

ASHEVILLE DAILY CITIZEN

By RANDOLPH-KERR PRINTING CO. The Daily Citizen is published every afternoon (except Sunday) at the following rates—strictly cash: One Year \$6.00 Six Months 3.50 Three Months 2.00 One Month 1.00 One Week .50

TUESDAY, APRIL 26, 1892.

A gentleman who does not give his name or his address invites us with a proposition to bet \$10,000 that Cleveland will be nominated on the first or second ballot. Judge—New York Sun.

UNEARNED PASSES.

A lot of railroad officials from Champaign Depew down, or up, have been most egregiously fooled by a C. H. Cook, Cook being a good enough name for his purposes. He said, on landing in New York, that he was an engineer on the London and Northwestern railway, and on his simple statement simpler railway officials fell over themselves in an attempt to do him all honor.

WOULD IT MEAN ANOTHER FORCE BILL?

Senator Chandler, of New Hampshire, recently made a speech against the senate bill (proposing an amendment to the constitution for the election of United States senators by popular vote), which the New York Sun declares to be "one of the ablest and wittiest speeches the senate has heard in modern times."

As a matter of fact, Saturday's "primaries" so-called, were nothing more or less than ward mass meetings. The fact that printed tickets were gotten up for use at these meetings, was clearly an innovation as applied to this particular kind of a political gathering.

But there could be reasonable objection urged against the methods adopted by Mayor Blanton and others in the West ward on Saturday. Two tickets were printed, one that was circulated for general inspection, the other placed in the hands of certain men to be voted straight. The fact that both tickets were not exhibited with equal freedom, showed that some object which was not to be understood by everybody was contemplated.

This was clearly not fair, and should never occur between members of the same political organization, granting that it would be admissible between opposing political parties.

The result was dissatisfaction and kicking. Some will say that somebody always kicks. This is doubtless true, but it should be the object of every friend of democracy to give as slight ground for kicking as possible. When one set of democrats undertake to deceive another set of democrats by some sharp practice, a temporary point may be gained by the persons employing such methods, but in the end damage is done the whole party, which is composed of the deceivers and the deceived.

No delegate to any political convention should be chosen by the people except at regular primaries, held on a day previously thoroughly advertised, and by ballots printed or written, before judges, challengers and clerks, the same as are provided at regular elections.

WORLD'S FAIR NOTES.

E. S. Dennison, of Alameda county, Cal., intends to exhibit to the exposition a pumpkin weighing 326 pounds.

Prinice George of Wales, who, if he lives, will some day be King of England, will visit the exposition, a cablegram from London announces.

The number of men working on the Exposition building is now more than 6,000. On some of the buildings work is proceeding day and night.

Miss Alice Rideout, of San Francisco, has been awarded the contract for sculptural work on the woman's building. She prepared the designs some time ago. She will receive \$8,200.

The women of Missouri intend to furnish the state building with carpets, rugs, etc., made of Missouri grown wool. Missouri schools of design will furnish the designs and the women will bear the expense of manufacture.

Tree trunks for the colonnades of the forestry building have been received from Wisconsin, Montana, West Virginia, California, Indiana, Ohio, Delaware, New Mexico, North Carolina and Connecticut. Thirty of the states will make contributions of this character.

San Miguel county, New Mexico, is planning to place in the woman's building an emblem typical of the territory. It will be a monument of native stone, upon which is carved in relief the coat of arms of the territory, and the various fruits and grains of the county. Surmounting it will be a bust of the late Miguel A. Otero.

The upper Michigan peninsula has applied for 20,000 square feet of space, and will fill it with mineral and timber products. It is proposed to show several cords of natural copper as it comes out of the mine, and also the various sorts of iron. A complete working model of a mine with reduction works is also promised.

GOOD ROADS.

"Bruce" in Raleigh News and Observer. Summing up, the road question of North Carolina suggests the following facts: 1. That the nature of the soil and the conditions of the climate render the roads almost impossible for a considerable portion of each year.

FOLKS WHO TRAVEL.

The Daily Tale of Asheville's Hotel Registers. Grand Central.—S. L. Killian, Morganton; J. B. Franklin, J. H. Hunter, Knoxville; J. H. Latslaw, Spartanburg; J. W. Carskaddon, Waynesville; Geo. Young, Cooper's; W. G. Malbone, Franklin; H. V. Watson, Leonard T. Becknell, Greenville; W. B. Beauchamp, N. C.

From the Charleston News and Courier. In South Carolina we have in round numbers 1,100,000 people, giving us say 220,000 families of five persons each. It is well within the mark to say that each family will in one year purchase fifty dollars' worth of goods which is increased in price to the extent of 47 per cent by the tariff, and by so doing tax themselves to the extent of five million one hundred and seventy thousand dollars, of which one million or less goes to the federal government and the remainder into the pockets of northern manufacturers.

Northern Prejudice. From the New York Sun. Mr. Depew talked of the negro's question entertainingly, and, on the whole, hopefully. He said, however, that prejudice gave the negro no chance in the north, and that so far as he could see, this northern prejudice was increasing.

That's Business. From the Greensboro Record. There is no necessity or excuse in this country for mob law—or lynching, and the direct punishment should be meted upon all who thus take the law in their own hands, and attempt to right one wrong by the commission of even a graver offence.

Our Peaceful Revolutions. From the N. Y. Herald. We are now treading the verge of a glorious crisis in national affairs. During the next few months we shall darken the sun with epithets, crimination, sarcasm, shafts of wit, poisoned arrows and every sort of weapon our arms can hurl.

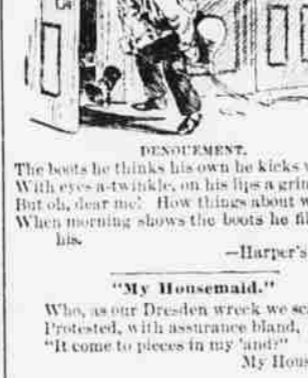
A HOOMERANG JOKE.



YE SINFUL BOY SINGS. "Hooras! Hooras! I've changed their boots, and now await the morning and a lovely row."



YE JOKE LOVING BOARDER IN 16. "Now is my chance! The boots of 17 I'll fill with water—he'll be mad, I swear."



DISCOUNT. The boots he thinks his own he kicks within, With eyes a-twinkle, on his lips a grin; But oh, dear me! How things about will whiz, When morning shows the boots he filled with his.

"My Housemaid." Who, as our Dresden struck we scanned, Protested, with assurance bland, "It come to pieces in my hand."

Who "hides" things each Monday morn, At chancel, as she does, no doubt, I wish I never had been born!"

Who guards within her jealous care, Mending or marking, till I swear, The underclothes I long to wear?"

Who cultivates a habit most Perverse of running to "The Post" To meet her brothers such a host?"

Who, if she spends her "Sunday" out At chapel, as she does, no doubt, Must be practically devout?"

Who takes my novels down it must be, as she vows, of course, "to dust"; And thumps them, much to my disgust?"

Who "can't abide" a play or ball, But dotes on a funeral, Or Exeter's reproachless Hall?"

ROYAL BAKING POWDER Absolutely Pure. A cream of tartar baking powder. Highest of all in leavening strength.—Latest U. S. Government Food Report. ROYAL BAKING POWDER CO., 105 Wall Street, N. Y.

NATIVE NORTH CAROLINA GEMS—Souvenirs of Asheville. Jewelry AND Diamond Mountings Made to Order. ARTHUR M. FIELD LEADING JEWELER, 18 South Main St., Asheville.

G. H. MAYER, CONSULTING OPTICIAN, 59 South Main St.

THE MOST DIFFICULT CASES OF DEFECTIVE VISION CORRECTED WITHOUT CHARGE. J. T. BOSTIC, 30 Patton Avenue.

THE OAKS HOTEL, ASHEVILLE, N. C. ONE OF THE BEST FAMILY HOTELS IN THE SOUTH. STREET CARS PASS DOOR EVERY TEN MINUTES. FIVE MINUTES WALK FROM COURT SQUARE. SERVICE AND TABLE FIRST-CLASS. A. B. SITES, MANAGER. O. D. FORBES, CLERK.

H. J. GREENWELL, Proprietor. LUMBER! LUMBER! LUMBER! THE FRENCH BROAD LUMBER COMPANY TO REDUCE THEIR SURPLUS STOCK OF LUMBER OF ALL KINDS AND GRADES Will sell in any quantity and to any person at greatly reduced prices.

THE ARMOUR PACKING CO.'S MEATS ALWAYS TAKE. TODAY WE SHIPPED MRS. B. CAMERON, OF RALEIGH, A NICE ORDER. FINLAY AND NELSON. THE : HOTEL : BELMONT. (ASHEVILLE SULPHUR SPRINGS.)

A TRULY FIRST CLASS HOUSE IN ALL ITS APPOINTMENTS. NEWBRICK BUILDING OF TWO HUNDRED ROOMS, NEW ELEGANT FURNISHINGS. Perfect plumbing and sewerage, steam heat, open fires, Otis electric elevator, pure air, large grounds and park, sulphur and iron springs, public and private baths, Jersey dairy, well equipped livery. Rates Especially Low for This Season. KARL VON RUCK, Proprietor.

APRIL SHOWERS.

We do not want the earth, nor do we expect to sell all the goods sold in Asheville, but we have this to say: If you want anything in Dress Goods, White Goods, Laces, Hamburg and Swiss Edgings, Notions, Corsets, Hats, Shoes, Shirts, Neckwear, Collars and Cuffs come and price our goods before you buy and we will guarantee our prices to be as low as the lowest. We have just received full line of New Spring Goods which we are very anxious to sell and if you will give us a call we will satisfy you in price, quality and quantity.

J. T. BOSTIC, 30 Patton Avenue. Real Estate Dealer, Asheville, N. C.

THE REAL ESTATE INVESTMENT COMPANY OF WILMINGTON, N. C.

President.....Hon. Chas. M. Stedman Vice-President.....Col. T. W. Strange Secretary and Treasurer.....W. H. Sprunt DIRECTORS: J. P. SAWYER, JAMES SPRUNT, J. M. CAMPBELL, GEO. S. POWELL, J. B. BOSTIC, CHAS. M. STEDMAN, J. A. CONANT, THOS. W. STRANGE, R. U. GARRETT, JULIAN S. CARR. The Real Estate Investment Company, of Wilmington, N. C., offers to the public two hundred and fifty shares of its capital stock at 33 1/3 cents on the dollar; that is, a certificate of stock for \$100 will cost \$33.33 1/3.

ASHEVILLE TOBACCO WORKS AND CIGARETTE COMPANY. President.....John M. Campbell Sec. and Treas.....Fred A. Hull Attorney.....Chas. M. Stedman DIRECTORS: JOHN M. CAMPBELL, Real Estate Dealer; CHAS. M. STEDMAN, Ex. Lieut. Governor; C. C. M'ARTY, Tobaccoist; FRED A. HULL, Manufacturer; WRIGHT STEDMAN, MAN, Manufacturer; PETER MACNAUGHTON, Capitalist; J. J. BIRD-MON, Merchant; JAMES M. CAMPBELL, Capitalist.

Authorized Capital - - - \$150,000.

ASHEVILLE, N. C., March 28, 1892. The Asheville Tobacco Works and Cigarette Company, a corporation created under the laws of North Carolina, was organized on March 23, 1892, for the manufacture of pipe, smoking tobacco and cigarettes. The above company has brought out "The Asheville Cigarette Works," which has done a prosperous business for the last three years with an ever increasing trade, and now has a surplus of \$2,398.97. The dividends for the past three years amounted to 40 per cent on the paid up capital, or 1 1/2 per cent per annum. This stock company has obtained control of the only cigarette machine in America outside of the cigarette trust, namely, The American Tobacco Company. The profit in manufacturing cigarettes is large, varying from about fifty to one hundred per cent. The business is practically cash, as cigarettes are sold for cash or on short time, a handsome profit. Offers have come from responsible parties to take the whole output. The present capacity is 144,400 in ten hours with one machine. Another machine has been ordered. The cost of making 1,000 cigarettes is as follows:

Table with 2 columns: Item, Cost. Includes Stamps (.50), Royalty (.60), 3rd leaf tobacco (.40), 100 paper boxes for 10 cigarettes (.23), 2 paper boxes for 50 boxes (.10), Labor (.15), Cases (wooden boxes) (.05).

Two grades of cigarettes are made—medium and best. The medium grade is sold at \$3.50 per thousand; the best at \$5.00. Comparing the cost of making and the price per thousand it will be seen that the average profit is \$2.55 per thousand. For a legitimate safe business, with quick returns and large profit, the cigarette business offers an opportunity seldom had, and it must be kept in mind that the Asheville Tobacco Works and Cigarette Company has had luck and displayed good business judgment in securing this machine when other large companies were begging for it. It is eminently well adapted, being in the finest section of North Carolina for the growth of fancy quality of smoking tobacco used in making cigarettes. The dryness of climate by day and coolness and moisture by night are the chief causes which favor the production of fine smoking tobacco here, and make it equal in flavor and color to the best tobacco grown anywhere. As proof of this the tobacco grown here has sold at high prices at State Fairs in Raleigh, North Carolina, and Richmond, Virginia, also at the Vienna and Paris Expositions. The number of pounds of tobacco handled by this market while in 1891 over 8,000,000 pounds were sold, and now every large manufacturer has a rapidly increasing demand for it. In 1890 there were only about 900,000 pounds sold here, while in 1891 over 8,000,000 pounds were sold, and now every large manufacturer has a rapidly increasing demand for it. The sales are yearly increasing and there is enough tobacco sold here to run many large factories here instead of shipping it away to other factories. (A large factory in Asheville would employ a number of hands and benefit the town.) Our cigarette factory is situated in the heart of this tobacco region and paradise of the world for health and pleasure. The factory is a large brick building four stories high, well arranged for safety, and has all necessary appliances and machines for making pipe and smoking tobacco and cigarettes. The building is heated by steam and the machines run by electrical power, which is found to be the most economical. The policy of the company is conservative. The Asheville Tobacco Works and Cigarette Company can sell every cigarette they make; in fact, they cannot begin to supply the demand. The pipe and smoking tobacco business is constantly growing, and there is not enough storage capacity to handle the business and store away leaf tobacco which has to be bought and held some months before manufacturing. It is the design of the company to build an additional factory and in other ways enlarge the business. The directors acting on the needs of the increasing business and demand for more room have instructed the secretary and treasurer to sell \$50,000 worth of the capital stock, the proceeds to be used in building a new factory for pipe and smoking tobacco, the factory profit alone will be twenty per cent or more on \$150,000 for this season; in turning out 100,000 cigarettes per day, had we two thirds of the capacity of the one machine which we have a lease on for ten years, with privilege of twenty, it is certain the company will make one dollar per thousand, which is \$100 profit per day; and as there are 215 working days per annum, it will amount to \$21,500, which is over 20 per cent a year on \$150,000, and these figures are less than half of the estimated profit. The present stockholders expect 80 per cent on their investment. The above statement shows an opportunity seldom to be had for making money in legitimate way and now is the time to buy, for you will not be able to do so later on, all of our stock put on the market has immediately been taken. Address J. M. CAMPBELL, President.