

### REVENUE WILL BE INADEQUATE FROM AMENDED TARIFF

Senate Must Devise Some  
Way of Increasing Income  
Some Twenty Millions

### CHANGES MADE IN HOUSE CUT IT DOWN

Difficult to Estimate Effect of  
Striking Out the Count-  
ervailing Duties.

(By Associated Press.)  
WASHINGTON, April 11.—The estimates of the revenue which the Payne tariff bill will produce for the government have been reduced nearly \$20,000,000 through the amendments made to the measure before it was passed by the house and the senate finance committee will have to provide means for making up this difference if the original estimates are to be met. The striking out of several countervailing duty clauses on which no estimates were made probably will lessen the bill's productivity another \$20,000,000.

The amendments taking off the eight cent duty on tea subtracted \$7,000,000 from the estimated revenue. The striking out of the countervailing duty on coffee and the maximum duty provision for a rate of twenty percent ad valorem on coffee coming from countries which do not give the United States the benefit of their most favored nation clause, disposes of probably \$15,000,000 in duties.

Taking out the countervailing proviso for lumber and for petroleum means a loss to the revenues of several million dollars, it is estimated. By repealing the manufacturers license tax for farmers desiring to sell the leaf tobacco which they raise, the house has withdrawn considerable revenue under the internal revenue law. A slight increase in revenues may be provided by the increased tax on Turkish figs, tobacco, pineapples, barley and barley malt.

**Differences From Dingley Law.**  
The Payne bill as it passed the house, like the Dingley bill when it went to the senate, places hides on the free list. Under the Dingley law, hides have produced a revenue exceeding three million dollars annually.

(Continued on page two.)

## FEELING AGAINST BURCHFIELD IS AT DANGEROUS PITCH

### Ominous Mutterings Are Heard On The Street. Stories of The Crime As Told by Witnesses.

Zeke Roberts, the cab driver who was shot Saturday night, dead,—John Burchfield, his slayer, drinking the bitter dregs of remorse and fear in the county jail,—and angry citizens muttering threats of lynching the slayer,—these were the harrowing consequences of the crime which was committed in a trivial dispute over the payment of a cab fare of fifty cents.

Roberts lingered until after three o'clock yesterday morning, but he never had a chance to recover as the great bullet from the .44 Colt tore a gaping wound in his temple which made death certain. He never regained consciousness after he was shot. The funeral services over his body will take place today at Weaverville. Roberts was only twenty-four years old and is survived by his father with whom he was engaged in the livery business, and two sisters.

**Feeling Runs High.**  
The killing of Roberts has aroused intense feeling among his friends and especially among the carriage drivers and hackmen of the city with whom he was quite popular. There were heard portentous mutterings last night on the street and in places where crowds congregated, but there seemed to be no concerted movement to do anything. Deputy Sheriff Mitchell, the jail warden was warned early in the evening that an attempt might be made on the jail but was not inclined to give it any credence. However, he did not leave the doors unbolled.

Among those who were advocating a lynching, there were some who favored putting it off until after the hearing which is expected to take place today. It would be no easy matter to get into Buncombe's new jail, and this fact will probably have more effect in cooling the impetuous ones than any other. There is no denying that the feeling against Burchfield in certain quarters of the city is wrought up to the lynching point.

**Burchfield Remorseful.**  
A representative of The Citizen interviewed Burchfield yesterday at the county jail. Burchfield was in a very nervous condition showing that he had spent the night in great anxiety of mind. His features were extremely sombre and an absence of all color gave him a ghastly expression. He is about five feet and six inches in height and of light build. He does not look like a criminal and the pal-

lor of his face made the more noticeable the trance-like stare of his grey eyes in which could be read heart-sickness and remorse.

It was with reluctance that the prisoner consented to an interview. At first he said that he had nothing to say, for he did not know how to say anything in his own behalf. Then for a few minutes he fixed that fixed stare of his eyes on the blank wall. After he had remained thus for about three minutes he turned and with a slow tremulous expression which bespoke fatigue and an almost complete collapse, denied vehemently what he had read in the morning Citizen as to what he had said at the time of the shooting. He needed no promptings nor even a question. He denied having said that he hoped Roberts would die.

He said: "There are two witnesses who know that I did not say anything. There was not a word said about it. These witnesses were standing right there," continued the prisoner as he pointed outside of his cell into the corridor.

He was then asked who these two men were. After thinking for a minute or two as if it were hard for him to recall the names of these witnesses he with much hesitation as if still in doubt gave their names as Taswell and Bull. When questioned further as to these men he could recall nothing more.

**Admits Drinking.**  
Later he said that two men had asked him if he fired the shot, and he replied: "I did." When he said this his voice seemed much firmer, but beneath this firmness was an undertone of remorse.

When questioned as to the condition he was in at the time of the shooting he wished to keep silent, but admitted that had taken several drinks.

The conversation began to tell on the man as he recalled the tragic events of the night. From an erect sitting posture, firm and intense, as well as unnatural, he seemed to droop into a lounging position as if exhausted. He had no trouble in recalling what he had done Saturday. With no hesitation or doubt he told how he had been working for Judd Reed putting in fuse wires during the earlier part of the afternoon, and later had done similar work for Harper Styles.

(Continued on page five.)

### SENATOR JOHN WARWICK DANIELS,



He Will Lead the Democratic Fight in the Senate for Real Tariff Revision Downward.

## ASHEVILLE PEOPLE IN WRECK ON SOUTHERN

### Mrs. John Monroe and Son and Mr. Leon Whitlock Slightly Injured When Train Leaves the Track and Overturns.

Three Asheville people, Mrs. John Monroe, her son and Mr. Leon Whitlock, proprietor of the Whitlock Clothing House, together with four other passengers and two trainmen were injured when passenger train No. 22 on the Southern Railway east bound from this city to Salisbury was derailed near Old Fort about half after nine o'clock yesterday morning. None of the injuries sustained are serious, it is reported.

The accident is said by the railroad officials to be a novel one and last night the cause was a mystery. According to the reports made to the Southern offices the tender, baggage car, two coaches and the chair car left the track and were turned over and carried some distance before the engine could be stopped. The tender was the first to leave the track and the four coaches followed. The engine was not off the rails. The track was torn up for about one hundred feet, and all the coaches badly shattered. From an examination of the track after the accident, it seemed to be in perfect condition.

That the accident did not result seriously is almost a miracle. As it was, there were no injuries other than cuts, bruises and sprains.

Mrs. John Monroe and her son were cut by flying glass and Mr. Whitlock who was on his way to Statesville received a sprained arm.

The others injured were: Minnie Carson, colored, Old Fort, ankle sprained.

(Continued on page three.)

## MAY REVOKE ORDER FOR CLOSING NAVY YARDS IN THE SOUTH

Secretary Meyer Collecting  
Data as to Amount of  
Work Done in Them

### PLANTS REPORTED IN GOOD CONDITION

Valuable to Navy in Case of  
Emergency in Time  
of War.

(By Associated Press.)  
WASHINGTON, D. C., April 11.—Within a few days Secretary of the Navy Meyer is expected to take up for active consideration the question of the continuation in operation of the navy yards at Pensacola, Florida, and New Orleans, Louisiana, which Mr. Newberry just before he retired from office gave orders should be closed. A settlement of the issue is of importance to the cities in which these yards are located for more than one reason. Before Mr. Newberry's order had been officially served on the commandants of those yards the congressional delegations from the respective states in which they are situated took up the matter with Secretary Meyer and presented arguments to show why they should be continued in operation. Mr. Meyer felt that their protests against closing should receive thorough consideration and concluded to call for data from the commanding officers showing the amount of work that was being done and reasons, if any, for or against, the closing of the yards. The character of the data which he asked for was so elaborate and comprised so much detail that the commandants have not yet been able to furnish it. The secretary is determined to be fully advised of every feature of the case before reaching any decision. The fact that appropriations have been made for a continuation of work during the next fiscal year is the least argument advanced why the stations should be maintained in all their efficiency. But this is not the only proposition put forward along this

## SIX PERISH IN FIRE WHICH DESTROYED CENTER OF LENOX

Explosions of Oils Gave Oc-  
cupants of Building Where  
Fire Started No Chance

### FASHIONABLE HOTEL ESCAPES THE FLAMES

Woman, a Human Torch,  
Leaps From Second Story  
In Her Night Clothes.

(By Associated Press.)  
LENOX, Mass., April 11.—Six persons lost their lives, three others badly burned and property loss of between \$200,000 and \$300,000 was caused by a fire in the heart of the business section of this town early today. Four business blocks, two dwellings and two other structures were destroyed in a section bounded by Franklin, Main, Huntington and Church streets. The fire is believed to have started in the Clifford building from spontaneous combustion.

The dead are: Edward C. Ventres, electrician; Mrs. Edward C. Ventres; Miss Leslie Ventres, aged twelve years; Miss Alice French, bookkeeper; Miss Isabel Cook, bookkeeper; Miss Mary Sparks, school teacher.

The injured are: Mrs. Catherine Root, and her two sons, George and Arthur, severely burned.

A fortunate shift of the wind saved the public library and the fashionable Curtis hotel. In the hotel, there were several Easter parties from New York and Boston.

The loss of life occurred in the Clifford building, where the blast started, and resulted primarily from a series of explosions among the turpentine paints and oils stored in the cellar of the James Clifford and Sons company hardware dealers.

**Explosion Came Quickly.**  
The fire was discovered by George Root, who lived with his mother and brother in the upper story of the Clifford block, a three-story building, shortly after 1 o'clock this morning. Hastily calling his brother and mother, all ran down the stairs in their night clothes, shouting to the other

(Continued on page six.)

## SOUTH SOUNDS CALL TO ARMS IN YEARLY BATTLE AGAINST WINGED PESTS

Simple Precautions Against  
Flies and Mosquitoes Great-  
ly Reduce Mortality

### PREVENTS INFECTION

(By Associated Press.)  
NEW ORLEANS, April 11.—The entire South has notified the festive mosquito and the ubiquitous house fly that they are undesirable citizens and under no circumstances will they be permitted to reside in or frequent the inhabited communities. But the authorities have not been satisfied with declarations. Not much. They have not forgotten the lesson taught them in 1905 when the yellow fever came.

So, all over the South, in the smaller villages as well as in the bigger cities, the health authorities are opening an early campaign against the disseminators of all the deadly diseases—the mosquito and the house fly. It has been demonstrated that the mosquito is not the only disease spreader. He—or she, rather—does spread yellow fever. But the house fly has been tried and convicted of the crime of disseminating malaria, typhoid fever and several other diseases no less deadly.

Under the direction of Dr. J. S. White, the famous marine hospital surgeon who fought and whipped the yellow fever in 1905, a regular set of laws and precautions have been devised. These are practically the same in all the southern cities and states.

To begin with, all tanks of water, cisterns or vessels, which hold water or which might be filled with water after a rain must be covered and screened with a screen of at least eighteen mesh of wire to the inch. Standing water on lots or commons is not permitted. All shallow lots must be drained and kept dry, or the owner is subject to a severe penalty. All stables must have air tight receptacles for refuse and this refuse must be removed each week. Where there are large natural bodies of water which it is impossible to drain, the surface must be disinfected and oiled at frequent and regular intervals. Even the water used in the sprinkling carts is

(Continued on page six.)

## LYNCH NEGRO BRUTE AS HE WAS BEING CARRIED TO PLACE OF SAFETY

Sheriff Met by Lynchers in  
an Automobile. Forced  
to Yield Prisoner.

### IDENTIFIED BY VICTIM

(By Associated Press.)  
ARCADIA, Fla., April 11.—John Smith, the negro who yesterday dragged Miss Mary Steel Ewing from her buggy, two miles from Arcadia, in an attempt at criminal assault, was taken away from the sheriff and his deputies at an early hour this morning and hanged to a tree.

The story of the attempted assault is as follows: Miss Ewing, who had been to the city on a shopping tour, was returning to her home, four miles from the city, when the negro sprang into the buggy, seized Miss Ewing and dragged her into the bushes, throwing her down and choking her. The young woman, begged fought and prayed to the black fiend to let her go and offered to give him \$100 in cash if he would accompany her home, but this did not stop the brute, who was about to force his victim into submission when Miss Ewing, in her struggle, saw Will Knowles and his brother, walking some distance from the scene. With renewed vigor she screamed, and this attracted the Knowles brothers who rushed to her assistance. The brute made his escape after taking Miss Ewing to her home, the men rushed to this city, spread the news and bloodhounds followed by a posse of three hundred men were soon on the trail. The negro was found at a turpentine camp, taken before his victim who positively identified him. Sheriff Freeman and his deputies succeeded in placing Smith in jail, but being afraid of the black attack, attempted to spirit the black brute out of Arcadia when they were met by an automobile party, held up and forced to give up the prisoner.

The negro, seeing that he was doomed to a horrible death, pleaded for mercy, but there was none in the hearts of the mob who carried him to the edge of the city where they strung him up to a tree, where his body was still hanging this morning. Miss Ewing positively identified the clothing on the negro and pointed out the shirt she had torn in her efforts to escape.

## VOICE OF NIAGARA IS HUSHED BY MOUNTAIN OF ICE ACROSS FALLS

Wind Banked Up Waters in  
Frozen Dam Till the  
Falls Vanished.

### DAMAGE ENORMOUS.

(By Associated Press.)  
BUFFALO, N. Y., April 11.—The voice of Niagara was mute today for the second time in the memory of man. The first time was late in February when, following a severe northerly blow, the falls ran dry. Now, following a severe southwesterly, the river is frozen solid from bank to bank.

On Wednesday of last week the worst gale of the season and the most violent in the history of the weather bureau for April was recorded. The solid ice fields of Lake Erie were churned from end to end and piled in a huge conglomerate mass at the lower end of the lake.

At Niagara there has been a heavy ice bridge in the pool below the gorge since the middle of the winter. Under the impact of the mass of ice from the lake above and the added floods brought down by the wind, the bridge gave way and began to surge down the rapids, but before it could win freedom in the ample waters of Lake Ontario, the wind shifted again to the north. Instantly the moving does packed at the mouth of the river. Each instant of cold congealed the pack more solidly and each hour brought added pressure from above.

Unable to escape by its natural channels the level of the river rose by leaps and bounds. The highest flood level recorded from previous years is twenty-eight feet above the normal. Friday night the river was forty feet above normal.

Conservative estimates place the damage at \$1,000,000.

All estimates of ultimate damage are conditioned by what the weather may have in store. The best that can be hoped for is a succession of calm, warm days. Then the ice will melt gradually and subside bit by bit. For the moment the upper reaches of the river are running clear, but as far as the eye can see the white mantle of the frost planks the lake. If that great mass should be driven down on the jam below, the damage would be incalculable.

## TEDDY FINDS FAMILIAR TEDDY BEAR IN RED SEA

Lands to Hunt Specimens,  
Not of Eddy Bears, but  
Birds of Arabian Coast.

SUEZ, April 11.—The steamer An-miral, with ex-President Roosevelt on board, which passed out of the canal about ten o'clock last night, made a brief stop at Suez, then proceeded down the Red Sea.

During the stop through the canal the Admiral passed up to permit a party to land at Jamalia, which is about half way distant between the Red and Mediterranean Seas. The landing party consisted of Kermit Roosevelt, Major Mearns, Edmund Heller, zoologist and J. Alden Loring. Their intentions were to make a collection of bird specimens and proceed to Suez by train.

During the voyage through the canal the Admiral passed the steamer City of Paris, from Kurrageh, crowded with British passengers. These passed on the steamer's decks and cheered the Admiral enthusiastically. A large Teddy bear occupied a prominent place on the bridge deck. Mr. Roosevelt answered the cheers



WASHINGTON, April 11.—Forecast for North Carolina: Fair warmer Monday; Tuesday partly cloudy, warmer in east portion; moderate to brisk east to southeast winds.

## GOV. CAMPBELL SCORES TEXAS LEGISLATURE

Calls Extra Session to do  
Work They Should Have  
Done in Regular Session.

(By Associated Press.)  
AUSTIN, Texas, April 11.—Upon the expiration of the first called session of the legislature today, Governor Campbell called the law makers to meet tomorrow for a second special session, submitting as legislative business the matter of appropriations for the state government for the next two years and the enactment of a law for the protection of bank deposits by a special message to the legislature the governor scolded the legislature for failure to enact the platform demands.

"Your regular session of sixty days was expensive and of little value to the people," says the governor.

"Not a single platform demand was enacted into law; one was defeated and you adjourned without ever considering the appropriation bill whereupon the lobby applauded and it is not strange that you received through the press the congratulations of the chairman of the republican executive committee of this state."

"Altogether your honorable bodies have been in continuous regular and called sessions since January 12. It will hardly be denied that everything that has been done in the way of legislation by the regular and called session could have been done in ten that has been done in the way of legislation has been considered and passed."

The message recites at length what the governor had sought to be enacted into laws with special emphasis upon the guaranty law, the failure to enact which he severely condemns.

## DISTRICT RESIDENTS LOSE THEIR OLD GRAFT ON NICE SOFT BERTHS

Fiction of Residence in  
States is Abolished by  
New Census Law.

### HENCE THEIR TEARS

(By Sheldon S. Cline.)  
WASHINGTON, April 11.—A great grief has fallen upon the District of Columbia. Residents of the national capital will not secure the bulk of jobs to be provided by the taking of the next federal census. Nor will they be able to get more than their allotted share of places covered by the civil service anywhere under the government.

A senate amendment to the census bill is to blame. The amendment is only a few lines in length, but it is pregnant with policy. It reads: "Provided, that hereafter all examinations of applicants for positions in the government service, from any state or territory shall be had in the state or territory in which such applicant resides, and no person shall be eligible for such examination of appointment unless he or she shall have been actually domiciled in such state or territory for at least one year previous to such examination."

The civil service law provides that places in the government service shall be apportioned among the states and territories and the District of Columbia according to population. The District of Columbia always has a great many more persons in the government service than its quota. It has been the practice of residents of the district ambitious to connect with Uncle Sam's pay roll, therefore, to claim their residence in states which still had appointments to their credit. The fact that a man's grandfather lived in Ohio or that his great-grandfather resided in Illinois before the civil war has been deemed sufficient excuse to claim residence in those states.

**Game at an End.**  
The result has been that people born and raised in the District of Columbia have been getting places that should have gone to actual residents of Ohio, Illinois and other states. Being on the ground they were in position to take advantage of openings, and there has been constantly increasing complaint that states were being charged with appointments which did not belong to them. The senate amendment to the census bill will put a pretty effective stop to the practice.

## CAN'T INDUCE HOOSIERS TO ACCEPT POSITIONS OUT OF THEIR OWN STATE

Afraid to Leave Field Open  
to Beveridge Who Now  
Leads in State Politics

### ALL FAIRBANKS MEN

(Special to The Citizen.)  
WASHINGTON, April 11.—There certainly will be some interesting politics in Indiana during the next few years. The prospect is so entrancing that not a prominent Indiana republican seems willing to leave the state. Appointments tendered by President Taft, which under ordinary circumstances would be grabbed at, have been declined with thanks. They don't want to miss the scrap.

"Jim" Watson, who was the candidate for governor on the republican ticket last year and was defeated, holds the record for turning down good jobs. He has been offered about everything on the president's list, including an ambassadorship, but has consistently and firmly said "no." Watson's record is unique in another respect. He refused to be ambassador to Mexico one of the most highly prized of presidential offices, but was willing to be United States attorney for Indiana, a place far, far lower in the scale, as such things are reckoned. The district attorneyship, however, had been promised to another.

Former Senator Hemenway was offered the post of minister to China, but declined. Former Vice President Fairbanks was talked of and seriously considered by the president for ambassador to England, but has announced that he doesn't want an office. "Charlie" Landis, former member of the house from Indiana, it is understood, has been offered the governorship of Porto Rico, but has not signified a willingness to accept the place.

**Light on Situation.**  
A little study throws an interesting light on the Indiana situation. Watson, Hemenway and Landis all belong to the Fairbanks wing of the party in the Hoosier state, and all were victims of the democratic landslide last November. That landslide placed Senator Albert Jeremiah Beveridge, whom the Fairbanks republicans loathe not, absolutely in the saddle as the Indiana boss. With a democratic colleague in the senate and only two of the thirteen Indiana houses

(Continued on page five.)