It's Settled, Tariff Question; Merchants' Sanguine Confidence Restored; Good Times Ahead,

AT THE

Baltimore Clothing, Shoe and Dry Goods Company.

NEW FALL GOODS

New novelties in fall dress goods, new fall goods. New dress goods just received. The newest, the prettiest, the most fashionable selected dress goods ever shown to the public of Asheville, and you will find we are showing a full complete line of English storm serges. A full complete line of Flander dress goods, Broadcloths, ladies' cloths Call and examine our new fall goods. New goods New goods. New goods.

GREAT SUMMER SALE

Is still going on. Having still quite a variety of desirable goods on hand which we do not wish to carry over, we will place the same on the bargain counters throughout our store at prices that will never again prevail

100 pieces of the well known brand of bleached domestic. Fruit of the Loom, 8½c. per yard; 1,000 pieces of Planter's brand, yard wide bleached domestic worth 8c, 5c. per yard 1 000 pieces of A A yard wide unbleached domestic, worth 6½c, 5c. per yard.

Agents for STANDARD PATTERNS CATALOGUE FREE ON REQUEST

50 PIECES OF LAWNS.

In fancy figures, plain and in stripes, worth 12½c., the entire line at 8⅓c.

50 pieces of Scotch zepher, ginghams in stripes and plaids worth 10c -12½c., the entire line at 7c.

50 pieces of assortment of dress goods worth 25, 30, 32½ and 35 cents, we are offering the entire line at 29c. per yard.

1,000 pieces of Lounsdale cambric worth 12½c., now 10c.

Call for our W B. corset, best in the country. Call for our No 410 extra long waist, best $1.00 corset in country Don't fail to examine our new early fall dress goods at the

THE BALTIMORE CLOTHING, SHOE AND DRY GOODS CO.

10 AND 12 PATTON AVENUE, ASHEVILLE.

WANT COLUMN

WANTED.

WANTED—A position in a bank in Asheville by a young man having twenty (20) years experience in a bank at the North. Address X. Y. Z., This Office. 9-19dim*

WANTED—A competent housekeeper to take full charge of housekeeping, except washing and ironing. Also wanted by the same party an intelligent, refined girl or woman with habits of industry, to take charge of a little boy two and a half years old; also a little girl fourteen months old. The right persons can keep the place five years. Address BOX 707, Asheville, N. C 9-18dlw*

FOR RENT.

FOR RENT Or Sale—Claremont. Address P. O. BOX 39, Asheville, N. C. 9-12dlw*

FOR RENT—A 3 story store house corner North Main street and Merrimon avenue. Upstairs suitable for family. Apply to T. F. MALLOY, First National Bank. 6-7dtf

FOR RENT—No. 39, South Main street, a splendid store room, good location. Apply to C. S. COOPER. 8-28dtf 67 N. Main St.

FOR RENT OR SALE—An eight room house with ten acres of land, five in grass, near Bingham Heights. Barn and stable on place. Apply on the premises or at NO. 99 WOODFIN ST. 8-26dlmo*

FURNISHED ROOMS—After September 1st parties desiring furnished rooms can be accommodated at 53 College street. One square from the court house. Hot and cold baths free. MRS. MARY MONTGOMERY. 9-7d1w

BOARDING.

GOOD BOARD—Reasonable rate. MRS. S. TERRY, 104 N. Main St. 8-12dtf

BOARDING—With private family. Large pleasant rooms, rates reasonable. Apply 8 STARNES AVE. 8-24dlm*

CASTLE REST—First-class boarding house. Centrally located. No. 24 Grove street. MRS. SCHIRRMEISTER. 4-10dtf

BOARD—One large double, and one single room just vacated at MRS. J. A. LEE'S, 26 Flint St. 9-10dtf

BOARDING At Oak Terrace, 94 Hillside street, on Lookout mountain electric car line. Large grounds and plenty of shade. Terms from $5 to $7 per week. MRS. M. E. HILL. 8-13dtf

MISCELLANEOUS.

FOR SALE—A complete outfit of household and kitchen furniture, all in good condition. Will sell cheap. Apply 10 CENTRAL AVE. 9-15d3t*

GRAND OPPORTUNITY—For sale, contents of a gentleman's stable. Consisting of pair stylish ponies, 6 and 7½ ears, good drivers, double or single and under saddle, very quiet. Double and single harness. Fine surrey, buckboard. Lady's and gents' saddles, only short time in use. Apply corner Cumberland Ave., and Cullowhee Place. 9-18deod3t*

NOTICE—Positively no hunting, fishing, ranging stock or trespassing in any way will be allowed upon the lands formerly known as the Whittier tract in Swain county, N. C., excepting those having special written permission. All trespassers will be prosecuted.
UNAKA & TUCKASEGEE, TIMBER & LAND COMPANY. H. A. Chew, Mgr., Bryson City, N C. 9-3d&w3od

LAND SALE—In pursuance of a decree of the Superior court of Buncombe county, filed in the special proceeding therein pending, entitled Nannie J. Alexander and others, ex parte, I will sell at public sale, at the court house door in the city of Asheville, on Monday, the first day of October next for cash, that certain piece, parcel or tract of land, lying and being in the county of Buncombe on the east side of the French Broad river, and south side of Flat creek, containing one hundred and eighteen acres more or less, it being the tract designated as lot No 5, on the east side of the river in the survey and sale of the lands of the late A. M. Alexander and purchased by H. A Sumner at the sale made on 20th November, 1890. The sale now advertised is to be made to satisfy the amount now due from said Sumner on his purchase at the said sale of November 20th, 1890. August 27, 1894.
T. S. MORRISON, Commissioner. 8-28dst-tues

LAND SALE—By virtue of authority vested in me by a certain deed in trust executed by John B. Bostic, dated October 10th, 1892, and registered in the Register's office of Buncombe county in book of mortgages and deeds in trust No. 31 on page 186 et. seq. default having been made in the payment of the interest of the note secured by said deed in trust as it became due, and said deed in trust authorizing a sale of the land therein described upon such default, I will sell at public auction for cash at the court house door in the city of Asheville, North Carolina, at 12 o'clock m. on the 28th day of September, 1894, a certain lot of land on the south side of Patton avenue in the city of Asheville, bounded on the north by Patton avenue, on the west by land formerly owned by J. M. Ray, and once known as the Buncombe warehouse, on the south by land formerly known as the Methodist Episcopal church lot, and on the east by J. L. L. Slagle lot, said property now known as the Commercial hotel, and for a fuller description of said lot reference is made to said deed in trust, registered as aforesaid. This August 28th, 1894.
J. R. DICKERSON, Trustee. 8-28dst-tues

Owing to an erroneous statement unintentionally made in the sale of the Fientje property, I will sell the property again as follows:

NOTICE—By virtue of a power of sale contained in a deed of trust made by F. W. Fientje to the undersigned, as trustee, dated February 20, 1892, and registered in the office of the Register of Deeds for Buncombe county, N. C, in Book No. 28, on page 252 et seq., and by reason of default having been made by the said F. W. Fientje in the payment of the indebtedness secured by said deed of trust whereby the power of sale has become operative, and the person to whom the money secured by said deed of trust is due, having demanded of the undersigned that he sell the land conveyed in said deed of trust and apply the proceeds as therein directed, the undersigned will on Wednesday, the 26th day of September, 1894, at 12 m. at the court house door in the City of Asheville, N. C., sell at public auction, for cash, to the highest bidder, the land and premises conveyed in said deed of trust, which is hereby referred to for the purposes of description. This Sept. 3, 1894.
THOS. A. JONES, Trustee. 9-3d4t tues

THE NEXT PARIS EXPOSITION.

Attractive Features Proposed for the Universal Show in 1900.

Already they appear to be commencing preparations for the exposition of 1900 in Paris. It would strike Americans that the introduction of electricity for general lighting had not made that progress one would expect there. But this season, says the Philadelphia Telegraph, the way in which a number of streets have been torn up to put in electric cables, shows that when the exposition is open all Paris will be brighter than ever by night. And now everyone who gives thought to the coming show is racking his brains to find something to distinguish the coming from the preceding shows. Among these has been proposed by the Petit Journal a scheme which it is thought will be particularly interesting to the children, and everyone knows how attractive that is to grown people, although they may not be willing to admit it. It has been suggested by Armand Dayot, inspector of fine arts, to unite with the exposition of 1900 the garden of the Tuileries, which latter is to be exclusively reserved for juvenile attractions, to be a sort of children's paradise, quite apart from the amusements and distractions of the grown people. There will be no lack of variety to give success to the idea. There will be interesting museums of children's toys, retrospective collections of dolls, where the crude terra cotta darling which the blind Nidia of Pompeii may have carried may look from the far end of the line down to her fin-de-siecle distant relative in gorgeous Paris dressing and capable of singing an entire song in a squeaky, grating phonograph falsetto! Then there will be panoramas and dioramas in miniature, to be decorated by such artists as Boutet de Monvel and Kate Greenaway. Punch and Judy shows in all their variety and nationality, from all corners of the world and of all periods, from the Chignot of the classic period to the marionettes of Boulogne, and the Karaguez of Constantinople, all displaying the antics of the same old "Polichinelle," eternally raging to the intense amusement of the children. There are to be children's balls and pony cavalcades under the trees, and under cover a sort of wax works showing children of genius in their early days; such as Lulli, Mozart, Giotto, Viviana, Canova and that astonishing Henry de Heinecken, who at the age of two years spoke three languages while yet in his nurse's arms, and could speak a piece in Latin also.

It is to be hoped that baby king of Spain will send his baby regiment, and, although they are Spanish soldiers, they may be allowed by the French government to show their drill in the garden. That the coming men and women have had no place, nothing suitable for their capabilities, in former exhibitions must be acknowledged; and that such a display, coupled with a retrospective exhibition of educational methods, will make the whole affair immensely attractive to both young and old, no one will doubt.

—A writer in the London Notes and Queries says: "It is worth while recording that the 'penny in the slot' automatic machine was known in the time of Hero of Alexandria, who describes in his 'Pneumatics' a sacrificial vessel which flows only when money is introduced. When the coin is dropped through the slit it falls on one end of a balanced horizontal lever, which, being depressed, opens a valve suspended from a chain at the other end and the water begins to flow. When the lever has been depressed to a certain angle the coin falls off, and the valve, being weighted, returns to its seat and cuts off the supply. Hero's date is a little uncertain, but he is supposed to have lived B. C. 117-81."

—As most persons know, there is a broad, flat arch at the intersection of Forty-second street and First avenue, but, as perhaps many persons have not observed, that arch becomes the frame for an interesting picture to persons looking eastward along Forty-second street from a point a few yards west of the arch. The picture included within the frame is a somewhat commonplace foreground on the New York side of the East river, the river itself, with a fine light from the sky, and its moving nautical panorama in the middle distance, and beyond the Long Island shore, with warm red brick buildings, steaming chimneys, and a church spire that ever and anon takes a curious trembling as seen through the heated air that comes from the smokestack of some passing steam craft.—N. Y. Sun.

THE GUILEFUL SMUGGLER.

A Contest of Wits in Which the Rogue Won as Usual.

It was the lady of the house herself who answered the bell at one of the palatial residences on Woodward avenue, says the Detroit Free Press, the housemaid being engaged in peeling pineapples for preserves.

"What do you want?" she asked of the person on the doorstep, an impulsive-looking man with a roll of rugs under one arm.

"Sh," said the impulsive one. "Not so loud. I've got some rugs here that I will sell you for a song—only you mustn't let anybody know."

"Why—are they stolen?"

The person made a speaking trumpet with one hand and whispered in a sepulchral tone: "No—smuggled."

"Come right in," said the lady, and she ushered him into the hall. Carefully closing the door, she invited him to display his wares.

He did so, and as the rugs were spread out on the hall floor their dainty richness filled her with longing. "You are sure they were smuggled?" she asked, in an anxious tone of voice.

"Certain sure, ma'am," he answered. "I smuggled them myself and you can have them for five dollars apiece, which is less than half what they would cost you at any store in the city."

"Then that is all you need, Robert," she said, turning to a gentleman who stood in the shadow beneath the stairs; "the man admits that he's a smuggler, and all you've got to do is to report him at the custom house."

The person with the rugs turned pale. "For Heaven's sake don't do that, ma'am," said the man. "I've got a sick wife and four small children at home who are dependent on me for bread. Take the rugs for two dollars and a half apiece and let me go."

"But my husband is a custom house officer," she said, "we can't let you go."

"Have mercy," he pleaded; "take them for two dollars and a half and say no more about it."

"Justice is inflexible," said the husband; "I must do my duty."

"Call it two dollars," moaned the self-confessed smuggler, "and spare me."

The husband and wife communed apart, the latter evidently pleading for the poor wretch. At the end of their conference the money was silently counted out to the smuggler, the door was opened and he was permitted to go. And the next day when madame priced the same kind of rug at the stores on Woodward avenue she found that they would have been dear at a dollar apiece.

SCIENCE IN COREA.

It Explains Phenomena in a Way Peculiarly Its Own.

Education in Corea is of the Chinese order—the committal of whole books to memory. On all other subjects than knowledge of Chinese, says the Boston Transcript, ignorance is the fashion when it is not a reality. Philosophical speculation is stated to be common, but Corean notions of natural science are indeed very chaotic, if the following story may be accepted: "A well-known merchant of Chemulpo was asked by one of his native employes—a man of some education—whether or not he had ever seen a sparrow which had died a natural death. The person questioned did not remember that he had. He was then asked how the foreign servants accounted for such a phenomenon, for such it was, considering the vast number of sparrows in the world and the huge families they raise every year. The answer to this query being unsatisfactory, the Corean gave his explanation, which was a popular one. He said that dying sparrows betook themselves to the seashore, dived into the mud and became clams 'How else', he triumphantly added, 'could you account for the number of clams along the coast?'

Supreme Courtesy.

A Bengalese magistrate, having been informed of the whereabouts of a mad dog, armed himself and went to the place where the rabid animal lay by a house door. He learned upon inquiry that two women were in the house and sent word to them that he was about to shoot the dog, and, therefore, they should not be alarmed by the report, and that as he might not inflict a fatal wound at the first fire, and, in fact, might miss, they should remain within until notified. Such a supreme courtesy is in marked contrast with that of western civilization.

SWISS OPINION OF AMERICA.

A Land of Strange Extremes, Nonsensical Pride and Reckless Money Getting.

A well-known Swiss writer, who visited the world's fair and was then forced to remain here for some time on account of illness, has joined the long list of foreigners for whom "America" has been a favorite subject for "dissertation." In a recent issue of the Neue Zuricher Zeitung, one of the most famous Swiss journals, under the headline, "What Is America?" he wrote: "America is a land compared with which Europe is only a peninsula; the United States form a country compared with which the European kingdoms are pygmies. America is the land of unmeasured distances and dimensions; the land of dollars and electricity; the land where the prairies are more extensive, the rivers mightier, the waterfalls deeper, the bridges longer, the lightning expresses faster, the catastrophes more terrible than in any other country in the world. It is the land where in a single railroad accident—and one occurs every few days—more people lose their lives than in Europe in a whole year. It is the land where the houses are higher, the "fallbirds" more numerous, the rich richer, the poor poorer, the millions greater, the thieves more daring, the murderers more shameless, the educated fewer, the teeth more generally false, the corsets narrower, the diseases more deadly, corruption more general, * * * the summers warmer, the winters colder, the fires hotter, the ice thicker, time more precious, the men more nervous, than in any country in our pastoral Europe. It is the land where the old men are younger and the young men older, the negroes blacker, the whites more yellow, than in any other place. It is the land of immeasurable natural wealth. In short, it is the land of extraordinary contrasts, of strange extremes, of nonsensical pride, of reckless money hunting, of senseless craze for gain—the land of the colossal and the pyramidal—of course, in the opinion of Americans. How many have gone from our peaceful home to the land of false hopes to seek riches, fortune and better life, and have been lost—either in the gutters of the great cities or the sands of the prairies? How many have been glad, when poor and deserted and broken in heart and soul, to sail back to their native land?"

A STONE SHIP.

The Mysterious Formation Seen on the Pacific Coast.

The mystery of the strange bark that three ship captains have reported stranded on a reef fifteen miles west of the Straits of Le Maire, with all masts and rigging standing, seems to be solved. A few days ago, says the San Francisco Call, a vessel reached Lodnon and reported having passed within a short distance of the deserted bark, and interest was renewed in the thrice-reported stranded vessel. All agreed in saying it was an iron ship, and most likely of German construction. It was bark rigged, and had black painted portholes. Shipping and insurance men have been trying to determine the name of the wrecked bark, but without success. No vessel of its description should be anywhere in the vicinity of the Horn, and none is overdue at any port that would pass within thousands of miles of the spot.

It is not likely that it could be taken for the Crown of Italy, which ran on a reef in the Straits of Le Maire about two and a half years ago. It was a full-rigged ship, and when it struck most of her masts went by the board. A few days afterward the sea was strewn with wreckage, and nothing was again seen of the wreck. A few days ago the British ship, Cedric the Saxon, arrived in port from Swansea, and it passed close to the spot where the mysterious bark has been seen. Capt. Rees tells a story which further complicates matters. He says the so-called bark is nothing but a rock, although its resemblance to a ship is so striking that he made an entry in his log to the effect that a ship was stranded, with all the rigging intact. He says that he was out fifteen miles when he first saw it, and was sure it was a wreck.

As he approached it he found it was a huge rock sticking out of the water. It was only about half a mile away, but even then its resemblance to a bark with painted ports was so striking that all hands had to be called for an opinion. The puzzle to the sea captains who have rounded the Horn dozens of times is that the strange rock has never been seen before.

WEBSTER'S LEGAL EARNINGS.

A Little Leather-Covered Book That Gives His Receipts.

One of our correspondents has been so lucky as to fall in with a little leather-covered book, like those of bank depositors, which contains Daniel Webster's autograph record of his legal receipts. This chronicle, says the New York Evening Post, fills twenty-eight pages and extends a little more than from 1833 to 1836, inclusive. The first entry, dated September in the former year, is of $50, and the second is of $20, for retainers on the New Hampshire circuit. The first fee of $1,000 was paid in May, 1834, by a Mrs. Badger. Services regarding Cilley's will commanded $800. The total amount for the first year was footed up as $13,140, with the remark: "September 22, 1834, thus done and concluded." A similar summing up appears at the close of each other year. The second total is $15,..83.74; the third is $21,703. The first entry of $2,000 was in 1835, March 7; the first of $3,000 December 7 in the same year. The last payment was in respect to Florida land. The largest single honorarium was $7,500. In February of the fourth year $5,000 is set down as bestowed in a case of Trinity church (New York). In turning over this record leading metropolitan and even provincial lawyers are astonished that Webster, already twenty years in Boston, so undervalued his services. He learned better at last. When Robert C. Winthrop looked up the earliest date he said: "That's just the time I was ending my studies in Webster's office," and the chirograph led him to add that Webster never wrote a firm hand. Nobody has surveyed the relic with more interest than Dr. O. W. Holmes. Among other things he said: "Had the influx been ten-fold, Webster's purse would have remained empty still. Had its capacity received like the sea, whatever entered there would have run off like water from the back of a duck."

THE SQUAW AND HER CHILD.

An Instance of the Stoicism of the Indian Race.

"I was very much affected by an incident that occurred during our visit at the Rosebud agency in South Dakota," said Representative W. S. Holman the other day, recalling a tour of investigation which, as chairman of a house committee, he once made among the Indians. "One day an old squaw came trudging into the agency with a basket on her arm. The Indian agent informed me that she had walked a distance of ninety miles to see her thirteen-year-old daughter, who was a pupil in the Indian school, and that she made that pilgrimage regularly once a month and never remained over an hour. Unobserved I watched the meeting between mother and daughter. There was none of the ordinary exhibitions of parental or childish affection. When the child came out to meet the mother, the latter carefully scrutinized her and then led her away about fifty yards, where the two sat down in the tall grass.

"Hardly a word was spoken. The mother emptied the contents of her basket, which were a lot of provisions and trinkets, into the child's lap, and the latter accepted them without any marked evidences of gratitude, as far as I could observe. After they had spent a half-hour together in this way the aged mother slowly rose, replaced her basket on her arm and walked slowly away until she disappeared from view far out on the plains. When she left the daughter no goodbys were spoken, nor were there any evidences of regret at the parting on the face of either parent or child."

He Was Too Easy.

Chief-Justice Richardson, of New Hampshire, was ready to abandon one of his own rullings, if argument had convinced him that it was not tenable—a readiness not relished by some lawyers. That great lawyer, Jeremiah Mason, was once pressing a point on the judge with his usual force. "Brother Mason," said the judge, "the impression of the court is in your favor," "Yes," retorted Mason, "but I want your honor to *stick!*"

Ship Rats.

Every vessel that floats has as part of her company a family of rats. They travel the world over, on both steam and sailing craft, but seldom make more than one voyage on the bulk oil carriers, as the cargo causes among them a distemper which not only injures the lungs of the rats but also changes the color of their hair.

W. L. DOUGLAS $3 SHOE

IS THE BEST. NO SQUEAKING.

$5. CORDOVAN, FRENCH & ENAMELLED CALF.
$4. $3.50 FINE CALF & KANGAROO
$3.50 POLICE, 3 SOLES.
$2.50 $2. WORKINGMENS EXTRA FINE.
$2. $1.75 BOYS' SCHOOL SHOES.
·LADIES·
$3. $2.50 $2. $1.75 BEST DONGOLA.
SEND FOR CATALOGUE
W. L. DOUGLAS, BROCKTON, MASS.

You can save money by purchasing W. L. Douglas Shoes,

Because, we are the largest manufacturers of advertised shoes in the world, and guarantee the value by stamping the name and price on the bottom, which protects you against high prices and the middleman's profits. Our shoes equal custom work in style, easy fitting and wearing qualities. We have them sold everywhere at lower prices for the value given than any other make. Take no substitute. If your dealer cannot supply you we can. Sold by

J. D. Blanton, Asheville, Enock Rector & Co., Marshall.

$20 TO $150

TYLER'S FAMOUS ROLL CURTAIN DESKS.

NEW STYLES.

Our mammoth catalogue of Bank Counters, Desks, and other Office Furniture for 1894 now ready. Desks, Chairs, Tables, Bookcases, Etc., and at matchless prices, for the Best Goods made.

BANK COUNTERS TO ORDER TO FIT ANY ROOM.

Catalogue free. Send 12c to cover postage.

TYLER OFFICE FIXTURE CO., ST. LOUIS, MO.

THE PEER FOR 5c.

SMOKE Saborosa Cigars

MANUFACTURED BY VETTERLEIN BROS., PHILADELPHIA PA.

24 1mo

AND BEST IN THE WORLD

STRONGEST

Beware of imitations. Be sure to get the original. Made only by

Taylor Mfg. Co., St. Louis.

NEW LIFE

Dr. E. C. West's Nerve and Brain Treatment is sold under positive written guarantee, by authorized agents only, to cure Weak Memory; Loss of Brain and Nerve Power; Lost Manhood; Quickness; Night Losses; Evil Dreams; Lack of Confidence; Nervousness; Lassitude; all Drains; Loss of Power of the Generative Organs in either sex, caused by over-exertion; Youthful Errors, or Excessive Use of Tobacco, Opium or Liquor, which soon lead to Misery, Consumption, Insanity and Death. By mail, $1 a box; 6 for $5; with written guarantee to cure or refund money. WEST'S COUGH SYRUP. A certain cure for Coughs, Colds, Asthma, Bronchitis, Croup, Whooping Cough, Sore Throat. Pleasant to take. Small size discontinued; old, 50c. size, now 25c.; old $1 size, now 50c. GUARANTEES issued only by

T. C. Smith, Druggist.

Public Square. Asheville, N C

LE BRUN'S G&G CURE

FOR LOWER SEX. This remedy being injected directly to the seat of those diseases of the Genito-Urinary Organs, requires no change of diet or exposure, narcotic or poisonous medicines to be taken internally. When used

AS A PREVENTIVE

by either sex it is impossible to contract any venereal disease, but in the case of those already Diseased or Afflicted with Gonorrhœa and Gleet, we guarantee a cure. Price by mail, postage paid, $1 per box, or 6 boxes for $5.

LADIES DO YOU KNOW

DR. FELIX LE BRUN'S

STEEL AND PENNYROYAL PILLS

are the original and only FRENCH, safe and reliable cure on the market. Price $1.00; sent by mail. Genuine sold only by

T. C. Smith, Druggist.

2 Answers.

What is the difference between a sallow skin, dull eyes and faded cheeks, and a ruddy complexion, bright eyes and rosy cheeks?

There are 2 answers:—

1ST ANSWER: All the difference in the world. One is ugliness; the other is beauty.

2ND ANSWER: *25 cents difference.* For 25 cents will secure a three weeks treatment (two different medicines) which will corect your disordered liver, banish all poisonous bile, purify your blood, stimulate appetite, tone up the nerves, and make a new creature of you.

This is a famous remedy, and while perfectly harmless, it never fails. It is made of the purest preparations.

Ask your druggist for **Ramon's Tonic Liver Pills.** *Two medicines and two boxes for only one price.* A sure cure for Constipation and Biliousness.

SOLD IN ASHEVILLE BY DR. T. C. SMITH, Wholesale and Retail, W. C. Carmichael, Worthen & Co., Heinitsh & Reagan, Raysor & Smith.

Racket Store,

15 South Main St.

I am no politician, but the amount that will be saved annually to the people of the United States on the woolen schedule of the present tariff bill will be $141,386,000. This alone is enough to interest people in politics. You ask how is this going to benefit you, now see. We are able to sell Ashland Repellant, 56 inches wide, at 50c. yd., these goods formerly sold for 70c. yd.; 50 inch cashmeres and dress flannels that sold last season for 75c. yard are now 48c. and 50c. yd. The same reduction all the way through on wool goods. We have a great many bargains in other goods that cannot be excelled in quality and cheapness anywhere in North Carolina. Live oak and maple wood note paper 5c. quire; good XXX envelopes, 4c. pack; ink 3c. and 4c. bottle. Writing tablets in great variety 1c.

J. M. STONER, Mgr.