

HIS HOLINESS' CONDITION NOT MATERIALLY IMPROVED

By an Operation Performed in the Hope of Further Prolonging His Life, According to the Latest Cablegrams Received From Rome

For Once the Iron Will of the August Patient Was Overcome by the Physicians in Attendance, Who Bailed His Plans

Rome, July 11.—4:50 a. m.—Another operation, performed yesterday had brought further relief to Pope Leo and it is possible that his life being prolonged was increased, but it can hardly be said that the operation improved his chances of recovery.

ANOTHER OPERATION PREFORMED FRIDAY

Rome, July 10.—The Pope's marvelous vitality still permits him to maintain his struggle against death although a portion of the night was passed in sleepless waiting. He greeted his doctors this morning with hopeful expressions. It was decided to perform another operation, which was executed by Dr. Mazzoni, assisted by Dr. Pappont.

NEWS SUMMARY

LOCAL.

The charter for the proposed merger telephone company in Asheville has been received here.

STATE

The first tobacco of the season was received at Raleigh.

GENERAL

Officers were elected by the I. B. Y. P. U. at Atlanta.

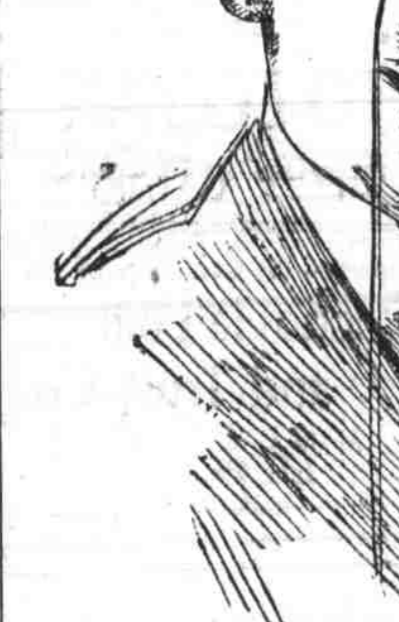
FOREIGN.

Admiral Cotton and American naval forces were toasted at a luncheon.

exactly the most minute details and remembering facts, figures and dates with marvelous promptness, and all this to the accompaniment of snuff taking. The doctors' visit and the operation followed. The doctors found the condition of the Pope not much changed. His temperature was a little above 36 degrees and his pulse was oscillating between 85 and 90.

"Then," said the patient, "a new operation is necessary." "We will see," answered Lappont, and Mazzoni added: "Your holiness knows that the operation is not dangerous in itself."

During the examination of the patient, the doctors, after a thorough sounding found that a pulmonary sound had reappeared in the obtuse zone, except in the area limited to the region where the puncture was made for the extraction of the liquid, which is on a line drawn from the nipple of the right breast, under the arm to the spinal column, the obtuse sound thus being between the sixth and eighth ribs. With his head against the ribs Dr. Lappont heard a murmur in the ventricular region. The murmur was confused, with pleuric rumblings, together with gurgles as if of small to middle sized



Count Cassini, Ambassador Count Cassini.

Russian representative in the United States, who has given President Roosevelt to understand that his country will brook no interference with regard to the Kishineff massacres.

After the operation had been performed, the following bulletin was posted at 10:25 o'clock. "The angust patient passed the first part of the night fairly peacefully, but afterwards the difficulty in his breathing became more marked, coupled with discomfort and an increase of the feeling of oppression. The pulse is small and weak at the rate of 92. Apnoea was complete and there was a little dizziness. A flow of endopleuric matter being observed, a second operation was decided upon and immediately performed by Dr. Mazzoni. About a thousand grammes of bloody serum was extracted. The Pontiff bore the second operation very well, and in consequence of it, both the respiration and the power of the heart at once improved. (Signed) "ROSSONI, "LAPPONT, "MAZZONI."

Dr. Mazzoni's operation today was almost identical with that of Tuesday afternoon. The patient lay on his back with his head on a low pillow. The affected parts were washed with a solution of alcohol, cocaine was hypodermically injected and Dr. Mazzoni inserted a praval needle which, by suction, drew off the vitiated matter. The operation was comparatively painless and was performed without recourse to chloroform or other anesthetics. After the operation the Pope felt so relieved that he insisted on getting up and took several steps toward his arm chair and seated himself for a few minutes. He then arose and going back to the bedside, where he keeps his favorite authors, took down Horace's Ars Poetica, returned to the arm chair and began reading, holding one leg over the other. He seemed to feel no ill effects from the operation. On the contrary, he appeared to have derived benefit from it.

RUSSIA REFUSES NEGRO PETITION

Sent Her Through Agency of Catholic Herald

Relative to Treatment of Negroes in America

INDICATING WHAT THAT COUNTRY WISHES THE U. S. TO DO WITH JEWS' PETITION.

London, July 10.—The Russian ambassador in London, according to the Catholic Herald, has refused to receive a petition relative to the treatment of negroes of the United States and forward it to the czar, as requested by the Catholic Herald. The petition draws attention to the increasing outrages on negroes, accompanied by appalling brutality.

The ambassador says the matter is outside his purview and that he cannot therefore, move therein. The Catholic Herald says the petition will be sent direct to St. Petersburg.

GIRL AGED 16 WAS THE CAUSE

Of an Awful Tragedy Near Clinton, S. C.

She Had Consented to Receive an Improper Note

WHICH FELL INTO THE HANDS OF HER MOTHER—MURDER WAS RESULT.

(Special to The Citizen.) Columbia, S. C., July 10.—South Carolina has had another awful tragedy. Near Clinton in Laurens county, Thursday, there was a homicide that has stirred that whole section. Both the dead man and his slayer were prominent and the cause and circumstances of the deed were sensational in the extreme.

It seems that on last Tuesday Miss Mattie Simpson, about 16 years old, received a note purporting to be from Miss Coleman, a sister-in-law of John G. Wham. The note stated that Miss Coleman was alone, and the others having gone away, and asked Miss Simpson, a sixteen-year-old girl, to "come over." But the young lady's mother got hold of the note and, her suspicions becoming aroused, accompanied her daughter to Wham's. They found Wham alone, and he explained that he found it addressed to Miss Simpson after his wife and Miss Coleman had gone to Clinton and had simply sent it over. But this was not satisfactory and later it was discovered that Wham had sent the note with improper purposes and with Miss Simpson's consent.

VAIN EFFORT TO STOP GAMBLING

CONSTABLES REFUSED ADMITTANCE TO SERVE WARRANTS AT WASHINGTON PARK

Chicago, July 10.—Efforts to stop betting on races at Washington Park today were futile. Twenty constables made the track early in the afternoon, with a batch of warrants for bookmakers and others. They were not allowed to enter the enclosure until after the races were over. The gates were all guarded, and the constables made no show of force. When the constables did come in, they got into a brief fight with Pinkerton men but the disturbances attracted little attention. The warrants were served quietly and bonds were furnished. The cases were set for July 17 by Justice Branwell who was at the track. No warrants were served on officials of the track.

NORMAL ACTIVITY WILL COME AGAIN

R. G. DUN & CO.'S WEEKLY REVIEW OF TRADE IS INCLINED TO BE OPTIMISTIC.

New York, July 10.—R. G. Dun & Co.'s Weekly Review of Trade tomorrow will say: Business again responds to improved conditions. Retail distribution of merchandise is accelerated by more seasonable weather and fewer labor controversies, while wholesale and jobbing trade, especially at the interior, shows the encouraging effects of brighter agricultural prospects. There is the customary excessive demand for farm hands. Reports of holiday traffic and holiday trade report no diminution in purchasing power, and semi-annual inventories show more gratifying situation than expected. There is less than the usual midsummer sluggishness in manufacturing except in the cotton industry. Commodity prices advanced slightly during June, Dun's index number on July 1, being 399.456, compared with 398.636 a month earlier. A decline of 2.4 per cent is recorded in comparison with July, 1902, chiefly in articles of food. Railway earnings for June are 12.1 per cent larger than last year, and 25.3 in excess of 1901.

Violent changes in quotations of raw material are never good for business in finished products so that as yet the cotton goods manufacture shows no improvement in response to fluctuations at the cotton exchanges. But it is certain that there will ultimately come a revival of normal activity at the mills. Meanwhile, stocks of goods in dealers hands have fallen low and sellers are insisting on generally higher prices than they did a week ago.

Failures this week numbered 194 in United States against 193 this year.

ESTIMATED AT \$150,000.

Was the Loss on Planing Mill of Alpaha Lumber Company.

Savannah, Ga., July 10.—The planing mill and lumber yard of the Alpaha Lumber company at Alpaha, Ga., were burned today, with several hundred thousand feet of lumber. The loss is estimated at upwards of \$50,000.

SCANDINAVIAN-AMERICAN LINE

Pier Was Destroyed by Flames Last Night

Loss Will be About Five Hundred Thousand

WOMEN AND CHILDREN IN A BATH HOUSE DID NOT WAIT TO DRESS.

New York, July 10.—The new pier of the Scandinavian-American line, at the foot of Seventeenth street, Hoboken, was destroyed by fire today and for the second time in three years the line is temporarily without a pier. It is believed the loss will amount to almost \$500,000. The dock alone cost \$200,000 to build.

The fire started in the storeroom of the pier, and when discovered, the fire had a firm foothold. There was no ship of that line docked today, but did not arrive. On the pier was a large part of the cargo destined for Europe which was to be shipped on the Island, and this was destroyed causing a loss of over \$300,000. Comparatively few men were at work on the pier at the time.

When the first fire engines arrived fully three hundred feet of the pier were blazing from the waters' edge to the top. Tufts of all sorts and sizes of three water into the fire, but this seemed to have little effect. The city firemen were badly hampered in reaching the place.

The flames spread as rapidly as when the North German Lloyd and Scandinavian piers burned three years ago. There were three explosions, apparently caused by barrels of some inflammable material. After such the flames spread rapidly.

The heat was intense, and many firemen dropped into the river for relief.

The slight wind carried the flames toward the Laundry docks containing a score of vessels. Those which could be gotten out, were towed away. A nearby bath house was crowded with women, girls and children, who fled without waiting to dress. Two firemen were slightly hurt in the crush.

West of the bulkhead were moored the United States training ship Portsmouth and the Ward liner Manhattan. These were in peril for a time, but the wind shifted, carrying the flames out of the Portsmouth and toward work in keeping the fire from the bulkhead.

Within three quarters of an hour, after the fire started, it was under control.

None of the workmen on the pier were injured.

KISHINEFF'S MASSACRES

Came in For Notice at Mayor's Luncheon

Admiral Cotton Made a Grateful Acknowledgement

MEMBERS OF CABINET WANT TO SEE AN EXTENSION OF THE MONROE DOCTRINE

London, July 10.—Lord Mayor Samuel gave a luncheon at the Mansion house here today in honor of Rear-Admiral Cotton and the other officers of the United States European squadron, now at anchor in Portsmouth harbor. After the toasts to King Edward and President Roosevelt had been received with enthusiasm, the lord mayor proposed the health of "Admiral Cotton, his officers and the entire American navy."

"May the bonds which bind the two countries ever grow closer," said the Lord Mayor, "and, if necessary, may we face the whole world together, while always endeavoring by every means in our power to maintain peace with the world."

Incidentally, the Lord Mayor made a striking reference to the Kishineff massacre. He said he was thankful that the United States was not content with diplomatic rules and etiquette but had raised its voice in protest against the barbarities of the world wherever they occur.

Admiral Cotton made a graceful acknowledgment of the kindly welcome that the Americans had received from the British fleet and people and added: "The squadron is here by direct order of the President of the United States, and as a messenger of peace and good will, I am sure I speak for the peoples of both countries when I say I hope and believe that the cross of St. George and the stars and stripes will never be waved but in amity and friendship and for the peace of the world."

Prolonged cheering greeted the admiral's speech.

In conversation with American officers at the King's dinner at Buckingham palace yesterday evening, members of the cabinet expressed a desire for an extension of the Monroe doctrine, recognizing the paramount influence of the United States in the western hemisphere. Great Britain, they said, wants Washington to exercise control in some way over the financial obligations of the central and South American states. Apparently Great Britain, not desiring a

INJUNCTION PROCEEDINGS

Could Not be Properly Prepared in Time

And Wm. Rhea Was Executed Summarily

FIGHT OVER THE LIFE OF A MAN IN WM. JENNINGS BRYAN'S TOWN.

Lincoln, Neb., July 10.—The hanging of William Rhea which was to have taken place at 11:30 o'clock today was postponed thirty minutes pending a decision of the supreme court on an application for an injunction to prevent the hanging. The action before the court is brought in view of the reprieve granted Rhea by Governor Savage. The reprieve imposed "hard labor" upon Rhea as punishment. The attorneys for Rhea argued that this imposition nullified the sentence for hanging in that it serves two punishments for the same crime.

The supreme court denied the application regarding the granting a reprieve by the Governor and Chief Justice Sullivan of the supreme court then went into consultation regarding such action. The conference soon ended. Governor Mickey refused to grant a further reprieve and ordered the sheriff to proceed with the execution.

OFFICERS ELECTED FOR B. Y. P. U.

REV. J. C. MASSE, OF RALEIGH, N. C., LED AN OPEN PARLIAMENT.

Atlanta, Ga., July 10.—Today's session of the convention of the International Baptist Young People's Union opened with prayer meetings, which were held in local churches and conducted by visiting ministers.

Following the reports of the various committees, officers of the union were elected for the ensuing term of office, as follows: First Vice-President—George Miller, Baltimore.

Second Vice-President—A. L. McCrimmon, Woodstock, Ont. Third Vice-President—W. M. Gaines, Atlanta, Ga. Recording Secretary—Rev. E. W. Reed, Rock Island, Ill.

Treasurer—G. B. Osgood, Chicago. The remainder of the morning session was devoted to addresses by A. L. McCrimmon, Rev. James Grant of Watertown, Mass., and W. O. Carver of the Southern Baptist Theological Seminary, Louisville, Ky.

DENVER SOCIETY WINS THE BANNER

FOR THE LARGEST INCREASE OF MEMBERSHIP IN CHRISTIAN ENDEAVOR CIRCLES.

Denver, Colo., July 10.—A conservative estimate made this afternoon places the number of delegates in attendance on the International Christian Endeavor convention in session here, at 5,300. About 5,000 other visitors also have arrived.

Of the 64,000 societies that make up the union society of Endeavorers throughout the world, the organization at the Twenty-third avenue Presbyterian church, of Denver, shows the largest increase in membership since November last. Its membership has increased from 35 to 135. A magnificent banner of Japanese design will be presented to this society by President Clark.

MESSAGE FROM EDWARD.

Will be Replied to By President Roosevelt After His Return.

Bristow For Tail of The Ticket



JOSEPH L. BRISTOW

The friends of Fourth Assistant Postmaster-General Bristow are booming him for the republican nominee for vice-president. Mr. Bristow has a good record and his energetic work in probing the present postal scandals, in the opinion of his friends, entitles him to ask for the second highest office.

REFUSED ADMITTANCE.

Mobile, Ala., July 10.—Emilice Soil, Francisco Perez, Pedro Ortiz, Spaniards and Francisco Soils, a Frenchman, were refused admission to the United States here today, being under contract, the first three in St. Louis and the fourth in New Orleans. They arrived here on the steamer Almo, from Progresso, Mexico.

BIG SHIPMENT SATURDAY.

New York, July 10.—Baring, Maxson & Co., today engaged \$350,000 in gold for shipment to Europe tomorrow and Heidebach, Ickelheimer & Co. increased their engagements to \$1,250,000, making a total of \$1,600,000, engaged for shipment tomorrow.