempt to assume the direction of the negotiations, but as general of the United States army he vouches for the conditions General Shafter offered.

Holding Out the Olive Branch. The Madrid correspondent of the London Daily Mail says: "Preliminary negotiations for peace are already under way in the shape of indirect inquiries regarding the terms of America which Spain might accept. Mr. Cambon the French ambassador at Washington, and Sir Henry Drummond-Wolfe, British ambassador at Madrid, are acting respectively on behalf of Spain and America in the conduct of inquiries which at present are quite informal. Duke Almodovar de Rio, Minister of Foreign Affairs, and Senor Gamazo, Minister of Public Instruction and Public Works, have been appointed by the government to conduct the negotiations. One of the chief reasons which have driven the government toward peace is a fear that the Americans may get a footing in Porto Rico, thus establishing a stronger claim to include that island in the demands for territory. Stocks are rising on the Madrid exchange every day, strengthening the conviction that peace is near."

The Fever Situation. Surgeon Greenleaf called the War Department as follows: "Siboney, July 15.—Only 33 cases of yellow fever and three deaths within the past 24 hours. The type of the disease is mild. The camp site is moved whenever practicable. Have taken vigorous sanitary precautions to prevent the spread of the disease."

Peace, Says Sagasta. The Tagelblatt's Madrid correspondent says Sagasta has declared that he is now convinced that the Americans would be defeated by the land forces in Cuba, and that the Americans knew this themselves, but since Spain no longer has a fleet the Americans could starve the island without subjecting themselves to exposure of the Spanish bullets. Hence he has resolved to bring about peace as soon as possible.

Gen. Miles to Command. The Porto Rican expedition will be commanded by General Miles in person, though General Brooke, now in command at Camp Thomas, is expected to be his main dependence. The size of the expedition will depend on General Miles' wish, although it is believed that 25,000 men will be sufficient for the purpose.

Praise from the English Press. All the London papers tender an ample meed of praise for the success of American strategy in securing possession of eastern Cuba with so little bloodshed. They recognize further resistance on the part of Spain is hopeless.

Clara Ward Dead. The Buda Pesth correspondent of The Libre Parole, Paris, announces the death of Clara L. Ward, the divorced wife of Prince Joseph, of Chimay and Caraman.

Cotton Mill Failure. John H. Mason & Sons, one of the oldest manufacturing firms in Providence, R. I., are financially embarrassed. The liabilities of the firm are placed above \$300,000.

Fourth Expedition Has Left.

The fourth Manila expedition, consisting of the flagship of Major General Otis, City of Pueblo and the transport ship Peru. The City of Pueblo carries the remaining companies of the Fourteenth United States Infantry; recruits of the First and Second Battalions of the Eighteenth and Twentieth Regiments; enlisted men of the Fifth North Dakota, First Wyoming and First Idaho, medical officers and members of the hospital corps, a total of 843 men. The troops on the Peru consist of a squadron of the Fourth United States Cavalry, light batteries of the Sixth United States Artillery, a detachment of the Third United States Artillery, a detachment of the signal corps under Captain Russell, a detachment of volunteers, medical officers and members of the hospital corps, about 920 men.

Rights of Individuals Suspended.

The Official Gazette at Madrid publishes a royal decree, temporarily suspending throughout the Spanish peninsula the rights of individuals as guaranteed by the constitution. The decree adds that the government will render an account to Parliament of the use it may make of this measure. The publication of the decree is generally accepted as being convincing proof that Spain is now ready to sue for peace and that negotiations to that effect are actually in progress. The government wishes to have full power to suppress any evidences of discontent or rebellion wherever they appear. The Carlists are furious and are sure to attempt to create trouble.

Annoyed at Germany.

A Washington Special says the attitude assumed by the German naval commanders in the Philippines is without doubt a source of annoyance and apprehension to our government. The spirit of quibbling, as between the insurgent forces in the Philippines, attributed to the German government by its own papers, is far from satisfactory. Still our government is satisfied that its interests are safe in the hands of Admiral Dewey and is adhering to its original intention of allowing him a free hand to deal with the situation.

The Subig Bay Incident.

The London Daily Mail's Hong Kong correspondent cables that it is "now known here that Admiral Dewey requested the correspondent at Manila not to give the full story of the Irene incident, for fear of arousing feeling in America which might lead to complications with Germany. When the full details became known it would be seen that the incident was more serious than it first appeared to be.

Premier Sagasta declares that neither the Madrid nor the government in Cuba has intervened in the negotiations for the surrender of Santiago.

Satisfaction Over Santiago's Fall.

The London weekly papers express great satisfaction over the fall of Santiago de Cuba. The Speaker thinks the event presages the end of the war, but describes it as "a stroke of good fortune which the Americans had no right to expect." It adds: "The terms of surrender are not dishonorable. They reflect credit upon both sides."

Corbett and McCoy to Meet.

George F. Considine, representing James J. Corbett, and W. B. Gray, representing "Kid" McCoy, met and came to an agreement for the men to meet at Buffalo on September 10th, before the Hawthorne Athletic Club in a 20-round boxing match.

An Alaskan Steamer Comes In.

A private dispatch from Victoria, B. C., says that the steamer Cottage City, arrived there from Dawson, with a number of passengers from Dawson City, who have a large amount of gold dust and drafts, estimated at \$1,000,000.

The Commission.

Gen. Miles appointed Generals Wheeler and Lawton and Lieutenant Miley as a commission on behalf of the United States to arrange the details for carrying into effect the capitulation of Santiago and eastern Cuba.

The War Loan.

The subscriptions to the new 3 per cent. war loan of \$200,000,000, which closed on the 14th, including the offers made by syndicates, will amount to \$1,200,000,000, or six times the amount of the issue.

THROUGHOUT THE COUNTRY.

The South.

An avaricious cabman is wanted by the police of Atlanta, Ga., for robbing a lady and then rudely ejecting her from his hack.

In his annual address Hon. John W. Akin, president of the Georgia Bar Association, took occasion to refer against the encroachments of the federal Courts.

Two young ladies had a very exciting and thrilling experience with a burglar in Atlanta, Ga. The elder young lady, Miss Lulu Williams, displayed remarkable bravery and courage nearly resulted in the burglar being captured.

The North.

Mrs. William C. Whitney will be removed from New York to Bar Harbor, Me.

Mr. Aaron French, of Pittsburg, Pa., recently gave \$5,500 to the Textile Department of the Georgia School of Technology.

Ex-Attorney General Harmon, in his speech before the Ohio Association said an "imperial policy will surely some day lead to an Emperor."

Great interest has been roused among Catholics in New York city by the receipt of a volume recently published in France, calling in question the integrity of the great Father Isaac T. Hooker, founder of the Order of Taulist Fathers.

Oregon has sent to the Omaha Exhibition a 60-foot stick from a tree in the forest near Scappoose. The timber contains \$1,000 worth of lumber and it is worth a single knot or biscuit.

At a meeting of the stockholders of the East Pennsylvania and Matamoras Railroad, the Delaware Valley Railway Company and the Delaware Valley, Hudson & Lehigh Railroad acted to consolidate.

Fire completely destroyed the large three-story structure of the Racine, Wis., Malleable and Wrought Iron Company, loss \$100,000. Three persons were killed and a score or more seriously injured.

Mabel M. Van Husen, 19 years old, of New Haven, Conn., quarreled, and the boy went to visit another girl in Orange. His sweetheart attended church and on her way home she met several of her friends. Suddenly, the girl stepped from the crowd, opened a parcel, and, lifting arsenic to her lips, said: "Here goes." She swallowed the poison, and died shortly afterward.

The coal and iron police of Hazelton, Pa., have made another rich find in the home of Peter Schaeffer, one of the gang of freight car robbers recently arrested there. In tearing away the steps leading to the second story, they discovered rolls of silk, silver, pairs of men's trousers, ladies' underwear, lace curtains, a medicine chest, a barrel of brandy and many other articles. The total value of the goods is about \$1500.

Miscellaneous.

Twenty miners from the Yukon placers, at Mannock, Circle City and Dawson, have reached San Francisco with \$70,000.

Seattle will send 30,000 bales of cotton to Japan during the coming winter, about 50 per cent more than the value of all American exports to Japan during 1894-95.

The Populist and Democrats of California have fused by nominating Congressman James C. Maguire, Democrat, for governor, the remainder of the ticket being made up of Populists and silver Republicans.

The act of Congress making the present bond issue a popular loan has caused a loss to the government of \$8,000,000 to \$4,000,000 in premiums.

The total appropriation of Congress footed almost \$900,000,000, and upward of \$200,000,000 of this was for purely war purposes.

The town of Chamita, N. M., celebrated its three hundredth anniversary with a parade and speeches by the Governor and others.

The latest acquisition in the role of Amazons is a young woman of Atlanta, Ga., who gives the name of Lizzie Gannon. The young woman was so anxious to go and fight the Spaniards that she resorted to strategy, but on her way to the recruiting station was arrested on suspicion of being a girl, consequently released from parole.

Ninth—That the Spanish forces shall be permitted to march out with all the honors of war, depositing their arms to be disposed of by the United States in the future, the American commission to recommend to their government that the arms of the soldiers be returned to those "who so bravely defended them."

Foreign.

The latest government census in India showed 6,016,759 girls between 5 and 9 years of age, of whom 1,700 were married, of whom 170 had become widows. The figures of the exports of leading cereals, provisions, cotton and mineral oils at the large ports are completed and are of peculiar interest from the fact that they practically close the record for this year, year ending the largest exports in the commercial history of the country.

An earthquake shock was felt in Cape Haitien, Haiti, on the 11th. The disturbance lasted five seconds, and was so severe to have driven the inhabitants from their homes in terror.

Maj. Comte Ferdinand Walsin Esterhazy, the alleged author of the Borden case in the Dreyfus case, has been arrested at Paris. Madame Pays, his mistress, has also been placed under arrest. The arrests are apparently in connection with the reopening of the Dreyfus case.

Cerro Gordon Williams Dead.

General John S. Williams, ex-United States Senator and hero of the Mexican and civil wars, died at his home in Mt. Sterling, Ky.

More Gold From Dawson.

Seventeen miners who left Dawson on June 28th, have arrived at Seattle, Wash., on the City of Seattle, bringing with them gold dust and drafts estimated at \$6,000,000. Of this amount \$180,000 was dust.

THE SURRENDER COMPLETE.

The Day of God Ushered in the Day of Peace.

SHAFTER TAKES POSSESSION.

At Highnoon the Flag of Tyranny Lowered and the Flag of Liberty Raised—A Salute of Twenty-One Guns to Old Glory.

SANTIAGO, Cuba (By Cable).—Amid impressive ceremonies, the Spanish troops laid down their arms before the lines of the Spanish and American forces, at 9 o'clock Sunday morning (the 17). General Shafter and a division and a brigade commander and their staffs were escorted by a troop of cavalry, and General Toral and his staff by 100 picked men.

Trumpeters on both sides saluted with flourishes. General Shafter returned to General Toral the latter's sword, after it had been handed to the American commander. Our troops lined up at the trenches, and were eyewitnesses to the ceremony.

At the palace elaborate ceremonies took place. Exactly at noon the American flag was raised over the palace and was saluted by 21 guns by Capron's battery. At the same time all the regimental bands in our line played "The Star Spangled Banner," after which President McKinley's congratulatory telegram was read to each regiment. The Thirtieth and Ninth regiments of Infantry will remain in the city to enforce order and execute municipal authority. The Spanish forces are to be evacuated outside of our lines.

Shafter's Official Report.

SANTIAGO DE CUBA, July 17.—Adjutant General United States Army, Washington. I have the honor to announce that the American flag has been this instant, 12 o'clock, hoisted over the house of the civil governor in Santiago. An immense concourse of people was present. A squadron of cavalry and a regiment of infantry presented arms and the band played national airs. A light battery fired a salute of 21 guns. Perfect order is being maintained by the municipal government.

The distress is very great, but little sickness is now to be seen, and yellow fever. A small gun-boat and about 200 men left by Cervera have surrendered. The obstructions are being removed from the mouth of the harbor. Upon coming in the city discovered a perfect entanglement of defenses. Fighting as the Spaniards did the first day, it would have cost 5,000 lives to have taken it. Patalions of Spanish troops have been depositing arms since daylight in the morning, which I have guarded. General Toral formally surrendered the plaza and all stores at 9 a. m.

(Signed) "W. R. SHAFTER, 'Major General'."

Articles of Agreement.

The agreement consists of nine articles. The first declares that all hostilities shall cease pending the agreement of final capitulation. Second—That the capitulation includes all the Spanish forces and the surrender of all war material within the prescribed limits.

Third—The transportation of the troops to Spain at the earliest possible moment, each force to be embarked at the nearest port.

Fourth—That the Spanish officers shall retain their side arms and the enlisted men their personal property.

Fifth—That in the event of capitulation, the Spanish forces shall assist in the removal of all obstructions to navigation in Santiago harbor.

Sixth—That after the final capitulation the commanding officers shall furnish a complete inventory of all arms and munitions of war and a report of the soldiers in the district.

Seventh—That the Spanish general shall be permitted to take the military archives and records with him.

Eighth—That all guerrillas and Spanish irregulars shall be permitted to remain in Cuba if they so elect, giving a parole that they will not again take up arms against the United States unless previously released from parole.

Ninth—That the Spanish forces shall be permitted to march out with all the honors of war, depositing their arms to be disposed of by the United States in the future, the American commission to recommend to their government that the arms of the soldiers be returned to those "who so bravely defended them."

17,000 Rifles Turned In.

Adjutant General Corbin made public the following dispatch from General Shafter: "Headquarters, U. S. Army, Santiago, July 17.—Adjutant General, United States Army, Washington: My ordnance officer reports about 17,000 rifles turned in today and 600,000 cartridges. At the mouth of the harbor there are quite a number of fine modern guns about 6-inch; also two batteries of mountain guns, together with a saluting battery of fifteen old bronze guns. Disarming and turning in will go on to-morrow. List of prisoners not yet taken. SHAFTER, Maj. Gen."

For Spain and Porto Rico at Once.

Watson's squadron is preparing to go to Spain, and several vessels are preparing for the expedition to Porto Rico. General Miles says a sufficient force will be sent to the island at once to take and hold it.

How Peace Could Be Hastened.

The Madrid correspondent of The London Standard says: "The prospects of peace could be much promoted if the United States were to counter the impatience and ambition of both the Cuban and Philippine insurgents."

Cable Found by Accident.

The last cable from Santiago de Cuba was caught by the anchor of the Massachusetts near Aguadores. The finding of the cable was accidental. It has been decided to buy the cable for future use and not to cut it.

Habits of Snakes.

An eminent writer on birds and reptiles declares that the notion frequently entertained that snakes fascinate their prey is utterly exploded. It would be somewhat interesting if this gentleman would tell us what power it is that snakes exert over birds which draws them against their will within easy distance of the reptile's jaws. The writer of this paragraph has seen birds fluttering in the air above the heads of snakes, apparently unable to resist the influence that attracted them. Whether it be fascination or some other force, it unquestionably existed, although every one may not have observed it. Snakes never bite. To bite would be impossible from the formation of their jaws. They strike from above, fastening their fangs into their prey, after which they dispatch it, ordinarily by swallowing. Many varieties of snakes have the power to conceal their young in their mouths. The tiny snakes play about the mother's head, and upon the slightest alarm she opens her mouth, and they immediately vanish, reappearing when the cause for alarm seems to have been removed. Whether the mother snake has the faculty of communicating their danger to them is not known; in all probability she has. There are certain fish that open their mouths and engulf their small brood when the danger threatens. The lover of nature finds endless opportunity for interesting research in the study of every form of life.—New York Ledger.

"Now," said the anxious mother, "you do not want to marry that reporter. Think of having a husband who never gets home until 2 or 3 in the morning?"

"But," said the sinking maiden, "aren't all husbands that way? Papa is not a reporter and—and get—?" But the anxious mother declined to listen.—Boston Traveler.

Tetter, Salt-Rheum and Eczema.

The intense itching and smarting incident to these diseases, is instantly allayed or applying Chamberlain's Eye and Skin Ointment. Many very bad cases have been permanently cured by it. It is equally efficient for itching piles and a favorite remedy for sore nipples, chapped hands, chilblains, frost bites and chronic sore eyes. 25 cts. per box.

Dr. Cady's Condition Powders.

are just what a horse needs when in bad condition. Tonic, blood purifier and vermifuge. They are not food, but medicine, and the best in use to put a horse in prime condition. Price 25 cents per package.

For sale by N. B. Hood, Dunn N. C.

Lieutenant Blandin Dead. Lieutenant John F. Blandin, who was officer of the deck on the night the United States battleship Maine was blown up in Havana harbor, died in the Sheppard Pratt Hospital, in Baltimore, Md. His death was the result of meningitis, brought on by the shock received when the Maine was destroyed.

A Military Government.

The United States will not turn Santiago over to the Cubans at present, but will establish a military government.

More Islands to be Seized.

Advices from Honolulu indicate that the coast defence vessel Monterey will take possession of the Caroline islands, before reaching Manila.

Express Companies Must Pay Tax.

United States Commissioner Hunter, at Ottumwa, Iowa, decided that the express companies must pay the tax to be attached to an express receipt.

Sixteen New Cases.

Chief Surgeon Greenleaf cabled surgeon General Shafter, from Havana, Cuba, on the 16th, sixteen new cases of yellow fever had developed.

Professional Cards.

J. C. CLIFFORD, Attorney at Law. DUNN, N. C.

Will practice in all the courts of the State where services desired.

D. H. McLEAN, Counsellor and Attorney at Law. DUNN, N. C.

Practice in all courts. Collections a specialty.

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CAPE FEAR & YADKIN VALLEY RY.

JOHN GILL, Receiver.

CONDENSED SCHEDULE IN EFFECT MAY 20TH, 1898.

Table with columns for route, train name, and schedule times for North Bound and South Bound services.

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