

STATE BANKERS IN ANNUAL SESSION AT THE QUEEN CITY

President John H. Carter, of Asheville Responds to Address of Welcome

REVIEWS PROGRESS OF CITIES OF STATE

Charlotte Gives Royal Welcome to Financier From All Parts of State

(Special to The Citizen.)

CHARLOTTE, May 25.—The thirtieth annual convention of the North Carolina Bankers' association held its opening session at the Selwyn tonight, with President Herbert W. Jackson, of Raleigh, in the chair.

President Carter's speech was an unusually interesting one and was ably delivered. He reviewed the substantial progress made by the leading cities of North Carolina during the last ten years.

"Mr. President, Ladies and Gentlemen: If there could have lingered any doubt in the minds of the visiting bankers as to the cordiality of your welcome, which we have seen in such abundance on every hand since our arrival, the generous words just spoken by Judge Burwell, in his eloquent address, have dispelled all doubt, and doubly re-assured us of our welcome."

"In behalf of the bankers of the state, I am directed to return those delightful sentiments, with interest at 8 per cent, and to assure the hospitable people of Charlotte, and the local bankers, that the pleasure is all ours. In fact, even since this city was named for this meeting, we have looked forward to the coming with most happy anticipation.

At the close of his address the retiring president was presented with a handsome gold watch fob.

At this afternoon's meeting resolutions were adopted by the association declaring its approval of the New Orleans cotton exchange as a market for spot cotton and depressing speculation elements alleged to be in control of the New York cotton exchange.

This action followed the report of a special committee on cotton exchange presented by Captain Ellis A. Smith, of Pender, S. C. This committee has had the subject under consideration for the past year and has visited the exchanges both in New York and New Orleans.

The New York exchange, it was reported, had not met the requirements of the committee and continued to operate in the interests of speculators and plungers rather than of the manufacturers and dealers in cotton.

Resolutions were adopted asking the telegraph companies to furnish in all

HANDFUL OF MEN TIE UP AN ENTIRE RAILROAD SYSTEM

Strike on Georgia Railroad Presents Unusual Problems Which Labor Commissioner Has Not Been Able to Solve.

ATLANTA, Ga., May 25.—How less than one hundred striking firemen were able to stop practically all train service in a territory 170 miles long and from twenty-five to one hundred miles wide was the knotty problem into which United States Commissioner of Labor Charles P. Neill plunged immediately after his arrival here tonight.

What a remarkable feat this handful of union firemen accomplished and what power was behind them became apparent today when a considerable section of this state was compelled to rely on automobiles for passenger, mail and express service; and when the transportation of such necessities of life as food dropped back to the methods of a former degree of civilization, namely to wagons and even pack animals.

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Directors Divided. The directors of the road, the general manager and other officials were in almost continual conference today and it was reported that some of the directors strongly favored Governor Smith's proposition for each side to select three Georgians as arbitrators.

Hand cars, automobiles and tie-up. Hand cars, automobiles and tie-up. Hand cars, automobiles and tie-up.

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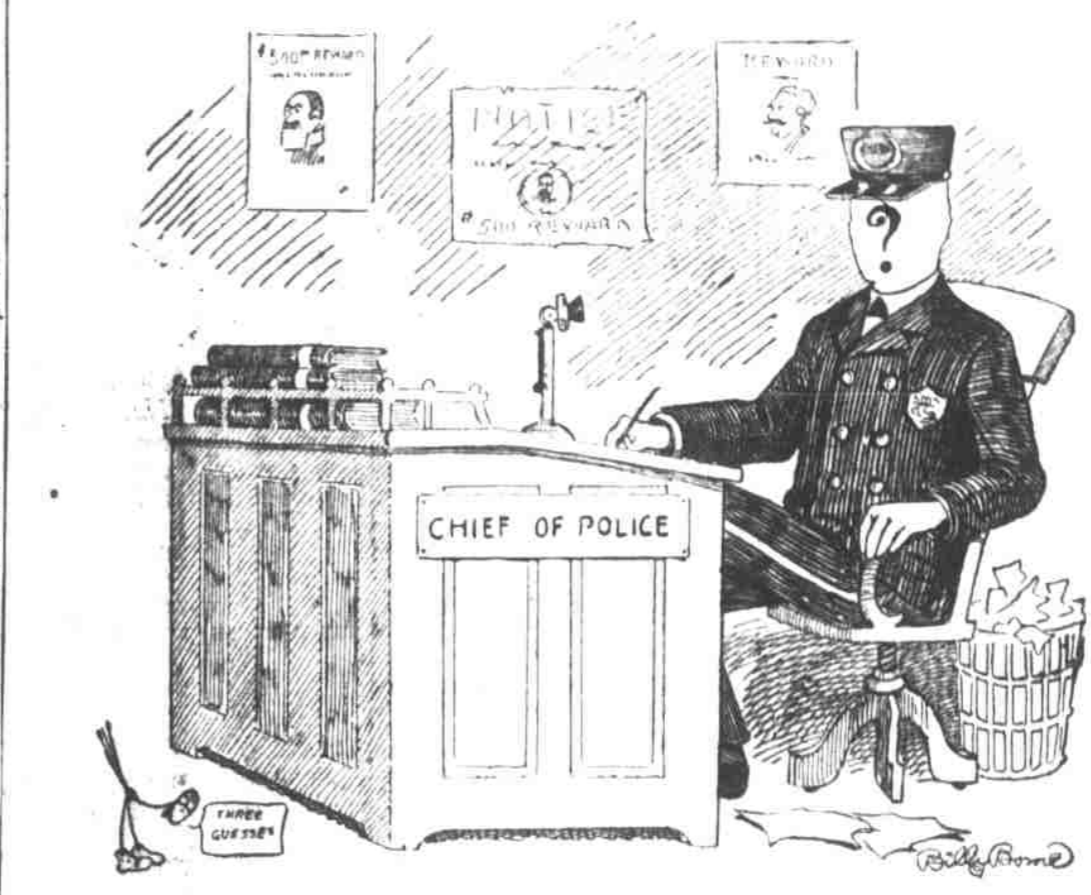
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Who Will It Be



SOUTHERN DEMOCRATS PLEAD FOR PROTECTION TO SUGAR INDUSTRY

Louisiana Senators Boldly Come Out in Their Advocacy of Protection Theory So Far As It Applies to Raw Material. Both Denounce Sugar Trust.

(By Associated Press.) WASHINGTON, May 25.—The senate passed over the lumber schedule of the tariff bill today and took up that on sugar.

Representing the great cane sugar producing state of Louisiana, Senator Foster, although a democrat, made a plea for the protection of the sugar industry.

Asking that the same consideration be accorded sugar in the tariff bill as is given other industries he spoke at length in favor of sustaining the duties on raw and refined sugar as passed by the house and recommended by the committee on finance.

"If the revenue provided in this bill from the importation of sugar," said Mr. Foster is necessary for the honest and economical administration of the government, then it should not be disturbed."

Mr. Tillman interrupted to say that sugar ought to yield a revenue, whereupon Mr. Foster laughingly said he did not wish that offensive word "protection" to be used in connection with the revenue.

Under the Dingley act the sugar production had increased in value from \$4,072,000 to \$43,489,000 in ten years, he said.

Denouncing the trust as having engaged every principle of honesty in trade, he still appealed to the senate to strike a blow at the sugar industry in order to punish the trust.

"They should be punished," he said, "like criminals. Put stripes on them but do not strike down a domestic industry."

Clearly following his colleague, Mr. McEnery made no effort to conceal his protective predilections.

"It is gratifying that at this session of congress," he said, "we notice a change of opinion among democrats who are voting for a duty on

raw material, although at one time free raw material was considered a cardinal principle of the democracy. I hope that the condition of the country, its necessities and the liberality generally that is pervading all classes of the people may detour the democrats the abandonment of all the absurd theories of free trade and cause them to come in with the great body of the people and vote a liberal protection for all the manufacturing interests of the country, to make it an independent as the fathers declared it should be, of all foreign nations."

The Louisiana senator stated that so far as he could discover the Aldrich bill imposed no injury to any domestic interests, "nor," he added, "has there been imposed in any of its schedules any burden upon the people."

Mr. McEnery's remarks did not appear to be popular among the democrats, and toward the latter part of his address, Senators Foster, Daniel Bailey and Bacon were the only democrats who gave him attention.

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MANUFACTURERS OF COTTON SAY TELEGRAPH COMPANY IS NOT FAIR

Cotton Manufacturers Pass Resolution Attacking Reports of Western Union. EXCHANGE RAPPED.

(By Associated Press.) RICHMOND, Va., May 25.—The American Cotton Manufacturers' association began its convention here today.

At the close of his address the retiring president was presented with a handsome gold watch fob.

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ASSEMBLY TO REPLACE CHURCHES TAKEN AWAY BY THE DISSENTERS

Presbyterian Assembly Will Erect New Buildings in Place of Those Lost. NO TAINTED MONEY

(By Associated Press.) DENVER, Col., May 25.—Let Rockefeller and Carnegie alone—go into your own pockets for college endowments," was the advice of Dr. J. C. Steffen, of Dubuque, Iowa, in an address before the general assembly of the Presbyterian church this afternoon.

It was decided that \$100,000, should be spent in the erection of churches in the synod of Tennessee to replace those taken from the church by the decision of the Presbyterian church in the United States of America and the Cumberland Presbyterian church illegal.

The regular and special reports of the executive committee were accepted after debate. Objection was made to the appropriation of only \$16,000 to the temperance board, but it was pointed out that this sum is \$1,000 in excess of the amount usually appropriated.

Dr. W. L. McEwen, offered the report of the board of home missions, showing that the amount received—\$1,073,971—was the largest in the history of the church.

SUPREME COURT CITES STATE OFFICERS TO ANSWER FOR CONTEMPT

Tennessee Sheriff and Deputies Will be Sentenced for Permitting Lynching LIGHT SENTENCES.

WASHINGTON, May 25.—Senator Frazier of Tennessee today received a telegram from Attorney Luther Williams one of the defendants in the Ed Johnson lynching contempt case, saying that he would voluntarily come to Washington, receive the sentence of the Supreme court of the United States and asking that no effort be made to serve the writ of arrest in Tennessee.

Mr. Frazier thinks all the defendants will pursue that course and that they will surrender themselves here if permitted to do so. The writ of attachment was issued today in the name of the president, as follows:

"Whereas, it has been made to appear to the Supreme court of the United States that Joseph F. Shipp, Jeremiah Gibson, Luther Williams, Nick Nolan, Henry Padgett and William Mayo have been adjudged by the said court, now in session at the city of Washington, in the District of Columbia, to be in contempt of said court;

"We therefore command you that you attach said Joseph F. Shipp, Jeremiah Gibson, Luther Williams, Nick Nolan, Henry Padgett and William Mayo, so as to have their bodies before the said Supreme court of the United States at the city of Washington, on the first day of June, 1909, at 12 o'clock noon of that day, to answer the said court of the said contempt, by them lately committed against it, as it is said, and further, to do and receive what our said court shall in that behalf consider."

INVITES HIS FRIEND TO WITNESS MURDER

Sampson County Man Asks Coney to See Him Out in Wild Shooting Affray.

(Special to The Citizen.) CLINTON, May 25.—Sunday afternoon about 6:30 o'clock, Mr. Parker, one of the best known men in Sampson county, was murdered at Parkersburg. The foul and inexcusable deed was committed by William Bass, a rural carrier. Bass was accidentally drinking.

Before shooting Mr. Parker he fired a number of shots in Mr. Halle's house, terrorized the town and tried to go into one or two other stores and finally succeeded in breaking into Mr. Cason's, another merchant, where he succeeded in getting a revolver and some more ammunition. He shot Mr. Parker with a shot gun right in the heart. Parker refused to open up his store Sunday night and give him shells.

A young fellow was with him by the name of Arthur Robertson. He said to Robertson: "I'm going to kill Capt. Green and Mr. Hall. Now you have been following me around, come and see me kill 'em."

He lived in a shanty and went there after the shooting. He came out this morning and gave himself up and the sheriff took him to Clinton this morning. Bass has a wife and child. Parker was an old bachelor and was 65 years of age.

PREACHER NOT FIT TO PLACE HER CHILDREN

Mother Proves to Court that Her Establishment Has Two Reputations.

(Special to The Citizen.) CLINTON, N. C., May 25.—A rather sensational trial occurred in the boys' court yesterday when John E. Luten, of Perry, Fla., recently had the peculiar experience, so she testified of having won her children from her husband in a divorce suit at her home and then having a Florida justice of the peace award their custody to Rev. H. M. Fomby to take to the residence for fallen women that he was conducting. Mrs. Luten heard he was in Clinton and came to see about her children. Rev. Fomby had not arrived. When he came he was met by a large crowd at the depot and Mrs. Luten demanded to know where her children were, only to be told it was none of her business. She did not take kindly to that suggestion and asked Mrs. Fomby where they were. Mrs. Fomby called her an insulting name and said she was not fit to know where they were, whereupon some of the defendants, tired their fists upon the anatomy of the Rev. Fomby. He sought refuge under the train and a lively scene was the result. One of the children is said to be seven months old and the other one seven years.

The Rev. Mr. Fomby indicted the above named individual citizens, and Mrs. Luten who was accompanied by her husband retailed by having Mr. and Mrs. Fomby put under a thousand dollar justified bond each for the appearance until requisition papers can be gotten here from Florida and a warrant charging the Fomby with the abduction. The defendants plead guilty and the mayor fined them each five dollars, except Turlington, and their part of the costs. Fomby admits placing the children in a home maintained by Rev. Fomby which has a reputation of two kinds.

WASHINGTON, May 25.—Forecast for North Carolina: Local thunder-showers Wednesday; light to moderate variable winds mostly south.

COAST LINE ASKS TO BE EXEMPT FROM STATE LAW

Because Its Trains Run in Daytime Wants Exemption from Headlight Law.

(Special to The Citizen.) RALEIGH, May 25.—Asking absolute exemption for its line in North Carolina from the provisions of the act of the legislature of 1909 requiring electric or power headlights of 1500 candle power on engines on main lines on the Atlantic Coast Line railway was heard yesterday by the corporation commission as was also the Seaboard Air Line, which asked exemption for its daylight trains and for branch lines.

Appearing in behalf of a full abrogation of the law was Mr. D. K. Wright, of Raleigh, engineer on the Seaboard Air Line, the chairman of the legislative board of the Brotherhood of Locomotive Engineers of North Carolina, who said light had secured the passage of the bill. For the Seaboard Air Line there was present Mr. James H. Post, of Raleigh, and for the Atlantic Coast Line Mr. George Elliott, of Wilmington, assistant general counsel, who lit as witness being Mr. W. H. Newell, of Rocky Mount, general superintendent of the road, Mr. J. F. Chambers, superintendent of locomotive power, and six engineers of the Coast Line system, each of the witnesses saying that the old headlight is the superior of the electric headlight, Mr. Newell saying that the low light an engine has the better it is.

The contentions of the Atlantic Coast Line is that as its road is straight and level in a large degree that it ought to be exempt from the law, and it antagonized the law by submitting witnesses to show that the electric headlight is a danger and should not be used, that if it is a safety device that roads would use it. The Seaboard Air Line made no fight on the law, but asked exemption for daylight schedule trains and for branch lines.

GLENN FINDS FIVE GREAT EVILS IN THE CITIES OF SOUTH

And Among Them Is Illiteracy And Poverty of Mountain People he says

PRESBYTERIANS IN MIXUP OVER CARNEGIE

Debate Over Acceptance of His Tainted Money Has Not Been Settled

(By Associated Press.)

SAVANNAH, May 25.—After an afternoon of debate that grew tenuous at times, the general assembly of the Southern Presbyterian church in convention here, failed to reach the point where a vote could be taken upon the reports of the judiciary committee upon the dispute which has arisen over the status of the Central University of Kentucky.

It was announced at the afternoon's session that the debate would be concluded tonight by the evening session passed by with no debate and tomorrow is set apart, except for the regular address and other matters the program has arranged for the final week. The committee's majority report upholds the contentions of the complainants in the matter while the minority report upholds the contention of the synod of Kentucky. The fight before the assembly, sitting as an ecclesiastical court, is now, whether the assembly shall review the action of the Kentucky synod in permitting the amending of the charter of the university so as to qualify for the Carnegie foundation for teachers.

While this debate was of chief interest in the day's sessions yet the fight for the honor of next entertaining the general assembly was hotly waged.

Lewisburg, W. Va., won out with 106 votes with Louisville Ky., next with 58, and Tompkins, Tex., third with seventeen. Chattanooga, Tenn., through H. A. Chambers, served notice that it would fight for the convention of 1912.

The stone church in Lewisburg where the next convention will be held is 113 years old.

At noon today Dr. R. L. Morris of Atlanta delivered an address upon "The Relation of Calvin and Calvinism to Missions."

Gov. Glenn Speaks. Tonight Dr. George W. Denny of Washington and Lee university spoke on "Calvin's Contribution to Educational Progress." During the afternoon former Governor Glenn of North Carolina made an address on home missions. He said that in his travels through the South, he had become convinced of the existence of five great evils widespread throughout the South.

In the Central university fight Rev. C. W. Somerville began the argument for the complainants. He charged that in the face of notice of an appeal to the general assembly the charter of Central university was amended, as to take advantage of the Carnegie foundation for teachers.

He charged that this action in making the university independent of the Presbyterian synod of Kentucky had diverted a trust and that the re-arranging ordered by the general assembly.

(Continued on page four.)

CUMBERLAND CHURCH ADJOURNS FINALLY

Matter of Property Right Will be Carried to Highest Court in the Land.

(By Associated Press.)

MEMPHIS, Tenn., May 25.—With plans perfected for the coming year, both as to ecclesiastical matters and church policy, the seven-day session of the Cumberland Presbyterian church was concluded today and adjourned to meet in Jackson, Tenn., on the third Thursday in May, 1910, in annual session and celebrate the centenary of the church at its birth place.