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State Library

TOWN DIRECTORY.

CHURCHES.

Methodist Church—Rev. W A. Forbes Pastor Services first Sunday night, and fourth Sunday morning and night. Prayermeeting every Wednesday night. Sunday School every Sunday morning at 10 o'clock, G. K. Grantham Superintendent.

Baptist Church—Rev. L. R. Carroll, pastor. Services every second Sunday morning and night. Prayermeeting every Thursday night Sunday School every Sunday morning, J. A. Taylor Superintendent.

Presbyterian Church.—Rev. A. M. Hassel pastor. Services every first and fifth Sunday morning and night, Sunday school every Sunday morning, Doug Smith Superintendent.

Disciple Church—Rev. N. B. Hood, pastor. Services every third Sunday morning and night. Christian Endeavor Society every Tuesday night. Sunday School every Sunday evening at 3 o'clock, McD. Holliday Supt.

Free Will Baptist Church.—Elder R. C. Jackson, pastor. Services every first Sunday morning and night.

Primitive Baptist.—Church on Broad street Elder W. G. Turner, Pastor. Regular services on the third Sabbath morning, and Saturday before, in each month at 11 o'clock.

LODGE.

Palmyra Lodge, No. 117, A. F. & A. M. Hall over Free Will Baptist church. F. P. Jones W. M.; W. A. Johnson, S. W.; E. A. Jones J. W.; J. G. Johnson, Secretary. Regular communications are held on the 3rd Saturday at 10 o'clock A. M., and on the 1st Friday at 7:30 o'clock p. m. in each month. All Masons in good standing are cordially invited to attend these communications.

TOWN OFFICERS.

J. F. Phillips, Mayor.

COMMISSIONERS

E. F. Young, R. G. Taylor, J. W. Jordan and McD. Holliday.

M. L. Wade, Policeman.

COUNTY OFFICERS.

Sheriff, Silas A. Salmon.
Clerk, Dr. J. H. Withers.
Register of Deeds, A. C. Holloway.
Treasurer, L. D. Matthews.
Surveyor, D. P. McDonald.
Coroner, Dr. J. F. McKay.
County Examiner, Rev. J. A. Campbell.
Commissioners: E. F. Young, Chairman N. A. Smith, T. A. Harrington.

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THE LEGISLATURE

What our Busy Lawmakers are Doing at the Capital City.

SENATE—JANUARY 24th.

New bills were introduced in the Senate to-day as follows:

To repeal chapter 230, Public Laws of 1895, compelling timber men to establish lines of land before cutting timber; to authorize Forsyth county to levy special tax to pay indebtedness; For the protection of crops in Craven county; to amend chapter 122, Public Laws of 1895, to prevent the adulteration and mis-branding of foods; to amend chapter 145, Laws of 1897, with regard to fishing in Neuse river; to amend sections 2,860 and 2,872 of the Code as to the pay of witnesses and the per diem of clerks and doorkeepers of the General Assembly; to prevent cattle against fever and other diseases.

Several other bills of local or private interest were introduced.

The following are among the bills passed to-day:

To investigate the affairs of the colored A. and M. college at Greensboro; to repeal chapter 500, Laws of 1897, as to working the roads of Wayne county. Amended so as not to prevent the collection of the tax for 1898; to repeal the charter of Newbern and vest city property in trustees until a new charter is granted; to require non-resident hunters to pay a license of $25 for each float from which wild fowl are shot in Dare county; to promote temperance in Dare county by forbidding giving or selling intoxicants to minors; to amend chapter 105, Public Laws of 1895, as to election frauds; to reduce the price of Supreme court reports from $2.00 to $1.50; to amend the charter of Jamesville by extending the limits; to amend chapter 113, Public Laws of 1895, to allow the commissioners instead of the clerk to appoint cotton weigher of Franklin county; to amend 2,155 of the Code to enable a will to be probated by depositions where witnesses live at a distance; to amend chapter 335, Public Laws of 1895, as to setting fish nets in Sampson county.

HOUSE—JANUARY 24TH.

In the House to-day there were a number of petitions introduced, most of them asking for the repeal of the Merchant's purchase tax. One of them was from Union county asking that a dispensary be established at Waxhaw in that county.

Mr. McLean, of Harnett, introduced a bill to incorporate Buie's Creek Academy and Commercial College in Harnett county.

By Smith, of Craven, an act to establish compulsory education for children between the ages of 6 and 11 years in Craven county.

By Craig, of Buncombe, an act to provide for the arrangement and adjustment of the statutes of the State.

By Currie, of Bladen, to repeal the law of 1897 establishing a dispensary for Bladen county.

By Willard, of New Hanover, an act to regulate the insurance of the State; also one to investigate incendiary fires.

A large number of other bills were introduced which were of minor importance

Bills passed: to amend the Fayetteville dispensary law; to appoint commissioners in Washington county; to provide the manner in which a foreign corporation shall become a domestic corporation; to permit acquirement of land by the United States for the establishment of a fish culture station.

SENATE—JANUARY 25TH.

The Senate committees reported favorably on thirty-six bills. Among the new bills introduced are the following: to establish a dispensary in Jackson, Northampton county; to amend the charter of the town of Greenville; to regulate the holding of inquests in Northampton county; to amend section 3113 of the Code and enact a substitute; to amend section 34 of the Code and chapter 181, laws of 1889.

Of the ten bills passed third reading all were of a local nature except one. This was to incorporate the North Carolina State Prison and rules for its government. This bill provides for taking the management of the Penitentiary from the superintendent and the Governor. It places the management in the hands of a board of directors of 12 and an executive board of 3 all to be elected by the legislature.

HOUSE—JANUARY 25TH.

Several important bills were acted upon in the House to-day and some quite spirited discussion was engaged in. One of the prominent features of the session was the passage of an act to repeal the law of 1897 which abolishes the township of Mt. Airy in Surry county. This was done to validate $20,000 of bonds which said township had voted for a railroad, and which were repudiated by the act of the fusion legislature abolishing the township.

The bill to take charge of the penitentiary was introduced and after some discussion was passed by a suspension of the rules.

Nearly all the other bills introduced, of which there were quite a number, were of a local nature.

Among the bills passed were: An act to investigate the Agricultural Department; to protect the fishing industry in eastern Carolina; to prevent the spread of hog cholera etc. in Edgecombe county (this bill provides that hogs which die with cholera shall be buried three feet under the ground).

The bill to change the time of meeting of county commissioners from the first Monday to Tuesday after the first Monday in each month was reported unfavorably by the committee and was tabled.

SENATE—JANUARY 26TH.

Fifteen new bills were introduced in the Senate to-day. They were generally of a local character. Here are some of them: to change the name of the town of Wolsey in Buncombe county; to validate all previous stock law elections in Johnston county; to allow Greensboro to issue bonds for public improvements; to validate the debt of Madison county; to prevent dealing in futures in North Carolina; to increase the commissioners in Northampton county; to amend the charter of Gastonia; to regulate cotton-weigher at Wake Forest.

The Senate voted unanimously with the exception of one vote—Senator Goodwin, of Chatham, to seat F. P. Jones, in place of F. M. White, fusionist, from the 14th district.

Thirty-four bills were passed, only two being of general interest. These were: to publish sketches of North Carolina troops in the civil war; to amend section 1,285 of the Code so that a woman of this State who marries a man of another state and receives maltreatment by him can by separation for one year and returning to this State obtain a divorce.

HOUSE—JANUARY 26TH.

Forty new bills were introduced in the House to-day and fifteen bills were passed.

Among the new bills were the following: to repeal the assignment law; to amend the Code regulating the fees of registers of deeds and clerks of county commissioners; to make the penalty for the failure to use due diligence in delivering of messages by telegraph companies $100; to regulate the appointment of notaries public; to establish a tax commission; to allow Rockingham county to issue bonds; to create the new county of Scotland: to promote the improvement of roads by the use of wide tires.

Of the bills passed the following are probably the most important: to protect county officers against injunctions and declaring void all such restraining orders now pending; to require trust companies to deposit $50,000 with the State Treasurer before their bonds can be forced on county commissioners.

SENATE—JANUARY 27TH.

The Senate to-day discussed the bill consolidating and amending the insanity laws, which was after some discussion made a special order for Tuesday, January 31st, at noon.

Of the eleven new bills introduced the following are of general interest: To amend section 3806 of the Code as to the government of cities; to incorporate the Home Circle and Aid Association; to repeal the laws of 1897 which placed Gaston and Cleveland in the Seventh and Yadkin and Davie in the eighth Congressional District; to amend the law of 1889 in regard to obtaining goods under false pretense.

Of the thirteen bills passed third reading all were of minor or local importance save one. This requires all physicians who practice medicine in this State to have a diploma from a Medical College or a license from the State Medical Board.

HOUSE—JANUARY 27TH.

At to-day's session of the House forty-one new bills were introduced and fifteen bills passed.

Among the new bills were the following: to allow any township to vote on road tax, the tax so voted shall apply to said township; to provide seperate quarters for white and colored convicts working on roads; to allow agents of educational institutions to ride on free passes; to encourage education among the masses; to prevent public drunkenness.

Of the bills passed, we give a few: to give Caswell county white government; to examine the books of the State Treasurer; to establish a dispensary at Jackson, Northampton county; to charter the South Carolina and Georgia Railroad company; to incorporate the Beaufort and Pamlico Railroad; to incorporate the East Tennessee and Western North Carolina Railroad; to unite the Richmond, Petersburg and Carolina Railway; to incorporate the Inter-State Telephone and Telegraph company.

SENATE—JANUARY 28TH.

The Senate to-day had quite a lively discussion on the bill to amend Section 3113 of the Code in refrence to local option elections. The amendment provides for the holding of such elections in any month in any year, provided that elections cannot be held oftener than every two years and not within four months of a regular State or National election. After some discussion the bill was re-committed to the Judiciary committee.

Only three new bills were introduced to-day. One in regard to stock law in Robeson county, one in regard to the bond of the register of deeds of Pamlico county, the other was an amendment to section 3,604 of the Code as to register of deeds.

Nine bills passed third reading. Only two of these are of public importance. One was to protect cattle from splenetic fever and other diseases, by making it an offense for which damages may be recovered, to bring cattle with infectious diseases into certain sections of Western North Carolina; the other was to provide that no Judge shall issue a restraining order to prevent a county officer from discharging the functions of his office.

HOUSE—JANUARY 28TH.

To-day's session of the House was an interesting one and developed the fact that an adverse report from a committee is not always the will of the body. The Judiciary committee reported the bill of Representative Winston, of Bertie, to make the cohabitation between whites and blacks a felony, unfavorably. When the bill came up adopting the committee's report the advocates of the bill lead by Mr. Winston, refused to adopt the report and the bill was taken up and put upon its readings, and after two hours of discussion passed third reading by an aye and nay vote of 67 to 25. The full text of the bill is as follows:

The General Assembly of North Carolina do enact:

Section 1. That section 1,041 of the Code is hereby amended by adding after the word "misdemeanor" in line three of said section the following:

"And if any white man and negro woman, or any negro man and white woman shall lewdly and laciviously associate, bed and cohabit together, they shall be guilty of a felony and punished by imprisonment in the county jail for not less than four months or in the State's prison for not more than five years.

Section 2. That this act shall not apply to indictments now pending.

Section 3. That this act shall be in force from and after its ratification.

Other bills passed: to establish stock law in certain parts of Cumberland county; to reduce the number of cotton-weighers at Mount Olive to one; to change the name of the town of Wolsey in Buncombe county to Raymouth.

There were fifty-seven new bills and eleven petitions introduced. Of the bills all were of a private or local nature. Of the petitions one was presented by Mr. McLean from citizens of Harnett county to prevent the manufacture and sale of spirituous liquors within three miles of Morris' Chapel church.

Print it in Big Letters.

Hon. Dan Hugh McLean the able representative for Harnett in the House, in speaking of a measure to establish separate cars the races before the joint committee on Railroads, used the following language, alike honest and honorable:

"The day has passed when demagogues can thrive upon assaults upon any class prejudice or cupidity."

This sentence ought to be printed in big, bold type, and posted on the doors of each house, and on the walls thereof, as a warning to those who would invade these sanctuaries of the people with their schemes conceived in malice and intended to authorize and encourage the robbery of any class of our citizens. It might be varied and epitomized, by simply saying "No Butlerism Here." Mr. McLean is of that type of North Carolinian which gave both character and dignity to the legislation of the past, which won for the State and her people the confidence and respect of all mankind. The latter day demagogues who live by and upon prejudice, by assaults upon the rights of particular interests, by deception, malice and plunder, have seen their last days among this good people, it is hoped, forever. This legislature, the result of the upheaval of the honest people in resistance to the unholy organizations and combinations and dishonesty which had well-nigh engulfed them, who resented the well-laid scheme of enemies within and without to fasten Butlerism and all it implies upon them, will prove fully equal to the trust confided to them, and will regulate the demeagogues to the rear.

Honest democracy and its every pledge will be carried out by its representatives; and so long as it is along the lines suggested by the able representative from Harnett, and to this date it has been done, so long will the people continue it in power and so long will the old State prosper.—Raleigh Morning Post.

Bismark's Iron Nerve

Was the result of his splendid health. Indomitable will and tremendous energy are not found where Stomach, Liver, Kidneys and Bowels are out of order. If you want these qualities and the success they bring, use Dr. King's New Life Pills. They develop every power of brain and body. Only 25c at McKay Bros. & Skinner's drug store.

Instructions in Tobacco.

As the cultivation of tobacco in this county is comparatively a new industry, and knowing that it is very essential to begin right, I will offer the following to all who need instruction, hoping thereby to be of assistance to some.

On the selection of a proper locality for a plant bed, and its preparation largely depends the timely supply of strong, healthy plants, without which it is impossible to raise a crop of fine grade. The planter, therefore, cannot be too careful in choosing a sheltered spot, neither too wet nor too dry, as rich naturally as can be found, and located so as to possess different degrees of moisture. Go in the woods, original forest if possible, and select a place near a branch or stream of water, embracing both hill side and flat, and having a southern or southwestern exposure, protected by woods on the north. Burn over the plat by placing small skids three or four feet apart, then cover with brush and on the brush place a sufficient quantity of wood so as to burn the land brown one-half inch deep. With hoops or old hoes fastened to long poles pull the burning mass of brands a distance of four or five feet, throw on brush and wood and continue burning and moving the fire until the bed is as large as wanted. Never burn when the land is wet. It will require from one and a half to two hours to cook the soil properly. Or better, still, rake over nicely the plat to be burned, then place down poles from two to four inches in diameter, three or four feet apart, over the entire surface to be burned, then place brush thickly over the plat and weight down with wood, over which throw leaves, trash or other combustible material. Over this sprinkle kerosene oil and set the whole on fire and burn at one operation. But any mode of burning will suffice provided it is effectually done.

After the plat has been burned and has cooled, rake off the large coals and brands, but let the ashes remain, as they are essentially a first-class manure. Then caller over the bed or break with grub-hoes and make fine the soil by repeating chopping and raking, observing not to bring the subsoil to the surface, and remove all roots and stumps.

Manure from the stable, hog-pen or poultry house or some reliable fertilizer should be chopped into and thoroughly incorporated with the soil while preparing the bed to be sown. Experience has taught that it is better to use both manure and fertilizer.

Having thus prepared the bed sow at the rate of a heaping tablespoonful of seed to every 100 square yards. It is better to sow a little too thick than too thin. The best way to sow the seed is to mix them with dry ashes or fertilizer, and sow over the bed one way and then turn and sow cross, so as to get the seed regular.

In late years it seems almost impossible to raise plants without the use of canvass. So, to be on the safe side, it will be well to get the canvass and cover bed as soon as you have sown it.

Don't leave bed until it has been ditched so as to keep all surface water, for tobacco plants will not grow if the bed sobs.

Having thus prepared the bed and sown with good seed the most important step towards a good crop of tobacco is finished.

[We copy the above from the Smithfield Herald of last week which was written by Mr. T. S. Ragsdale, of the Banner Warehouse of that town. He is an experienced man in the cultivation of tobacco, and we copy it for the benefit of our readers who may plant tobacco this year.—Editor.]

CASTORIA.
Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher. The Kind You Have Always Bought

Bishop Hood Objects to the "Jim Crow Car."

The following letter from Bishop Hood, a negro, was read before the joint committee on railroads in the Senate last Wednesday. The Bishop evidently feels himself far above his race, and seriously objects to the Jim Crow Car.

The bishop said he never went South of North Carolina because of the Jim Crow cars. It was humiliating to refined colored people to have to be refused admission among the better class of white people. That negroes whom they were thrown were often offensive in person and manner towards well conducted, well dressed members of their race.

That he had gone over 400 miles out of his way on more than two occasion to escape riding with the negroes. That once on coming from Knoxville he was made sick by riding on a Jim Crow car and when he reached Paint Rock in North Carolina and struck the Southern Road it was like coming from torment into a heavenly atmosphere. He said if the law was passed he was afraid he would have to move out of North Carolina. He concluded his letter, "Yours with hope of escape."

Mr. F. H. Busbee next addressed the committee. He said he felt satisfied that this Legislature would do right. That it would enact a law that would be as little burden of expense as possible, so the object of its passage was accomplished.

Referring to Bishop Hood's letter he said the desire for separate cars had grown up and was inherited by the white people on account of just such determination on the part of negro bishops, negro colonels, negro Congressmen to flaunt themselves as equals, socially, with white people. That no one objected to a servant riding in a buggy with him or a nurse or servant in a car, because they occupied their right places as servants and behaved themselves. But the disposition or determination of a certain class of negroes to assert their equality had disposed the white people to put a stop to it.

The bishop that rides 100 miles out of his way to escape riding with his own race is a strong example of their appreciation of this companionship and this determination.

Advice to
Consumptives
There are three great remedies that every person with weak lungs, or with consumption itself, should understand.
These remedies will cure about every case in its first stages; and many of those more advanced. It is only the most advanced that are hopeless. Even these are wonderfully relieved and life itself greatly prolonged.
What are these remedies? Fresh air, proper food and
Scott's Emulsion
of Cod-Liver Oil with Hypophosphites. Be afraid of draughts but not of fresh air. Eat nutritious food and drink plenty of milk. Do not forget that Scott's Emulsion is the oldest, the most thoroughly tested and the highest endorsed of all remedies for weak throats, weak lungs and consumption in all its stages.
50c. and $1.00; all druggists.
SCOTT & BOWNE, Chemists, New York.

You should subscribe for this your county paper, and keep up with the Legislature.

George W. Jackson, an attorney from Asheville, was arrested in Raleigh Saturday and placed in jail upon the charge of the larceny of books from the clerk's office of Wake county.

CASTORIA.
Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher. The Kind You Have Always Bought