

BOARDING, WANTS,  
For Rent, and Lost Notices, three  
lines or less, 25 Cents for first in-  
sertion, 50c. for 2, 75c. for 3.

# THE DAILY CITIZEN.

THE DAILY CITIZEN  
Delivered to Visitors in any part  
of the City.  
One Month, .....\$1.00  
Two Weeks, or less, .....25c.

VOLUME V.—NO. 296.

ASHEVILLE, N. C., MONDAY, MARCH 24, 1890.

PRICE 3 CENTS.

### MISCELLANEOUS.

## TRADE WINNERS.

### PURE GOODS,

### Correct Weights,

### Best Quality,

### Low Prices.

## POWELL & SNIDER

—THE LEADERS IN—

## FINE GROCERIES

—AND—

### TABLE DELICACIES.

## BON MARCHÉ, 30 South Main St.

### CORSETS,

Large variety, all grades.

Second Invoice

### Pongee Curtain Drapery,

New designs, very pretty.

### Beautiful Drapery

### SCARFS.

Novelties daily.

## 30 South Main St. BON MARCHÉ.

FOR A FEW WEEKS ONLY!

## SPECIAL BARGAINS

IN CITY LOTS.

By order of the owner I put on sale on three years' time, only a small amount of cash wanted.

Go Lots on Catholic Hill, Splendid mountain view, only 5 minutes from the court house, at from \$75 to \$150 Each.

According to size and location. Worth double and three times the money. Liberal advances made to improve the lots.

FOR SALE—2, 3 and 4 room houses, well built, with fire places, on same hill, a property at figures and terms to suit the purchaser. Splendid opportunity for people of moderate means to secure or to build a comfortable home.

FOR RENT OR TO RENT—2 large tenement houses, 12 and 8 rooms respectively, on Bagle street. Well adapted for cheap hotel or boarding houses.

Most liberal terms granted. Plans and full particulars with J. M. CAMPBELL, Jan 9 43m Real Estate Dealer.

WANTED. An active man on Liberal Salary to permanently represent an Association incorporated to supply, at co-operative prices, general merchandise and all kind of articles for home and family use, in each small city, town, village and rural district, 80,000 members. Paid up certificates \$100,000 in cash. Credit well rated. References exchanged. Empire Co-operative Association, (Lock Box 610), N. Y. Tu. Jan 28 61y

We Keep The Best.

## MARTIN'S MARKET

50 SOUTH MAIN ST.

### Kansas City Meats.

BEEF, HAMS, PORK, LARD.

MUTTON, B'KF'ST BACON, SAUSAGES, DRY SALT MEATS.

PIG'S FEET, TRIPE, PIG TONGUES.

DRESSED POULTRY.

FIRE INSURANCE.

FIRE, LIFE, ACCIDENT.

PULLIAM & CO.

At the Bank of Asheville.

ASHEVILLE, N. C.

Represent the following companies, viz.: FIRE, CASH ASSURANCE CO. OF N. Y., \$2,407,833; Anglo Nevada, of California, \$2,407,833; Continental, of New York, \$2,407,833; Hamburg-Bremen, of Germany, \$1,129,004; London Assurance, of England, \$1,543,385; Niagara, of New York, \$2,237,492; Orient, of Hartford, \$1,667,092; Phoenix, of Brooklyn, \$1,054,179; St. Paul Fire and Marine, of Minneapolis, \$1,541,081; Southern, of New Orleans, \$1,039,282; Western, of Toronto, \$1,039,282; Mutual Accident Association, of New York, \$1,039,282; Aetna Life Insurance Company, of Hartford, Ct. dtmar 29

## W. O. WOLFE.

Over 200 sets of the most beautiful

Monuments and Tombstones

just received, from the cheapest Tombstone to handsome Monuments. I have made a great reduction in prices, and it will pay you to come and look at my stock, whether you buy or not. Warehouse—Wolfe Building, Court Square.

### THE "RACKET."

Two important and necessary articles in house furnishing are kept at the "Big Racket Store" in great variety and at very low prices, as follows:

SMYRNA RUGS, alike on both sides, from 68c. to \$6 each;

BRUSSELS RUGS in all sizes, from 60c. to \$1.38, worth double the money;

MOQUETTE RUGS in Creams, Tans, and other delicate shades, beautiful goods and at very low prices.

Wire Foot Mats, Rubber Foot Mats, Cocoa Foot Mats.

The other item to which particular attention is called is our line of

### CURTAINS

and Curtain Goods. Read the list and the prices:

LACE CURTAINS at 68c. per pair;

LACE CURTAIN material, edge scalloped and bound, beautiful patterns, 13c. per yard;

SCRIM, white and colored, very wide, at 6 1/2 to 13c. per yard;

CRETONNE, different widths, bright figures, 10c. to 13c. per yard;

SHADES, plain solid colors to very handsome fine goods, all on spring rollers, from 33c. to \$1, each complete at about one-half regular prices. Curtain Poles, Pulls and Chains.

A beautiful line of CHINA SILK for half curtains 10c. to 14c. per yard. Everything for housekeeping at the

### "BIG RACKET."

### REAL ESTATE.

WALTER B. GWYN, W. W. WREY.

## GWYN & WEST,

(Successors to Walter B. Gwyn)

ESTABLISHED 1881

REFER TO BANK OF ASHEVILLE.

## REAL ESTATE.

Loans Securely Placed at 8 Per Cent.

Notary Public. Commissioners of Deeds.

## FIRE INSURANCE.

OFFICE—Southeast Court Square.

## CORTLAND BROS.

Real Estate Brokers,

And Investment Agents.

Offices: 24 & 26 Patton Ave. Second floor.

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## JOHN CHILD,

(Formerly of Lyman & Child.)

## REAL ESTATE

—AND—

## LOAN BROKER

Strictly a Brokerage Business

Loans securely placed at 8 per cent.

## L. A. FARINHOLT,

REAL ESTATE BROKER

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BUYS AND SELLS REAL ESTATE

ON COMMISSION.

SPECIAL ATTENTION TO RENT-

ING AND COLLECTING.

LOANS SECURELY PLACED ON

REAL ESTATE.

REFERS TO ALL THE BANKS OF ASHEVILLE.

## MRS. A. P. LABARBE

159 Patton Avenue.

First-Class Board by the day or month.

Terms made known on application.

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### MISCELLANEOUS.

## W. C. CARMICHAEL,

ESTABLISHED 1874.

APOTHECARY,

20 SOUTH MAIN STREET, ASHEVILLE, N. C.

WE DO NOT SELL CHEAP DRUGS, BUT WILL SELL YOU DRUGS CHEAP, AND IF YOU DON'T BELIEVE WHAT WE SAY GIVE US A TRIAL AND BE CONVINCED. Our prescription department is excellent by none. It is equipped with the best goods that money can buy from E. Merck, E. R. Squibb, Parke, Davis & Co., Jno. Wyeth & Bro., and from other leading manufacturing chemists in this country and Europe, whose goods for purity cannot be questioned. Prescriptions filled at all hours, day or night, and delivered free of charge to any part of the city. Our stock of Drugs, Patent Medicines and Druggists' Sundries is complete, and at prices that defy competition. Don't forget the place, No. 20 S. Main street, where you will at all times be served by competent prescriptionists.

1879. 1889.

## S. R. KEPLER,

DEALER IN

## FINE GROCERIES.

Purveyor to intelligent and appreciative Asheville and American families. Palates and tastes of people who believe in good living cannot be humbugged by "Cheap John" goods. Cheap goods and first quality are not synonymous. I have in stock and to arrive, all seasonal specialties, comprising in part Fruits, Oranges, Lemons, Cranberries, Raisins, Figs, Nuts, etc.

Miscellaneous—Choice O.K. New Orleans Molasses, for table use, Prime New Orleans Molasses, for cooking. Extra fine Assortment of Crackers. Fine Teas and Coffees especially.

Mince Meats—Gordon & Dilworth's, and other brands. Plum Pudding, Calf's Foot Jelly, etc. Pressed and Crystallized Ginger. Shad Roe in kits. Roe Herrings and all other goods in demand for the Holidays.

S. R. KEPLER.

## Walter B. Gwyn

R. Q. Taylor's celebrated

Stiff Hats, "Second to None"

for style and quality. Spring

shapes and colors just in.

## H. REDWOOD & CO.

Clothing, Gents' Furnishings, Hats and Shoes.

We have in stock a large

and complete line of House

Furnishing Dry Goods.

RUGS, DRUGGERS AND ART SQUARES

a specialty also. Sheetings

(all widths), Towels, Nap-

kins, Table Linens, Curtains,

Curtain Materials, Uphol-

stery stuff. Particular atten-

tion is given to the higher

qualities of the above stuffs.

## H. REDWOOD & CO.

Dry Goods, Fancy Goods, Notions.

7 and 9 Patton Ave.

## THE

## SHOE STORE.

Herring & Weaver,

—LEADERS—

IN SHOES OF ALL GRADES,

—AND—

## FINE HATS.

39-Patton Avenue-39

Asheville, N. C.

"THE SUGAR trust has no sand," exclaims a disgusted commercial journal. Probably not. It has put it in the sugar.

THE GOVERNOR of Louisiana displays commendable manhood in returning a check for \$100,000 sent by the Louisiana Lottery company to help pay the late flood damages. The worst cynic must admit that in such acts our policies are seen to be not altogether lost to the sense of clean money.

IN A FEW MONTHS from now some thousands of agents of the United States government will begin the practical work of taking the eleven-h cent. The questions they will ask of each head of a family are twenty-nine in number, provided the questions relating to mortgages are included, of which there seems to be some doubt.

THE FUTURE persecution of Mr. Parnell by the London Times has cost that paper dear, in cold cash as well as in reputation.

The Nottingham Guardian asserts "an good authority" that the Times' counsel fees alone will exceed £50,000, of which Sir Richard Webster gets nearly £13,000. When the whole list of expenses is made up it is found that the Times is out of pocket not much less than half a million dollars.

With characteristic impudence the Times is now asking the government to pay the whole or a part of these expenses.

At this distance it looks like a mighty cool proceeding to ask a government to tap its treasury to pay a newspaper for an unsuccessful effort to defend its own libels.

A COALING station in North Carolina, with coal dug from her own mines, is an event notable in the industrial progress of the State. We learn from the Messenger that such a station has been established at Wilmington by the Cape Fear and Yadkin Valley railroad company, along whose line lie the Egyptian mines, in Chatham county; and that the first sea going vessel has been supplied at the company's wharves at Wilmington. This is the beginning of a very large business, because the advantages of location are superior to those of any port on the coast for vessels putting in for coal supplies, whether going North or South. This is the resumption of an enterprise begun before the war, continued during the war for the supply of blockade runners but since then, until the present moment, altogether suspended.

THE DEFEAT of the Blair bill removes a very disorganizing topic from the public mind. So long as it was agitated, so long as there was hope of liberal expenditure of public money, there was purpose to rely upon that agency for the maintenance of education, and natural relaxation of the efforts of the individual States to put forth their best efforts in their own behalf. And this was one of the strongest reasons why the bill deserved opposition: for it is human nature to receive that which relieves it of effort as justification for indolent dependence upon the sources of gratuitous bounty.

There was much in the Blair bill to win or satisfy; much to disarm hostility; much to excite, and much to convince. But behind and beneath it all there was so much to alarm the spirit of independence, so much to generate dependence, so much to sap the fountain of State sovereignty, without which free national existence is impossible, that the change in public sentiment is not surprising. The time has been when the bill was not only popular, but eagerly advocated. The people called for it, legislators instructed for its passage. But it has grown steadily weaker the more it has been discussed, a proof of the wisdom of deliberation in the adoption of great measures instead of hurrying them through on the first heated impulses of popular sentiment. The most remarkable change has been in the attitude of the republican party. With it the Blair bill was the great panacea for all the evils that afflicted the South. It was the great party measure, and a very insidious one; for it won to its support a large democratic following, either through generous consideration for the aid it gave to education, or as one of the contemporaries admits in his complaints at the failure of the bill on its final passage, for the money it was to bring in its train. But the republican senate faltered toward the last; and if there is any odium attached to any party, it must fall upon the majority of the senate, who decreed the death of that which for eight years had the pillar of light for the republican party. We, however, have no words of censure, for that majority did exactly what we wished.

Knowing that some of our most valued contemporaries were deeply committed to the bill and greatly deplore its defeat, we must confess our admiration at the good humored philosophy with which the result is accepted. We quote as an example the following comment of the News-Observer. It is disappointment, but it is not crimination:

We suppose that the Blair bill has departed this life. It was not near so strong at the South this year as on previous occasions. The change of sentiment is doubtless due to the feeling, that however much aid to education is needed, the drift toward federal interference with the States has developed so strongly that it would be unwise to pass this measure. We regret very much that we are not to have this aid to our public schools. It would have been of great use to the people of North Carolina.

The hearing of the case of O. F. Hageman vs. the Doran, Wright Company has been postponed until to-morrow morning.

### AN ELOQUENT SERMON.

## A REVIEW OF DR. W. A. NELSON'S TALK YESTERDAY.

Some Sound, Sensible Advice to Christians—Four Ways to Work—Witnessing, Bowling, Fishing and Preaching.

Rev. W. A. Nelson preached for the first time since his return from Florida yesterday morning at the First Baptist church. The church was crowded almost to overflowing, and the aisle occupied by chairs which were filled. The sermon was an excellent one. After reading the lesson describing the storm which raged at Paul and the other prisoners were being carried to Rome, Dr. Nelson announced for his text: "Whom I am, and Whom I serve," which is to be found in Acts 27:23.

This exclamation was made by Paul, when, the night being dark and all hope and gone, the soldiers and sailors were saying, "What shall we do?" Paul then appeared on deck and said: "And now I exhort you to be of good cheer, for there shall be no loss of any man's life among you, but of the ship. For there stood by me this night, an angel of God, Whom I am, and Whom I serve, saying fear not Paul, thou shalt be brought before Caesar; and, lo, God hath given thee all them that sail with thee."

This shows the wonderful works of God. Paul had for sometime been wishing to go to Rome in order that he might preach, but had no opportunity, and God made this the means of gratifying his wish. The essence of a Christian life is contained in the words "Whom I am," and salvation and service are contained in "Whom I serve." The first thing to be done is to deliver yourself from sin, and the next is to deliver your fellow-man. Salvation is the power of God to them that believe.

A man cannot save himself, neither can his fellowman, nor angels. God alone can do it, by His Divine power. We must put down our own contrary will, and do His. If the sailors had hearkened to Paul they would not have been in such a tight place. There was no need of it had they obeyed. Service is implied by "Whom I serve." Happiness and joy come only from service. You must be useful. You are the servants of him you obey. If you are free from sin, you are servants of righteousness. If you serve the Lord you are his, or if you prefer to serve Satan, you are his.

We can only be Christians as much as we are Christ-like, and no more. If you are His you will live to serve Him, but no man can serve two masters. If you are bent on making money at all hazards, stop. You are serving mammon, and you cannot serve God and mammon.

Every Christian is a workman. God calls Christians to render service in saving souls, and the unconverted man not to work, but to repent. No man can work with effect in this line unless he is a Christian.

There are four ways of working which are needed.

The first is witnessing. And you must do this exactly as it is done in the court house when evidence is being taken. No hearsay evidence is allowed, you must tell what you know, and not what you have heard.

The second way is by fishing for men. You expect the preacher to do all the fishing. Most people who do attempt to do this are like people who go fishing with a hook and line, and go and sit on top of a hill and wait for the fish to come. They build a fine church and then wait for people to come to it.

The third way is by sowing. The word of God is the seed, and the Christian is the sower. For rightly propagating the seed, everybody must say to the sinner, "Come!"

The fourth and last way is by preaching. It is not necessary to stand in the pulpit to preach. Kindness to the afflicted and to those who are troubled and needy can do a great deal of good in this line and should be cultivated.

### THE GOVERNMENT BUILDING.

Another Letter Very Encouraging in Its Tone.

Superintendent Wagner received the following letter this morning. It explains itself, and may be construed as flattering to the prospects of the public building in Asheville:

TREASURY DEPARTMENT, Office of the Supervising Architect, Washington, March 19, 1890. Hon. H. G. Ewart, House of Representatives.

Sir—I have the honor to acknowledge the receipt of your letter of the 17th instant in relation to the drawings and specification for the erection and completion of the proposed United States court house and post-office building at Asheville, N. C.

In reply I have to advise you that advertisements, inviting bids for the work will be issued from this office to the local and other papers the 22nd instant.

Respectfully yours, JAS. H. WINDRIM, Supervising Architect.

### THE MAYOR'S COURT.

Business in the Mayor's court was unusually brisk this morning. The first case called was that of Fannie Harden and Emma Anthony, who were charged with fighting. Fannie wore a piece of court plaster two inches square over her face, and the Anthony woman was unscarred. Both were fined \$5.

Henderson Thompson was before the bar charged with being a principal in a fight at the quarry. He pleaded not guilty, took the stand for himself, and convicted himself. He was fined \$3 and costs.

Simon Nesbitt, a plain drunk, enriched the treasury by \$3.

Hou. J. H. Merrimon is in the city.

### NORTH CAROLINA NOTES.

Winston claims to have a regular wild west boom.

Pittsboro has a Building and Loan Association.

The State penitentiary is entertaining 1,400 prisoners.

Governor Holden's condition is reported as unchanged.

Arrington's mills, near Goldsboro, have been burned to the ground.

Grading on the Western North Carolina road is within six miles of Murphy.

The Hessian fly is getting in its good and evict work in some section of the State.

The survey of the railway from Concord to Mt. Pleasant has been completed.

Raleigh is to have a red hot republican paper. It will begin business on June 1.

A number of converts have left Greensboro to join the Mormon colony at Manassas, Colorado.

Capt. W. H. Ballard, of Franklinton, a brave Confederate soldier, is dead. He was fifty years old.

The Vance guards, of Henderson, have recently had an addition of ten soldierly looking new recruits.

Webster thinks it had an earthquake on Tuesday night. Several brick chimneys were knocked over.

Four Durham boys, who left for South America, have been heard from. They have arrived safe and sound.

Colonel John C. Tipton, editor of the Greensboro Patriot, and Miss Josie Burke were married at Salisbury.

A. L. Gregory & Co., general merchants of New Berne, have assigned. Liabilities \$8,000; assets unknown.

Jas. D. Austin, dealer in general merchandise in Polkton, has assigned; liabilities, \$3,000; assets not known.

Walter Yates was on trial at Wilmington for the killing of W. F. Brown on January 10 and was found not guilty.

J. B. Duke, who was recently elected president of the American Tobacco company, draws a salary of \$50,000 a year.

The Governor's guard, of Raleigh, would like to hold a competitive drill with any military organization in the State.

Mrs. F. A. Archibald, an estimable lady of Concord, has lost her reason through grief over the death of two of her children.

B. M. Upchurch, a baggage master on the Oxford and Durham railroad, was run over at Wilson's Springs and instantly killed.

The last man hanged in Chatham county was Willis Hester. His crime was that of stealing a negro slave and the date was 1855.

The Tate Brothers and W. P. Hynum, Jr., have incorporated the Greensboro Land and Security Company. The capital is \$250,000.

Henry Blount, the poetic editor of the Wilson Mirror, will deliver the address at the commencement of the Lumber Bridge high school.

It is possible that baseball will come into favor again in this State this year. Greensboro takes the lead, and an association has been formed there.