

LOVED ONE CHINK; WAS INFATUATED WITH ANOTHER TOO

Murder of Elsie Sigel Remains as Dark and Unsolved as Ever

ONE CHINAMAN HAD REFUSED TO WED HER

Stories of Strange Dreams Told by Missionary and Christian Chinese

(By Associated Press)

NEW YORK, June 21.—After a bit of police flurry today, an hour or two of unverified reports and telephoning, between cities, the murder of Elsie Sigel, daughter of Paul Sigel, of this city, and the grand-daughter of Major General Franz Sigel, of Civil War fame, resolved itself into an unsolved crime again tonight.

Chung Sin, who formerly occupied a room adjoining that where the girl's body was found, is held by the police at the little up-state city of Amsterdam, but what has been learned from him has served to clear the case little if any.

Girl's Body Buried.

The body of Elsie Sigel was quietly buried this afternoon in Woodlawn cemetery. As the father announced last night that he wished to avoid any more publicity, the coffin containing the mutilated form was taken directly from the morgue to the burying ground in a plain undertaking wagon. The ceremony at the grave was strictly private and was attended only by her father, two brothers, Reginald and Theodore, and by her uncle, Franz Sigel.

Theories of Murder.

Theories as to the motive for the murder all coincide on the jealousy of Leon Ling. That he killed the girl because of her apparent friendship for Chu Gain, who is still detained as a material witness, is still the predominant belief.

In support of this explanation, Mrs. Florence Todd, one of the most prominent women workers in Chinatown, who knew Elsie Sigel and her mother intimately, said this afternoon: "I knew Chu Gain, who is under arrest very well. He is one of the few Chinamen whom I would trust with my life. Mrs. Sigel and Elsie also knew him for many years. They were introduced to him through an uncle of his."

(Continued on page six.)

CORPORATION TAX TO BE TWO PER CENT ON NET EARNINGS

Details of New Scheme of Taxation Is Agreed Upon at White House

WILL PROVIDE FOR CORPORATE PUBLICITY

President Taft Sangune But Corporation Senators Are Opposed to It

(By Associated Press.)

WASHINGTON, June 21.—President Taft will personally supervise putting the finishing touches upon the proposed amendment to the tariff bill providing for the imposition of a two per cent tax upon the net earnings of corporations. This will be done tomorrow night at a conference at the White House. There will be present Attorney-General Wickersham and Senator Root who are drafting the amendment, Secretary of State Knox and the republican membership of the senate finance committee.

It is expected the perfected amendment will be ready for introduction in the senate on Thursday. The attorney-general and Mr. Root had a long session at the capital today and reached an agreement on practically every feature of the corporation tax plan. The portion which is giving them the greatest trouble relates to the government control of corporations necessary to carry the law into successful operation. There has been no little opposition to subjecting the corporations to the amount of publicity that will be required for the enforcement of the law and to prevent manipulations of stocks and bonds for the purposes of evasion.

Must Have Publicity.

Members of the finance committee as well as Mr. Root and Mr. Wickersham agree with the president that such publicity must be given and that without it the corporations tax law would be a failure.

Among the details of the bill determined are that the tax to be levied will be at the rate of two per cent and that it will be collected from all corporations. All banks will come within the range of the tax, but deductions will be allowed national banks to the amount of taxes paid upon their circulation.

An important provision to be included in the bill is a definition of

(Continued on page two.)

FORGOT CHARITY AND MANNERS ALSO IN CHURCH MEETING

Ministers Act Like Politicians at Rowdy Ward Meeting in Excitement

DROP PROF. FOSIER FROM CONFERENCE

Denial of Divinity of Christ in His Book Precipitates Lively Row

(By Associated Press.)

CHICAGO, June 21.—Professor George Burman Foster, of the University of Chicago, whose denial of the divinity of Christ in a recent book has stirred Chicago Baptists to a high pitch of resentment, was dropped from the Baptist Ministers' conference of Chicago today.

Hisses, yells and general confusion made the meeting one of the stormiest ever held by churchmen in Chicago, and it was referred to by one preacher as resembling a political meeting in a rowdy ward.

Speakers who had been howled down or hissed down sat with flushed faces while the chairman pounded for order.

The young son of Professor Foster was present.

"It's a shame and unfair," he shouted as he left the hall.

Dr. Dixon Started It.

The insistence of Rev. Dr. A. C. Dixon, of the Moody church, that Professor Foster be dropped for a time brought the fight around to himself, the real object of the meeting being disregarded for a time.

Rev. Dr. D. D. McLaurin started the trouble by asking for a committee to investigate Dr. Dixon's right to membership in the conference. This motion was hissed down and Dr. Dixon explained that he joined the Baptist church in New York. Dr. M. P. Boynton came in for a hissing when he said: "We are not going at this matter right. Foster is as good as Myers or any one here and—" his voice was drowned. The Myers he referred to is Rev. Dr. Johnston Myers, one of the chief assailants of Professor Foster.

Veracity Assailed.

Dr. Myers attempted to introduce a resolution to drop Professor Foster whom his veracity was assailed by Rev. Dr. A. H. Harnley.

"This matter was decided for good

(Continued on page two.)

Will She Plead in Vain?



BOTH BRANCHES OF WORLD WIDE UNION HOLD BUSINESS MEETINGS

Hear Interesting Lectures on Practical and Effective Christian Work of Two Organizations—Question of Who Shall Teach Classes Comes up Again for Discussion and Is Handled Mildly.

The first of what may be termed the business sessions of the Baraca and Philatheca unions were held yesterday, the former in the First Presbyterian church and the latter in Central Methodist church, the joint services at 8 o'clock in the evening being held in the Auditorium and a day auspiciously begun was closed with most brilliant success.

In fact everything seems to favor the young men and women who have come from all parts of the country to the thirteenth annual convention of these two great organizations. They are here in the largest numbers known to past conventions, more than 500 young men and about 600 young women, young persons being plentiful in appearance and manner whom the city welcomes most cordially. They are delighted with Asheville and the Baraca and Philatheca of the city who are striving to make the stay of the visitors in all respects pleasant. Only the showers are disappointing and doubtless the showers mean well since all the welcome the charming young women and bright young men who are here.

Baraca Meetings.

The World-Wide Baraca Union was called to order in the First Presbyterian church yesterday morning at nine o'clock by President Marshall A. Hudson of Syracuse, N. Y. His was opened with song service led by Mr. Heald of Louisville. The Prayers by W. G. Monk of New

York and L. C. Reynolds of Mayaville, Ky., followed.

The convention was then organized and nominating and registration committees were appointed. The former consists of A. B. Caldwell of Atlanta, chairman, J. S. Hampton of Detroit and J. V. Singleton of Texas.

The registration committee consists of Ora L. Jones, Powell Tucker, George H. Wright and R. W. Macleagan of Asheville who have in charge the difficult task of registering all the Baraca and Philatheca delegates and preparing an alphabetical list showing the home addresses and Asheville stopping places of the delegates.

Mission of Teachers.

The first address was by Dr. A. B. Caldwell of Atlanta on the subject, "The Teacher and What He Teaches," a theme which was so admirably presented as to excite the admiration of the large audience. The teacher, he said, is in a sense the school and as his character and teachings will spread over a generation it is of the utmost importance that his life be clean. It must also be a life of sacrifice, earthly rewards being sacrificed for the sake of the truth. He must hold on this point by the neck, and who said that men's clubs are highly desirable but must not take the place, cannot take the place, of the Sunday school class; lectures are instructive but out of place when they occupy the only hour in the week given to the study of the Bible. The teacher should be so true as to believe in a decision for Christ and his

skill and ability count for little unless fortified by the character of the teacher himself.

Who Should Teach?

The convention was then resolved into a conference conducted by Mr. C. E. Crowland, district secretary, of Nashville, Tenn., the subject being, "Who should teach the class?" and the questions discussed, "Should the minister be the teacher, should the teacher be a man or woman, what sort of person should the teacher be?" The decision was reached that local conditions should decide whether the teacher should be a man or woman, but it was almost unanimously decided that in no case should the pastor of the church be the teacher of the class.

In the absence of Rev. Chester F. Halston, who had reached Salisbury last week on his way to Asheville but was taken so sick en route that he was compelled to return home, the hour of prayer was led by Rev. R. F. Campbell, D. D., pastor of the First Presbyterian church, Asheville, who will daily lead in this service at noon. Dr. Campbell's remarks were most instructive and inspiring.

Afternoon Session.

At the afternoon session of the Baraca the church was crowded with the local and enthusiastic workers from the different states. The meeting was in charge of the national treasurer, Mr. Frank Anderson of Millville, N. J. After a short devotional exercise, including several songs of the organization sung by the congregation, the regular program

(Continued on page four.)

AVERAGE SOCIETY LADY DRINKS JUST AS MRS. GOULD DID

"Ladylike And Beyond Criticism". "Conduct Beyond Reproach" Says Pal

WITNESS TESTIFIES AS TO HER BEHAVIOR

Evidence Shows Wide Divergence of Opinion Among Those Who Know Her

(By Associated Press.)

NEW YORK, June 21.—Sensation seekers and the curious, who have attended daily the sessions of Katharine Clemons Gould's suit for separation from her husband, Howard Gould, were sadly disappointed at the resumption of the hearing before Justice Dowling in the supreme court today when it was announced that the defense had rested and that Howard Gould would not have to take the stand. It is expected that his direct testimony and his cross-examination by Clarence J. Shearn, counsel for the plaintiff, would take two full days.

Mr. Shearn apparently, was greatly surprised by the announcement that Mr. Gould would not testify. Gould himself seemed relieved and Mrs. Gould annoyed.

Mr. Shearn led off the rebuttal with testimony designated to show, he explained, "the falsity of the charge that Mrs. Gould was continually and habitually intoxicated from 1902 to the present date."

"Do you regard such evidence as necessary?" asked the court.

Was Always Nice.

Necessary or not, counsel for the plaintiff thereupon produced a stream of below-stairs witnesses whose testimony was followed by the reading of depositions of guests and friends who swore that Mrs. Gould never, to their knowledge drank to excess and that she was always affable, reserved and modest in her language, testimony directly opposed to that the defendant's witnesses had given previously.

A deposition taken up by Mr. Shearn was that of Mrs. Alice B. Rankhead, of Atlanta, Ga., wife of Lieutenant Henry McPherson Rankhead, of Fort McPherson, Ga., who visited Mrs. Gould on numerous occasions.

Mrs. Rankhead related in her deposition the incidents of a visit with Mrs. Gould as the latter's guest, in Cairo, Egypt, in 1902, when the party visited the Khedive's palace.

Visit to Khedive's Palace.

The witness described Mrs. Gould's conduct on this occasion as "ladylike and above-reproach." Mrs. Rankhead accompanied the Goulds on their yacht from Cairo to Alexandria. Mrs. Gould's conduct was "perfect and beyond criticism" on that trip, according to Mrs. Rankhead. The witness stated that she had visited Mrs. Gould at Castle Gould and the St. Regis hotel periods of several weeks at a time, and never saw her use intoxicants to excess.

"Mrs. Gould never drank more than a cocktail before dinner, and only light wine with her dinner, not more than the average society lady drinks."

What did you observe she would drink at lunch time? was a question asked by Mrs. Gould's counsel.

"Mrs. Gould would usually drink a cocktail before lunch, but the extent of her drinking was not noticeable."

(Continued on page six.)

STRIKERS DEMAND THE DISCHARGE OF NEGRO FIREMEN FROM ROAD

Declare That Georgia Road Cannot Run Trains Safely Till It Is Done.

ARBITRATORS MEET.

(By Associated Press.)

ATLANTA, June 21.—In his statement of the striking firemen's side of the controversy with the Georgia railroad, before the arbitration committee, this afternoon, Attorney Italen Arnold declared:

"We are going to insist upon the arbitrators taking into consideration the state of public opinion in this strike. I do not mean by that, that the arbitrators are to be influenced in their decision, by this state of public opinion. But I do say that this commission will have to take into consideration the state of the public mind in so far as it affects the safety of passengers or the safety of other employees of this road."

People Against Negroes.

"We propose to prove that the people of this state are so bitterly inflamed against the negro firemen that were young gentlemen to restore their position, or where the railroad, under your decision to put them on the engines again, there would be violence and bloodshed, that the lives of neither employee nor passenger would be safe. We will bring here the mayors of cities and others who have investigated and who know. They will tell you that the people of the state will not stand for the negroes in the cab and that if you try to force them there, there will be trouble."

"Are any negroes running now?" inquired Arbitrator Hardwick.

"Yes," said Arnold, "but only pending a decision by this commission and to get even this concession Vice President Kelly had to go down the line and explain to the people that the restoration of the negro was only temporary."

What Firemen Want.

The arbitrators were evidently impressed by this statement of Arnold's. The attorney made it at the end of

STIFF FIGHT ON IN THE SENATE ON COMMITTEE AMENDMENT ON HIDES

Western Senators Arrayed Against New England and South.

NO ACTION TAKEN.

(By Associated Press.)

WASHINGTON, June 21.—The amendment of the senate committee on finance taking sides from the free list and restoring the Dingley law rate of fifteen per cent ad valorem was before the senate all day, and it probably will not be disposed of before tomorrow, if then. Senator Warren of Wyoming and Senator Carter of Montana supported the provision and in vigorous language attacked the attitude of the free trade advocates, while Senator Page of Vermont defended the action of the house in placing hides on the free list.

Mr. Warren declared that the senate had been insulted by the charge that the Dingley provision had been inserted as the result of a midnight conference and he declared that free raw material would be the kind of the protective policy if it should be adopted. Pointing out during the discussion of the schedule that under the present law hides that don't weigh subject to a duty. Senator McLaurin, of Mississippi, insisted that justice demanded that the senate pass his amendment making the duty applicable to all hides no matter how small.

Free hides were advocated by Senator Daniel. The hide tax, he said, was not worth what it puts into the treasury. After speaking at some length to the hide provision, the Virginia senator extended upon the more general subject of tariff legislation and criticized the exercise of independence in legislation.

SECOND VICTIM DEAD.

ANDERSON, S. C., June 21.—Rev. D. D. Richardson in the second victim of the automobile-trolley car crash nine miles east of Anderson yesterday, his death having occurred in a hospital today. He was thirty-six years old.

GALHOUN'S ATTORNEYS WILL ATTACK COURT AS WELL AS PROSECUTOR

Claim that Judge is Disqualified by Action During Trial.

AND HENEY BRIBED.

(By Associated Press.)

SAN FRANCISCO, June 21.—When the case of Patrick Galhoun, charging that he offered a bribe of \$4,000 to supervisor John J. Furey to procure an overhead trolley franchise, is called in Judge Lavelle's court next Monday counsel for the defense will move that the indictment be set aside.

They will present demurrers alleging that Judge Lavelle, on account of his conduct of the trial just concluded is not qualified to sit in the new case and that Francis J. Henev, assistant district attorney because of the alleged fact that he was at the time of his appointment by district attorney Landrum and is now an assistant to the attorney general of the United States. Henev declared that he is not and never has been an assistant to the attorney general of the United States, although he has been offered the office by Attorney General Knox. He denied also the allegation made by Mr. Moore that he had drawn large sums of money from Rudolph Sprague for his services during the prosecution of the graft cases. All money paid to him by Sprague, he said, had been paid out to him in turn to his assistants for salaries and expenses.

LONDON CLOSER STILL.

LIVERPOOL, June 21.—The Cunard line steamship Mauretania has established a new world's record for passengers between New York and London. She arrived here at 10:15 tonight and thus accomplished for the first time the feat of disembarking her passengers on Monday night after leaving New York Wednesday. Trains were in waiting so that the actual time between New York and London will be five days eight hours.

WILL HOLD BARBEE FOR TRIAL AS GUILTY MAN

Was Dismissed at Preliminary Hearing on Charge of Killing Holt.

(By Associated Press.)

DURHAM, N. C., June 21.—Solicitor Fuller made a motion today in open court to continue the mysterious murder case against Reuben Barbee, which Judge Hoge postponed till August, though Solicitor Shephard, an Ohio negro says he and a white man killed Engineer Holt in Durham. The defense pressed strongly for immediate trial while the state asked for postponement. Barbee was given a preliminary hearing six months ago and was dismissed, but later was indicted by the grand jury. The state holds that the white man implicated in Shephard's story is Reuben Barbee, while the defense is confident it can establish an alibi better without the Ohio negro than with him. Sheriff Howard, upon the strength of the state today will send a man for the negro tomorrow.



RAIN

WASHINGTON, June 21.—Forecast: North Carolina, local rains Tuesday and Wednesday; moderate south winds.

HOUSE FINDS QUORUM AND AGAIN GETS TO WORK

Agrees to Certain Amendments to Census Bill, and Sends Back Others.

(By Associated Press.)

WASHINGTON, June 21.—Aiding Democrats at the presence of a quorum the leaders of the house today, although wholly unprepared for so large an attendance, obtaining action upon several important matters of legislation. Principal among these was the conference report on the bill providing for the taking of the 1910 tenth census, and with respect to that measure the debate, longest in the senate, continuing for nearly two days. The amendments to the census bill were adopted after a lively discussion.

At 2:54 p. m. the house adjourned until Thursday.

BAIRD ESCAPES AGAIN.

BINGHAMPTON, N. Y., June 21.—A. J. Baird, who was arrested at Bradford, Penn., last Friday by Constable Johnson, of Stevens Point, and locked up in the Lanesboro jail on a charge of being an escaped prisoner from the prison camp at Selma, N. C., where he was serving a three years' sentence on a charge of embezzlement, broke jail early this morning and is a fugitive.

DECLARES NEGRO DOESN'T WANT SOCIAL EQUALITY

Booker T. Says What They Want Most is Education in Living.

(By Associated Press.)

NEW ORLEANS, La., June 21.—Booker T. Washington, the negro educator, will leave Norfolk tomorrow on a special train for a tour of the Virginia counties in execution of plans of the late Henry H. Rogers to have Mr. Washington investigate the condition of the negro race along the line of the Virginia coast, and to report on the condition of this city.

Emphatically, and in terms which permitted of no misunderstanding he declared tonight that the educated negro of today has no idea of social equality that those who are in touch with the race and its needs know that all that is needed to accomplish its salvation is education and in the confined case of the negro, but in the broadest sense.

Education, he said, is the only way of the negro and he has not such proportion will be work in Atlanta has done for good clothes, for a home and a bank account. The idle, shiftless negro, ignorant, has his wants easily supplied and will work just long enough to secure money sufficient to supply his needs, but he continued the negro properly educated, wants some of the good things of life, and will work to secure them.

TRIED UNDER GUARD.

BRANDON, Miss., June 21.—At a special term of court here today, held under the protection of six companies of state troops, Will Mack, the negro, was found guilty of having criminally assaulted Manie Myers, daughter of a prominent planter of this county, and was sentenced to hang July 25.

BIGGERS' ACTIONS NOT STRANGE AFTER KILLING

Explained Why He Had Done the Deed and Acted Rational Enough.

(By Associated Press.)

CHARLOTTE, N. C., June 21.—The state offered more witnesses today in the case of W. S. Biggers, charged with the murder of J. Green Hood on the public streets of Charlotte, February 9.

The testimony of Patrolman Hunter, who arrested the prisoner, had an important bearing on the plea of insanity advanced. He stated that Biggers handed his pistol over to him, voluntarily.

"I will go with you anywhere. He robbed me and he tried to rob my wife and my children, and I could not and would not stand it. I did what I did in the sight of God Almighty."

When asked up he called the possession by name and requested that his attorneys be notified.

In A. J. Crossitt, of this city, testified in the morning that he believed the defendant to have been insane at the time of the killing, giving this response to a lengthy hypothetical question. After this the defense rested and the state began rebuttal.

W. H. Hood, brother of the slain man, told today of the business relations which led up to the difference of about \$500 which precipitated the tragedy. Attorneys for the state will testify tomorrow in combats of the contention of insanity.