THE ASHEVILLE CITIZEN.

VOL. XXVII., NO. 333

THE WEATHER FAIR

ASHEVILLE, N. C., WEDNESDAY MORNING, SEPTEMBER 20, 1911

PRICE FIVE CENTS

Circulation 8,000

NATIONAL ANXIETY DRAWING TOWARD SATISFACTORY END Months' Uncertainty of French People as to Moroccan Affair Is Over **OPTIMISTIC VIEW BY** THE AMBASSADOR

Economic Interests of Germany in Morocco Considered as Settled

PARIS, Sept. 19 .- The long period of national anxiety attendant on the Moroccan negotiations is drawing toward a satisfactory conclusion. The French people have been slow in accepting the optimism which has prevalled in Berlin for several days, and it was only today, after a semi-official communication to the press, based on Ambassador Combon's telegraphic re-port to the foreign office that sufficient reasons appeared for the conviction that the six months uncertainty'is nearing an end.

A semi-official note issued this afternoon says that the French negotiations with Germany entered a new stage during the conversation between the German foreign minister, Herr von Kiderlen-Warechter and the French ambassador to Germany, M. Cambon, yesterday promising an early agreement. The note says that Herr von Kider-

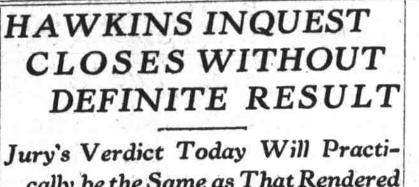
ien-Warechter did not give M. Cam-bon a written reply but talked over with him certain modifications in a spirit of conciliation. No document was handed over because time would have been lost in transmitting it to father, W. H. Hawkins, who declared Paris and in re-transmitting the reply to Berlin. The conversation, the note adds, makes a satisfactory lauve probable, but it would be premature consider all divergencies as having disappeared. Another interview wil take place Thursday and it is it. hoped by the end of the week the negotiations wil have reached a de-

cisive turn. Other Questions at Issue

second semi-official communicatonight says that although the n of the economic interests of by in Morocco appears to be of settlement, there reeve main other disputed points still to be settled. Among these are the questions

to consular courts and a sys tem whereby the legations and consulates take certain natives under their protection. France desires in this regard that Germany shall accept cerning the question of jurisdiction in Morocco and that Germay shall not undertake to increase the number of her protests while awaiting such

abrogation. The French



cally be the Same as That Rendered At the First Inquest-Verdict to Be Announced Today.

HENDERSONVILLE, N. C., Sept. | hospital in Atlanta. She said she 19 .- The hearing of evidence in the spent the night of Saturday, a week inquest into the death of Myrtle Hawwas found floating in Lake Osceola cision until tomorrow morning at 10 In summing up the evidence today. before the jury and the possible causes of the girl's death, Coroner Kirk said she might have come to her death from three causes, namely, from shock from the entrance of air into the veins, or from a hemorrhage which might have resulted from a criminal operation, or from a criminal asasult. He said death could not have been due to drowning, and if it was due to an anesthetic no indications of it had been found,

Same Verdict.

It is practically certain that the verdict will not differ materially from that rendered at the first inquest twelve days ago when the jury found that Myrtle Hawkins came to her death from causes unknown. It might be changed to say that the deceased uncle, Mr. Pryor, at Fruitland, Frisuffered death as the result of a day night. She arrived at Mrs. Mccriminal operation performed by a person or persons unknown, but in Call's Saturday about noon. She had any case it can be said that the mystery of Myrtle Hawkins' death is no nearer solution than when her body

was dragged from the lake. The feature of the inquest today was the evidence of the dead girl's that he suspected no particular person of the crime which robbed him of his daughter. He told how he visited the McCall home in search of Myrtle. He had suspected her condition, he said, but she would not acknowledge

For a time it appeared that Ab Mc. Call's testimony would be discredited after he had sworn that he was not away from his home on Saturday night. Mrs. C. E. Wilson and others said that they had seen MoCall in in the buggy' was not Ab McCall but

Dawson McCall. Miss Estelle Grant, the trained who was drawn into the case, nurse established to the satisfaction of the jury that she had no connection with the disappearance and death of Myrtle Hawkins. The inquest, which opened large,crowd.

ago, at Ab McCall's house. She was kins, the 17-year-old girl whose body there all the afternoon. She had taught school in that section. She near here Sept. 10, was completed left Mr. McCall's Sunday morning at tonight but the jury reserved its de- 10 o'clock. She went to Dodson's boarding house then, and went driving o'clock. No evidence of a startling in the afternoon. She was not at Mc-nature was brought out at the hearing Call's before Saturday. She attended Dan McCall's baby. She did not know that Ab McCall and George Bradley were in the house. She re-tired about 9 o'clock. She did not see Bradley and McCall around at that time. She saw all of Dan McCall's family. She first heard about the body being found in the lake about 9 o'clock Sunday morning. Ab McCall told her that a body had been found in the lake. It was Miss Grant's first visit to Mrs. McCall since the latter's marriage. Se had only written one letter to Mrs. McCall within the last few years, as far as she could remember. W. A. Smith, who appeared in the interest of Miss Grant, was allowed by the coroner to ask her some questions. She went to Bat Cave on Friday, Aug. 25. She left her home Friday morning. She stayed with her

> boarded with the McCalls when she taught school.

Dr. Williams.

Pr. John Roy Williams being called said he was never consulted by any body in connection with performing an operation on Miss Hawkins. Dr. J. L. Egerton was called and save similar testimony. Dr. J. F. Crawford also swore that he was never approached by any person concern-ing a criminal operation on Miss Haw-pressive measures undertaken by the kins.

Girl's Father Tistifies Quite a stir was caused by the ap-

government

pearance of W. H. Hawkins, father of the dead girl, on the stand. He said Myrtle Hawkins was hrs daughter. He last saw her on Thursday morning, the week before last. She talked a little to him. He told his daughter that he suspicioned her town late Saturday night and that he She talked a little to him. He told had figured in a runaway. Later evi-dence, however, proved that "the Man condition. The girl refused to answer him. He begged her to tell him what was wrong. He asked her to tell her

mother. She shook her head. Then he made her promise to write to her mother. He asked her if it was true (meaning her condition). Myrtle noced her head. The aged father said he in principle the eventual abrogation Hawkins. The inquest, which opened left the house about 8 o'clock. He of the convention of Madrid, con- at 4 o'clock, was again attended by a did not threaten the girl. He said he

told her that he would do all he



WITH CRISIS OF LARGE PROPORTIONS

Had its Origin as Purely Labor Movement and Has Developed Into Revolutionary Conflict-Plans Laid to Re-Establish Order as Rapidly as Possible and

at Any Cost-Situation Grave.

o face with a crisis equal in gravity alejas tonight. "The suspension of the to that following the riots in Barceconstitutional guarantees had been lona in 1909. The situation is bad. decided upon by the government in The agitation and the power of the agitators on the masses have increased the presence of a movement unmistakably revolutionary and anarchistic in character-a movement, it may be assumed directed against all social or-

der. , The Spanish government had long been aware that some such movement What at its origin was purely a labor movement has now developed into been aware that some such movement a revolutionary conflict, a commune having actually been proclaimed at two towns near Valencia. At these places the suthorities were driven out of the districts. The affiliated trades unions have decided to call a general strike tomorrow throughout the and was directed by a committee sibly by the extrema republican parts, and was directed by a committee composed of the Spanlards, and forlength and breadth of Spain, and the government; abandoning the tone of eigners, with headquarters at Barceoptimism heretofore maintained, tolons.

Emissaries were sent throughout day decided upon the drastic step of "suspending the constitutional guaranthe peninsula with instructions to fotee throughout the whole country." ment general strikes in all the prov It was explained, however, that in inces, the object being to paralyze the so doing the government did not seek life of the nation by stopping all left the house about 8 o'clock. He to perescute the trades unions but it public services. The government laid was made quite clear that any at- plans, accordingly, and is resolved tempts to stir up a rebellion would be upon the re-establishment of order as Inquest Details. Miss Eatelle Grant, the trained nurse from Atlanta, was the first wit-nurse from Atlanta, was the first wit-She sold also was the Myrtle had left to the store. He re-Will not assume control except in ex-the store in the store

MADRID, Sept. 18.-Spain is face the defense of public institutions but of the republic by the powers and the face with a crisis equal in gravity for society itself." said Premier Canapparent tranquillity of the country, the general situation is far from settled. According to the Diario Notiolas, state officials yesterday procoeded to Renacova, eight miles from Colmbra, to make an inventory of the church property to be conflucated by the state. The inhabitants, advised of their appearance, sounded the church bells and gathered to the number of more than 1,200. The vanguard was

formed entirely of women armed with pitchforks, knives and shotguns. The women numbered three hundred and the local military forces were unable to resist the onelaught and fed inglo riously. Strong reinforcements were dispatched to the scene and a flerce fight followed, the inhabitants be-

ing forced to give way. The officials burst in the doors of the church only to find the edifice empty, not even a chair remaining Rich painting, statuary, the altar fur nishings and tapestries had been re-moved and hidden.

The same thing happened in the churches of the neighboring villages and the officials were forced to aban-don the district. Complete tranquillity will return only after the separation law has been modified and the royalists on the frontier have been



Alleged Violations of Sherman Anti-Trust Law Gets Them Into Trouble

GRAND JURY SAT FOR MORE THAN A MONTI

Penally Under Statutes is Fine of \$1,000 or Year's Impris-

onment or Both

BOSTON, Mass., Sept. 19,-51 prominent business men conr with the United Shoe Machinery company were indicted today by the federal grand jury for alleged viola-tions of the Sherman anti-trust act. Two indictments were returned al-leging the maintenance of an unlawleging the maintenance of an unisw-ful combination and conspiracy in re-straint of trade on the part of the president Sidney W. Winslow, Vice President Edward P. Hurd, George W. Brown and Wm. Barbour, Counsel El-mer P. Howe and James J. Storrow. Measurs, Winslow, Hurd, Brown, Howe and Storrow are Bostonians, while Mr. Barbour is a resident of New York. All except Mr. Storrow are directors of the company. Mr. Storrow pe-signed from the directorate just be-fore the municipal election two years ago when he was a condidate for mayor, but is the largest stockholder. The grand jury sat for nearly a mayor, but is the largest stockholder. The grand jury sat for nearly a month considering the evidence pro-duced by 75 witnesses who were brought here by special agents of the department of justice at Washington from all parts of the country but es-pecially from New Engiand. The in-vestigation was in charge of U.S. Dis-trict Attorney Ams P. French, assisted by Special Assistant Attorney General Wm. 8. Greeg and Oliver E. Fagan, of Washington.

of Washington. The indicted officials were sum-moned into court within the next ten days to plead to the indictments and furnish ball.

Penalty Provided. The penalty provided under the statutes involved is a file of \$5,000 or Imprisonment for one year, of bot The trial will not take place un well along in the winter awing to the crowdad condition of the circuit cou catendar.

According to Mr. Gragg the Indict-ments charge that the six defendance have been working through the instru-mentality of the United Shoe Machinery company in a way to make them criminally liable under the Sherman

The second indictment also alleges that the carrying on of the h siness under the merger of three old shoe machinery manufacturing companies which was effected February, 1899, was engaging in a combination in re-straint of trade, that it was a con-



his conference with the official of the rallway here, after which it is be-lieved the men will return to work pending a final adjustment of the def-ferences through the regularin an-thorized grievalitie committee of the car workers' unles.

left's widow and three children.

spend the night.