

CHARGE OF MURDER BROUGHT AGAINST BROTHER GILLETTE

Sensational Evidence Indicates Sister Marchant Was Not Near Death's Door

AND THAT SHE WAS BUT 34 YEARS OLD

First Reports Indicated That She Was 70 Years Old and Would Soon Die

KISSIMEE, Fla., Sept. 20.—Sensational evidence indicating that Sister Sadie Marchant was not near death as alleged when chloroform was administered to her by Brother Gilbert, head of the Shaker colony at Ashton, has resulted in the coroner's jury holding Brother Gillette on the charge of wilful murder. The verdict was reached yesterday and made public today. Sister Elizabeth Sears, who by her alleged confession, aided Brother Gillette in administering the chloroform, was not mentioned in the verdict, but her case, it is stated, will be presented to the grand jury for action. Brother Gillette was taken to Tampa, where he is held in jail without bond. First reports of the death of Sister Sadie by euthanasia indicated that she was about seventy years old and in the last stages of tuberculosis. It is alleged that the physicians who examined the body when it was exhumed, September 6, found that Sister Marchant was not in a dying condition when the chloroform was administered. She is said to have been about thirty-four years of age, and except for an infection of the lungs with tuberculosis, was in good physical condition. It is declared she might well have lived many years.

Gillette was not taken before the coroner's jury yesterday, as he gave his version of the woman's death on September 6. At that session Sister Sears also acknowledged her part in "assisting" their sister "out of this life" at that time, but since then, she said to have repudiated her story. The Shaker colony at Ashton has been reduced to five since the death of Sister Marchant and the arrest of Brother Gillette. Under him, as chief aide, is Sister Sears. He is sixty years old and she seventy-four. Sister Marchant died on August 22 and never since that time has the Shakers' statement that she asked to be chloroformed been doubted by the authorities. It is stated that nothing in the teachings of the sect gives any basis for aiding a person to quit this life.

TOKIO MISSION SCHOOL BURNS

TOKIO, Sept. 20.—The Meiji Kaikan, the leading Presbyterian mission school in Tokio, was totally destroyed by fire tonight.

CORONER'S JURY RETURNS ANOTHER OPEN VERDICT IN MYRTLE HAWKINS CASE

However Authorities Will Continue to Pursue Their Investigations

ADDITIONAL REWARD

HENDERSONVILLE, Sept. 20.—As forecasted in The Citizen yesterday, the coroner's jury in the Hawkins case found that the deceased "came to her death at the hands of a person or persons unknown and in a manner and means unknown." The verdict was rendered at 10:30 this morning and was received without much comment.

Notwithstanding the finding of the coroner's jury today to the effect that Myrtle Hawkins came to her death at the hands of persons unknown and from causes unknown, it is announced on reliable authority tonight that the authorities do not intend to let the matter drop, but will quietly pursue investigations in the hope of solving the mystery. The family of the dead girl have offered a reward of \$500 in addition to the \$250 offered by Governor Kitchin for the arrest of Miss Hawkins' slayer or slayers. It is stated that the evidence so far gathered and that which might be obtained in the future will be laid before the grand jury which meets next month.

While the verdict is practically the same as that which the jury returned at the first inquest nearly two weeks ago, it is generally accepted with good grace, since it is admitted that no other verdict could have been returned in the face of the evidence submitted. It was practically a foregone conclusion before Coroner Kirk took the stand at the close of the inquest that no case had been made out against any individual or individuals. There has seldom, if ever, been a case where evidence built up

ON EVE OF VOTING BOTH SIDES CLAIM TO BE CONFIDENT

Indications Point to Good Weather and Greatest Vote Ever Cast in Canada

CITIES CONSERVATIVE COUNTRY IS LIBERAL

Various Contingencies by Which Popular Majority Wouldn't be Effective

ST. JOHN, Neb., Sept. 20.—The concluding rallies were held tonight and aside from the last political broadsides from the party newspaper organs, the campaign in Canada may be said to be over. The campaign has been the most exciting within the memory of the present generation. Both sides claimed tonight to be confident of the result tomorrow. The indications tonight pointed to fine weather and a tremendous vote. It is possible for a political party in Canada to elect a majority of members of the house of commons and yet be in a minority so far as the popular vote is concerned. It is expected that many of the cities will vote heavily for the conservative candidates tomorrow while the country districts in some districts will largely support reciprocity. Should neither party have a large working majority in the house another general election would be possible, although should the conservatives be elected, it is said it would be impossible to get the proposed reciprocity agreement before parliament as it would have to be introduced by the government side. Should Mr. Borden win, it is said reciprocity would become a dead issue for the time being. Another contingency is the possibility of the conservative party blocking the pact again in the house of commons should that party be able to obtain a majority of the popular vote and yet lose the commons. Should the opposition party again adopt a policy of obstruction the leaders would claim they were warranted in doing so by the popular vote. The liberal party leaders, however, do not look for such a situation and claim to be confident that reciprocity with the United States will become a law before the year ends.

LEADERS CONFIDENT

MONTREAL, Que., Sept. 20.—The election eve when a great question mark lies across the Canadian map from the Atlantic to the Pacific, finds the dominion more interested in itself and the whole world more interested in it than ever before. Tomorrow will answer questions vitally affecting the country and of nearly as deep concern to the United States, shall the Laurier regime and shall Canada, by giving the government party of the last fifteen years continuance of power.

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NO MORE HORRIBLE DEED RECORDED IN ANNALS OF CRIME

Bodies of Six Persons Found Butchered in Neighboring Colorado Houses

HEAD OF EVERY ONE WAS SMASHED OPEN

Murderer Reported Captured But Police Officials Strongly Denying This

COLORADO SPRINGS, Col., Sept. 20.—Butchered in their beds by some person as yet unknown, who used an axe, the bodies of six persons, three in each of two neighboring houses, were found here today. The heads of all the victims had been smashed in and the appearance of the bodies indicated that they had been dead several days and that death came while they slept. A report says that the murderer has been caught and that he has confessed, but this is denied by the police officials, who it is intimated, fear a lynching might follow such an announcement. An axe which had been loaned to Mrs. Henry F. Wayne, one of the victims, by J. H. Evans, a neighbor, last week was found blood stained by Mrs. Evans on Monday near the back door of the Wayne home. No attention was paid to this fact, however, as it was thought the axe had been used in killing chickens.

The dead:

Mrs. Alice May Burnham, wife of A. J. Burnham, cook at the Modern Woodmen sanitarium. Their two children, Alice, aged 8, and John, aged 2 years.

Henry F. Wayne, a consumptive, until recently a patient at the Woodmen sanitarium.

Mrs. Wayne and their one-year-old baby girl.

Discovery of Bodies.

The Burnham house is situated at Dale street and Harrison place, and the two houses next to it on Dale street are vacant. Directly in the rear is the Wayne home and close to it is that of Evans. The discovery of the bodies was made by a neighbor who called at the Burnham home. Not getting any response and noting a strong odor she forced an entrance. The bodies of Mrs. Burnham and those of her two children were found in their beds, which were covered with blood, and the walls and ceiling were also spattered. The woman rushed to the street and gave the alarm. Instantly a dozen persons went to the Wayne home, where there had been no signs of life since Saturday, and the same scene was presented. In the bodies of Mr. and Mrs. Wayne and their baby, all horribly mangled as in the case of the bodies of the Burnham house. That such a crime had been committed in

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HUSBAND AND FORMER SWEETHEART ACCUSED OF MURDERING WOMAN

Each Glares Malignantly at the Other as Led Into Cells

COUNSEL ENGAGED

LEESBURG, Ga., Sept. 20.—Each accusing the other, two men are prisoners tonight in the same tier of cells in the little Lee county jail charged with the murder of Mrs. Etta Richardson Childers at Smithville on Aug. 15 last. One is the victim's husband of six months, the other her former sweetheart, R. C. Kennedy. Childers and Kennedy were brought face to face with each other today, as the former was being led to his cell following his arrival from Americus, where he was arrested yesterday. The erstwhile rivals glared malignantly at each other for a moment and Childers then passed on to his cell to await formal arraignment.

While greatly cast down by his arrest young Childers seems confident that he will be able to clear himself of the serious charge against him at the preliminary hearing here tomorrow. Several lawyers have been engaged to defend him and relatives of Kennedy have also employed counsel to look out for the latter's interest.

SALISBURY CLUB RAIDED

SALISBURY, N. C., Sept. 20.—The Metropolitan Club in Salisbury was raided today by Sheriff J. P. McKenzie and Capt. Frank Caudle, of the police force, as a result of which five men are under arrest charged with violating the club laws of North Carolina. G. L. Klutz, J. A. Punderburk, two white men arrested, gave bond while the others implicated in the trouble, went to jail for lack of bondsmen.

ARBITRATION TREATIES GIVEN SPECIAL MENTION IN PRESIDENT'S SPEECH

Declares that He Believes Majority of Senate Prop- er is For Them

GREAT RECEPTION

MARQUETTE, Mich., Sept. 20.—President Taft, the first president of the United States to set foot on the shores of Lake Superior, ended his two days visit to the upper peninsula of Michigan today and tonight is retracing his line of travel from the north. He is due in Grand Rapids early tomorrow morning and while there will deliver one of the most important speeches of the trip—a defense of the veto and of the wool and free list and cotton tariff bills.

The president plainly was pleased with the warmth of his reception here. The atmosphere was surcharged with politics throughout the day but Mr. Taft steered clear of the subject. His principal address was appeal for popular interests and support of the general arbitration treaties with Great Britain and France. Mr. Taft, listened, however, to a good old-fashioned republican campaign speech from Representative Young in which the speaker took occasion to make a few remarks about different brands of progressivists. Senator Townsend, of Michigan, denounced Mr. Taft's class as belonging generally to a class of selfish politicians. It was in introducing President Taft to an immense throng under a three ring circus tent that Mr. Young made his address. He referred to Mr. Taft. When Mr. Taft arose to respond a man in the rear of the tent, said: "You're all right." "I'm glad to be assured," laughed the president. Mr. Taft did not follow Mr. Young's lead. He said he was somewhat embarrassed by the sit-

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CHAMP CLARK'S CLARION CALL FOR DEMOCRACY TO REMAIN UNDIVIDED

Says That Parting of The Ways of The Republican Party Has Come and That Democrats Are Cheerful, Hopeful, Confident and Aggressive—Great Battle of 1912 to be Fought on Democracy's Splendid Record.

LAWRENCEBURG, Ky., Sept. 20.—

Triumphant democracy is now the resounding theme of every tongue. After seventeen years of wandering in the wilderness we this day stand upon Mount Victory and look into the promised land which we will enter and possess in 1912. So declared Champ Clark, speaker of the national house of representatives, in an address here today. Mr. Clark was born near Lawrenceburg March 7, 1850, and until today had not been there since he taught a country school. Continuing his message to democracy the speaker said: "The democrats everywhere are cheerful, hopeful, confident, united and aggressive, while our republican friends are sad, hopeless, despondent, on the defensive and split into bitter factions constantly at each other's throats. From ocean to ocean they are fighting each other like the cats of Kilkenny. President Taft, leading the standpat faction, while Senator Robert Marion La Follette—'Fighting Bob,' as his followers love to call him—heads the insurgents. With them it is war to the knife and the knife to the hilt.

Destroying Each Other.

"They are so thoroughly destroying each other that sometimes it seems that all we have to do is to stand still and see the salvation of the Lord; but wise democrats are not in favor of standing still or of depending on republican factionalism to give us the victory next year. On the contrary we should continue as we have begun, press forward, advance our banners, keep everlastingly pounding them, pass more good bills until we have carried out our entire program and force the president to sign or veto meritorious democratic measures, which are designed to promote the prosperity, happiness and safety of

the American people. That is a policy which will win and which deserves to win.

"Why We Won in 1910."

"One of the chief reasons why we won in 1910 was that the democrats and insurgent republicans in congress kept constantly hammering on the broken promises of the republican standpaters, and upon their course of the righteous demands of the people. We appealed to the country on that record, and won an astonishing victory which, let us hope, is only the beginning of a long series of victories for lower taxes, for greater economy, and for better government.

"The new democratic house has made a record so splendid as to surprise our friends and dumbfound our enemies. No house has in a generation achieved so much constructive legislation of such a beneficial character in so short a time, notwithstanding the fact that we had been sneered at for years as being a party of mere negation and utterly destitute of constructive statesmanship. That sneer is now frozen on the faces of the sneerers. That gib disturbs nobody any more.

"The great battle of 1912 must be fought on the splendid record of the democrats in this congress and upon that record we can win not only next year but for years to come.

Duty Sublime.

"Duty is the sublimest word in our vocabulary. To do one's duty honorably is the greatest achievement in statesmanship or in any other field of human endeavor. To their eternal credit be it said that the democrats of the sixty-second congress at the extraordinary session discharged their duty to the utmost and deserve well of the country."

Mr. Clark reviewed some of the

party accomplishments, and said:

"What we did at the extraordinary session is only an earnest of what we will accomplish at the next two regular sessions.

"The very best and most important result of the extraordinary session was that we formed the habit of acting and pulling together, and have come to take pride in so doing.

Why Reciprocity Passed.

"We did not pass the reciprocity bill to please President Taft, but because it will help to lower the tariff. But defective as it is, the reciprocity bill is a step in the right direction—that is, in the direction of reducing the high protective tariff to a revenue basis. That is one reason why democrats supported it. Another reason is that we believe it will benefit the American people, and at the same time benefit our Canadian neighbors.

"The president's veto of the statehood resolution was made upon doubtful constitutional authority. After an enabling act is passed and after a territory, in conformity therewith, has adopted a constitution providing a republican form of government, she is entitled to admission. In his veto the president claims that the principal point at issue was the recall, particularly the recall of judges. He is entirely mistaken.

"The provisions to go into a state constitution do not depend, under the federal constitution, upon the whim, prejudice or taste of the man who happens to occupy the white house, or of the men who happen to be representatives or senators in congress, but upon the will of the voters of the state itself, but the president seems to be laboring under the delusion that he knows better what the people of Arizona want and desire than they

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STATE SUPREME COURT HANDS DOWN OPINIONS

All Cases Decided on Appeal From First to Third Districts

RALEIGH, N. C., Sept. 20.—Eleven opinions in cases on appeal from first to third districts were announced this evening by the supreme court, the list being as follows: Whitehurst vs. Norfolk & Southern Railroad company, Pasquotank county, reversed. Pool vs. Walker, Tyrrell, no error. Braddy vs. Dull, Beauford, affirmed. Mann vs. Gibbs, Hyde, appeal dismissed. Bowser vs. Tarry, Halifax, new trial. State vs. Marable, Pitt, no error. In guardianship Robert Dixon Green, reversed. Carson vs. Bunting Oil company, Pitt, affirmed. Whitford vs. North State Life Insurance company, Craven, reversed. DeBruhl vs. Hood Craven, no error. West vs. Kilkenson, Pitt, no error.

THE WEATHER

WASHINGTON, Sept. 20, 1911.—Forecast for North Carolina, fair Thursday; Friday, increasing cloudiness, light variable winds.

LOUISIANA IN CONTROL OF THE SUGAR MARKET

Claimed That Four Men From There Can Dictate to the "Trust"

NEW ORLEANS, La., Sept. 20.—Louisiana has usurped the center of the stage as far as the sugar market is concerned because of the shortage of the 1911 crop. In the opinion of those interested in the marketing of the product in this city, four prominent commission dealers and planters of Louisiana are now in New York and are said to be in a position to dictate to the so-called sugar trust as to the price of this year's crop in this state. The 1911 crop of Louisiana sugar is estimated at 350,000 tons, about 50,000 tons more than the crop of last year and if disposed of at the present market level would represent a gain of \$17,500,000 as compared with last year's prices. The four men who are now in New York are said to control the sale of about 300,000 tons.

REBELS DEFEATED.

PEKING, Sept. 20.—A dispatch from the Cheng Tu vicerey says that dozens of rebels have attacked Cheng Tu but that the rebels have been everywhere defeated. Troops in the provinces of Hu-Pe-Nan and Sze-Chuen have been ordered to suppress the rebellion.

DISTINGUISHED CITIZEN OF GREAT BRITAIN DEAD

Sir Robert Hart Received Greatest Honors From Chinese Government

LONDON, Sept. 20.—Sir Robert Hart, aged 76, director general of customs in China from 1901 to 1908 and inspector general since 1903, died here today. The director generalship of customs as well as other high honors were conferred upon him as a reward for services rendered the Chinese government in connection with the settlement of the boxer troubles. He returned to England in 1908 when he retired from the Chinese service because of ill-health. Sir Robert Hart was the most potent link between China and the western world. He created its customs service; he gave China a comprehensive tariff and was behind practically every commercial treaty that China made prior to 1909. In recognition of his innumerable services he received the greatest honors in the gift of the Chinese government.

MONEY DISAPPEARS.

SIOUX FALLS, S. D., Sept. 20.—It became known today that a \$10,000 package of currency disappeared from the Sioux Falls postoffice yesterday and has not yet been recovered. No arrests have been made. The entire \$10,000 was in five-dollar bills.

VAINLY PLEADS FOR 'MOTHER' TO KNOW HER LONG LOST BOY

Strange Controversy Develops in Michigan Town as to Man's Identity

SOME SAY IT IS AND OTHERS DECLARE MAY

"Positive" Evidence Brought Forth by Both Sides Scarcely Incontrovertible

NILES, Mich., Sept. 20.—Niles strange controversy over the identity of George A. Kimmel, "who represented himself to be a man long supposed to be dead," was further complicated today. While scores of persons positively identified him as the son for whose supposed death thirteen years ago Mrs. Estella Kimmel received \$1,000 in life insurance, the equal number were as positive that it was not the son. Then Mrs. Kimmel, 70 years old, who had asserted that the man impersonating her son merely to deprive her of the money she has already received and to prevent the payment of \$25,000 more in insurance scrutinized the man who claims her as mother.

Brought face to face with the woman, the "Kimmel" just released from a five-year term in the Auburn, N. Y., penitentiary, stretched out his arms and said pleadingly: "Mother, don't you know your boy? Don't disown me any longer. You know I am your son." Mrs. Kimmel, withdrawing from the man as he attempted to embrace her, stood sternly scanning his face. "No," she said, "I don't see in you any positive resemblance to my son."

Woman's Dilemma.

The meeting took place between the two at the home of Mrs. Henry L. Fox, who already had accepted "Kimmel" as a cousin and positively identified him as the son of Mrs. Kimmel. It was made known that Mrs. Kimmel has no direct interest in any money which the insurance companies refuse to pay on the ground that the son is still living but that a \$20,000 policy is held by a daughter, Mrs. Edna Kimmel Bonnell, and another \$5,000 is held by a distant relative. "I would have no selfish motive in denying the identity of my son if he were alive," said Mrs. Kimmel. For years I have felt sure he was dead and I cannot believe that this man is he. It seems that some mysterious instinct ought to tell me the truth, yet when I look at him I do not recognize him. He only puzzles me. It has almost prostrated me to look upon this strange man and have people insist that he is my son. If I were sure he was my son God knows I would be glad to take him in my arms." Mrs. Kimmel will have another talk with the man tomorrow. "Kimmel" on looking at the woman said he was positive that she was his mother. "I wanted to take her in my arms," he said, "for she looked like the woman as she was. I love her with all my heart and cannot understand why she

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COATESVILLE POLICE CHIEF ARRESTED ON CHARGE OF BEING LAX IN HIS DUTIES

Involuntary Manslaughter Charged to Him for Allowing Lynching

OTHERS INVOLVED

COATESVILLE, Pa., Sept. 20.—The chief of police of this place, one of the subordinates and two residents of the borough were arrested this afternoon as the result of indictments returned today by a grand jury that investigated the burning to death of Zack Walker, a negro murderer, near this place on Aug. 13. The jury returned indictments against Chas. E. Umsted, chief of police of Coatesville, and Stanley How, a policeman, charging them with involuntary manslaughter; Richard Tucker, an insurance agent, and Walter Markward, the latter two being charged with murder. Judge Burns, to whom the grand jury made its presentation, admitted the two police officers to bail in the sum of \$2,000 each and committed Tucker and Markward to prison without bail. Bail was furnished for both policemen. The grand jury in its report held that the chief of police was lax in his duty on the night of the lynching and that Pooleman Howe, who was guarding the negro at the hospital where he was taken by the mob, made no effort to prevent the lynching from getting their victims. The other two men are charged with being active spirits in the mob. The report of the jury criticized the police force of Coatesville for its inactivity in not preventing the lynching and also arraigned the citizens of the borough who, they claim, hampered the investigation by their unwillingness to testify concerning the identity of those in the mob.