

NEW EVIDENCE IS INTRODUCED IN THE PHAGAN CASE

R. P. Barrett, Machinist, Testifies to Finding Blood in the Metal Room

BACTERIOLOGIST ON THE STAND

Declares He Found Blood on Piece of Wood—Not Sure It Was Human

ATLANTA, Ga., July 31.—Although the fourth day of the trial of Leo M. Frank, charged with the murder of Mary Phagan, 14 year old factory girl, was not productive of anything sensational, the state was able to present some evidence hitherto unrevealed.

Testimony by R. P. Barrett, a machinist, that he had found blood spots on the floor of the room where the state contends Mary Phagan was murdered, and that he also discovered strands of hair upon a table, and a broom which was used to cover the blood spots was distinctly the feature of today's session.

Bacteriologist on Stand. In an effort to further support the theory that the girl was killed in the metal room and later placed in the basement, the state introduced Claude Smith, city bacteriologist, who swore that he found blood upon a piece of wood examined by him, which the prosecution claimed had been found in the metal room.

Continued on Page Six

SEC. M'ADOO TO PUT FIFTY MILLIONS IN SOUTHERN STATES

Takes Unusual Step to Anticipate Money Stringency in Harvesting States

VARIOUS BONDS WILL BE TAKEN AS SECURITY

Secretary Declares That Government Bonds Will be Accepted at Par

WASHINGTON, July 31.—Twenty-five to fifty million dollars of government funds will be deposited in the national banks of the south and west at once by Secretary McAdoo to facilitate the movement of crops.

The motive of Secretary McAdoo in establishing this new policy is to anticipate the money stringency in the late summer and fall, which invariably accompanies the marketing and movement of crops, especially when the harvest now beginning forecasts, he intends to take time by the forelock and prevent or minimize the usual tightness of money.

In a statement today the secretary made the significant answer that government bonds would be accepted at par as security for the new deposits, and that the additional money would be placed only with banks which have taken out at least forty per cent of their authorized circulation.

United States two per cent bonds serving as security for most of the national bank circulation, have been depressed recently to new low market records, dropping to 95 3-4 during the past few days.

The secretary's willingness to accept these bonds at par as security for the twenty-five to fifty millions of promised deposits and the inducement to the national banks to increase their circulation up to the forty per cent limit is expected to help in restoring the parity of the depressed 2s by creating a new market for them.

Continued on Page Six

MULHALL HAD WARM TIME ON WITNESS STAND YESTERDAY

Prince of Informers Is Badgered by the Attorneys for Manufacturers' Ass'n

EFFORT TO PROBE HIS PRIVATE LIFE BLOCKED

Charge Is Made That Mulhall Knifed Late Sen. McComas of Maryland

WASHINGTON, July 31.—To an accompaniment of arguments between counsel and members of the committee, between democratic and republican committeemen, and between Martin M. Mulhall and everybody connected with the case, the session of the cross examination of the alleged lobbyist for the National Association of Manufacturers proceeded haltingly before the senate investigating committee.

In the five hours Mulhall was on the stand, about 116 questions submitted by counsel for the association were put to him by Chairman Overman, Robert McCarter and James A. Emery, attorneys for the association, were asked the right to cross-examine the witness directly, but after much debate were permitted to submit questions based upon replies the witness made to queries already submitted.

Senators Reed, Walsh, Cummins and Nelson were almost at swords points on several occasions, but peace always was restored without an open break and any ill feeling that existed was laid away for future reference. Mulhall himself, always an interesting witness, ready to make comments upon the attorneys of the National Association of Manufacturers or its officials, surprised himself in spite of continual warnings by the chairman.

For the first time in history the government will accept prime mercantile paper as security for deposits. This privilege will be granted, answered the secretary, in order to make these special deposits available to the banks on securities readily within their reach.

Continued on Page Six

On The Job Again.



PRESIDENT WILSON HAS NOT BEEN SWAYED BY ARGUMENTS ADVANCED BY AMBASSADOR HENRY L. WILSON

Makes it Clear That He Is Unalterably Opposed to Recognition of Government Set up by Huerta—Formulating a Policy Entirely Friendly to Mexico.

Senators Concur in Views.

WASHINGTON, July 31.—President Wilson made it clear to those who discussed the Mexican situation with him today that he had not been swayed in the least degree by the suggestions of Ambassador Henry Lane Wilson in favor of recognition for the Huerta government in Mexico.

The president is formulating a policy which he told his callers today involves nothing that is not entirely friendly in Mexico. He has not yet announced what his program will be, but he is emphatically and unalterably opposed to the recognition, under any circumstances, of the government set up by Provisional President Huerta through the events in which President Madero and Vice-

President Suarez met tragic death. Senators Concur. It developed today that democrats in the senate were concurring in this view and further discussion of Ambassador Wilson's statement before the senate foreign relations committee brought out a general sentiment of opposition to the suggestion of recognition for the Huerta government.

Senator Bacon, chairman of the committee on foreign relations, is of the pronounced opinion that to recognize the Huerta government would be putting a premium on revolution in Mexico. He believes moreover, that it would be an incentive to every revolutionary leader to assassinate the head of the nation with full expectation that his act would receive the approval and official recognition of other nations.

Senator Bacon also is of the opinion that the recognition of Huerta, far from bringing about peace, would be the strongest encouragement to ambitious chiefs. Reflects Wilson's Views. Senator Bacon reflects the views of President Wilson, who has held from the beginning the pronounced opinion that a great moral question was involved, greater than the mere judgment of the acts of a single ruler.

While not referring at the time to any particular nation, the president is known to have had Mexico in mind. (Continued on Page Six)

EIGHT PERSONS DEAD AS RESULT OF EXPLOSION

Of Thirty-five Showered With Blazing Oil, Seven More Badly Burned.

CINCINNATI, July 31.—Out of the thirty-five persons who suffered burns when the explosion of the gasoline tank on Odie Johnson's motorcycle at the Lagoon, Ky., motordrome last night, showered spectators with burning oil, eight had died up to 9 o'clock today. One other, a woman, cannot recover, the attending physicians say, while seven others are in a serious condition and not out of danger.

The explosion occurred after Johnson had collided with an electric light pole and the racer himself was among the first victims. Statements from several of the eye witnesses indicated that Johnson's daring attempt to pass another rider was the primary cause of the accident.

He is said to have come in contact with the machine piloted by G. Hanna of the Cleveland team, while trying to pass the latter on the upper elevation of the track. The impact was slight but enough to force Johnson to head his machine toward the upper railing. He appeared at that time to have plenty of room but the machine seemed to have refused to right itself and crashed into a pole that was some distance beyond the danger mark on the track.

ENGINEER AND FIREMAN KILLED BY DERAILMENT

"Ellen Enn" Train No. 23 Leaves Track Near Livingston, Ky.

KNOXVILLE, Tenn., July 31.—Engineer John Davis and Fireman N. F. Carey, both of Louisville, Ky., were killed and Express Messenger Bridges, also of Louisville, was injured in the derailment of south-bound Louisville and Nashville passenger train No. 23 three miles north of Livingston, Ky., at 11:56 o'clock this morning. None of the passengers were hurt, though many were much shaken up. Express Messenger Bridges had two ribs broken.

The cause of the accident is unexplained. The locomotive, express, baggage, mail and two passenger coaches left the rails, the locomotive overturning. Train No. 23 runs between Louisville and Corbin.

WILL INVESTIGATE FIRE. JACKSON, Miss., July 31.—Governor Brewer, Superintendent Garthins and Trustee Thomas of the prison board, will go to Oakley prison tomorrow to institute a rigid investigation into the cause of the recent fire in which thirty-five convicts were burned to death.

THE WEATHER. WASHINGTON, July 31.—Forecast for North Carolina: Occasional thundershowers Friday and probably Saturday.

AMENDMENT CREATING AN ADVISORY BOARD IS WORKED INTO GLASS BILL

Chairman Glass Succeeds In Uniting Elements Opposing Currency Measure.

EAGLE'S OPINION.

WASHINGTON, July 31.—Events crowded upon each other today in the progress toward completion of the Glass currency bill in the house committee on banking and currency. Chairman Glass, following out his agreement yesterday with Secretary McAdoo, obtained the adoption of an amendment in the democratic conference for the creation of an "advisory board" of twelve bankers, whose privilege it shall be to confer at regular intervals with the federal reserve board that would be created under the new currency plan.

Chairman Glass also presented his proposal to prohibit interlocking directorates among national banking institutions. This amendment was carried over without action until tomorrow.

During the day Representative A. Mitchell Palmer, chairman of the democratic caucus, sent out a call for a currency caucus August 11 to take up the bill. Democrats were unable to predict the condition in which the Glass bill will go into the proposed caucus. Efforts will be made at the committee meeting tomorrow to perfect the measure as nearly as possible, but several majority members of the committee are radically opposed to its provisions and refuse to give it their endorsement.

Representative Eagle, of Texas, one of the democratic members, today issued a long digest and criticism of the bill, declaring it would "fundamentally bad," that it would sacrifice the country banker to the city banker and that it would place dangerous control of the country's welfare in the hands of a few men.

Another development of the day was the demand for an investigation by the house committee of Secretary McAdoo's charge that the New York bankers are engaged in trying to depress the value of government two per cent bonds in order to create sympathy against the currency bill.

Continued on Page Six

SOUTH IS HELD UP AND ROBBED BY NEW YORKERS SAYS SENATOR TILLMAN

Says Unless Congress Provides Speedy Relief the Planters Will Suffer.

STRONG STATEMENT

WASHINGTON, July 31.—Senator Tillman, in a public statement tonight, declared that unless congress provided relief within sixty days, southern cotton planters would "be robbed of a hundred million dollars or more" on account of the inability of southern bankers to get money from New York "pirates." He urged that some kind of a resolution be put through immediately to afford temporary relief, and that the house banking and currency committee "stop squabbling" and allow permanent currency legislation to be enacted.

Senator Tillman expressed the hope that the committee would work a practical scheme to inspire confidence in the business people of the country so that they would lend to the banks on satisfactory collateral.

"Secretary McAdoo is well informed as to the business conditions in the United States and I am willing to leave to his good judgment what is required," said the senator. "Right now there is an emergency, and unless congress acts promptly within the next sixty days the southern cotton planters will be robbed of a hundred million dollars or more by the fall in price of their principal crop, due to the inability on the part of the southern bankers to get money from New York at any price or on any collateral."

"The New Yorkers have our people by the throat as they have had them all these years, since the war, and only congress can give relief. If something is not done, I see no way of saving the people of the south from great loss, unless the banks take the law into their own hands."

Continued on Page Six

DEALERS IN PRECIOUS STONES WARNED TO LOOK OUT FOR STOLEN GEMS

Detectives Hard at Work On Narragansett Pier Robbery.

"INSIDE" JOB?

NARRAGANSETT PIER, R. I., July 31.—The jewels stolen from the summer homes of Charles Cary Rumsey and John J. Hanan are being sought in New York, Boston and other cities where big transactions in precious stones are not uncommon. Large dealers in diamonds have been cautioned against dealing with strangers who have jewelry of great value for sale.

Although the police throughout the country have been asked to watch pawn shops, detectives are satisfied the robberies are the work of an expert gang who are too shrewd to do business with pawnbrokers. The mysterious automobile seen on ocean road Saturday night is the most important clue and after learning all he could about this car, one of the detectives engaged by Mrs. Hanan left for New York today.

"The detectives," said Mrs. Hanan, "are as much of a puzzle to me as the whereabouts of my jewelry. The first word I have had from the detectives was the assurance from the operative today that he learned something very important and was to go to New York at once."

When the detectives began work on the Hanan case they declared that it was an "inside" job. But when a day later the Rumsey cottage was entered, they modified their views and thought they saw the hand of an experienced thief.

Mrs. Hanan has refused to entertain a suspicion against the twenty-two servants in their employ but today she admitted it was possible some of the servants had made acquaintances and thoughtlessly gave information that was later turned to account.

BAILEY IS RECOMMENDED FOR EASTERN COLLECTOR

Senator Simmons Forwards Application and Endorsements to McAdoo.

(By George H. Manning.)

WASHINGTON, D. C., July 31.—Senator Simmons today recommended to Secretary of the Treasury McAdoo the appointment of Josiah William Bailey, of Raleigh, to be collector of internal revenue for the eastern district of North Carolina. While it has been known for some time in well-informed circles that Senator Simmons had practically decided upon Bailey for the position, for some reason or other the matter has been held in abeyance and even now the announcement has not been made from the office of the senator. It is known, however, beyond a doubt that Senator Simmons today forwarded to the treasury department Bailey's application for the office, together with the numerous endorsements received by him from people in the state. It is believed here that there will be no opposition to Bailey's appointment by either the treasury department or President Wilson.

PROTEST AGAINST INCREASES. SPRINGFIELD, Ill., July 31.—Representatives of the 150 local branches of the Tribe of Ben Hur in Illinois assembled in convention here today to make formal protest against the decision of the head officers of the organization, which is a fraternal insurance society with a large membership in the middle west, to increase the rates of assessment. It is probable that the protest will be followed by a court action to restrain the head officers from putting their plans into effect.

MACDONALD ACQUITTED. JUNEAU, Alaska, July 31.—Joseph MacDonald, general manager of the Consolidated Mining and Milling company of Guanajuato, Mexico, and former superintendent of the Treadwell mine here, was acquitted today by the jury that tried him on the charge of having murdered N. C. Jones, a mission worker, on May 14, 1906.

STRIKERS USE RED PEPPER AND HOT WATER AS WEAPONS

Household Utensils Supplement Revolvers and Bayonets in Fight

ALLEGED RIOTERS ARE ARRESTED

Sheriff and Deputies Stir up Hornet's Nest in Copper Strike Region

CALUMET, Mich., July 31.—Incidental to the copper miners strike, hot water, red pepper and various household utensils were used as a supplement to revolvers and bayonets in a fight between deputy sheriffs and men and women inmates of a Hungarian boarding house at Wolverine late today. The battle ended with the arrest of three alleged rioters after troops had rescued the deputies from a threatening mob.

Part of Series. The arrests were a part of a series which the sheriff's office has instituted within the last twenty-four hours in an effort to imprison leaders of the disorders which marked the first two days of the copper miners' strike. Warrants were served in half a dozen mine locations.

The Wolverine posse consisted of Under Sheriff William Heikkila, and four deputies who had a warrant for Louis Soder, proprietor of the boarding house, charging him with being a leader of the party that attacked Gus Olson Tuesday night. The deputies found their man in the cupboard and when Heikkila peered open the door Soder fired a revolver, the powder burning the officers' coat. Heikkila wrested the weapon from Soder and they struggled. Mrs. Soder, the officers say, threw a kettle of hot water at them.

Use Red Pepper. Another woman and two men joined the Soders, throwing red pepper at the deputies and converting chairs, cupboards and other furniture into missiles of offense. Outside a crowd of 200 mine workers had gathered, but the fracas attracted also two squads of state troops. The crowd started to rush the posse and the militiamen drove them back with bayonets. Joseph Sufonia and Andrew Vince were arrested and with Soder were rushed in an automobile to the Houghton jail. Their arrival increased the number of alleged rioters under arrest to twenty. Most of the men have been charged with rioting and inciting to riot but some face charges of felonious assault.

The Western Federation of Miners headquarters has let it be known that every possible effort would be made to provide a successful defense for the arrested men. The union officials denounced the arrests as unwarranted asserting they were based upon exaggerated account of strikers' activities, and that an effort was being made by the operators to "railroad" every prominent local unionist. Seven arrests were made at the Red Jacket location on the northern border of Calumet tonight, when troops stationed on the shaft drove away a crowd of strikers at the home of William Carmichael, a mine foreman. The prisoners were charged with threatening to destroy the house with dynamite.

PROTEST AGAINST INCREASES. SPRINGFIELD, Ill., July 31.—Representatives of the 150 local branches of the Tribe of Ben Hur in Illinois assembled in convention here today to make formal protest against the decision of the head officers of the organization, which is a fraternal insurance society with a large membership in the middle west, to increase the rates of assessment. It is probable that the protest will be followed by a court action to restrain the head officers from putting their plans into effect.

MACDONALD ACQUITTED. JUNEAU, Alaska, July 31.—Joseph MacDonald, general manager of the Consolidated Mining and Milling company of Guanajuato, Mexico, and former superintendent of the Treadwell mine here, was acquitted today by the jury that tried him on the charge of having murdered N. C. Jones, a mission worker, on May 14, 1906.

Cut Out and Send to Contest Department. NOMINATION BLANK Good for 1,000 Votes. The Citizen Automobile and Pony Contest. Name Address Phone No. Only One Nomination Blank for Each Candidate will count as 1,000. This contest is open only to Girls and Boys under 18 years of age.

Good for 5 votes if received by date printed below. 5 VOTE COUPON \$2,500 Automobile and Pony Contest. The Asheville Citizen. Candidata Address Not Good After August 10th. Cut Out Neatly. Do Not Fold.