

CONGRESS AFTER RAILROADS OWNING COASTWISE VESSELS

To Bar From American Ports Vessels of Lines in Foreign Pools

DRASTIC MEASURE IS INTRODUCED

Several More Appropriation Bills Will be Disposed of in Next Two Days

WASHINGTON, Jan. 7.—The house of representatives devoted three hours today to discussing the legislative executive and judicial appropriation bill. Two days more may be needed to dispose of the measure.

Representative Dwight, of New York, republican whip of the house, served notice today that all members not officially excused must attend the session of the house, or have the rules against absenteeism enforced against them.

The senate was not in session. Aiming a blow directly at railroad-owned steamships engaged in American coastwise trade, the senate committee on inter-oceanic canals today adopted material amendments to the Mann bill to provide for the government of the canal zone and the regulation of Panama canal.

The chief amendment was one introduced by Senator Flint, chairman of the committee authorizing the president to fix the freight and passenger charges for using the canal, but freight charges are limited to not less than fifty cents nor more than \$1.50 per net ton.

It is provided also that no charge shall be paid for vessels in ballast nor for vessels owned or operated for or on account of the United States government or for merchant vessels of the United States engaged in the coastwise trade of this country.

A proviso is added, however, that the exemptions shall not apply to any vessel in coastwise trade which is owned in whole or in part by any railroad controlled directly or indirectly by any railroad company.

The proviso refers especially to such railroad companies as seek to avoid or reduce the effect of the competition of ocean traffic between eastern and western seaboard of the United States upon trans-continental railway rates. The effect of the amendment would be to deny free

(Continued on Page Four.)

HOUSE DEMOCRATS ARE BEGINNING TO AGREE ON EXISTING DIFFERENCES

The Next House Will Have a Committee to Govern Committees

KITCHIN ELEVATED

WASHINGTON, Jan. 7.—Conferences among individual democratic members are smoothing out some of the differences preliminary to the democratic caucus of the house on January 19. It was announced today that the selection of the committee on committees by the next ways and means committee is now assured, there being little opposition left to that procedure.

Representative Fitzgerald, of New York, is among the democrats holding out for the vesting of such selection in the speaker as at present, but the endorsement of that power with the incoming ways and means committee, who are to be chosen at the coming caucus will be entirely in accord with the views of Representative Champ Clark, of Missouri, probably the next chairman of the ways and means committee, and Representative Henry of Texas, conspicuously mentioned in connection with the chairmanship of the committee on rules and other democratic leaders.

The contest between Representatives Kitchin and Pou, of North Carolina, for a position on the ways and means committee, has been apparently settled in favor of Mr. Kitchin. Mr. Pou is understood to have agreed not to stand for election on the committee, leaving Mr. Kitchin an undisputed field from his position.

NEGRO ELECTROCUTED

RICHMOND, Va., Jan. 7.—Richard Harding Biggs, a negro, was electrocuted here this morning for the murder of his sweetheart, Annie Davis, in Newport News.

WANTS TO BE SENATOR

NASHVILLE, Tenn., Jan. 7.—Gus T. Fitzhugh, of Memphis, today formally announced his candidacy for the United States senate to succeed James B. Frazier. Mr. Frazier was associate counsel for the prosecution in the Carmack murder case.

SHALL AMERICAN FARMERS PAY TAX TO GERMAN BARONS

This is Question Involved in The New German Potash Law

LENGTHY PROTEST SENT TO CONGRESS

German Potash Trust Would Reap Rich Harvest From Our Farmers

RICHMOND, Va., Jan. 7.—A lengthy protest against the United States government permitting the German potash syndicate to impose "Under Imperial Protection" the new potash law, has been sent to congress by a committee of five representing the Associated American Potash Buyers. The committee describes the act as the retroactive German potash law which imposes upon American manufacturers and farmers penalty they term this sum as "millions in tribute" to the German "Kall barons". They demand that this country shall enter into a tariff war with Germany if the law is not so changed as to permit old contracts to be made good.

James A. Moncreu, of Richmond, who represents three independent fertilizer manufacturers in Virginia is one of the signers of the protest.

JUST WHAT IT MEANS.

ATLANTA, Ga., Jan. 7.—Lee Ashcraft, salesman of International Agricultural corporation which is a large purchaser of the products of the independent potash mines today issued a statement concerning the 100 percent penalty imposed on exporters by the German government. He says: "Some idea of the desperate attempt being made by the German Potash trust to justify the laws which they induced the German government to pass on May 19, 1910, for the purpose of destroying certain low priced contracts for potash salts that had been made by American buyers with the independent German mines who broke the potash monopoly through such sales, may be gathered from the circular letters which the officers of the potash trust are now spreading broadcast among the farmers of the United States and are endeavoring to have signed by the

(Continued on page four.)

GOVERNOR OF ARKANSAS ROUNDLY SCORES ACTION OF SECRETARY VON MEYER

Says He Is Guilty of Gross Discourtesy to State

WRITES HOT LETTER

LITTLE ROCK, Jan. 7.—Secretary of the Navy Geo. L. Von Meyer is roundly scored, charged with wounding state pride, and accused of "gross discourtesy" in general in a letter addressed to the secretary today by Governor Geo. W. Donaghey of Arkansas. The action of the navy department in arranging for the launching of the battleship Arkansas and providing a sponsor brought forth the letter.

After reviewing correspondence and his request that the ceremonies be postponed, the governor continues: "I am now advised by you that you treat this letter part of my suggestion with indifference and this office with disdain, arrogating to yourself authority that neither law nor custom invested you with, by proceeding to order such ceremonies as might fill your conception of Arkansas pride and duty on this occasion," writes the governor. "In doing this you were not only guilty of gross discourtesy to the representative of a sovereign state but subjected yourself to a criticism in an official communication from the representative of a state to an officer of the federal government. "Our people had put themselves to some pains to consider a program that would properly present to the country not only their appreciation of the act naming this vessel for this state, but which would manifest in some fair measure the patriotic and progressive spirit of our people and in this connection our general assembly which is about to convene was expected to make a generous pecuniary provision. But it pleased you to deprive her of the best opportunity she has had presented to her in fifty years to exhibit her pride and patriotism on a scale that would gratify her well wishers."

"There is no reasonable doubt," he said, "that depositors will be paid in full. The amount due from banks will aggregate approximately 40 per cent of the deposit. In twenty four hours a sufficient amount of money would have been provided to meet the requirements. Negotiations were virtually concluded which would have met all the exigencies of the situation. Temporary relief only was required. The brief respite, needed, however, was not afforded."

FUNERAL TRAIN WRECKED ON NORFOLK & WESTERN

Train Carrying the Body of President Johnson's Mother Derailed in Virginia

ROANOKE, Va., Jan. 7.—The special train of President L. E. Johnson of the Norfolk and Western railroad, which left Roanoke this morning at 9 o'clock for Aurora, Ill., carrying the body of President Johnson's mother, who died here yesterday, members of the family and friends, was wrecked near Kermit, W. Va., a small station on the Norfolk and Western, this afternoon at 3:30 o'clock. The engine crashed into a rock that had rolled from a hillside onto the track. The entire train, consisting of locomotive, three private cars and a baggage car, was derailed, but none of the coaches turned over and nobody on the train was injured. The engine is badly damaged. The train was running on a slow schedule when the accident occurred. A wrecking train has been sent to the scene and it is expected the track will be open before midnight.

SIMPLE FUNERAL MARKS PASSING OF SENATOR ELKINS

Laid to Rest on Crest of Hill Overlooking Home City

CHURCH CROWDED BY HOST OF MOURNERS

Senators and Members of Congress Follow Bier to Grave Afoot

ELKINS, W. Va., Jan. 7.—Under a brilliant winter's sky the body of Senator Stephen B. Elkins was laid to rest today on the crest of a wind-swept hill overlooking the town that bears his name. As the bronze casket was lowered into the grave the great concourse of mourners uncovered, standing silent in the presence of death. The simple service at the cemetery was preceded by services at the Davis Memorial Presbyterian church. The Rev. Dr. Barron, pastor of the church, officiated, and Dr. Wallace Radcliffe, of the Presbyterian church in Washington, at which Senator Elkins was wont to worship, pronounced the eulogy. The church was crowded and hundreds who could not gain admission, remained outside to accompany the cortege to the cemetery. When the coffin was removed from the special funeral train which had brought it from Washington it was placed on a flat bedded wagon heavily draped in black and drawn by two powerful horses likewise accoutered. The march to the church then began. Immediately behind the catafalque were the members of the senate committee led by Senators Scott and Bailey. Behind them followed the house delegates. All were afoot. After the church services the journey to the grave was made in carriages. Mrs. Elkins was not of the party. Overcome by the shock, she was in such a condition that her physician forbade her leaving Washington. Of the immediate family there were Miss Katharine Elkins, Miss Halle Elkins Oliphant of Trenton, N. J., Davis Elkins, the oldest son of the senator; Stephen Elkins of New York; Mr. and Mrs. Baline Elkins, former senator Henry Gasaway Davis, father of Mrs. Elkins, and Richard Elkins of Philadelphia, a number of distant relatives and close friends, who accompanied the funeral.

SHADOW OF ROBIN FALLS ATHWART ANOTHER BANK, CAUSING SUSPENSION

Spectacular Financier's Connection With Carnegie Trust Company Destroys Confidence of Depositors and The Doors Are Closed, Tying up Government, State and City Moneys.

NEW YORK, Jan. 7.—A third bank across which the shadow of Jos. G. Robin, the indicted promoter, had fallen, closed its doors today and tonight the state superintendent of banking is in possession of the Carnegie Trust company, an institution capitalized at \$1,500,000, having wide Southern and Western affiliations. An application from the appointment of a committee to take charge of the personal estate of Robin was denied by Justice Goff in the state supreme court.

United States bankruptcy moneys state and city funds are still tied up, bonded in varying degrees of sufficiency. The company was named the official depository of federal receivers and trustees of bankruptcy appointed by the United States District court, on application of Leslie M. Shaw, who was for a period president of the company, after his resignation from the treasury department.

The future of the depositors and stockholders will not be known until the state superintendent makes public the report of his findings. President Joseph T. Howell, who was induced to resign the presidency of the Fourth National bank of Nashville, Tenn., to take charge of the Carnegie Trust company about three months ago, was optimistic.

WANTS A NEW SUIT.

Mr. Dickinson became president again and succeeded in establishing connections with Southern business men. Through his influence Wm. J. Cummings, formerly of Nashville, Tenn., became a shareholder and the way was thus paved to the presidency of Mr. Howell. But before this Mr. Dickinson had already come into conflict with the state banking department. His plan for a merger with two state banks, and another trust company was disallowed, to the relief of conservative bankers. The intimation was conveyed that his resignation would be acceptable and it was soon tendered. John B. Reichman, whose affiliations with the Corn Products Refining company, a subsidiary company of the Standard Oil, succeeded Mr. Dickinson for ten months. He did as much house cleaning as he could, and resigned in favor of Mr. Howell.

So many changes in the management had not strengthened the bank in public favor. Then the shadow of Robin again fell across its doors. Dickinson and Robin had been friends and allies. Robin was on the first directorate but resigned. When the Northern National bank was closed and Superintendent Hotchkiss of the state department of insurance made public his investigation into its affairs, a draft by Robin on the Carnegie, with which he had no account, cropped up. From that time there began a steady but continuous withdrawal of funds by depositors who had lost confidence.

FUNERAL TRAIN WRECKED ON NORFOLK & WESTERN

Train Carrying the Body of President Johnson's Mother Derailed in Virginia

ROANOKE, Va., Jan. 7.—The special train of President L. E. Johnson of the Norfolk and Western railroad, which left Roanoke this morning at 9 o'clock for Aurora, Ill., carrying the body of President Johnson's mother, who died here yesterday, members of the family and friends, was wrecked near Kermit, W. Va., a small station on the Norfolk and Western, this afternoon at 3:30 o'clock. The engine crashed into a rock that had rolled from a hillside onto the track. The entire train, consisting of locomotive, three private cars and a baggage car, was derailed, but none of the coaches turned over and nobody on the train was injured. The engine is badly damaged. The train was running on a slow schedule when the accident occurred. A wrecking train has been sent to the scene and it is expected the track will be open before midnight.

NORFOLK FRANCHISE GOES TO NEW OWNERS

NORFOLK, Va., Jan. 7.—The Norfolk baseball franchise was today sold by the old owners to F. B. Howard and Woodward Allen who will support President C. R. Williams of the Virginia State league. This seems to prohibit the proposed 8 club league with the elimination of Portsmouth and Newport News, which were to have entered.

CO-RECEIVER NOT APPOINTED

ALEXANDER, Va., Jan. 7.—Action on the application for a co-receiver for the Virginia Safe Deposit and Trust corporation was deferred by Judge L. C. Barley in the Corporation court today, after hearing arguments of the attorneys on both sides.

BANK DYNAMITED

LITTLE ROCK, Jan. 7.—The Bank of Grannis, Ark., was robbed early today, the vault and safe being wrecked by dynamite. The damage to the safe, vault and buildings is about \$5,000 and it is said that about \$1,500 in cash is missing.

WANTS A NEW SUIT.



SHADOW OF ROBIN FALLS ATHWART ANOTHER BANK, CAUSING SUSPENSION

Spectacular Financier's Connection With Carnegie Trust Company Destroys Confidence of Depositors and The Doors Are Closed, Tying up Government, State and City Moneys.

NEW YORK, Jan. 7.—A third bank across which the shadow of Jos. G. Robin, the indicted promoter, had fallen, closed its doors today and tonight the state superintendent of banking is in possession of the Carnegie Trust company, an institution capitalized at \$1,500,000, having wide Southern and Western affiliations. An application from the appointment of a committee to take charge of the personal estate of Robin was denied by Justice Goff in the state supreme court.

United States bankruptcy moneys state and city funds are still tied up, bonded in varying degrees of sufficiency. The company was named the official depository of federal receivers and trustees of bankruptcy appointed by the United States District court, on application of Leslie M. Shaw, who was for a period president of the company, after his resignation from the treasury department.

The future of the depositors and stockholders will not be known until the state superintendent makes public the report of his findings. President Joseph T. Howell, who was induced to resign the presidency of the Fourth National bank of Nashville, Tenn., to take charge of the Carnegie Trust company about three months ago, was optimistic.

"There is no reasonable doubt," he said, "that depositors will be paid in full. The amount due from banks will aggregate approximately 40 per cent of the deposit. In twenty four hours a sufficient amount of money would have been provided to meet the requirements. Negotiations were virtually concluded which would have met all the exigencies of the situation. Temporary relief only was required. The brief respite, needed, however, was not afforded."

WANTS A NEW SUIT.

Mr. Dickinson became president again and succeeded in establishing connections with Southern business men. Through his influence Wm. J. Cummings, formerly of Nashville, Tenn., became a shareholder and the way was thus paved to the presidency of Mr. Howell. But before this Mr. Dickinson had already come into conflict with the state banking department. His plan for a merger with two state banks, and another trust company was disallowed, to the relief of conservative bankers. The intimation was conveyed that his resignation would be acceptable and it was soon tendered. John B. Reichman, whose affiliations with the Corn Products Refining company, a subsidiary company of the Standard Oil, succeeded Mr. Dickinson for ten months. He did as much house cleaning as he could, and resigned in favor of Mr. Howell.

SOUGHT OBLIVION IN LAKE

Mr. Dickinson resigned and got Leslie M. Shaw, then just retired from the treasury department, to succeed him. Mr. Shaw did not agree with Mr. Dickinson, who still retained a large share in directing the policy of the bank, and resigned.

BANANA REPUBLIC IS NOT AFTER GERMANY'S MONEY

NEW ORLEANS, La., Jan. 7.—Senator Juan Barrios, special envoy from Guatemala to Germany, who recently passed through New Orleans en route to Berlin, is not going abroad to negotiate a loan of \$40,000,000 for his government, as was reported when he arrived in this city.

Adolfo Hoser, acting consul of Guatemala at New Orleans, today gave a denial of the story printed concerning Senator Barrios' visit to Germany. He said the purpose of the special envoy's visit abroad was to further cement the friendly relations existing between the two governments. Mr. Hoser says the government of Guatemala is negotiating with American financiers for a loan.

PROMINENT OIL MAN KILLED IN DISPUTE

CANEY, Kans., Jan. 7.—J. D. S. Neely, president of the Wichita Pipe Line company, president of the Lima (Ohio) Trust company, and head of several large oil companies, was shot and killed in the Palace hotel here this morning by Al. O. Truskett, a prominent business man of Caney. The shooting was the result of litigation over an oil lease. Truskett surrendered immediately and later was released on \$2500 bail. He claims he shot in self defense.

ANGEL OF THE POOR DIES AFTER YEARS OF SERVICE

NEW ORLEANS, Jan. 7.—Sister Isidore, known here as the "Angel of the Poor," died last night at St. Joseph's convent, after 64 years in the order of St. Joseph. She was 82 years of age, had written one of the oldest sisters in New Orleans, both in years and length of service. Through several epidemics, Sister Isidore nursed the sick, and in some instances helped to bury the dead. Once she herself was near death from yellow fever, but recovered. During the Civil war she nursed the soldiers of both armies. She was born in Havre, France.

MEXICO HAS CAUGHT REAL REVOLUTIONIST

MEXICO CITY, Jan. 7.—Robles Diminguez, after fifty days' imprisonment in the penitentiary here, today confessed to having been treasurer for Francisco I. Madero, insurrectionary leader. He has revealed all efforts to force him to reveal his active relation with the revolution until convinced that the cause was lost. He then gave authorities a list of those subscribing funds and an account of their determination.

WANTS A NEW SUIT.

Mr. Dickinson became president again and succeeded in establishing connections with Southern business men. Through his influence Wm. J. Cummings, formerly of Nashville, Tenn., became a shareholder and the way was thus paved to the presidency of Mr. Howell. But before this Mr. Dickinson had already come into conflict with the state banking department. His plan for a merger with two state banks, and another trust company was disallowed, to the relief of conservative bankers. The intimation was conveyed that his resignation would be acceptable and it was soon tendered. John B. Reichman, whose affiliations with the Corn Products Refining company, a subsidiary company of the Standard Oil, succeeded Mr. Dickinson for ten months. He did as much house cleaning as he could, and resigned in favor of Mr. Howell.

SOUGHT OBLIVION IN LAKE

Mr. Dickinson resigned and got Leslie M. Shaw, then just retired from the treasury department, to succeed him. Mr. Shaw did not agree with Mr. Dickinson, who still retained a large share in directing the policy of the bank, and resigned.

BANANA REPUBLIC IS NOT AFTER GERMANY'S MONEY

NEW ORLEANS, La., Jan. 7.—Senator Juan Barrios, special envoy from Guatemala to Germany, who recently passed through New Orleans en route to Berlin, is not going abroad to negotiate a loan of \$40,000,000 for his government, as was reported when he arrived in this city.

PROMINENT OIL MAN KILLED IN DISPUTE

CANEY, Kans., Jan. 7.—J. D. S. Neely, president of the Wichita Pipe Line company, president of the Lima (Ohio) Trust company, and head of several large oil companies, was shot and killed in the Palace hotel here this morning by Al. O. Truskett, a prominent business man of Caney. The shooting was the result of litigation over an oil lease. Truskett surrendered immediately and later was released on \$2500 bail. He claims he shot in self defense.

WANTS A NEW SUIT.



SHADOW OF ROBIN FALLS ATHWART ANOTHER BANK, CAUSING SUSPENSION

Spectacular Financier's Connection With Carnegie Trust Company Destroys Confidence of Depositors and The Doors Are Closed, Tying up Government, State and City Moneys.

NEW YORK, Jan. 7.—A third bank across which the shadow of Jos. G. Robin, the indicted promoter, had fallen, closed its doors today and tonight the state superintendent of banking is in possession of the Carnegie Trust company, an institution capitalized at \$1,500,000, having wide Southern and Western affiliations. An application from the appointment of a committee to take charge of the personal estate of Robin was denied by Justice Goff in the state supreme court.

United States bankruptcy moneys state and city funds are still tied up, bonded in varying degrees of sufficiency. The company was named the official depository of federal receivers and trustees of bankruptcy appointed by the United States District court, on application of Leslie M. Shaw, who was for a period president of the company, after his resignation from the treasury department.

The future of the depositors and stockholders will not be known until the state superintendent makes public the report of his findings. President Joseph T. Howell, who was induced to resign the presidency of the Fourth National bank of Nashville, Tenn., to take charge of the Carnegie Trust company about three months ago, was optimistic.

"There is no reasonable doubt," he said, "that depositors will be paid in full. The amount due from banks will aggregate approximately 40 per cent of the deposit. In twenty four hours a sufficient amount of money would have been provided to meet the requirements. Negotiations were virtually concluded which would have met all the exigencies of the situation. Temporary relief only was required. The brief respite, needed, however, was not afforded."

WANTS A NEW SUIT.

Mr. Dickinson became president again and succeeded in establishing connections with Southern business men. Through his influence Wm. J. Cummings, formerly of Nashville, Tenn., became a shareholder and the way was thus paved to the presidency of Mr. Howell. But before this Mr. Dickinson had already come into conflict with the state banking department. His plan for a merger with two state banks, and another trust company was disallowed, to the relief of conservative bankers. The intimation was conveyed that his resignation would be acceptable and it was soon tendered. John B. Reichman, whose affiliations with the Corn Products Refining company, a subsidiary company of the Standard Oil, succeeded Mr. Dickinson for ten months. He did as much house cleaning as he could, and resigned in favor of Mr. Howell.

SOUGHT OBLIVION IN LAKE

Mr. Dickinson resigned and got Leslie M. Shaw, then just retired from the treasury department, to succeed him. Mr. Shaw did not agree with Mr. Dickinson, who still retained a large share in directing the policy of the bank, and resigned.

BANANA REPUBLIC IS NOT AFTER GERMANY'S MONEY

NEW ORLEANS, La., Jan. 7.—Senator Juan Barrios, special envoy from Guatemala to Germany, who recently passed through New Orleans en route to Berlin, is not going abroad to negotiate a loan of \$40,000,000 for his government, as was reported when he arrived in this city.

Adolfo Hoser, acting consul of Guatemala at New Orleans, today gave a denial of the story printed concerning Senator Barrios' visit to Germany. He said the purpose of the special envoy's visit abroad was to further cement the friendly relations existing between the two governments. Mr. Hoser says the government of Guatemala is negotiating with American financiers for a loan.

PROMINENT OIL MAN KILLED IN DISPUTE

CANEY, Kans., Jan. 7.—J. D. S. Neely, president of the Wichita Pipe Line company, president of the Lima (Ohio) Trust company, and head of several large oil companies, was shot and killed in the Palace hotel here this morning by Al. O. Truskett, a prominent business man of Caney. The shooting was the result of litigation over an oil lease. Truskett surrendered immediately and later was released on \$2500 bail. He claims he shot in self defense.

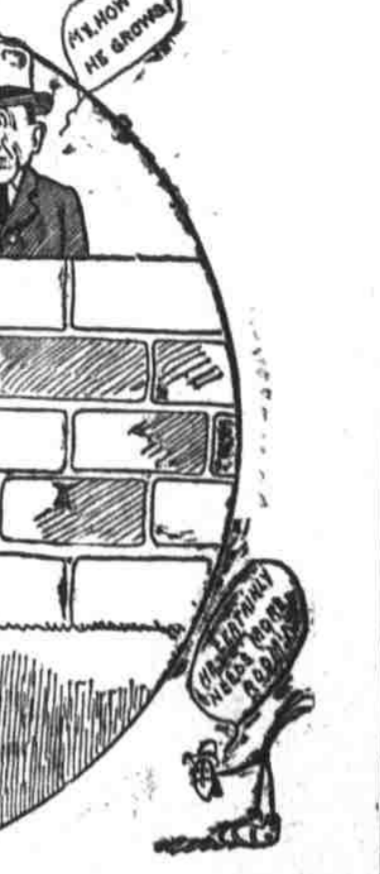
ANGEL OF THE POOR DIES AFTER YEARS OF SERVICE

NEW ORLEANS, Jan. 7.—Sister Isidore, known here as the "Angel of the Poor," died last night at St. Joseph's convent, after 64 years in the order of St. Joseph. She was 82 years of age, had written one of the oldest sisters in New Orleans, both in years and length of service. Through several epidemics, Sister Isidore nursed the sick, and in some instances helped to bury the dead. Once she herself was near death from yellow fever, but recovered. During the Civil war she nursed the soldiers of both armies. She was born in Havre, France.

MEXICO HAS CAUGHT REAL REVOLUTIONIST

MEXICO CITY, Jan. 7.—Robles Diminguez, after fifty days' imprisonment in the penitentiary here, today confessed to having been treasurer for Francisco I. Madero, insurrectionary leader. He has revealed all efforts to force him to reveal his active relation with the revolution until convinced that the cause was lost. He then gave authorities a list of those subscribing funds and an account of their determination.

WANTS A NEW SUIT.



SHADOW OF ROBIN FALLS ATHWART ANOTHER BANK, CAUSING SUSPENSION

Spectacular Financier's Connection With Carnegie Trust Company Destroys Confidence of Depositors and The Doors Are Closed, Tying up Government, State and City Moneys.

NEW YORK, Jan. 7.—A third bank across which the shadow of Jos. G. Robin, the indicted promoter, had fallen, closed its doors today and tonight the state superintendent of banking is in possession of the Carnegie Trust company, an institution capitalized at \$1,500,000, having wide Southern and Western affiliations. An application from the appointment of a committee to take charge of the personal estate of Robin was denied by Justice Goff in the state supreme court.

United States bankruptcy moneys state and city funds are still tied up, bonded in varying degrees of sufficiency. The company was named the official depository of federal receivers and trustees of bankruptcy appointed by the United States District court, on application of Leslie M. Shaw, who was for a period president of the company, after his resignation from the treasury department.

The future of the depositors and stockholders will not be known until the state superintendent makes public the report of his findings. President Joseph T. Howell, who was induced to resign the presidency of the Fourth National bank of Nashville, Tenn., to take charge of the Carnegie Trust company about three months ago, was optimistic.

"There is no reasonable doubt," he said, "that depositors will be paid in full. The amount due from banks will aggregate approximately 40 per cent of the deposit. In twenty four hours a sufficient amount of money would have been provided to meet the requirements. Negotiations were virtually concluded which would have met all the exigencies of the situation. Temporary relief only was required. The brief respite, needed, however, was not afforded."

WANTS A NEW SUIT.

Mr. Dickinson became president again and succeeded in establishing connections with Southern business men. Through his influence Wm. J. Cummings, formerly of Nashville, Tenn., became a shareholder and the way was thus paved to the presidency of Mr. Howell. But before this Mr. Dickinson had already come into conflict with the state banking department. His plan for a merger with two state banks, and another trust company was disallowed, to the relief of conservative bankers. The intimation was conveyed that his resignation would be acceptable and it was soon tendered. John B. Reichman, whose affiliations with the Corn Products Refining company, a subsidiary company of the Standard Oil, succeeded Mr. Dickinson for ten months. He did as much house cleaning as he could, and resigned in favor of Mr. Howell.

SOUGHT OBLIVION IN LAKE

Mr. Dickinson resigned and got Leslie M. Shaw, then just retired from the treasury department, to succeed him. Mr. Shaw did not agree with Mr. Dickinson, who still retained a large share in directing the policy of the bank, and resigned.

BANANA REPUBLIC IS NOT AFTER GERMANY'S MONEY

NEW ORLEANS, La., Jan. 7.—Senator Juan Barrios, special envoy from Guatemala to Germany, who recently passed through New Orleans en route to Berlin, is not going abroad to negotiate a loan of \$40,000,000 for his government, as was reported when he arrived in this city.

Adolfo Hoser, acting consul of Guatemala at New Orleans, today gave a denial of the story printed concerning Senator Barrios' visit to Germany. He said the purpose of the special envoy's visit abroad was to further cement the friendly relations existing between the two governments. Mr. Hoser says the government of Guatemala is negotiating with American financiers for a loan.

PROMINENT OIL MAN KILLED IN DISPUTE

CANEY, Kans., Jan. 7.—J. D. S. Neely, president of the Wichita Pipe Line company, president of the Lima (Ohio) Trust company, and head of several large oil companies, was shot and killed in the Palace hotel here this morning by Al. O. Truskett, a prominent business man of Caney. The shooting was the result of litigation over an oil lease. Truskett surrendered immediately and later was released on \$2500 bail. He claims he shot in self defense.

ANGEL OF THE POOR DIES AFTER YEARS OF SERVICE

NEW ORLEANS, Jan. 7.—Sister Isidore, known here as the "Angel of the Poor," died last night at St. Joseph's convent, after 64 years in the order of St. Joseph. She was 82 years of age, had written one of the oldest sisters in New Orleans, both in years and length of service. Through several epidemics, Sister Isidore nursed the sick, and in some instances helped to bury the dead. Once she herself was near death from yellow fever, but recovered. During the Civil war she nursed the soldiers of both armies. She was born in Havre, France.

MEXICO HAS CAUGHT REAL REVOLUTIONIST

MEXICO CITY, Jan. 7.—Robles Diminguez, after fifty days' imprisonment in the penitentiary here, today confessed to having been treasurer for Francisco I. Madero, insurrectionary leader. He has revealed all efforts to force him to reveal his active relation with the revolution until convinced that the cause was lost. He then gave authorities a list of those subscribing funds and an account of their determination.

PEARY DESCRIBES HOW HE FOUND POLE BEFORE COMMITTEE

Produces All of His Original Memoranda For Inquisitive Congressmen

WANTS RECOGNITION FROM THIS CONGRESS

Representative Macon Wants Light on "Thirty Hours Spent at The Pole"

WASHINGTON, Jan. 7.—Capt. Robert E. Peary told the story of the trip to the frozen north at a hearing today before the house committee on naval affairs, the purpose being to furnish proof of his statement of the North pole on April 9, 1909, in connection with pending legislation for national recognition of his achievements. He produced all of his original memoranda and answered numerous questions. Cross-examination by Representative Macon, of Arkansas, who has announced his unalterable opposition to recognition of the explorer, was deferred on account of the time taken in reading data. The committee adjourned until next Tuesday. Mr. Macon asked special light on "the thirty hours