

WALSH WON'T TRY TO BECOME "COAL KING OF THE WEST"

Declares he is Through Fighting For Supremacy in the Financial World

WELCOME BY WIFE AND CHILDREN'S FAMILIES

Says he Has Not Another 30 Years in Which to Fight For Prominence

CHICAGO, Oct. 15.—John R. Walsh, ex-banker and former head of a score of railroad enterprises in this vicinity, who was paroled Saturday from the Fort Leavenworth federal prison after serving part of a term of imprisonment following conviction of the charges of intrusion of national banking laws, spent today at his home here and tonight he outlined his plans for the future.

Quits Fighting. "I do not contemplate any sensational financial fight; I do not apprehend my entry into the business world again will be a matter of apprehension or anxiety to those now engaged in business," he said tonight. "I have quit fighting."

"All I want to do now is to get a little rest at home, get a new line on the tangled threads of the business enterprises I am interested in since the adjustment of the clearing house note and get those enterprises in what shape I can. After things have been straightened out, I do not know just what I shall do. Certainly I shall not make any attempt, as has been reported to become the 'coal king of the west.' I take it the coal 'dynasty' is rather complete as it is."

The former banker arrived in Chicago from Kansas City today and went directly home, where he was welcomed by his wife and the families of his children. The day was spent quietly at home where several of his friends visited him.

CARDINAL GIBBONS RECEIVES HOMAGE OF GREAT LEADERS

In Cathedral Where Fifty Years Ago he Was Ordained Priest and 25 Years later Received Red Beretta Of Cardinal—Eloquent Tributes.

BALTIMORE, Md., Oct. 15.—In the cathedral here where fifty years ago he was ordained a priest, then successively consecrated a bishop, invested with the pallium of an archbishop and twenty-five years after his ordination, received the red beretta of a cardinal, James Cardinal Gibbons, archbishop of Baltimore, today received homage from illustrious prelates and laymen from all parts of the United States and foreign lands. The ecclesiastical celebration of the cardinal's dual jubilee began this morning with pontifical high mass, celebrated by the cardinal, with Rev. Dr. William A. Fietober, rector of the cathedral as deacon, and Rev. P. C. Gavan, chancellor of the archdiocese.

Archbishop Glennon. The sermon of Archbishop John J. Glennon of St. Louis, was a glowing tribute to the cardinal's life and achievements, covering the period of fifty years which have elapsed since his eminence was ordained a priest in 1861.

In the course of his remarks the archbishop turned to the subject of education, expounding the Catholic idea of the question. He held that the aim of education is the acquisition of truth, as opposed to the obtaining of knowledge, which is merely the accumulation of facts.

"But we differ, however, when it comes to the question of determining wherein true education lies. The Catholic idea is that the aim of education is the acquisition of truth; the others that it is merely the obtaining of knowledge. We hold that its curriculum should include truth Catholic and universal, natural and revealed; the others that it should be confined to scientific knowledge chiefly of materialistic order. We furthermore hold that the imparting of truth should be in the order in which truth comes to us, and first should be the 'first cause,' our Father who is in Heaven, and after that whatever nature, science, or history may

sell us; preserving a unity in all truths, imparting and giving to that education therefore a logical form and development. "It is on these broad lines that the Catholic educational system of America has been projected, and these last fifty years mark practically its beginning, its growth and its present-day magnificent proportions."

The decorations were confined to the sanctuary. The main altar was ablaze with hundreds of candles and radiants with thousands of Bernadine lilies. Over the altar were the arms of the church with the dates of the jubilee, 1861, 1886 and 1911, under them was the Latin motto: "Jubilaeus Deo Satisfaci Nostro"—"Let us Rejoice Unto God, Our Savior."

The government refuses to reveal the number or the destination of the troops who are being sent southward. Beginning tomorrow only a single first train will run daily between Peking and Tientsin-Pu, about 70 miles to the southeast of the capital.

Following the mass, dinner was served to the visiting clergy at St. Mary's seminary. In response to a toast proposed for Pope Pius Archbishop Falconio, of the papal delegate, said that up to the time of the present pontiff's election, "society at large was distracted by a spirit of innovation and unwholesome liberty that a vastly extended and most dangerous organization of modern creeds was undermining the fundamental

FOREIGNERS TO BE RESPECTED. WASHINGTON, Oct. 15.—Responsibility for the foreigners and their property has been assumed by Commander in Chief Li of the Hupai army of the Chung Hua people's government, according to a dispatch received today by the department of state from the American legation in Peking.

While declaring that existing treaties will be respected and existing rights of foreigners protected, the insurgent leader serves notice that all articles supplied by foreigners to the imperial government will be confiscated and treaties that may in future be negotiated with the imperial government officials will be repudiated.

THOUSANDS DYING FROM STARVATION IN KIANG-SU FOLLOWING BAD FLOOD

Situation Expected to Augment Greatly Spread of Revolution

SITUATION TERRIBLE

VICTORIA, B. C., Oct. 15.—News was brought by the steamer Empress of Japan that thousands are dying of starvation in Kiang Su, along the Yang Tse, following the floods and the situation was expected to augment greatly the spread of the rebellion. The whole of the country was under water, according to refugees. Corpses were floating everywhere and famine stricken refugees were dying daily from disease. In places the Yang Tse was 35 miles broad and floating bodies of which straying dogs were feeding were seen in numbers. An officer of one of the gunboats (tells of seeing a number of mutilated corpses in uniform indicating the fate of some imperial soldiers at the starving peasantry. Between 60,000 and 70,000 refugees probably from Anhui were gathered at Nanking. Their condition was appalling, owing principally to the ravages of disease. Cholera was raging among them and typhus was said to be equally bad, beside other forms of pestilence. The death rate was reported to be between 200 and 300 daily. Food has been sent to them but it was almost impossible for medical aid to effect any relief.

RUSSIAN GUNBOAT TO HANKOW

ST. PETERSBURG, Oct. 15.—The Russian gunboat Mandour, has been ordered to proceed from Vladivostok for Hankow. The Russian consul at Hankow has ordered the departure of the women and children from that city and they are being conveyed by a German firm to Shanghai.

1,000 WITNESSES SUMMONED

BILOXI, Miss., Oct. 15.—More than a thousand witnesses have been summoned to appear before the federal court which will be convened at Biloxi tomorrow to testify in twenty suits brought by the government against accounts of timber depredations. Damages aggregating three and one-half million dollars is asked.

TRANSCRIPT OF NELSON'S EXAMINATION READ MANY TIMES BY TRIAL JUDGE

Principal Figures in Dynamiting Case Rested All Day Yesterday

TO REAL WORK TODAY

LOS ANGELES, Cal., Oct. 15.—Judge Walter Bordwell, before whom James B. McNamara is being tried on indictments charging murder in connection with the explosion of The Times building, occupied himself today with the study of the answers made by Tatesmen Z. T. Nelson when examined on the subject of labor warfare. Tomorrow after a brief address by Jos Scott, associate counsel for the defense, the court will decide upon the challenge of the defense that Nelson is biased against the man on trial. The principal figures in the case rested today, no conference or other developments materializing. Judge Bordwell read and reread today the transcript of Nelson's examination and when Mr. Scott concludes the arguments of the defense in opposition to Nelson it is generally expected that the court will be able to answer its ruling immediately. "We have explained our principal objections to Nelson," said Clarence S. Darrow, chief counsel for the defense today and on the judge's decision will depend whether or not we can get a fair jury consisting of men who have not prejudged the defendant."

The importance of the ruling on Nelson's competence to act as a juror is admitted by both sides. The defense if its challenge is allowed intends to inquire closely into every telegrapher's views on the warfare between capital and labor as it considers that opinions on these subjects will be the chief factor in the minds of jurors.

The defense holds that Nelson's answers clearly indicated that by reason of his conclusion on personal investigation that The Times disaster was caused by dynamite he would be hard to convince that the destructive agency was gas. Both James B. McNamara and his brother, John J. spent the day in solitude in their cells in the county jail. They had no visitors except a priest. John J. whose trial is expected to follow that of James B. is continuing

EARTHQUAKE OF BRIEF DURATION AT SICILY KILLED AND HURT MANY

Collapse of Buildings in Districts Affected Was Cause of Deaths

TROOPS DESPATCHED

CATANIA, Oct. 15.—An earthquake of brief duration occurred in Sicily today. The strongest shocks were felt at Giarre, at the east base of Mt. Etna, Macchia, Guardia, Roudinella, and Santa Venerina. At Guardia and Santa Venerina several houses collapsed and two persons were killed. At Macchia a church was demolished. Considerable damage also was done at Roudinella. Late reports from the districts affected by the earthquake indicate that many persons were killed, probably by the collapse of buildings. Troops were despatched to the work of rescue and succeeded in removing twenty bodies. Eighty persons are known to have been injured.

AVIATOR STOPPED BY WEATHER

VINITA, Okla., Oct. 15.—Transcontinental Aviator C. P. Rodgers, who arrived here last night, was detained here today by adverse weather conditions. He will leave here early Monday morning for Fort Worth, Tex., where he expects to arrive about noon. A heavy south wind which attained a velocity of 26 miles an hour and lasted almost the entire day, was followed by a drenching rain and a thunder storm tonight and flying was considered out of the question by Rodgers. If the weather clears the New York-Los Angeles flight will be continued at daybreak. While here today hundreds of Indians from the surrounding country came to see their first aeroplane. Chief Buffington, the last of the Cherokee chiefs, had a long talk with the bird man.

himself to the proceedings of the present case and today he read in detail the transcript of Nelson's examination. The twelve talesmen were shut up in a room in the hall of records most of the day. They had an automobile spin in the afternoon through the parks.

RESTRICTIONS ON TELEGRAPH LINES IN CHINESE EMPIRE

Hankow Where Revolution is at Its Height Completely Cut Off From World

TROOPS BEING SENT TOWARD THE SOUTH

Government, However, Refuses to Reveal Number of Soldiers on the March

PEKING, Oct. 15.—The Chinese government has placed severe restrictions on the telegraph lines, evidently for the communication between rebels. The telegraph administration refuses to transmit messages either to or from the provinces of Hu-Pei-Hunsan, Kiang-Sai-Chuan, Kwai-Chow and Yunnan.

On this account Hankow, where the revolution is at its height, is cut off. It is not considered possible that the wires have been cut throughout those provinces. Until lately the revolutionaries having free use of the wires, received and disseminated information concerning the progress of their plans in all quarters.

The government refuses to reveal the number or the destination of the troops who are being sent southward. Beginning tomorrow only a single first train will run daily between Peking and Tientsin-Pu, about 70 miles to the southeast of the capital.

This is due to the heavy troop traffic and for the purpose of preventing any great number of rebels from coming into Peking. Passenger and freight traffic has been entirely suspended between Peking and Hankow. So far the government has refused to permit correspondents to accompany the army. Both sides are anxious to know foreigners and it is believed that the government will reconsider this refusal should the imperialists meet with initial success.

The last dispatch received from Hankow said that the revolutionists had organized a Red Cross society and had invited the co-operation of the American Red Cross mission. This invitation was accepted provisionally.

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While declaring that existing treaties will be respected and existing rights of foreigners protected, the insurgent leader serves notice that all articles supplied by foreigners to the imperial government will be confiscated and treaties that may in future be negotiated with the imperial government officials will be repudiated. It is further declared that foreigners will be considered as enemies if they assist the government. Commander in Chief Li's statement was communicated to the foreign consuls at Hankow, who made no reply.

MISUNDERSTANDING OF ORDERS CAUSES WRECK

Seven Persons Killed in Collision of Fast Freight and Passenger

OMAHA, Neb., Oct. 15.—Seven persons were killed and twenty-two injured, four of them seriously, in a collision between a northbound Missouri Pacific passenger train and a fast freight train at Fort Crook, Neb., today, south of this city. The accident is believed to have resulted from a misunderstanding of orders on the part of the freight crew. A relief train was sent to the scene of the accident at once carrying Dr. C. C. Beck, local surgeon for the Missouri Pacific road, and a staff of the Union Pacific surgeons. Shortly before noon the relief train returned here with the uninjured and several of those who were slightly injured. Of these all were sent on their way. The more seriously injured are being cared for at the army hospital at Fort Crook. Governor Gilchrist, of Florida, was a passenger on the northbound train but was uninjured.



WASHINGTON, Oct. 15.—Forecast for North Carolina: Fair Monday; Tuesday in east rains and cooler; Wednesday in east rains and cooler; Thursday light to moderate south winds.

GROUND'S WET BUT SECOND GAME WILL LIKELY BE PLAYED

Rained Yesterday in Philadelphia, but Conditions Improved Last Night. Coombs and Marquard Opposing Twirlers Today if They Play.

PHILADELPHIA, Oct. 15.—Wet grounds may result in the postponement of the second game in the series for the championship of the world, scheduled to be played here tomorrow. Tonight the diamond and outfield at Shibe park, where the next contest between the New York Nationals and the local American league team will take place, is wet and soggy. A bright, clear sky tomorrow would place the field in first-class condition.

Rain fell here today from 8:45 a. m. until 2:15 p. m. During that time according to the official report at the local weather bureau there was a precipitation of .36 of an inch. Early reports today indicated unsettled weather here tomorrow but tonight conditions are greatly improved and hope is expressed that the sun will shine brightly and permit the game to be played as scheduled.

George S. Bliss, the local weather forecaster, made special observations tonight and reported that the indications are that tomorrow will be clear and slightly warmer. He said that showers are headed this way, but that he does not expect any rain until the game is over.

The injury to Third Baseman Baker, which was caused by Snodgrass spiking him, is not serious. He will be in the game tomorrow. McInnes, however, is not expected to play and Captain Davis will again cover the initial sack.

It was announced tonight that Coombs will be Manager Mack's selection for the second game of the series.

The members of the Athletic team reached here late last night and are not downcast by their first defeat. It was announced that Manager McGraw and his players will leave New York for this city early tomorrow.

Baseball writers from all sections of the country received their credentials tonight. Extensive preparations have been made by the committee for the visiting newspaper men. A private room, with a desk and a table, has been reserved for the grounds with accommodations for all writers who desire to do their work before leaving the grounds.

DECLARATION OF PLANS FOR TOBACCO DISSOLUTION

Declared That Working Control of Industry Will Remain Unchanged

NEW YORK, Oct. 15.—Denunciation of the plan for the dissolution of the American Tobacco company, which is to be submitted for approval to the United States circuit court tomorrow, was voiced tonight in three statements given out by counsel in behalf of the National Cigar Leaf Tobacco association. The Independent Tobacco Salesmen's association of America and the Cigar Manufacturers association of America. All declare that under the plan the working control of the tobacco industry will remain unchanged and that it will not restore conditions of competition.

SUAREZ IS MEXICO'S FIRST VICE-PRES.

MEXICO CITY, Oct. 15.—Lacking only the ceremonies of the inauguration, Francisco I. Madero is president of the republic of Mexico. By a vote of the electoral college, which was practically unanimous, he was officially nominated today.

Jose Pino Suarez without doubt will be the vice-president, if not already such. Even if he has failed to get a majority there is now no reasonable doubt that the chamber of deputies will name him as Madero's lieutenant over Francisco de la Barra, who obtained second place in the vote of the electoral college. Francisco Vasquez Gomez was hopelessly distanced. Tonight, accompanied by his wife, Madero left for a tour through the northern part of the republic, which will terminate at San Pedro de las Colinas, a little town in Chihuahua, where he was born 3 years ago. A few watering votes, perhaps 100, were cast for other candidates for the presidency. Among them Porfirio Diaz, to whom some admirers in Coahuila gave one vote.

Emilio Vasquez Gomez, nominated for the presidency by a disaffected group of the anti-electionists, was remembered by an elector here and there. It was impossible tonight to say how large the vote has been. Under the electoral law of division there should be 30,000 members of the electoral college. It is probable that at the general elections on December 1, more than 25,000 were named

WARM TRIBUTE TO JUSTICE HARLAN FROM HIS PASTOR

Funeral of Late Jurist Will be Held Tomorrow Afternoon in New York City

ALMOST INNUMERABLE ANECDOTES RECALLED

Justice Harlan Had Keen Sense of Humor Which Croped Out Even in Court

WASHINGTON, Oct. 15.—The funeral of the late Justice John Marshall Harlan, of the United States Supreme court will be held here Tuesday afternoon from the New York Avenue Presbyterian church, with which the late jurist had been long and prominently identified. The family so announced tonight. The pastor, Rev. Dr. Wallace Radcliffe, will officiate at the services and the pall bearers will be the eight members of the United States Supreme court. (This information, which will be private, will be in Rocky Creek cemetery.) At the morning service at the church today Dr. Radcliffe paid a warm tribute to the dead jurist. After speaking of Justice Harlan's long and prominent membership in the church, Dr. Radcliffe said: "The nation mourns one of its greatest citizens, the judiciary one of its strongest pillars, the church of Christ and the Presbyterian church especially one of its most honored names, this congregation a tower of strength and all of us one of our best and most devoted friends."

Almost innumerable are the anecdotes recalled by Justice Harlan's intimates. The jurist had a keen sense of humor. Even when struggling with complex legal problems the appreciation of the humorous flashed out to illumine the situation, and he rarely refused a joke to the end, Justice Harlan was very fond of the late Justice Peckham. The latter teased him about his Presbyterian membership and in turn was teased about being a democrat. On one occasion Justice Harlan was explaining to his brethren on the bench that he would be forced to absent himself from court on the following day to attend a Presbyterian conference. "You are such a good Presbyterian, Harlan," said Justice Peckham, "that I don't see why you are afraid to die." "I wouldn't be afraid," responded Justice Harlan, "if I were sure that in the next world I would not turn up at democratic headquarters." Justice Harlan resented a story that he was in the habit of borrowing tobacco from Chief Justice White. "I never borrowed a chew from White in my life," said Justice Harlan. "White always borrows from me." One day Justice Harlan was chewing tobacco in a street car he thought the window was open but it was not. He apologized to the conductor. At another time a disorderly individual was creating a disturbance on the car on which the justice was a passenger. "Why don't you put that man off?" inquired Justice Harlan of the conductor with some heat. "It would be against the law," responded the conductor to the noted jurist.

Chewed Tobacco. Justice Harlan chewed tobacco all his life. During the hearing before the Supreme court of the "Tobacco Trust" case last spring, Justice Harlan told one of the tobacco trust lawyers who was addressing the court that all the tobacco he bought these days was either spoiled or adulterated. The story was published and the justice received samples of chew-

ITALIAN COLONY DESTITUTE

ROME, Oct. 15.—A dispatch from Smyrna to the Corriere d'Italia, says the colony of 10,000 Italians there is in a precarious position. All Italian railroad employes have been discharged and the Italian port work is being boycotted. Neapolitan fishing boats in the harbor have been seized and numerous families are destitute. A worse fate is feared for the large number of Italian workmen in the interior of Anatolia.

SMALL TOWN ON FIRE

FT. SMITH, Ark., Oct. 15.—A telephone message received here shortly before midnight tonight stated that the town of Bonanza, 15 miles of this city, was afire.

WEBSTER'S NEW STANDARD (ILLUSTRATED) DICTIONARY COUPON. OCT. 16, 1911. SIX COUPONS OF CONSECUTIVE DATES CONSTITUTE A SET. Cut out the above coupon, with five others of consecutive dates, and present them at this office, with the expense bonus amount herein set opposite any style of Dictionary selected (which covers the items of the cost of mailing, express from the factory, checking, clerk hire and other necessary EXPENSES items), and receive your choice of these three books: The \$4.00 (Like illustration in advertisement elsewhere in this issue) WEBSTER'S New Standard Dictionary on back and sides, printed on Bible paper, with red edges and corners rounded; beautiful, strong, durable. Besides the general contents as described elsewhere there are maps, three-colored plates, numerous subjects by monotype, 16 pages of valuable charts in two colors, and the late United States Census. Present at this office six consecutive Dictionary coupons and the \$4.00. The \$3.00 It is exactly the same as the \$4.00 book, except in the style of binding—which is in illustrated half leather. Illustrated edges and corners. SIX Consecutive Coupons and the \$3.00. The \$2.00 Is in plain cloth binding, stamped in gold and black; has same general contents as described elsewhere in this issue. Present at this office six consecutive Dictionary coupons and the \$2.00. Any Book by Mail, 22c Extra for Postage.