

## NEGROES IN NEW ORLEANS BARRICADE THEMSELVES AND STAND OFF OFFICERS

### Riot Results From Killing of Policeman By Disorderly Negroes.

### COMPANY OF MILITIA RUSHED TO THE SCENE

### Were Drilling on the Streets And Volunteered For Service.

(By Associated Press.)  
NEW ORLEANS, Oct. 18.—A party of negroes barricaded themselves in a downtown house tonight and started a small riot. One policeman was killed and several were wounded. The trouble started in front of the Second German Presbyterian church, at Claiborne and Annette streets, during services tonight, when several negroes became boisterous. Patrolman Cambions, who attempted to arrest them, was killed. The negroes ran to a nearby house, which they barricaded. With shotguns, revolvers and pistols they awaited the police, a few of whom gathered quickly and stormed the house. Sergeant Wheatley was mortally wounded and Patrolman Wenck and Corporal J. W. Dunn received serious wounds. Shortly before midnight the riot was still in progress and the police had not learned how the negro fighters fared. A company of local militia which happened to be drilling in front of police headquarters when the fighting was reported volunteered for service and were rushed to the scene of the riot. The riot ended after an hour and a half siege of the house by the police. The officers routed the negroes by burning them out, mortally wounding one and arresting five others.

## NOT SEEKING ANY PUBLIC OFFICE

### Gov. Hughes Makes Declar- ation of His Attitude To- ward Nomination.

(By Associated Press.)  
NEW YORK, Oct. 18.—Governor Hughes today made a declaration of his attitude toward the presidential nomination, when in course of an address at a dinner given in his honor by the Republican Club, he said: "I do not seek any public office. I have not sought, nor shall I seek, directly or indirectly to influence the selection or the vote of any delegate to any convention, and with reference to the action of any delegate to any convention there will be no suggestion of thought of influence, protest or refusal in the executive chamber." Mr. Hughes announced his acceptance of the gubernatorial nomination, and his speech tonight was a review of his administration, particularly with reference to the legislation which had been accomplished for the state control of public service corporations, and other important measures with whose creation and support he has been identified.

## FLANGE BREAKS, TRAIN IS DITCHED

(By Associated Press.)  
PENSACOLA, Fla., Oct. 18.—By the breaking of a flange on a wheel of a baggage car, the first section of five special trains bringing Florida troops to Florida for the encampment at the army fortifications, the entire train was derailed about 40 miles east of Pensacola on the Louisville and Nashville railroad today. No one was killed, and only a few of the men were injured. The track was torn up and the other trains had to be detoured.

## BIG BLACK BEAR FALLS VICTIM TO THE PRESIDENT'S RIFLE

NEW ORLEANS, Oct. 18.—News of the killing of a big black bear by President Roosevelt in the cane breaks near Bear Lake, La., reached New Orleans today. A telegram to John M. Parker, one of the gentlemen who invited the president to hunt in the state, and who himself was a member of the hunting party until business required his returning to New Orleans several days ago. The telegram to Mr. Parker was signed by Leo Shields, another member of the party, and reads as follows: "President Roosevelt killed a great big bear. Went into thicket this afternoon. No particulars were stated in the telegram."

## WARRING TONGS IN CHINATOWN CLASH AGAIN

### Chinks in Philadelphia En- gage in Bloody Fight With Fatal Results.

### FIGHT COMES UP OVER MURDER TRIAL

### Assassins Imported To Mur- der Star Witness in Trial of Murderers.

(Special dispatch by Ag.)  
PHILADELPHIA, Oct. 18.—The warring factions of Chinese in this city who have periodically resorted to the use of knives, pistols and hatchets, to settle their disputes, engaged in a fierce combat in Chinatown today, which resulted in the death of Lee Dick and Lee Ting, and the probable fatal shooting of Leoy Tong. The authorities say that the killing was the result of a pisa made by members of the Hip Sing Tong Society to assassinate witnesses who were to have testified today in the trial of two Hip Sing Tong men charged with the murder of Long Yung, on July 7, last. Long Yung was a member of the On Leung Tong Society, and was shot down and killed after he had given testimony against Hip Sing Tong men in another murder trial. Beginning of Fight. Just as the Hip Sing Tong men were placed on trial today for the murder of Yung Chinese, who the police say were brought here from New York, Boston, San Francisco and other cities, began shooting in the streets of Chinatown and riddled with bullets Lee Dick and Lee Ting, a friend. Both were members of the On Leung Tong, and Dick was to have been the star witness against the Hip Sing men in the trial. He was on his way to court when he was shot down and killed and the case was postponed. Members of the Leung Tong faction ran from their headquarters and began shooting when the first shots were fired, and Leoy Tong, a Hip Sing follower, was dangerously wounded. A general fight followed in which many heads were battered and several were slightly injured. Wholesale arrests were made by the police who descended on the Chinese settlement. Among those arrested Ed Chin, of San Francisco, How Sing Dock, of Boston, and Tong Plank, said to be from New York. They were captured at the ferries as they were preparing to leave the city. The men were heavily armed. In their pockets were found a number of empty cartridges.

## LAST SESSION OF PEACE CONGRESS

### Hall of Knights Presented An Imposing Spectacle; Homage Rendered Teddy.

(By Associated Press.)  
THE HAGUE, Oct. 18.—The Hall of Knights presented an imposing spectacle today at the closing session of the international peace conference. The boxes especially erected for the occasion were crowded with cabinet ministers, diplomats and other statesmen and their wives. The president, M. Nelidoff (Russia), made a long speech, saying that, notwithstanding the arduous work of the delegates,

(Continued on Page Three.)



"ANOTHER COUNTY HEARD FROM"

## MR. HENRY WILL GIVE A BRIDGE FOR CITY'S USE

### Owner of Zealandia Estate Offers Present of Fine Concrete Structure.

### ALDERMEN DEAL WITH MANY MATTERS

### Dr. Minor Wants To Shut Off the Morning Song of Factory Whistles.

The board of aldermen met in regular weekly session last night in the council chamber in the city hall, and after only a few matters of routine business went into executive session. Aldermen Randolph and Francis were absent. The report of the corporation counsel in regard to the petition of Mr. Sluder, a resident of Seward street, as to the damages to be awarded him for alleged damages done his property by the paving of this street was read. The report said that the surveys that have been made on this street were not for the purpose of fixing the damages, but were to make a report to the board. It recommended that a jury be appointed to judge the damage to the property, and also to the property of Miss Dunn on Penland street. A jury was appointed. The matter of the building of several huts or small houses to rent to negroes by O. D. Revel, the owner of the property known as Pine Top, came before the board, and it was found that Mr. Revel had not procured the necessary permits to build, and it was ordered that the matter be given to the committee on public safety with power to act. Wants Whistle Stopped. Dr. Chas. L. Minor appeared before the board in regard to the blowing of the cotton mill whistle every evening, which, he declared, was very annoying to the people in the lower section of the city. He said that regularly at 4:30 o'clock every morning the whistle blew, and, according to his timing, it made a continuous noise for at least three minutes. He said that some of his patients had made repeated complaints to him about the noise and declared that it was a nuisance. The matter was referred to the corporation counsel to see if there was an ordinance to cover the case and to report at a later meeting. Offers Bridge. J. G. Merrimon appeared before the board for P. S. Henry and submitted plans for the erection of an overhead bridge across the deep cut at the top of the cotton mill whistle early every morning. He said that Mr. Henry had made arrangements with the Farragher Engineering company whereby a reinforced concrete bridge would be built at a cost of \$2,200. Mr. Merrimon said that Mr. Henry proposed to build the bridge and road leading to it and give it to the city for a public highway, provided the city would exchange the bridge for the paving assessments on his property on the mountain. Mr. Merrimon said that there was a great difference in the cost of the paving and the building of the bridge, but owing to the fact that Mr. Henry had to have a bridge for his own use, he was willing to build it and give it to the city in lieu of the paving debt. The proposed bridge will be of reinforced concrete, modern in every particular and lasting three times as long as one of the wooden bridges. The matter was referred to the street committee. Mr. Merrimon also entered a complaint as to the condition of the railway crossing at Smith's bridge, between the city and West Asheville. He

## CONVENTION AT RICHMOND NEAR AN END

### Rush of Business Marks the Closing Hours of Great Episcopal Gathering.

### NO CHANGE IN THE STANDARD BIBLE

### House of Deputies Refuses to Reconsider its Action On the Question.

(By Associated Press.)  
RICHMOND, Va., Oct. 18.—The session of Rev. Edward Jennings Knight of Trenton, N. J., to take charge of the missionary district of Western Colorado, the organization of a board of missions, creation of a committee to draft a canon regarding suffragan bishops, refusal of the house of deputies to reconsider its position as to the standard Bible and a host of other acts, marking the closing hours of the great gathering, occupied today's session of the triennial convention of the Protestant Episcopal church. The bishops authorized the printing of the prayer book in the Spanish language. It was agreed that a committee to consist of five bishops, five clergymen and five laymen be appointed to draw up a canon regarding suffragan bishops and to make their report at the next general convention. The Rev. Dr. Caisch, rabbi of Beth Ahaba synagogue, in an address before the house of bishops, extended the greetings of his church. Refuses to Reconsider. The house of deputies today refused to reconsider its action regarding the question of a standard Bible. The house last night voted overwhelmingly against permitting the use of the revised edition of the Bible in the church services, and also by a great majority adopted an amendment to the constitution declaring the King James, or authorized version, to be the standard Bible. Dr. Parks of New York, read to the deputies the report of the committee on the election of a board of missions, to serve during the next three years. Geo. P. Thomas of Pennsylvania, was re-elected treasurer of the board and Rev. Arthur Lloyd secretary. Rev. Dr. Wilmer of Georgia, a deputy, rising to a question of persons' privilege, declared that he never said as had been reported, that "the Bible was the most fruitful source of infidelity in the world." What he said was that "calling the Bible the word of God was the most fruitful source of infidelity in the world." The Bible, he said, contained the word of God.

## FULL EXTENT OF DISASTER IS APPARENT

### Fontanet People Beginning To Realize How Largely Death Came to Them.

### SUPPOSED VICTIMS ARE FOUND ALIVE

### Work of Relief Is Hindered by the Hundreds of Sight-seers.

(By Associated Press.)  
FONTANET, IND., Oct. 18.—The people of this stricken town today realized for the first time, the full extent of Tuesday's disaster. The blowing up of the DuPont powder mills and the resultant destruction was so full of the dramatic that the people here, even the survivors of the mills, did not come among them. Today the one little black hearse began journeying to the graveyard on the hill north of town and it will go that way often within the next forty-eight hours. The one bright ray in the situation here today is the marked reduction in the list of the dead. Powder mill employes to the number of seven or eight, who were reported dead, have come out of their evident stupor to tell friends they are alive. Found Sitting on Coffins. Surprises of this nature began to occur yesterday evening and found their climax this morning when Addison Webster and Samuel Cottrill appeared in the streets. Both men were powder mill employes and both had sons who were killed in the mill explosion. This morning Webster and Cottrill were found sitting on coffins in front of the undertaking shop. When told they were reported among the dead, they only opened their eyes in wonder and made no comment. The body of Samuel Cottrill's son, named Frank, is supposed to be buried in the ashes of the mill or to have been blown to atoms. Merle Webster, the son of Addison Webster, was found yesterday on the hill above the valley of death. His body was literally blown to pieces, and was identified by his father only after a careful examination of the fragments. No Trace August Girard. The search of the ruins was resumed this morning under the direction of C. V. Ferriday, superintendent of the Wilmington (Del.) plant of the DuPonts. The most mysterious case is that of August Girard, who drove a truck between two of the mills. Girard's wife lived through the explosion, but it is believed his body was scattered to the four winds, as not a single atom of it has been found. The body of Samuel Nevins is still among the missing. The funeral of James Biggs marked the beginning of the funeral processions that must frequently pass during the next few days. Biggs was buried at 10 o'clock this morning. People flocked to his wrecked home on a hill almost two miles from the scene of the explosion. Funeral services were conducted under the direction of the United Power High Explosive Workers' Union No. 191, of which the dead man was a member. The bodies of W. E. Cress and Erick Cress, brothers, were buried at Rosedale at 2 o'clock this afternoon and the funerals were attended by members of the Powder Makers' Union. The body of Sylvester Dial was shipped to his home at St. Elmo, Ill., his afternoon, and the body of P. J. Carroll was sent to Greenup, Ill., his home today. A large tent has been erected oppo-

## ENTHUSIASTIC MEETING AT COURT HOUSE

### Rousing Speeches Made For The Bond Issues For A Competing Road

### JOHN A. FOX MAKES STRONG ADDRESS

### Col. Davidson and Col. Lusk Make Clear The Issues Before the People.

The meeting of the railroad bond issue advocates at the court house last night, while not big in point of attendance, about 200 being present, was big in enthusiasm, and rousing speeches were made by Col. T. P. Davidson, Mr. John A. Fox of Cincinnati and Col. V. E. Lusk and brief remarks by Judge Pritchard and Prof. J. J. Britt. The meeting was called by Judge Pritchard, who briefly expressed the object of the meeting and expressed his confidence in the outcome of the election, declaring that the only thing that could defeat the measure was apathy on the part of its advocates and failure to get out the vote, as all those who failed to vote counted against the movement, it being necessary to get a majority of the registered voters to carry it. He then introduced Col. Davidson. In his introductory remarks Col. Davidson gave a brief resume of the movement in Western North Carolina to secure a competing railroad, making it clear that the only reason this movement had not been successful years ago was the lack of money. The speaker stated that while he was not in a position to call names or go into details, he was assured that this present movement had the backing of New York capitalists, one of the strongest financial syndicates in the country and that the bonds were already practically underwritten by them. He said that this was the best and fairest opportunity that this section had ever had to secure competing lines, and that, too, without cost. He declared emphatically that he had not the slightest fear that the county would lose anything on the bonds and would almost be willing to swear that there would be no loss. Col. Davidson spoke for only about 20 minutes, and when he concluded was heartily applauded. Mr. Fox's Address. Judge Pritchard then introduced Mr. Fox, the special director of the national rivers and harbors congress, who is in North Carolina arousing interest in the movement for the improvement of the waterways of the country, and one of the best authorities on the subject of transportation in the country. Mr. Fox's address was most instructive and interesting. He presented an array of figures showing the freight rates on various roads of the United States, the Southern being as high as any in the country. He showed how the interests of the entire state were interwoven with those of Wilmington in her fight for harbor improvements, and declared that when they were secured and the competing railroad built the benefits to this section would be countless. He presented his address with an appeal that Asheville be represented at the meeting at Wilmington on November 5, when the state waterways association was to be organized. Col. Lusk, the next speaker, made a rousing speech. He said that Asheville no longer had a monopoly on the "sky pudding" business, referring to advantages as a health resort, and that unless the people waked up and went after factories, manufactories, etc., in a few years dog fennel would be growing on Pack square. He showed by figures that Asheville was discriminated against in freight rates, and that it was the people all over the county who suffered as a result. He declared that Knoxville, Charlotte, Atlanta and other cities around us were making greater progress commercially than Asheville is, and that the fact that they had competing railroads was the cause of it. He expressed himself as confident that the issue would carry, but urged his hearers to work hard to get the vote out. When Col. Lusk finished Prof. Britt was called on, but he contented himself with stating how he stood on the question, and declared that it had his hearty support and that later he hoped to make some speeches.

## STATE NOW AT SEA BY REASON OF DECISION

### Judge Winston Says Pritch- ard's Action Makes Guess Work of Evidence.

### CONFERENCE HELD YESTERDAY VOID

### Some Talk to Effect That Andrews Will Be Put On Stand.

RALEIGH, Oct. 18.—An all day conference today of the states attorneys in the railroad rate cases resulted in no definite decision as to the future course of the state in the famous case suit of the Southern Railway to decide the constitutionality of the two and a quarter cent fare. The conference was with Governor Glenn and Chairman McNeill, of the corporation commission. After the conference Governor Glenn stated this evening that it would meet again next Tuesday night, when it was probable that something definite would be decided upon. In the meantime each one of the participants was to formulate his idea of what ought to be done. One plan of action was suggested today and taken under advisement. During the day Judge R. W. Winston, of Durham, stated to several newspaper men that the decision of Judge Pritchard, sustaining standing master Montgomery in his refusal to allow the state to go further back into the books of the Southern Railway than the year of 1905 had left the matter of evidence to guess work. He explained that the state was anxious to have expert accountants take account of every dollar and mileage book, and thus separate the cost of intrastate from interstate transportation. This had been done in Kentucky, he said. Now the ruling of the court limited the state to its experts and certified statements from the corporation commission. There was a general opinion here to-day that the conference discussed at some length the advisability of just Judge R. W. Winston, of Durham, on the stand, also going further into the matter of the evidence of the Southern Railway given by Col. Andrews to State Senator J. C. Dwyer, president of the Raleigh Evening Times. There were present at the conference today Judge Jas. E. Shepherd, ex-Governor C. H. Aycock, ex-Congressman F. A. Woodard, Speaker H. J. Justice and Judge R. W. Winston.

## JUDGE AKIN DIES IN CARTERSVILLE

### CARTERSVILLE, Ga., Oct. 18.—

### Judge John A. Akin, president of the Georgia Senate, lawyer and promi- nent in the public life of the state, died at his home here early today, aged 48. Judge Akin's death followed closely that of his mother, Mrs. Mary F. Akin, who died last night.

### Mrs. Akin had suffered a stroke of paralysis, and on learning of her condition, fainted and could not recover.

### Judge Akin was elected president of the Senate at the last session of the legislature and took a prominent part in the fight for prohibition.

## RUDYARD KIPLING HAS A SOLUTION

### TORONTO, Ont., Oct. 18.—"Pump in the immigrants from the old coun- try; pump them in." That is the solution Rudyard Kipling suggests for the Asiatic problem on the Pacific coast.

### Mr. Kipling, accompanied by his wife, arrived here early today, aged 48. Judge Akin's death followed closely that of his mother, Mrs. Mary F. Akin, who died last night.

## ANOTHER POSTPONEMENT OF I. C. STOCKHOLDERS MEETING

(By Associated Press.)  
CHICAGO, Oct. 18.—The meeting of stockholders of the Illinois Central railroad today, was again postponed, this time until 1:30 o'clock Saturday afternoon. No other action was taken. The delay was caused by the inability of the committee on proxies to present its report. The checking up of the proxies is a task of such huge proportions that it is uncertain when the committee will be able to report. E. S. Conway, chairman of the proxy committee informed President Harriman today that it was possible, but not certain that the committee would be ready to report tomorrow forenoon. The delay has become irksome to Mr. Harriman, who said today that it was necessary for him to be in New York on Monday, although he did not see how he could leave Chicago before the conclusion of the stockholders meeting. It was officially announced today by President Harriman that John J. Mitchell, president of the Illinois Trust and Savings Bank, will be Mr. Harriman's candidate for the directorship now held by Mr. Fish. The delay in reaching a vote on the election of directors has caused many of the small stockholders to abandon the meeting. Not more than fifty persons were present today. Many of those who attended the opening session have left for home.



(Continued on Page Four.)