

TO SEEK TO PROVE ALIBI FOR YOUNG BOSTON MINISTER

Special Session of Grand Jury Assumes Aspect of Trial in Richeson Case

WITNESSES FOR BOTH SIDES WESE CALLED

Defense Asserts It Can Produce Intact Poison That Preacher Bought

BOSTON, Mass., Oct. 26.—The special session of the Suffolk county grand jury, which today considered the evidence against the Rev. Clarence V. T. Richeson, in connection with the death by poisoning of Miss Avis Linnell, assumed something of the aspect of a trial because witnesses of the defense as well as government witnesses were called. In all, more than a dozen persons were examined, including those directly connected with the defense, Mr. and Mrs. Moses Grant Edmands, parents of Miss Violet Edmands, the accused clergyman's fiancée, and Robert Burns, head of a local detective agency, employed in behalf of Mr. Richeson.

Other witnesses included Attorney Pelletier, Medical Examiner Leary, Mrs. Edgar Linnell, and Mrs. W. H. McLean, mother and sister of the dead girl; two young women believed to be cashier and waitress in a local restaurant where it has been said Richeson and Miss Linnell dined a few hours before the young woman's death; Dr. Mary Hobart, who attended Miss Linnell; Miss Juliet C. Patterson, superintendent of the Young Woman's Christian association, where Miss Linnell lived, and two of her friends there; Mr. and Mrs. F. H. Carter, at whose residence Mr. Richeson had his apartments; and William H. Hahn, the Newton Center druggist, who says Mr. Richeson purchased cyanide of potassium from him. Several of these persons may be summoned to appear again but it is not probable that Miss Violet Edmands, the minister's fiancée, will be called as she is confined to her home by illness.

ITALIANS LOST HEAVILY AT TRIPOLI, HAVING BEEN EFFECTUALLY ROUTED

Correspondent at First Forbidden to Communicate Extent of Casualties

SEVERAL HUNDRED

MALTA, Oct. 26.—The Italian reverse at Tripoli on October 23, according to steamship passengers, just arrived here, amounted almost to a rout. An Italian outpost during a reconnaissance encountered a Turkish outpost, which retreated. The Italians followed and were suddenly attacked on all sides. Three companies of bersaglieri (light infantry) were totally annihilated. Several officers were made prisoners and mutilated and hanged by irregulars. The return of the remainder of the Italian force, carrying a great number of wounded, by some of the passengers, was forbidden to communicate the extent of the casualties, according to a news agency dispatch received here today from Tripoli, which escaped Italian censorship by being filed at Valetta. The situation at Tripoli, the dispatch adds, is serious. European residents fear a massacre as a holy war has been proclaimed by the natives.

MASSACRE FEARED LONDON, Oct. 26.—Four hundred Italians were killed or wounded in the fighting around Tripoli on Monday and Tuesday but all newspaper correspondents were forbidden to communicate the extent of the casualties, according to a news agency dispatch received here today from Tripoli, which escaped Italian censorship by being filed at Valetta. The situation at Tripoli, the dispatch adds, is serious. European residents fear a massacre as a holy war has been proclaimed by the natives.

GIANTS MORE LIKE PIGMIES IN HANDS OF THE ATHLETICS

Second Successive Championship Goes to Quaker Town—Deciding Game Featured By Fusillade of Hits—Murphy Was Batting Star.

PHILADELPHIA, Pa., Oct. 26.—Hall Philadelphia Athletics, Champions of the world for the second successive year. In an exhibition of batting seldom seen in a premier baseball series, the American League team this afternoon defeated New York in the sixth game of the set, by the overwhelming score of 13 to 2, thus giving them the four necessary games out of the six played to carry off baseball's greatest honor. It was more than a mere defeat for the Giants, it was a rout. Philadelphia is celebrating tonight as it has never before observed a great baseball victory. To defeat New York in revenge for the trouncing the National League gave them the Athletics as winning the world's championship itself.

With the victory goes sixty per cent of \$127,910.61, or \$76,746.37, of which each Athletic player will receive \$2,664.69. The losers will receive the remainder, \$51,164.24, or \$2,436.39 for each New York player. Fine Offensive Work. The batting matinee that the Athletics gave was one of the finest exhibitions of offensive playing seen at Shibe Park in a long time. Coming from behind after New York had scored one run in the first inning, the Athletics tied the score in the third inning, won it in the fourth by making four runs, made it a little safer in the sixth when they added another run and crushed the Giants in the seventh inning under an avalanche of seven hits which with a couple of misplays added seven more runs to the total.

The sensational hitting of all the pitchers the New Yorkers sent in to the box roused the excited crowd to the greatest enthusiasm. With victory in their grasp, the Athletics appeared to let down and when the seventh inning was over the cheering thousands started to leave the grounds. The struggling National League champions sent in three pitchers to stem the tide but all were hit almost alike. Wiltsie getting the worst whaling. The other two were Ames, who started the game, and Marquard, who followed Wiltsie into the box. Thirteen hits for a total of seventeen bases was the total shown by the hit column when the game was over.

Every member of the team got a hit with the exception of Collins, and Bender, but the former made a timely sacrifice that helped to score a run. When the game began today, Catcher Thomas was the only member of the Athletic's team that had not made a hit in the series. He got into the hit column in the seventh inning and the Athletics players themselves cheered Thomas for at last getting to a pitcher. Murray of the New York team, is the only one of its regulars who failed to connect with any Athletic pitcher in the series for a hit.

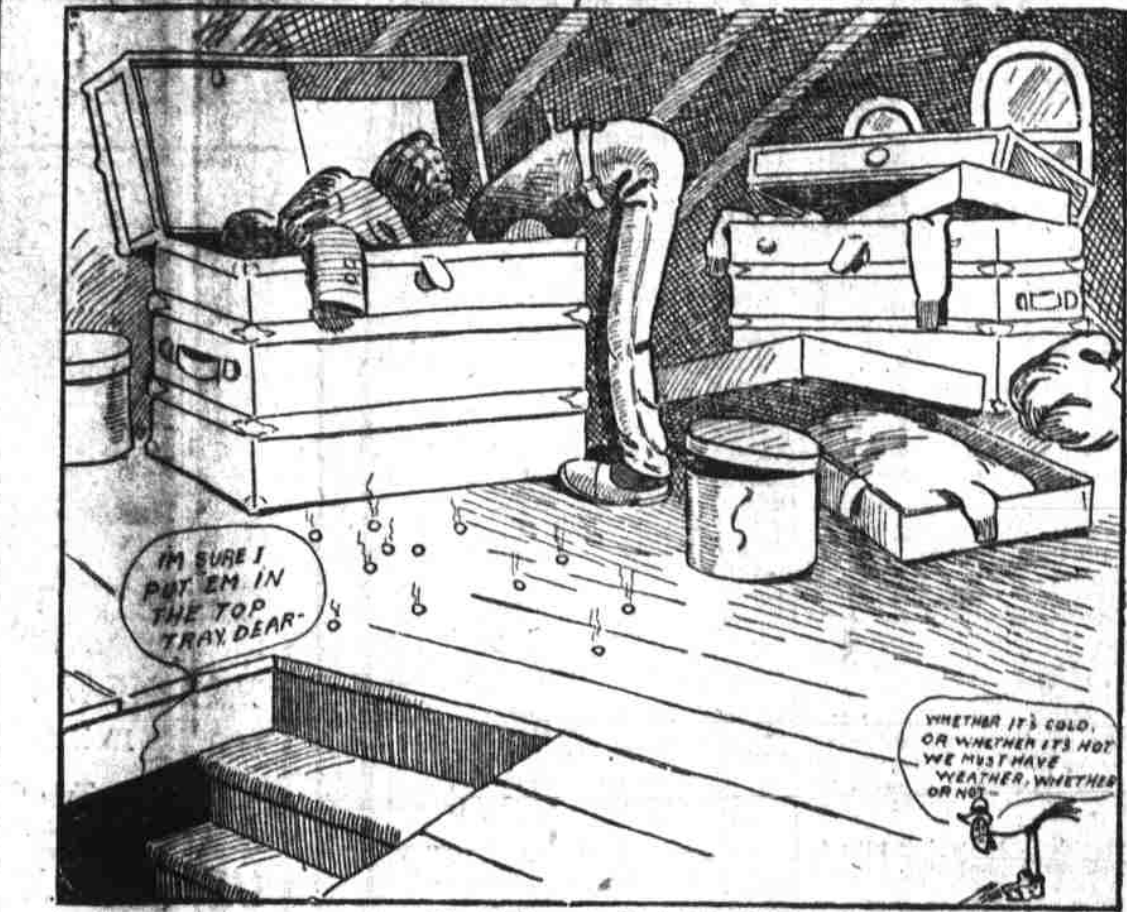
Bender's Great Pitching. To "Chief" Bender, the wonderful Chippewa Indian twirler, goes the credit of pitching the final victory. His work in the box surpassed the exhibition he gave in the first game on the Polo grounds in New York. Three singles and a double in as many innings were all the New York's could garner off his delivery. The two-base hit was made by Doyle in the first inning and he scored later when Murphy muffed an easy fly. From this time the Indian was never in trouble. New York got a single in the third and one in the fifth inning. In the ninth Bender appeared to let down and Herzog hit him for a single and subsequently scored. It was the third game Bender pitched and his second victory in three days.

Despite the terrific hitting on the part of the Athletics, and the fact that a total of eight errors were made by the two teams, the game was brilliantly played. Numerous plays, that brought the cheering crowd to its feet, were made. Dobbie, left fielder for New York, robbed Baker of a sure three-base hit, by catching his long fly in the left field after a great sprint. Collins electrified the spectators by a stop and throw of a terrific grounder back of the second base that no one thought he could reach. The Philadelphia team was charged with five errors and all of them were made on the easiest kind of chances. Two of New York's errors were wild throws which practically started their downfall. The crowd which saw the Athletics win the championship was the smallest of the series, numbering 20,485. But what it lacked in numbers was made up in enthusiasm.

Noise Begins. There was little noise until the third inning when the Athletics tied the score and when the home team cut loose in the fourth and subsequent rounds there was never a lull up in the cheering. Every player was given a rousing hand as he stepped to the plate, rank errors were overlooked and finally the Athletics so far outclassed the Giants in the hitting that the crowd began to cheer in derision every time an Athletic player was thrown out by a New York man. The fourth inning was noisy but it was not a market to the seventh, when ten Athletics stepped to plate to take a crack at the pitching. A bit of sentiment on the part of Captain Harry Davis was cheered when he sent the injured McInnes into the game in the ninth inning. "Stuff" took the last put-out and officially figured in the series. Chief Meyers also retired near the end of the game in favor of Wilson, probably for the same reason.

Before the game began it looked as though Plank would be the pitcher and there was some surprise among the fans when Connie Mack sent Bender into the box. The "Chief" proved that he could pitch more than twice a week. Philadelphia made nine runs and (Continued on Page Three)

Early Winter Sport



Most Time to Put 'Em On

MOST SWEEPING ANTI-TRUST ACTION EVER BROUGHT BY U. S. GOVERNMENT

Dissolution Asked Not Only of United States Steel Corporation, But Against all Constituent and Subsidiary Companies—Leading Millionaires of the Country Are Named as Individual Defendants.

TRENTON, N. J., Oct. 26.—The government's long planned suit to break up the so-called "steel trust" was begun here today in the United States Circuit court. It is the most sweeping anti-trust action ever brought by the department of justice.

The government asks not only for the dissolution of the United States Steel Corporation, but for the dissolution of all constituent or subsidiary companies which are alleged to have combined in violation of the Sherman law to "monopolize or attempt to monopolize a substantial part of the steel business." There are thirty-six subsidiary corporations named as defendants.

Individual Defendants. J. Pierpont Morgan, John D. Rockefeller, Andrew Carnegie, Charles M. Schwab, George W. Perkins, E. H. Gary, John D. Rockefeller, Jr., Henry C. Frick, Charles B. Steele, James C. Converse, and William P. Palmer are named individually as defendants.

The United States Steel Corporation, Carnegie Steel company, Federal Steel company, National Steel company, American Steel and Wire company, of New Jersey, National Tube company, Shelby Steel Tube company, American Tin Plate company, American Sheet and Tin Plate company, American Sheet Steel company, American Steel Hoop company, American Bridge company, Lake Superior Consolidated Iron Mines, all of which were organized under the New Jersey laws, and the H. C. Frick Coke company, Tennessee Coal and Iron Railroad company, and the

Great Western Mining company, are named as corporate defendants. Louis W. Hill, James N. Hill, Walter J. Hill, E. T. Nichols, and J. H. Gruber, are named as trustees in connection with ore companies.

The Steel Corporation's lease of the Great Northern Railroad's ore properties, which the directors of the steel companies formally decided to cancel, is alleged to be illegal. This action of the directors was taken but a few hours before the filing of the bill.

The government acknowledges that it is not seeking the dissolution of corporations, inaction in this respect, but states that under the terms of the lease, no cancellation would be effective until January 1, 1915, and there is no limit upon the amount of ore that can be taken out in the meantime.

Sensational Allegations. Sensational allegations fairly topple over each other in the government's petition which is an equity proceeding praying for injunctions to stop continuance of the alleged monopoly and such other relief as the court may grant.

The steel corporation's acquisition of the Tennessee Coal and Iron company during the panic of 1902 is declared illegal and scathingly criticized. The petition declares that E. H. Gary and Henry C. Frick misled former President Roosevelt when they told him that "but little benefit" would come to the steel corporation from the purchase.

"The president," it says, "was not made fully acquainted with the state of affairs in New York relevant to the transaction as he existed. If he had been fully advised, he would have

WOMAN PROVED HERSELF TO BE A REAL HEROINE

Saved the Lives of Eight Men, Rescuing Them From Drowning

SAVANNAH, Ga., Oct. 26.—Miss Annie Martus, known as "the waving girl," because she greets all incoming and outgoing vessels with a waving lantern or handkerchief, today proved herself a heroine when she rescued eight men from the river dredge No. 15, belonging to the P. Sandford Rose company, which burned in the Savannah river. One man is missing and is believed to have lost his life on the burning boat. When the dredge caught fire the thirty-two men on board sought safety in flight. Eight of them, a small pontoon moored alongside the vessel, got away. They were being rapidly carried to sea when their cries for assistance were heard by Miss Martus. Jumping into a boat, she rowed to the scene and took the pontoon in tow. The other survivors later were rescued from the marsh.

RIOTING AND DISORDER EXPECTED AT ELECTION

American Interests Will be Protected in Honduras by Gunboat

MOBILE, Ala., Oct. 26.—Advices received here today from Honduras on the arrival of the British steamer ship Lillie, are to the effect that rioting and general disorder is expected to accompany the presidential election in that republic next Sunday. To protect American interests there the American gunboat Wheeling has been dispatched to Puerto Cortez and is now in port there. Manuel Bonilla, who was at the head of the recent revolution which was brought to a bloody close with the election of provisional President Beltran, to act until a president could be elected, is expected to be chosen president by a heavy vote. Bonilla is progressive and wide-awake to the country's needs, it is stated, and is popular throughout the country. Former President Davila, also is reported to be a candidate for the presidency, his main strength being in the interior country.

ENDED LONG, HARD TRIP IN VERITABLE DELUGE

Eight Individual Cars, one Team Had Perfect Scores at Finish

JACKSONVILLE, Fla., Oct. 26.—In one of the hardest rains experienced in this section in many months, the Glidden tourists reached the end of the 1911 tour here shortly after noon today. Despite the heavy downpour the visitors were met on the outskirts of the city by more than one hundred local automobiles and headed by a brass band, paraded through the city before being checked out. The Maxwell team, the only team entry to come in with a perfect score, was awarded the famous Glidden trophy. Eight individual cars came in with perfect scores, including that of Miss Marks, of Athens, Ga., the only woman driver in the tour. Tonight the visitors were entertained at a banquet at local hotel and smoker at the board of trade rooms. Many of the cars will be shipped back North by steamer. Today's run of eighty-six miles from Live Oak, Fla., to Jacksonville, was one of the hardest stretches encountered by the tourists on account of heavy roads, but fortunately none of the cars came to grief.

TO CONTINUE EXPERIMENTS. KILL DEVIL HILL, N. C., Oct. 26.—In the hope of meeting with a forty-five or fifty mile wind, Orville Wright announced today that he probably would remain here throughout next week to try out his glider, with which he is experimenting to discover some means of automatically maintaining the equilibrium of a heavier-than-air machine while in flight. The approach of the West Indian hurricane is believed to have prompted Mr. Wright's decision, although he had announced that he would abandon the tests Saturday.

SWINDLER DESERTS BRIDES PARIS, Oct. 26.—A man named Schilman and a woman named Turrier, who passed as his daughter, were sentenced to eight and to two years imprisonment and to a fine of \$100 in the Paris law courts yesterday afternoon for an amusing marriage swindle, out of which they had made \$10,000 in the course of a few weeks.

FIGHTING WILL END BY SURRENDER TO DEMAND OF REBELS

Throne Complies With all Demands Recently Made by National Assembly

SHENG HSUAN HUAI IS GIVEN HIS DISCHARGE

Manchus Mean to Offer Constitutional Gov't to People to Stop "War"

Peking, Oct. 26.—The throne today surrendered to the Tau Chang Yuan, China's national assembly, and in compliance with its demands dismissed Sheng Hsuan Huai, minister of posts and communications; ordered Prince Ching, president of the cabinet before a board of inquiry, where he doubtless will be severely dealt with; released from custody the president of the Sze Chuen provincial assembly and other leaders in the riots at Cheng Tu, and, in fact, agreed to all that the assembly asked, with lack of dignity inconceivable to western observers. The edict promulgating these orders has been read with rapt by the foreigners, especially those who were associated with Sheng Hsuan Huai in negotiations for loans and reforms which brought about his downfall. Sheng Hsuan Huai has been stripped of his rank, Prince Ching, the prime minister, and Na Tung, and Hsu Shi Chang, vice prime minister, as well as several viceroys, have been handed over to an inferior board for consideration as to their guilt in causing the present rebellion, while members of the provincial assembly, who provoked the uprising in Sze Chuen have been released from prison.

"Throne Acted Wisely." The edict repents over the throne's seal the allegations and charges made against the minister of posts and communications, and others made by a heated, radical and controlled assembly, but Chinese affairs cannot be judged by western standards. It will be considered here, however, that the throne acted wisely, that it recognized its defeat and submitted to force. Even the degraded ministers are not likely to bear serious ill-will. The appointment of Tang Shao Yi to succeed Sheng Hsuan Huai is believed to forecast to appointment of Yuan Shai in the cabinet, if not the premiership. With the prospect of Yuan Shai Kai, who is a Chinaman, leading the country, now ruled by the national assembly, it is evident that the Manchus mean to offer to the people complete and immediate constitutional government in return for cessation of hostilities. It is reported that Yuan is already negotiating with the rebels. Members of the legations, who are old in experience in Chinese affairs, would not be surprised if the revolution terminated on these lines, practically without further fighting.

"UNWRITTEN LAW" LIKELY TO BE DEFENSE OF MRS. M'REE IN TRIAL FOR LIFE

Jury Completed Last Night Interest Centers in Woman's Testimony

JURY OF YOUNG MEN

OPELOUSAS, La., Oct. 26.—After four days of wrangling over testimony by opposing counsel the jury was completed at 9:40 tonight in the case of Mrs. Zoe McRee, for the alleged murder of young Allan Thurman Garland, who was killed in her home here on September 21 last. Contrary to expectations the jury was not locked up but Judge Peavy, instructed them not to permit any person to discuss the case with them, and ordered that they should not discuss it with each other. The jurymen are all under thirty-six years of age and all but three are married. At 10 p. m., court adjourned until 10 o'clock tomorrow.

Alexander Richards, the seventh juror sworn, today testified that he could neither read nor write. With the near approach of the testified stage of the trial, interest is directed toward the details of the homicide itself and to the possible efforts of the prosecution to attack the character of the defendant. Coroner Lettill will tell of the nature of the wounds found on the body of Allan Garland. Mrs. McRee's testimony will, of course, be the feature of the trial. Except for the statement that she killed Allan Garland because he insulted her, she has not spoken of the details of the tragedy except to her immediate family and to her attorneys. That her defense will be based on the so-called "unwritten law" is not doubted. Mrs. McRee is the first white woman to be tried for murder in the Landry party.