

ELOQUENT PLEA OF MANUEL L. QUEZON AT TAMMANY HALL

Strongly Urges Freedom of His Country and Eight Million Countrymen

"SOLEMN PLEDGE OF AMERICAN HONOR"

"Quit Celebrating Declaration of Independence or Give us Freedom"

NEW YORK, July 4.—Members of the Tammany Society, who gathered in the Fourteenth Street Wigwam today to participate in the annual Declaration of Independence celebration, listened to the eloquent plea of Manuel L. Quezon, resident commissioner of the Philippine Islands, for the freedom of his country and his eight million countrymen.

"Is it an irony of fate, that I a Filipino, belonging to and representing a people subject to the United States," he queried, "should address an American audience on the celebration of the Declaration of Independence?"

From the Filipino viewpoint, Commissioner Quezon said, the Declaration of Independence is a solemn pledge of American national faith and honor. "It is the baptismal vow of this country," he exclaimed, and then continued:

"Since the Declaration of Independence, and by the overwhelming influence of its doctrines, republics have been founded upon the wrecks of despotism, and constitutional governments are finding their way in both hemispheres, even in countries where absolutism seemed to have been firmly rooted. In the Philippines itself the cry of the people for freedom, so deeply felt because of the born desire in every human heart to breathe the healthy air of liberty is argued with the very words of the Declaration."

He contended that American occupation of the Archipelago is inconsistent with the Declaration of Independence, "which," he said, "is the bedrock of American republican institutions, and the spirit and soul of which the Constitution is but the body and letter." He made bold to de-

Claims That it is Not Good Democratic, but Republican Doctrine

"SHOW" FOR HIM

INDIANAPOLIS, Ind., July 4.—President Taft put the parting touch of his party in the celebration of this city's "safe and sane" Fourth in a speech on Canadian reciprocity at the Marion club banquet tonight.

"The sound republican doctrine," the president said, "has become the imposition of duties only where the conditions are naturally unequal, and where duties are necessary in order to enable our manufacturers and other producers to meet on a level the competition of foreign producers. The Canadian reciprocity agreement which has been made square exactly with this doctrine."

Although the sun hovered around 110 on the streets most of the day, the president enjoyed his part in the celebration of the Fourth. The president was the guest of former Vice President Fairbanks.

FOURTH OF JULY AGAIN FATAL TO HOPES OF BRITISH

American Lightweight Champion Retains Title by Defeating Owen Moran

FIGHT AN EVEN ONE UNTIL THE 13TH ROUND

Uppercut to Stomach at Close Range and Two Following Knocked Britisher Out

SAN FRANCISCO, July 4.—The measured swing of Referee Walsh's arm tolling off the ten seconds over the writhing body of Owen Moran, of England, brought victory to Ad Wolgast in the thirteenth round of today's international battle for the lightweight championship.

Right uppercut to the stomach, followed by a left hook to the jaw, forced the game little English fighter to take the count for the first time in his eleven years in the ring. Moran came up undistressed for the unluckily thirteenth round, although it was plain that he was tiring. Wolgast met him with a well timed rush and forced his way to close quarters. Moran checked him with a left jab, but was backed against the ropes in his own corner. Suddenly Wolgast whipped his right arm free from the clinch, and, swinging from his hip, sent his glove crashing three times to the pit of Moran's stomach.

Moran's face whitened and twisted with agony under the smear of blood from his cut lips. He grouped blindly to another smashing blow; then his knees gave way under him and he slipped from Wolgast's grasp to the canvas that covered the ring.

The champion whipped over a left hook to the jaw as Moran fell, but it was not needed. Moran rolled on his side and his legs scrambled for a footing but his mouth was open and his eyes rolled back and the shouting seconds brought no meaning to his deadened senses. It was several minutes before he regained consciousness.

As Wolgast turned to his corner, more than twenty spectators on the lightweight throne, a grin flashed across his bleeding lips and he plucked with his gloved hands at the American flag he wore about his waist. In a second he was smothered in the throng of admirers who surged into

From Atlantic to Pacific, Hot Wave Continues, With Little Relief

YUMA HOTTEST OF ALL

WASHINGTON, July 4.—The hot wave continues throughout the country. New records were established today, and no promise to relief was held out by the weather bureau tonight.

Today's temperatures were near or above the hundred mark. While slight drops were noted in some cities increases in others served to maintain the average at the top notch. Yuma, Ariz., reported 110 degrees, this being the record for the day. Next stood St. Joseph, Mo., 108 degrees.

RAN AUTOMOBILE INTO TROLLEY CAR

WARWICK, R. I., July 4.—His view cut off by dense bushes, growing on both sides of the crossing, Gustav Menzel, of Riverside, drove his automobile directly in front of a trolley car this afternoon and as a result three of the occupants of the automobile are dead and Menzel and the fifth occupant are badly injured. The dead: Mrs. Eva Hartley, 50 years old, of Providence. Miss Millie J. Hartley, 18; Mrs. Hartley's daughter. Miss Ella M. Bidwell, 37, of Providence. Menzel's hurts consist of injuries to his back and chest and possible fractures of the skull. Raymond Hartley, ten years old, son of Mrs. Hartley, was slightly injured.

RECIPROCITY WILL CONSTITUTE ONLY MEASURE PASSED

This Tentative Conclusion Depends Now Entirely Upon Absent Insurgents

SPEAKER CLARK HAS SET SEPTEMBER 1ST

And Says He Doesn't Believe It Will be Until Senate Acts on House Bills

WASHINGTON, July 4.—The passage of the Canadian reciprocity bill unamended will constitute the sole tariff legislation enacted at this session of congress in the view of most of the insurgent republican senators, despite their demand for other tariff reductions. This tentative conclusion is subject, however, to a final determination to be reached at an informal conference of the insurgents as soon as the absentees return to Washington which will be in the next few days.

Notwithstanding the contention of Senator Bristow of Kansas, that amendments reducing the duties on cotton, wool, steel, sugar, lead, leather and other rubber manufactures, should be attached to the reciprocity bill, and the proposed amending program of Messrs. Cummins of Iowa; LaFollette, of Wisconsin, and others, some of the insurgents who believe they reflect the view of their wing of their party generally expressed the opinion today that the reciprocity bill would be passed about August 1, the wool and free list bills voted down or carried over to the regular session and that congress would adjourn quickly after disposing of reciprocity.

Speaker Champ Clark and other house leaders are anxious that the senate take some action on the measures the house has passed and put squarely before the senate, even if the measures are defeated. The speaker today ventured the "guess" that congress would adjourn about September 1.

"But it's only a guess," he continued. Many of the senators and representatives are figuring on adjournment only soon after August 1st. "I don't believe the house has the slightest disposition to adjourn until the senate acts on the bills which the house sends over to it," said the speaker. "Notwithstanding the disagreeable hot weather and the desire of members to get back to their

AMERICAN TOBACCO CO. COUNSEL CONTEND THAT NO CASE HAS BEEN MADE

And That Every Act Complain by Plaintiff Had Its Counterpart

NO CONSPIRACY

RALEIGH, N. C., July 4.—After extended argument by counsel this afternoon on motions by counsel for the defense for non-suits to be entered filed as to both defendants, W. M. Carter and defendant American Tobacco company in the \$1,200,000 damage suit of Ware-Kramer Co., pending the past four weeks in the federal court here, plaintiffs consented to a non-suit as to defendant W. M. Carter, who was charged with conspiracy with the American Tobacco Co. for the destruction of the cigarette business of the plaintiff and Judge Connor has reserved until tomorrow his ruling as to whether non-suit shall be allowed as to American Tobacco company. The plaintiffs admitted failure to show the conspiracy between the American Tobacco company and Carter through failure to make competent evidence they claimed to have as to this, but insisted that in spite of failure to prove conspiracy between the two they are entitled to damages against the American Tobacco company for acts on its part alleged to have been aimed at destroying the business of Ware-Kramer company rather than the exploitation of American Tobacco company goods. Counsel for the American Tobacco company insisted that no case has been made out and that every act of competition complained of had its counterpart in acts of the plaintiff against the defendant whereas abundant evidence had developed from plaintiffs' witnesses that the plaintiff actually started out with the avowed purpose and intention of making war on the American Tobacco company. It was amazing they averred that some real fight on Ware-Kramer company was not shown to have been made in view of the fight that Ware-Kramer company admits having made on the American Tobacco company.

Somewhat Disfigured But Able to be Out



NATAL DAY BRINGS MISERY TO MANY THROUGH MURDER AND TRAGEDIES

Deputy Sheriff in East Tennessee Instantly Killed and Daughter Will Die From Gunshot Wound—Deputy's Son Shot Man Who Did Killing—Augusta Has One Murder, Two Stabbings—Other Fatalities

Thirteen deaths from the old fashioned celebration of the Fourth of July was the total reported in the United States according to figures compiled by The Chicago Tribune last night.

The nation-wide spread of the same Fourth movement brought fruit in the smallest number of celebration casualties ever recorded. In nearly every city where the use of explosives by individuals was prohibited no accidents were reported. In others where the discharge of explosives was permitted under limitations there was a decided falling off in the number of dead and injured as compared with previous years.

The death list of 13 compares with 28 reported the first night of last year's celebration when the same Fourth movement was effective in fewer cities. The number of injured reported is 294 against 1,785 reported up to the same hour last year. In 1909 there were 44 killed and 2,361 wounded.

Giant firecrackers took the lead in the number of fatalities, causing five

of 13 deaths. Revolvers and firearms were second with four. Gunpowder caused two and the toy pistols, formerly the chief death agents, caused two deaths.

The heat killed many more than fell victims to the sane Fourth.

FATALITY AT A DANCE. Fourth of July dance at Cripp, Campbell county, Tenn., was the scene of a bloody tragedy this afternoon. Deputy Sheriff W. C. Clymer was instantly killed, his 18-year-old daughter was shot through and cannot live and the man who did the shooting met death at the hands of the deputy sheriff's son. The dance was being given by Deputy Clymer. The trouble is supposed to have started over Clymer's objection to his daughter dancing with a stranger. Forcing his daughter to quit dancing with the man, the stranger and Clymer became involved in a difficulty as a result of which Clymer was shot dead. In the firing Clymer's daughter was fatally wounded and before it had ceased the stranger had fallen dead: a

bullet from a pistol in the hands of the deputy's son ending the bloody drama. The stranger is thought to be a coal miner living at Anthrope, a little mining town in Campbell county, but the Campbell county sheriff has been unable to learn his name.

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AUGUSTA'S DARK RECORD. AUGUSTA, Ga., July 4.—Augusta's record for today is one of the darkest numerically on the police blotter it has been in any year's celebration. One murder, two stabbings, two rendered unconscious from brickbats, one chopped in the head with an axe and thirty-four cases of drunk and disorderly. The jail tonight is full. William A. Lauder, aged 24 years, was disemboweled with a pocket knife late this afternoon by W. S. Hall, Jr., a lad about the same age, in the western section of the city. It is said that the two were in love with the same young lady and quarreled over her. Lauder died immediately being

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ATWOOD THRILLED THOUSANDS BY HIS BRILLIANT FLIGHT

Traveled Over 250 Miles and Was in the Air for More Than Five Hours

FLEW ALONG COAST LINE FOR 115 MILES

Terminated Third Leg of Boston-Washington Flight With Flying Colors

ATLANTIC CITY, N. J., July 4.—A thrill was given thousands of holiday visitors here this afternoon when N. Atwood, the aviator, after fighting heavy winds throughout his flight from New York, terminated the third leg of his proposed journey from Boston to Washington by landing in his biplane on the beach front. During the flight Atwood made three landings for gasoline. Once near Asbury Park, the second at Tuckerton, N. J., and the third at Venice Park, near this city. Mr. Atwood said that, judging from the amount of gasoline he had used, he must have traveled at least 250 miles. He was in the air more than five hours. The distance along the coast is about 115 miles.

"I feel too tired to attempt the trip to Washington tonight," the birdman said. "My route and time of starting will depend entirely on the conditions tomorrow. I hope to start before ten o'clock in the morning." "The only trouble I had during the trip today," Mr. Atwood said, "was with my gasoline supply. After I left Governor's Island I headed along the coast. A warning which I received from my engine as I neared Asbury Park told me the gasoline was low. At that time I was flying about 1,000 feet in the air. After circling around the resort I landed. Here I took on five gallons of gasoline.

"When I mounted the atmosphere again I tried a higher altitude in the hope of finding quiet air currents. The wind was stronger if anything higher up, so I took a traveling altitude of about 1,500 feet. As I passed over the shore town I allowed myself to drop to a 500-foot level. I reached Barnegat and turned in for a more direct route to Atlantic City. I experienced little trouble until I neared Tuckerton. Here the gas went dry again. I finally descended in a little clearing. I borrowed five gallons of gasoline from an owner of an automobile and made a good get away.

"It was during the six from Tuckerton across to the outskirts of this city that I had my hardest fight to keep in the air. The velocity of the wind here was the strongest of the trip. It took me until almost 3 o'clock to make that last 17 miles but I must have made at least fifty air miles. The wind grew more treacherous as I swung up to Venice Park on the outskirts of Atlantic City. I

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FIREMEN OF SOUTHERN RAILWAY GET NUMEROUS MATERIAL CONCESSIONS

Flat Increase of Ten Per Cent in Wages and Limit to Negro Firemen OFFICIAL REPORT

ATLANTA, Ga., July 4.—C. J. Goff, chairman of the Brotherhood of Locomotive Firemen and Enginemen, today gave out the exact terms upon which the Southern railway and its firemen came to terms recently, following their dispute over labor questions. According to Mr. Goff, who is the first of the delegation of firemen which conferred with Southern officials in Washington to talk the firemen and engine hostlers receive a flat increase of 10 per cent in wages. This was reported directly after the negotiations closed but has never corroborated. In addition to the wage it was agreed to limit the number of negro firemen to a certain percentage of whites. The exact figures were not given out. It means that the number of negroes will be reduced on all divisions where negroes now work.

THREE HOSTLERS DIE IN EXPLOSION

NEW ORLEANS, July 4.—Tim Carroll, Frank Blaine and Michael Leonard, a negro, all hostlers, were killed by an explosion shortly before midnight last night when Carroll struck a lighted torch into the grade oil tank of a Southern Pacific locomotive to ascertain how much oil it contained. The explosion also resulted in doing \$1,400 damage to the locomotive. Carroll's death was almost instantaneous. Blaine and Leonard dying shortly afterward.

SALISBURY AND SPENCER HAD JOINT CELEBRATION

Crowds From All Parts of North Carolina Present in Large Numbers

SPENCER, N. C., July 4.—In sweltering weather and with surging crowds the Fourth was celebrated in great style by Salisbury and Spencer. There were elaborate agricultural and industrial parades, fireworks and contests in which Spencer won the races. Baseball and a barbecue were features of the day.



WASHINGTON, July 4.—Forecast for North Carolina: Generally fair and continued warm Wednesday and Thursday, except probably local thunder showers; light to moderate south winds.

LOUISIANA WILL HAVE QUITE WARM CAMPAIGN

Gubernatorial Chair and Two Senatorial Seats Are Prizes Sought

RUSTON, La., July 4.—What gives promise of being the warmest political campaign experienced in Louisiana in a decade, with the gubernatorial chair and two United States senatorial seats the principal prizes at stake on the agenda today. Special trains brought more than 3,000 people from all parts of the state and in the midst of the speech-making an old time Fourth of July barbecue was served.

There are six candidates in the race for the democratic nomination for the United States senate. For governor the candidates are Secretary of State John E. Michel, the recognized administration representative, Dr. J. B. Aswell, who recently resigned as president of the Louisiana State Normal school, and Judge Luther E. Hall, of the Supreme court, who has the endorsement of the good government league. Senator Foster remained on the job in Washington and sent a letter expressing regret at his inability to be present.

SPEECH MAKING, FLAG RAISINGS SUBSTITUTED

But Even Without Fireworks in New York There Were Two Deaths.

NEW YORK, July 4.—The glorious Fourth was shorn of most of its terrors today by New York's "safe and sane" program which barred fireworks, but notwithstanding the ban their surreptitious use resulted in two deaths and twenty-five accidents, mostly of a minor nature, and twenty small fires.

The city substituted for a noisy Fourth's day of parades, speech-making and flag raisings and an evening of fireworks in 74 parks. Forty nations were represented in the processions.

MEXICAN STREET CAR STRIKE OVER

MEXICO CITY, July 4.—The strike of street car employees was settled tonight. The men will return to work tomorrow morning. The settlement was a compromise, the company having granted a part of the wage increase asked and made concessions in the matter of purchase of uniforms.

TOWN NEARLY WIPED OUT.

FORT SMITH, Ark., July 4.—According to a report received here tonight, the business section of the town of Brazos, Okla., 58 miles west of here, was almost entirely wiped out by fire today.