

DREYFUS GRANTED A NEW TRIAL.

Spain Said to be Willing to Cede the Philippines With a \$40,000,000 Debt Attached.

GOVERNOR CANDLER OPPOSES IMPERIALISM IN HIS

Inaugural Address. Hobson Testifies Before the Board of Naval Bureau Chiefs--Says the Colon and Viscaya Can be Saved for \$900,000. Seventy-two Deaths on a Spanish Ship.

PARIS. (By Cable).—The Court of Cassation has decided to grant a revision of the Dreyfus case, and institute a supplementary inquiry. The court, however, has declined to order the release of Dreyfus. The judges of the court were occupied three hours and a half in considering the judgment. The public, whose admission to the court was regulated with the greatest care, awaited the decision with marked eagerness. During the suspension of business the public crowded into the lobby and there was evident anxiety to hear the verdict. There was no demonstration when the court rose.

For the Confederate Veterans Reunion.
At a special meeting of the city council of Charleston, S. C., it was unanimously voted to devote the funds known as the Thomson bequest and now in the treasury, to the erection of an auditorium building, to be used at the reunion of the Confederate veterans, which is to be held there next year. The sum thus appropriated amounts, all told, to \$25,000. The city had already donated \$5,000 towards the erection of the auditorium, so a handsome one when completed.

Hobson's Report.
Constructor Hobson in his report before the board of naval bureau chiefs, said that in his opinion the Colon and Viscaya could be raised and brought to dry docks at New York or Norfolk at a cost of \$900,000 for one and \$400,000 for the other. Mr. Hobson also gave the bureau chiefs some information concerning the Reina Mercedes and the Merrimac. The former could be easily raised, he believed, for it was apparent that she had been only soured. The Merrimac could be raised and he said she must be removed from the mouth of the harbor in some way.

Now Arranging the Details.
The President, Secretary Alger and Adjutant General Corbin had an extended conference Saturday, the principal topic under consideration being the occupation of Cuba. There is no disposition to change these troops on board, but the assumption of control by the United States. The questions discussed related mainly to transportation, ships, equipments, landings and camps. The reports of the Cuban military commission and of the army board sent to investigate and locate sites were considered.

Seventy-two Deaths on a Spanish Ship.
The Spanish steamer Montserrat, Captain Deschamps, from Havana on October 12th, via Gibara, for Cadiz, with 107 passengers, including 40 soldiers, has arrived at Ponta del Gada, Azore Island. There were 72 deaths on board the vessel during the voyage.

More Mussulmans Hanged.
A special from Candis, Island of Crete, says five more of the Mussulmans convicted of taking part in the massacre of British soldiers, on September 8th, have been hanged. In addition, four Bashi Bazouks have been sentenced to 20 years imprisonment at hard labor.

No Relief for Gomez.
The central revolution committee of Havana, notwithstanding the receipt of several notices from General Maximo Gomez, as to the critical condition of the forces under his command, has not sent any relief since the separation of General Gomez's staff. A strong propaganda is being agitated against Gomez, and his enemies are taking every advantage of his condition.

Blaine and Murphy Honorably Discharged.
By direction of the President the following named officers of the volunteer army are honorably discharged from the service of the United States: Capt. James G. Blaine, assistant adjutant-general, son of ex-Secretary Blaine; Capt. Edward Murphy, second assistant adjutant-general, son of Senator Murphy, of New York.

Emperor and Empress Enter Jaffa Gate.
A special from Jerusalem says: Emperor William and Empress Augusta, in perfect health at the encampment outside the town Saturday. At 11 o'clock their majesties entered the Jaffa gate, and at 8 o'clock visited the Church of the Holy Sepulchre. The buildings were lavishly decorated.

Off for Savannah.
A special from Augusta, Me., says the First Maine Artillery, consisting of four batteries, 450 out of the 518 men, and 12 officers, commanded by Major E. P. Newcomb, have left for Savannah, Ga., where they will be attached to the Seventh Corps.

Decided to Make no Nominations.
The Republican caucus of delegates to the county convention held in Wilmington, N. C., decided to make no nominations for county officers or the lower house of the Legislature.

CONVICT KILLS A GUARD.

Attempted to Escape But Was Captured With Blood Hounds.

Charles D. Shaw, of Wilmington, aged 23 years, was shot and instantly killed by W. E. Moore, a white convict. The shooting occurred near the convict camp, 15 miles south of Raleigh, on the Raleigh and Cape Fear Railroad. Moore who is 40 years old and from Lumberton, is serving a five-year term for stealing a mule. He is a dishonest fellow. He was what is improperly and in fact unlawfully known as a "trusty," and his work was done at night. Thus he slept during the day. He found means to take a shot-gun and a dozen cartridges, each loaded with 16 buck shot. He left the camp about 7 or 8 o'clock and followed a barbed wire fence a thousand feet, crossing and recrossing it every 25 or 30 feet. Then he retraced his steps nearly to the beginning and made a dash through the woods in the direction of Lumberton. The roll was called, Moore was discovered absent and seven guards and eleven bloodhounds went after him. When the dogs bayed him it was 11 o'clock. Despite his efforts to mislead the dogs by his manoeuvre at the wire fence and also by his use of iodoforn to destroy his scent, they tracked him snoringly. When the dogs bayed him Moore got in the shadow of a pine near a fence. He opened fire on the guards, and shot 6 times. His last shot was at Guard Shaw, who was only 15 yards away, and he of the 15 bayed Moore as a spook as large as one's hand, immediately after the heart. Death was instantaneous. A volley was fired at Moore. He had, after each one of his shots fallen to the ground. After his last shot he turned to run, but fell and broke the stock of his gun. His fall was the means of saving his life, for only one buckshot struck him. This wound is in the neck and is not at all serious. There will be no corpus proceedings to take Moore from the custody of the penitentiary and put him in jail, so he can be tried for the murder and properly hanged. He is an utterly unconcerned criminal.

The Governor Issues a Proclamation.

The following in part is a proclamation issued by Governor Russell:

"Whereas, it has been made known to me by the public press, by numerous letters, and by the voice of a large number of the citizens of the State, and by formal written statements, that the political canvass now going forward has been made the occasion and pretext for bringing into the public mind certain matters of a character such as, for example, as Richmond and Robeson counties, and

"Whereas, it has been made known to me in such direct and reliable way that cannot doubt its truthfulness, that certain counties lying along the southern border of this State have been actually invaded by certain armed and lawless men from another State.

"Now, therefore, I, Daniel L. Russell, Governor of the State of North Carolina, in pursuance of the constitution and laws of this State, and by virtue of authority vested in me by the said constitution and laws, do issue this my proclamation, commanding all ill-disposed persons, whether of this or that political party, or of no political party, to immediately desist from all unlawful practices and all turbulent conduct and to use all lawful efforts to preserve the peace and to secure to all people the quiet enjoyment of all their rights of free property and of political command and join in upon all good and law-abiding citizens not to allow themselves to become excited by any appeals that may be made to their passions and prejudices by representatives of any political party whatsoever; but to keep cool heads and use their good offices to preserve the public peace and to protect the humblest citizen in all his rights, political and personal, and I do further command and request it upon all judges and other civil magistrates, and upon all solicitors, sheriffs and other officers of the law, to use their best efforts, under the constitution and laws of this State, to apprehend and bring to speedy trial all offenders against persons and property and political and civil rights of any and all persons who may have entered that State from other States, in pursuance of any unlawful purpose, instantly to disperse and leave this State, upon pain of being arrested and dealt with according to law."

State Fair Formally Opened.

The State Fair was formally opened Tuesday at noon by the Governor, who rode in the procession, accompanied by President John S. Cunningham, and Major Davis, U. S. A. The procession was in by the Lyceum Theater. Mr. Hill's address was delivered in a masterly and most successful manner. He did not mention the national Democratic platform nor the silver issue, except to say: "We will cross no bridges until we come to them—1900 will take care of itself."

A White Man Whipped.

A white man was taken out by a crowd at Scotland Neck, whipped and told to leave town. He was a stranger, having been there only a short time grading tobacco. A difference had come up between him and some persons for whom he had been at work, and it was said that he threatened violence and that was the cause of his being whipped.

Charters Issued.

The State charters the Goldsboro Hardware Company, capital \$100,000, and the Crabtree Creek Mica Company, capital \$100,000. The stockholders of the latter are W. G. Woodruff, Richmond Foster and Frank D. Foster, of Washington, D. C., and D. A. Glenn, of Bakersville, Mitchell county. The main office is to be at the latter place.

New Room Factory.

Mr. B. L. Wackerfeller has established a new broom factory with a capacity of 75 to 100 dozen brooms a day in Charlotte. He has some novelties in brooms to sell the trade. The Queen City Broom Factory is the name of the new enterprise.

Items of State News.

It is said that the Agricultural Department that the sale of tonnage tax tags for commercial fertilizers are even larger this season than they were this time a year ago.

PRESIDENT'S PROCLAMATION

He Names Thursday, November 24, as a Day of Thanksgiving.

A GREAT TOBACCO TRUST.

Encouraging News From Paris—Hill Speaks at Elmira, N. Y.—A Stocking Tragedy in Atlanta, Ga.

President McKinley has issued the following Thanksgiving Proclamation:

A Proclamation.
The approaching November brings to mind the custom of our ancestors, followed by time and rooted in our most sacred traditions, of giving thanks to Almighty God for all His blessings. He hath vouchsafed to us during the past year.

Few years in our history have afforded such cause for thanksgiving as this. We have been blessed by abundant harvests. Our trade and commerce have been wonderfully increased. Our public credit has been improved. Our strength as a nation has been brought together and knitted into closer bonds of national purpose and unity.

The skies have been for a time darkened by the cloud of war, but as we were compelled to take up the sword in the cause of humanity, we are permitted to rejoice that the custom has been of brief duration and the losses we have had to mourn, though grievous and important, have been so few, considering the great results accomplished, as to inspire us with gratitude and praise to the Lord of Hosts. We may laud and magnify His holy name, that the cessation of hostilities has been so soon as to spare both sides the countless sorrows and disasters that attend protracted war. I do, therefore, invite all my fellow citizens to assemble at home as those who may be at sea, or sojourning in foreign lands, to set apart and observe Thursday, the 24th day of November, as a national day of Thanksgiving, to be observed in their several places of worship, for a service of praise and thanks to Almighty God for all His blessings during the year; for the mildness of the seasons and fruitfulness of the soil, for the continued prosperity of the people, for the devotion and valor of our countrymen, for the glory of our victory and the hope of a righteous peace, and to pray that the divine guidance be ever ours in all our ways and in all our undertakings. In witness whereof, etc.

Encouraging News From Paris.

Hill Speaks at Elmira. Ex-Senator Hill made his first political speech since 1894 in his native city Elmira, in the presence of an audience that crowded every available inch of space in the Lyceum Theater.

A Stocking Tragedy in Atlanta, Ga.

John H. Hays, Secretary of State.

A Great Plug Tobacco Trust.

W. G. Shockley, an insane farmer of Auburn county, Ga., cut the throat of J. D. Bishop and wounded Police Captain John Thompson, on a street car in Atlanta. Robert McCoy, an ex-policeman, in affecting the capture of the dangerous man, was seriously injured, but not fatally stabbed. Bishop died instantly. Shockley called at the police station and asked to be locked up as he was going insane, but was thrown out of the station. Shockley then called on Governor Atkinson and asked for protection, and while the Governor was telephoning the police, the insane man departed. Shockley was sitting next to Mr. Bishop in the street car, and without a word being said, he reached for the body of the man who was under arrest.

No Hope for Jim Booker.

The attendance at the State Fair Thursday was 17,000. It was a record breaker. No fair was ever enjoyed so much. Races were a feature. The first race was won in three straight heats by Maggie Carroll, owned by S. Watson. The second race was won in three straight heats by Glenzo, owned by B. N. Hughes. Rowland S. being second; the third race was won in two straight heats by Classic P., owned by A. P. Quigles, Vermont Bradford being second.

The First Bale of Cotton in the State.

Julius, a little son of Rev. T. J. Allison, pastor of Sugar Creek church, in Mecklenburg county, while playing at school, ran against a tree and was badly hurt. He remained unconscious for four or five hours.

Rare Collection of Bird Eggs.

The State Nubbins.

Detailed as Professor.

Mrs. Botkin Indicted.

Presidential Proclamation.

Articles of Incorporation.

THE CONFEDERATE VETERANS.

Ask for a Larger Appropriation—Julian Carr Elected President.

At the North Carolina Confederate Veterans Association's annual meeting in Raleigh, Julian S. Carr presided in the absence of Francis M. Parker, president. The latter's absence was due to sickness in his family. The annual report was read by Secretary C. B. Denson. It asks for larger appropriations for pensions and for the Soldiers' Home, and appoints John A. Ramsey, F. H. Busbee, W. A. Thorne, W. C. Stronach and C. E. Denson a committee to present this matter to the next Legislature. Thanks were tendered the women of this State for their care of the veterans at home.

The Railroad Commission.

The Railway Commission had a brief session in Raleigh the other day. There were only a few cases on the docket and these were quickly disposed of. The Southern Railway agreed to comply with the petition of the citizens of Hillsboro for a new depot. The citizens of Murphy petitioned for an additional passenger train between Bryson City and Murphy on the Southern. The petition was denied for the reason that the present service is commensurate with the business of the road.

An Ovation to Kitchen.

Handsome and largest parade of marshals ever witnessed at any Fair.

Biggest first day of the Fair in the history of the North Carolina Agricultural Society—more people, exhibits in better shape.

The State Agricultural Society paid a deserved compliment to John S. Cunningham by re-electing him president. It elected F. B. Arendell secretary.

Dr. Cady's Condition Powders, are just what a horse needs when in bad condition.

Dr. Cady's Condition Powders, are just what a horse needs when in bad condition. Tonic, blood purifier and vermifuge. They are not food but medicine and the best in use to put ailing horses in prime condition. Price 25 cents per package.

WINE OF CARDUI.

Dr. J. W. Smith, Camden, S. C., says: "I have used Wine of Cardui for the relief of the womb and it entirely cured her."

WINE OF CARDUI.

Dr. J. W. Smith, Camden, S. C., says: "I have used Wine of Cardui for the relief of the womb and it entirely cured her."

WINE OF CARDUI.

Dr. J. W. Smith, Camden, S. C., says: "I have used Wine of Cardui for the relief of the womb and it entirely cured her."

WINE OF CARDUI.

Dr. J. W. Smith, Camden, S. C., says: "I have used Wine of Cardui for the relief of the womb and it entirely cured her."

WINE OF CARDUI.

Dr. J. W. Smith, Camden, S. C., says: "I have used Wine of Cardui for the relief of the womb and it entirely cured her."

WINE OF CARDUI.

Dr. J. W. Smith, Camden, S. C., says: "I have used Wine of Cardui for the relief of the womb and it entirely cured her."

Life-Saving Smiles.

Courtesy and kindness have won many battles, and instances are not wanting to show how easily an enemy may be converted into a friend.

When Herbert Spencer two years ago promulgated his theory that the world had made a great mistake in generally adopting the decimal system as applied to coinage and weights and measures and endeavored to convince his readers that a duodecimal system, reckoned by twelves, would be much simpler, people just listened and went their way. They felt that while philosophers might multiply and divide by twelves easily enough common folk could manage it more easily with ten.

When Herbert Spencer two years ago promulgated his theory that the world had made a great mistake in generally adopting the decimal system as applied to coinage and weights and measures and endeavored to convince his readers that a duodecimal system, reckoned by twelves, would be much simpler, people just listened and went their way. They felt that while philosophers might multiply and divide by twelves easily enough common folk could manage it more easily with ten.

When Herbert Spencer two years ago promulgated his theory that the world had made a great mistake in generally adopting the decimal system as applied to coinage and weights and measures and endeavored to convince his readers that a duodecimal system, reckoned by twelves, would be much simpler, people just listened and went their way. They felt that while philosophers might multiply and divide by twelves easily enough common folk could manage it more easily with ten.

When Herbert Spencer two years ago promulgated his theory that the world had made a great mistake in generally adopting the decimal system as applied to coinage and weights and measures and endeavored to convince his readers that a duodecimal system, reckoned by twelves, would be much simpler, people just listened and went their way. They felt that while philosophers might multiply and divide by twelves easily enough common folk could manage it more easily with ten.

When Herbert Spencer two years ago promulgated his theory that the world had made a great mistake in generally adopting the decimal system as applied to coinage and weights and measures and endeavored to convince his readers that a duodecimal system, reckoned by twelves, would be much simpler, people just listened and went their way. They felt that while philosophers might multiply and divide by twelves easily enough common folk could manage it more easily with ten.

When Herbert Spencer two years ago promulgated his theory that the world had made a great mistake in generally adopting the decimal system as applied to coinage and weights and measures and endeavored to convince his readers that a duodecimal system, reckoned by twelves, would be much simpler, people just listened and went their way. They felt that while philosophers might multiply and divide by twelves easily enough common folk could manage it more easily with ten.

When Herbert Spencer two years ago promulgated his theory that the world had made a great mistake in generally adopting the decimal system as applied to coinage and weights and measures and endeavored to convince his readers that a duodecimal system, reckoned by twelves, would be much simpler, people just listened and went their way. They felt that while philosophers might multiply and divide by twelves easily enough common folk could manage it more easily with ten.

When Herbert Spencer two years ago promulgated his theory that the world had made a great mistake in generally adopting the decimal system as applied to coinage and weights and measures and endeavored to convince his readers that a duodecimal system, reckoned by twelves, would be much simpler, people just listened and went their way. They felt that while philosophers might multiply and divide by twelves easily enough common folk could manage it more easily with ten.

When Herbert Spencer two years ago promulgated his theory that the world had made a great mistake in generally adopting the decimal system as applied to coinage and weights and measures and endeavored to convince his readers that a duodecimal system, reckoned by twelves, would be much simpler, people just listened and went their way. They felt that while philosophers might multiply and divide by twelves easily enough common folk could manage it more easily with ten.

When Herbert Spencer two years ago promulgated his theory that the world had made a great mistake in generally adopting the decimal system as applied to coinage and weights and measures and endeavored to convince his readers that a duodecimal system, reckoned by twelves, would be much simpler, people just listened and went their way. They felt that while philosophers might multiply and divide by twelves easily enough common folk could manage it more easily with ten.

When Herbert Spencer two years ago promulgated his theory that the world had made a great mistake in generally adopting the decimal system as applied to coinage and weights and measures and endeavored to convince his readers that a duodecimal system, reckoned by twelves, would be much simpler, people just listened and went their way. They felt that while philosophers might multiply and divide by twelves easily enough common folk could manage it more easily with ten.

When Herbert Spencer two years ago promulgated his theory that the world had made a great mistake in generally adopting the decimal system as applied to coinage and weights and measures and endeavored to convince his readers that a duodecimal system, reckoned by twelves, would be much simpler, people just listened and went their way. They felt that while philosophers might multiply and divide by twelves easily enough common folk could manage it more easily with ten.

When Herbert Spencer two years ago promulgated his theory that the world had made a great mistake in generally adopting the decimal system as applied to coinage and weights and measures and endeavored to convince his readers that a duodecimal system, reckoned by twelves, would be much simpler, people just listened and went their way. They felt that while philosophers might multiply and divide by twelves easily enough common folk could manage it more easily with ten.

When Herbert Spencer two years ago promulgated his theory that the world had made a great mistake in generally adopting the decimal system as applied to coinage and weights and measures and endeavored to convince his readers that a duodecimal system, reckoned by twelves, would be much simpler, people just listened and went their way. They felt that while philosophers might multiply and divide by twelves easily enough common folk could manage it more easily with ten.

When Herbert Spencer two years ago promulgated his theory that the world had made a great mistake in generally adopting the decimal system as applied to coinage and weights and measures and endeavored to convince his readers that a duodecimal system, reckoned by twelves, would be much simpler, people just listened and went their way. They felt that while philosophers might multiply and divide by twelves easily enough common folk could manage it more easily with ten.

When Herbert Spencer two years ago promulgated his theory that the world had made a great mistake in generally adopting the decimal system as applied to coinage and weights and measures and endeavored to convince his readers that a duodecimal system, reckoned by twelves, would be much simpler, people just listened and went their way. They felt that while philosophers might multiply and divide by twelves easily enough common folk could manage it more easily with ten.

When Herbert Spencer two years ago promulgated his theory that the world had made a great mistake in generally adopting the decimal system as applied to coinage and weights and measures and endeavored to convince his readers that a duodecimal system, reckoned by twelves, would be much simpler, people just listened and went their way. They felt that while philosophers might multiply and divide by twelves easily enough common folk could manage it more easily with ten.

When Herbert Spencer two years ago promulgated his theory that the world had made a great mistake in generally adopting the decimal system as applied to coinage and weights and measures and endeavored to convince his readers that a duodecimal system, reckoned by twelves, would be much simpler, people just listened and went their way. They felt that while philosophers might multiply and divide by twelves easily enough common folk could manage it more easily with ten.

When Herbert Spencer two years ago promulgated his theory that the world had made a great mistake in generally adopting the decimal system as applied to coinage and weights and measures and endeavored to convince his readers that a duodecimal system, reckoned by twelves, would be much simpler, people just listened and went their way. They felt that while philosophers might multiply and divide by twelves easily enough common folk could manage it more easily with ten.

When Herbert Spencer two years ago promulgated his theory that the world had made a great mistake in generally adopting the decimal system as applied to coinage and weights and measures and endeavored to convince his readers that a duodecimal system, reckoned by twelves, would be much simpler, people just listened and went their way. They felt that while philosophers might multiply and divide by twelves easily enough common folk could manage it more easily with ten.

When Herbert Spencer two years ago promulgated his theory that the world had made a great mistake in generally adopting the decimal system as applied to coinage and weights and measures and endeavored to convince his readers that a duodecimal system, reckoned by twelves, would be much simpler, people just listened and went their way. They felt that while philosophers might multiply and divide by twelves easily enough common folk could manage it more easily with ten.

When Herbert Spencer two years ago promulgated his theory that the world had made a great mistake in generally adopting the decimal system as applied to coinage and weights and measures and endeavored to convince his readers that a duodecimal system, reckoned by twelves, would be much simpler, people just listened and went their way. They felt that while philosophers might multiply and divide by twelves easily enough common folk could manage it more easily with ten.

When Herbert Spencer two years ago promulgated his theory that the world had made a great mistake in generally adopting the decimal system as applied to coinage and weights and measures and endeavored to convince his readers that a duodecimal system, reckoned by twelves, would be much simpler, people just listened and went their way. They felt that while philosophers might multiply and divide by twelves easily enough common folk could manage it more easily with ten.

When Herbert Spencer two years ago promulgated his theory that the world had made a great mistake in generally adopting the decimal system as applied to coinage and weights and measures and endeavored to convince his readers that a duodecimal system, reckoned by twelves, would be much simpler, people just listened and went their way. They felt that while philosophers might multiply and divide by twelves easily enough common folk could manage it more easily with ten.

When Herbert Spencer two years ago promulgated his theory that the world had made a great mistake in generally adopting the decimal system as applied to coinage and weights and measures and endeavored to convince his readers that a duodecimal system, reckoned by twelves, would be much simpler, people just listened and went their way. They felt that while philosophers might multiply and divide by twelves easily enough common folk could manage it more easily with ten.

Professional Cards.

J. C. CLIFFORD,
Attorney at Law,
DUNN, N. C.

Will practice in all the courts of the State where service desired.

W. L. HUDSON, M. D.
Physician and Surgeon,
Dunn, North Carolina.

Office on N. E. Wilson St., second building from Broad St., Rossington at Junction of E. Broad and Elm streets.

JONES & STEWART,
Attorneys at Law,
DUNN, NORTH CAROLINA.

Will practice everywhere in State or Federal Courts. Collections a specialty and prompt attention given.

D. H. McLEAN,
Counselor and Attorney at Law,
DUNN, N. C.

Practice in all courts. Collections a specialty.

W. E. MURCHISON,
JONESBORO, N. C.

Practices law in Harnett, Moore and other counties, but not for 3,201y.

ISAAC A. MURCHISON,
FAYETTEVILLE, N. C.

Practices law in Cumberland Harnett and anywhere services are wanted.

Atlantic Coast Line.

SOUTHBOUND. No. 45 No. 23 No. 53
Lv. Florence 8:05 P. M. P. M. P. M.
Lv. Kinrossville 8:55 " " " "
Lv. Lanes 9:40 " " " "
Lv. Lanes 10:20 " " " "
Lv. Darlington 10:50 P. M. P. M.
Arrive 11:40 P. M. P. M.

NORTHBOUND. No. 78 No. 52 No. 62
Arrive 10:10 A. M. P. M. P. M.
Lv. Darlington 10:50 P. M. P. M.
Lv. Lanes 11:35 P. M. P. M.
Lv. Kinrossville 12:10 P. M. P. M.
Lv. Florence 12:50 P. M. P. M.

No 52 runs through to Columbia via Central Railroad of South Carolina.

Trains Nos. 75 and 32 run via Wilson and Fayetteville—short routes—and make close connection for 20 points North.

Trains C. & W. R. leave Florence daily except Sunday 8:30 a. m., arrive Darlington 9:30 a. m., Beaufort 10:30 a. m., Cherokee 10:40 a. m., Wadesboro 2:15 p. m., Lenoir 2:25 p. m., Darlington 6:20 p. m., arrive Florence 7:00 p. m., leave Darlington Sunday only 8:30 a. m., arrive Darlington 9:20 a. m.

Leave Florence daily except Sunday 6:25 a. m., Beaufort 7:45 a. m., arrive Darlington 7:45 a. m., arrive Florence 8:10 a. m. Leave Wadesboro daily except Sunday 3:40 p. m., Cherokee 4:45 p. m., Hartsville 2:15 p. m., Darlington 6:20 p. m., arrive Florence 7:00 p. m., leave Darlington Sunday only 7:50 a. m., arrive Florence 8:15 a. m.

For sale by N. B. Hood, Dunn N. C.

TRADE MARKS, PATENTS, DESIGNS, COPYRIGHTS.

Anyone sending a sketch and description may quickly ascertain, free, whether an invention is already patented, communications strictly confidential. Only agency for securing patents in America. Specifications copied and drawn. Patents taken through Munn & Co. reconstituted.

SCIENTIFIC AMERICAN.

Contains the most complete and valuable information for the inventor, manufacturer, and business man. Published weekly, terms \$5 a year, in advance. Single copies 10 cents. Address: MUNN & CO., 361 Broadway, New York.

</