

SAVANNAH GRAND JURY FINDS BILL AGAINST PACKERS

Five Large Packing Concerns Indicted and Also Employees DROVE LOCAL CONCERN OUT OF BUSINESS Judge Spear in Dismissing Jury Thanks Them For Their Services

SAVANNAH, Ga., April 30.—The grand jury of the United States court this afternoon returned indictments against the following individuals: Emmett B. Adams, local agent for Swift & Co., Wm. D. Cooper, agent for Armour Packing company, and Fred M. Bull, Jr., agent for Nelson Morris & Co. There are two counts in the indictment, one charging that the corporations sold meat at less than cost, for the purpose of putting the South Atlantic Packing company of Savannah out of business and the other that the local agents entered into a combination to arbitrarily to fix the price of beef eliminating competition. The agents indicted have not been in the employ of the packing houses for more than a year. Sold At A Loss. The date of operations for which the indictments is brought is the year 1908. It is alleged that the packing houses named in the indictment bought and slaughtered live stock at various points in the west and north shipped fresh meats to Savannah, reduced the price of meats and sold them on the market at a loss. The result of this alleged manipulation, it is charged, forced the South Atlantic Packing and Provision company of Savannah to sell its products at a loss and was in consequence a detriment to business, trade and commerce. The intent of the larger packing houses is alleged to have been to force the local house out of the field of competition. The second count alleges that between June 10 and August 1, 1908, all of the defendants effected a combination (Continued on page four.)

MORE MILLIONS MUST BE SPENT IN FORTIFYING CANAL

President Urges Congress to Make Appropriation to Begin Work WANTS FORTS READY WHEN DITCH IS DONE Still Thinks It Will be Necessary to Have Guns There in 1915

WASHINGTON, April 30.—In a message, accompanied by a detailed report from the war department, President Taft today sent to congress legislation regarding the necessity for immediately beginning the fortification of the Panama canal in order to have it completed by 1915, the date set for finishing the construction of the canal. The papers accompanying the president's message do not give the exact location of the fortification, but it is expected that this cannot be furnished until information has been obtained regarding the "status and availability of certain parcels of land situated along the route of the canal." The armament for the proposed fortifications is formulated as follows:—ten 14-inch rifles, twelve 6-inch rifles, and twenty-five 12-inch mortars. Cost 11 Million Dollars. The cost is estimated in excess of fourteen million dollars. The report relates that the board has examined the ground at the terminus of the canal and of territory in the neighborhood of the canal with a view to selecting the best sites for the big guns. "It is the right and duty of the United States to defend the work upon which it is expending such an enormous sum," the president said in his message. "An adequate defense requires suitable fortifications in the approaches to the terminals, I am of the opinion that such works as may be erected for the defense of the canal should be completed, occupied and ready for operation at the time the canal itself is accepted and opened to the passage of vessels." Accept Statute. The acceptance by congress of a statute of Francis H. Pierpont from the state of West Virginia for permanent exhibition in statutory hall at (Continued on page four.)

BOONE MEMORIAL DEDICATED WITH DUE CEREMONIES

Old Home of Great Pioneer Permanently Set Aside as Historic Spot JUDGE PRITCHARD PRINCIPAL SPEAKER Place Is Marked by Marble Shaft and Log Replica of Old Home

SALISBURY, N. C., April 30.—More than ten thousand patriotic North Carolinians gathered today at Booneford, Boone township, Davidson county, a sequestered nook twelve miles from civilization, to pay tribute to the memory of Daniel Boone, pioneer hunter and civilizer of the wilderness. On the exact spot where Boone lived for nineteen years of his vigorous young manhood a replica of his cabin and a handsome native granite shaft were unveiled with elaborate ceremonies. Governor Kitchin presided and Judge Jeter C. Pritchard, of the United States Circuit Court of Appeals, delivered the dedicatory address, reviewing exhaustively the career of Boone in the state, and tracing the long trail to Kentucky, while Congressman R. N. Page, of the seventh district, made a patriotic speech which was heard with rapt attention. Both addresses were valuable contributions to the history of the nation. The shaft is in form of a huge Indian arrowhead, standing fifteen feet high on a massive base bearing a bronze tablet with the single word "Boone." It is fashioned of native Rowan granite. Memorial Association. The picturesque cabin which was dedicated today, the relic of the great pioneer that it contains and the unique tablet designed to perpetuate his memory, are fruits of the work of the Daniel Boone Memorial association, incorporated by the general assembly of North Carolina in 1909. The association is composed of eleven men, of whom J. R. McRary, of Lexington, is chairman, and it is vested with the power to perpetuate itself. The memorial association has only begun its work. It intends to make of this beautiful and picturesque spot a Mecca for pilgrims from everywhere. It is about twelve miles from Lexington in one direction and an equal distance from Salisbury in the other. (Continued on page four.)

Census Man Won't Get You If You Don't Watch Out.



DEMOCRATS OF WAKE COUNTY GET IN SNARL AND DECLARE OPEN WARFARE

Daniels and His Followers Try to Regain Lost Power by Ousting Present Organization and Withdraw From Mass-Meeting.—Cry For Local Self Government May Mean Reopening of Local Option Question.

RALEIGH, N. C., April 30.—The highest expectations of those who anticipated the sensational in connection with Wake county democratic mass meeting called by J. W. Bailey, Editor Josephus Daniels and other democrats for today, were outstripped in the actual developments and since the meeting or rather, meetings, have adjourned the people who participated in them seem to move about in a sort of maze, wondering what they have been up against. There were two meetings. One, led by Mr. Bailey and Editor Daniels, who first called the mass meeting, was out on the curb in front of the court house, after vain attempts to meet in the academy of music, and in the court house. The academy was filled, but believing the place packed to prevent their control, Mr. Bailey and his advisors called on their followers to go to the court house. Bailey and Daniels were followed by a great number of people, and the word quickly spread for all to go to the court house, which was filled. Call on "Jones." The appearance of Bailey on the stand was a signal for the uproar to begin. There were cries for "Jones," some calling for Armistead Jones, chairman of the county executive committee, and others for (Continued on page four.)

BRANDS GARFIELD-PINCHOT CLIQUE AS CONSPIRATORS

Ballinger's Attorney Intimates That "Tennis Cabinet" is Plotting SECRETARY KEEPS ON DENYING EVERYTHING Glavis' Counsel Declares Wick-orsham Bolstered up President's Mistake

WASHINGTON, April 30.—Secretary Ballinger continued to contradict and deny statements and accusations against him from the witness stand in the Ballinger-Pinchot investigation today. He was still under direct examination when the committee adjourned into a justification of his attitude toward the reclamation service. His most important denial was of the charge made by Director Newell and Chief Engineer A. P. Davis of the service, that he misrepresented to the president that the reclamation service had recommended the restoration of the water power sites withdrawn by Secretary Garfield. The reclamation service officials swore Mr. Ballinger ordered them to recommend these restorations. Mr. Ballinger swore just as positively that he made no such order, although he felt that the lands had been legally withdrawn and should be restored to entry and had so stated to the reclamation officials. Mr. Ballinger made no secret of the fact that he would like to see Mr. Newell suspended as head of the reclamation bureau. He told the committee he did not have much confidence in Mr. Newell's administrative ability, although he denied hostility to the government's reclamation policy. Has Been Held Up. Asked by his lawyer why he did not "make a change" in the reclamation service, Mr. Ballinger retorted sharply: "Because my hands have been up for months and I haven't been able to get them down." Mr. Ballinger probably will be on the stand for three more days at least. Two hours of today's session were consumed by the committee over the question of granting Attorney Brandeis' request for papers and documents bearing on the summary of the Glavis charges prepared for the president by the attorney general. The committee again denied the request though taking the small consolation. The opposing attorneys argued the question and threw some light on the controversy. Mr. Verrees charged there was a conspiracy afoot against other advisers than Mr. Ballinger of a president who happened to be disastrous to the conspirators. He intimated that former Secretary Garfield and former Forester Pinchot were the chief conspirators. For the first time Mr. Brandeis openly stated his belief "that the attorney general had anticipated his summary with the idea of making that appear proper which was not proper when done." He had references to the dismissal of his client, L. R. Glavis, by the president on September 13 last and was intimating that the attorney general, months after that date had drawn up summary in an effort to justify an error of the president, and in order to make the deception complete had dated it two days before the president's action was taken. (Continued on page three.)

LEGISLATOR DECLARES HE WAS GIVEN BRIBE TO VOTE FOR SEN. LORIMER

Latest Legislative Scandal Breaks Out in Illinois Politics ALL DENY HIS STORY

CHICAGO, April 30.—Representative Charles A. White's sensational story that he received \$1,000 to cast his vote for William Lorimer for the United States senate, and that he (White) also accepted \$900 as his share of an alleged legislative "slush fund," met with denials on the part of all other voters. Lee O'Neil Browne, of Ottawa, democratic minority leader at Springfield, arrived in the city this afternoon as did Senator Lorimer, both denying the use of bribes in the most emphatic manner. Mr. Browne, alleged by White to have been the distributor of the Lorimer money, declared that White had rushed into print because he had failed in an attempt to use his story to secure "bush money." Robert E. Wilson, a democratic representative from Chicago, declared by White to have dealt the "Jack pot" at St. Louis, joined the chorus of denials. According to Browne, White was formerly a street car conductor at East St. Louis and later appeared at Springfield as a lobbyist in favor of labor bills. Then he was elected to the lower house. White in his characterizes that the public might expect to hear him called a blackmailer, but that he was prepared for that in order to expose the corruption which he declared exists at Springfield. Browne declared today that on several occasions he had loaned White money, but finally grew tired of it. Then, he said, he secured White a position but the latter refused it. Then a coon skin, he said, sprang up. "The next thing to come from him," said Browne, "was a remarkable letter." It ran this way: "I have written a full story of my experiences at Springfield in the legislature. Those who have seen it declare that it is the best story that the world has seen. I wrote it for publication. I have used your name in it with deep regret, for I cannot avoid it and will set forth the facts. I also have told Senator Lorimer about it." (Continued on page four.)

GOVERNMENT AGENTS ON TRAIL OF MAN BEHIND BUCKET SHOP BUSINESS

Make Two More Raids and What is Said to be Important Arrest WANT MAN HIGHER UP

NEW YORK, April 30.—Following the raiding of two alleged bucket shops, to the accompaniment of arrests and the cutting of wires, a new turn has been given to the government's crusade by the statement of federal inspectors that other arrests are to follow and that several prominent brokers not yet named are the real object of attack. At the federal building it was stated that the arrest of Frank Maier of the firm of Morrison and Maier is the most important to date. Special Agent Scarborough of the department of justice led the raid and lodged the complaint against Maier on which he was held in \$5,000 bail for examination on May 9. The complaint charges Maier with conspiring with Louis Stella, Edward Altomus, and Henry R. Duryea to furnish a bucket shop in Washington, D. C., with quotations stolen from the stock exchange. The second raid was made on an alleged bucket shop in Jersey City by police officials. The only man in the place, who gave his name as Jos. Becker, a telegraph operator was arrested on a charge of conspiracy. The complaint against Becker was made by Wm. T. McIntyre, special agent of the department of justice. Police Inspector Larkins, who made the arrest, said that Becker was employed by Thomas Marrin, of Philadelphia and that he telegraphed to Philadelphia quotations of the New York stock exchange taken from a ticker. COGBILL ACQUITTED. BOYDTON, Va., April 30.—B. E. Cogbill, who was charged with misappropriating \$67,000 in connection with an alleged overdraft account from the failed bank of Mecklenburg here was acquitted today by a special jury from Norfolk. (Continued on page four.)

BENOVOLENT FARMING SCHEME IS OUTLINED BY HADLEY FOR CITY FOLK

Proposes Great Corporation to Furnish Homes for City Dwellers BACK TO THE FARM!

ST. LOUIS, April 30.—A nation wide "back to the farm" movement to be inaugurated in this city May 5 at a preliminary meeting of interested parties called by Governor Herbert S. Hadley. He proposes to organize the National Farm Home association with the philanthropists of the country as stockholders to furnish farms, equipment and instruction for worthy applicants who are seeking to escape from the cities. Prominent men are taking an active part in the plan. Addresses will be made at the preliminary meeting by Secretary of Agriculture Wilson, W. J. Bryan, Jacob Riss, and others. Hadley's plan is made up of the best features of similar ideas in use in Europe, with minor additions by himself. It is proposed to incorporate the association for \$1,000,000, the stock to be divided into one thousand shares of \$1,000 each, these shares, it is expected will pay dividends which either will be taken out by the stockholders or added to the capital. It is then proposed to locate colonies on model farms in Texas, Missouri, Alabama and other states where land is cheap and fertile. Each farmer will be allotted forty acres, a home will be erected for him and fences, utensils and live stock furnished. Thirty two of these 40-acre farms will constitute a colony. Each colony also will include a central farm, presided over by an expert agriculturist, who will oversee the work on the farms, the proper rotation of crops, etc. Tenants will be given ample time to pay for their farms, and their profits have been figured out by Hadley as averaging \$2,500. Each colony will have a school, where scientific farming will be taught in addition to the usual curriculum. Entertainment will be provided for the colonists so that farm-life will lose the monotony that is now largely responsible for the rush to the cities, in Hadley's estimation. (Continued on page four.)

DEATH OF PUGILIST PUTS DAMPER ON 'FRISCO SPORTS

McCarthy's Death in Bout With Moran Stirs Up Feeling Against Sport

SAN FRANCISCO, Cal., April 30.—Gloom hangs over pugilistic circles here as a result of last night's prize ring fatality, when Tommy McCarthy met death in his bout with Owen Moran, the Englishman. Even the arrival of Jack Johnson and the excitement of a personal sacking-up of the big negro failed to lift the sporting fraternity out of its depression. There has been a general feeling that the occurrence may have an effect on the fight game in California, now possibly at its lowest ebb. Enthusiasts are recalling the dark spots of pugilistic history. The blow that put McCarthy out last night was identical with the smash that caused the death of Jimmy Brandy in his fight with O'Connell two years ago. The coroner's inquest over McCarthy will be held May 5 and in the meantime Moran and the other's arrested in connection with the fight are out on bail. The affair has served to arouse church and civic associations to renew opposition to the Jeffries-Johnson fight and to the present laws governing contests in this state. Its immediate effect was to cause Johnson to cancel his exhibition appearance tonight, for which there had been an enormous seat sale. (Continued on page four.)

COST UNCLE SAM \$200 FOR FUN OF FLYING KITE

Pays That Amount for Horse Which Became Entangled in String

WASHINGTON, April 30.—It is proverbially expensive for the United States government to do almost anything but no one suspected that it cost Uncle Sam as much as \$200 to engage in the innocent amusement of flying a kite until today. This afternoon the house passed a bill reimbursing a man in Virginia to the extent of the above amount for the loss of a "sorrel horse thirteen and a half years old, fifteen hands high and weighing 1300 pounds," which got tangled up in the wire of a government kite being used by the agricultural department for weather observations, and ruined itself. The kite came down in a pasture where the horse was, and the two got mixed up with alleged disastrous results to the horse. It took affidavits, a printed bill and report and some oratory on the floor of the house to induce Uncle Sam to pay for the injured animal. (Continued on page four.)

CARRAWAY SENTENCED TO PRISON FOR FIVE YEARS

Not Guilty of Embezzlement But Guilty of Falsifying Books of New Bern Bank

NEW BERN, N. C., April 30.—After deliberating all night, the jury in the case of J. R. B. Carraway, former teller of the National bank of Newbern, today returned a verdict of not guilty on the charge of embezzlement, but guilty of the charge of misappropriation, and making of false entries. He was sentenced to five years in Atlanta penitentiary and left in custody tonight for that place. The case of C. L. Stevens and J. T. Taylor, charged with being accessories were continued and their bail reduced to \$2,000, after motions to quash the indictments against them had been denied. DIES SUDDENLY. SPENCER, N. C., April 30.—W. H. Ellis, aged seventy years, a well known citizen of Spencer, was found dead in a barn at his home early this morning by members of the family. He was missed from his room and it was found that he had wandered to the barn and had fallen dead. Heart failure is assigned as the cause of his death. He is survived by four sons, one of whom is Prof. Weldon T. Ellis of the faculty of the A. and M. college at Raleigh. (Continued on page three.)

ALLEGED LYNCHERS INDICTED BY JURY

Four Must Stand Trial In Spite of Threats Against State's Attorney

ROANOKE, Va., April 30.—A Times special to The Roanoke Times says a sensation has been caused at Grundy, Buchanan county, by the indictment of Wayne Justice, Lafayette Justice, Richard Lawson and P. L. Johnson, charged with lynching Frank Pennington at Hurley last Christmas eve. Pennington was being held for killing John Baker and (Continued on page three.)



The Asheville Citizen:— I have reason to believe that I have been missed by the enumerator in the recent census, and am desirous of having my name enrolled as a permanent resident of this city: NAME: Street and Number: (Fill in and Mail to The Citizen.)