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ASHEVILLE, N. O., TUESDAY MORNING, JANUARY 11, 1916.

PRICE FIVE CENTS

BRING RESULTS

# CHARLESTON NAV YARD ADVOCATED

Rear Admiral Stanford Says It is Necessary for Smaller Vessels.

BASE FOR TORPEDO **BOAT DESTROYERS** 

Need for Dry Docks Most Urgent Need of the Navy at Present.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 10 .- Continued maintenance of the Charleston navy yard was advocated before the house naval committee today by Rear Admiral Stanford, chief of the bureau of yards and docks. Representative Calloway, of Texas, asked Admiral Stanford if the Charleston yard was

"The Charleston yard;" replied the admiral, "has been substantially de-veloped with excellent drydocks and with certain water front facilities for handling of several smaller naval vessels. Its use also relieves other wards congested."

"Do you think it should be main-tained just for the use of smaller

Base For Destroyers.

"Yes, I think so. It is the base for torpedo boat destroyers on the Atlantic coast. Its mechanical equipment is peculiarly fitted for the kind work done there. There is undoubtedby an advantage in having the kind of work that is done there on the smaller

"You think we should retain all these stations we have on the Atlantic

"Yes, they have a potential value as long as we retain them." Representative Kelly, of Michigan, asked whether it would be possible to

prepare the Charleston yard to accomodate the largest dreadnoughts. "As an engineering project" the admiral replied, "it would be possible, but it would require a great deal of

The admiral said he believed the

need for dry decks the most urgent need of the navy afloat.

With two big docks at New York and at Norfolk, either or both may be required for an independent required for, an indefinite period for some injured vessels, particularly in time of trouble," said the admiral and if we fail to have reserve docks with ample facilities we would have a most serious handicap. We could not clean the bottoms of our ships, nor repair their propellers and sea valves. Where would you put a big dry dock south of Norfolk?" asked Representative Butler.

"I believe Guantanamo is the best suited place," the admiral replied, "and there should be a graving dock at Pensacola with dimensions sufficient (Continued on Page Two.)

#### PRESIDENT AND GREGORY CONSIDER CANDIDATES FOR U.S. SUPREME COURT

Democrat Will Probably Fill the Vacancy Caused by Death of Lamar.

#### NO HOPE FOR TAFT

WASHINGTON, Jan. 10 .- President Wilson and Attorney General Gregory tonight began considering candidates for the vacancy of the United States Supreme court caused by the death of Justice Lamar. They conferred for more than an hour, going over the list of more than fifty men suggested for the place and eliminating many Afterward the attorney general said no decision had been reached, and that the field still was open. A democrat is almost certain to be selected. Officials said tonight that timber had been suggested to practically eliminate the possibility of a reof the present members of the court are republicans.

Former President Taft has been suggested for the vacancy in messages repeived at the white house from many parts of the country, but it is undertood there is no prospect of his be-

ing chosen

Attorney General Gregory and John W. Davis, solicitor general, who have able to both governments should be les been mentioned, are not being considered because, if appointed, they would not be eligible to participate in the consideration of several important cases now pending for the reason that they took part in preparation of the government's argument. The court already includes former Attorney General McReynolds, who is han-

dicapped in the same way. Members of the Supreme courts of various states, and several Federal judges are under consideration. The president is seeking to find as young Germany, which the United States and a man as possible who is qualified. No man over sixty will be appointed, and for this reason several of those whose names have been brought forward are not being considered.

#### **AUSTRIANS SUCCESSFUL** ON MONTENEGRIN FRONT, **BUT BRITISH BEAT TURKS**

Russian Front is Quiet for the Present but Losses at Czernowitz Have Been Appalling on Both Sides—Aeroplane Skirmishes at Saloniki.

LONDON, Jan. 10.-While the Russian front has been quiet during the past twenty-four hours there has been severe fighting in the other war theatres.

On the Montenegrin front the Austrians have been generally successful. They have advanced their positions at several important points despite the handicap of snow waist deep and are showing themselves just as adept as the Montenegrins in mountain fighting which heretofore has been regarded as the particular specialty of the Montenegrin soldiers.

In Champagne the French have repulsed four German attacks. The Germans however have retained foothold at two places in the French advanced trenches. Turks Beaten.

In Persia, British reinforcements on their way to the relief of Kut El Amara have met Turkish forces which were compelled to retire after some heavy fighting

calm on the Czernowitz front is due to the huge losses and resulting demoralization of the Austro-Hungarian army. That there is some basis for this statement is evident from the estimate of the Hungarian newspaper Pester Lloyd that the losses on both sides of the Bessarabian battles so far exceed 175,000 or more than the total British losses in serve as a national park, have now the whole Dardanelles campaign.

Another Hungarian newspaper states, on the authority of a staff report that the fighting on this front has been the bitterest and bloodiest in the history of the war, both sides sacrificing men in a manner without parellel.

Aeroplane Skirmishes.

The Saloniki front is chiefly notable in the day's dispatches as the scene of almost continued aeroplane skirmishes, one of which continued for two hours. The Germans have thus far lost six aeroplanes in this region.

The rumor that the consuls of the Teutonic allies arrested at Saloniki had been released appears to have been without foundation as it is now announced that they have

(CONTINUED ON PAGE TWO.)

#### FINAL AGREEMENT ON LUSITANIA QUESTION BLOCKED BY DETAILS

Some Facts Holding Up Settlement.

OUTLOOK IS GOOD

WASHINGTON, Jan. 10 .- Difficulty in agreeing upon details is holding of the United States government that controversy

Count von Bernstorff, the German ambassador, and Secretary Lansing had another conference today and it was said later that no final agreement been reached although the out-

look was encouraging. While the United States and Germany virtually have agreed upon the essential principles involved, it was learned tonight that until a method of expressing these principles satisfactorily to both sides is found, announcesnough democrats of Supreme court ment of a settlement will be withheld. Count von Bernstorff was informed in publican being appointed. A majority day's conference that the wording of k by Germany and since considered by President Wilson was inade-

quate in certain respects. A feeling of optimism regarding the ultimate outcome of the negotiation apparently prevails both in official and Teutonic diplomatic circles. It is freely predicted that a settlement acceptreached by next Monday, unless unforeseen events intervene

By Monday Count von Bernstorff should receive a reply to a dispatch prepared tonight for the Berlin foreign office. This is believed to contain the results of his latest efforts, and suggestions regarding certain desires of the United States to be embodied in the final settlement.

These suggestions, it was authoritatively stated, had to do solely with questions involved in the subject of re-prisal and the British blockade of Germany both declare to be fllegal. Consideration of public opinion in

the United States and in Germany is 'erstood to be playing an important part in hastening a settlement

ITALIAN AMBASSADOR INFORMALLY INFORMED OF DESIRES OF U.S.

Difficulty in Agreeing on Uncle Sam Would Like to See Guns Removed From "Verdi."

IS BEING DETAINED

WASHINGTON, Jan. 10-The desire up a final settlement of the Lusitania the two three-inch guns mounted on the Italian liner Giuseppe Verdi, now at New York be removed and the vessel depart unarmed upon its return voyage, was expressed informally today to the Italian ambassador, Count Macchi di Cellere, by Secretary Lansing. The secretary's views will be transmitted to the Italian government, and it is said until a reply is received the liner will be detained in port. The ambassador called at the state department twice during the day, coneffect by Secretary Lansing during to- ferring once with Counsellor Polk and later with Mr. Lansing. Although the tentative proposal submitted last there was no announcement after the conferences, it is understood that the American government will adhere strictly to its policy of opposing the carrying of mounted guns under any circumstances by vessels plying out of United States ports with passengers. Under international law merchantmen have the right to mount guns for defensive purposes, but it is not believed that Italy will insist upon exercising this right over the protest of the United States.

> In this connection the question of responsibility for safety of passengers aboard the vessel has been raised. The Italian ambassador, it is said, contends that the guns afford protection to the passengers by defending the vessel from submarines. State department officials on the other hand maintain that the guns constitute an element of danger which would not attend an afraid to expose themselves and there- to do fore gave no warning.



der way for some time for the openbeen practically completed, and the national government, with the co-operation of the Southern Railway company, is laying definite plans to call the attention of tourists and others throughout the country to the advantages that will accrue to them in the way of recreation and pleasure from spending a few weeks of each Western North Carolina. Plans are part as follows: being rapidly evolved to throw open the whole vast forest reserve in the

vicihity as one great park. location during the coming summer.

Preparing Literature,

The United States forestry service ell area free for families and for parties who may desire to spend the summer camping in this wonderful mountain section, where health and recreation may be enjoyed.

Attention will be called to the Mt. Mitchell forest reserve, which has reby the government for the purposes of that the grounds be kept in clean and conserving the timber resources of the sanitary condition. country and protecting the pure water supply of the virgin forest as well as for recreational purposes.

bringing the opportunities offered by the forest reserve to the attention of on the Mt. Mitchell forest reserve.

KITCHIN OPPOSES THE

The Southern Railway company and

who want to be free from town life the opportunity of spending the summer in the mountains, and with the great crowds that will be brought to the mountains during the coming summer it is expected that the mountains will be dotted with summer camps as well as our hotels filled with summer visitors

Unbearable

HE WHO FIGHTS AND

RUNS AWAY-

THINK I COULD

COME BACK.

DID YA?

THAT BEARSKY

Letter From Chief Forester, A letter from Chief Forester H. S Graves to W. H. Tayloe, passenger traffic manager of the Southern railway, offering the hearty co-operation summer camping in the mountains of of the forestry department, reads in "I am very much interested in the

development of the Appalachian national forests for recreational pur-The people in the warm sections of poses. The enjoyment by the public the interior of the United States that of the national forests for all sorts are affected by the heat of the summer sun will have an opportunity of one of their important uses, and amcamping in the mountains of Western ple regulations exist for the purpose North Carolina without any cost for of facilitating this use to the fullest extent. The roads and trails built primarily for the purpose of administration and protection are open to all who desire to tramp or ride through and the Southern railway are getting the national forest, and the only reout a booklet with maps and the like strictions existing are that travelers calling attention to the fact that the observe the ordinary precautions forest service will open the Mt. Mitch- against the burning of the woods or the destruction or injury of timber

or other property. Permits for Camping.

"Free permits may be obtained for temporary camping purposes and it is required only that necessary precautions be taken in building and extingovernment. The forests were secured cutting of green timber be avoided and

"The most important problem in opment of the Appalachian national forests is to provide means for bringthe forest service are co-operating in ing the opportunities offered to the attention of the public.

"In bringing this about, the Souththe public, and will aid campers in ern railway can, I am confident, be estimated the number of persons finding a location for the purpose of of great assistance through the facilicamping during the coming summer ties offered by its organization for the dissemination of detailed information pendent upon them at five thousand.

ONE CENT POSTAGE WILL

"I am authorizing the district for ester to prepare a map and to report upon purchase area, the Mt. the Mitchell, which will bring out the recreational features and explain to the public in detail the opportunities they Travel Maps. "The maps will indicate the main

of the country tributary to its lines.

routes of travel, those portions of the scial interest from the scenic or other recreational standpoints, and the localities which have especial advantages either for tem porary camping purposes or for per manent cottage sites. As soon as these reports have been completed, I shall be glad to furnish you with copies and authorize your use of them for the stimulation of public interest in recreational development.

The opening of the Mt. Mitchell area the nublic will be a great blessing to many who otherwise could not avail themselves of the great climatic and health con ditions that exist in the Mt. Mitchell territory. The altitude in the territory that the governmen will open up is from 2,200 feet in altitude to almost the top of Mt. Mitchell, which is 6,711 feet above sea level.

UNEMPLOYED PARADE.

DENVER, Cole., Jan. 10 .- A mass meeting followed by a demonstration on the state capitol grounds and s parade, was held here today by several cently been acquired by the Federal guishing the campfire, and that the hundred people representing persons

unemployed as a result of prohibition Resolutions were presented Gov. ernor George A. Carlson by a committee headed by William Koch, secreconnection with the recreation devel- tary of the Brewery Workers' union. asking that an extra session of the legislature be called to devise means of furnishing employment for those deprived of their positions.

The Denver Labor council recently prohibition in Denver, and those de-

### GRAND JURY WILL INVESTIGATE EAST YOUNGSTOWN RIOT

Labor Leaders Declare It a Scheme to Depress Stocks.

HIRED "SLUGGERS" AMONG THE RIOTERS

Thomas H. Flynn Says That "Sluggers" Were Identified During Trouble.

company and the ordering home of the Fourth regiment of the Ohlo National guard, called out for strike duty were the developments in the situation here today.

Quiet prevailed in the vicinity of the tube works and employes who reported for duty today were not molested either when entering or leaving the plant. There were no pickets in evidence and the crisis in the situation is believed to have passed.

Many Witnesses

Many witnesses were examined by the grand jury during the day, but according to Prosecuting Attorney A. M. Henderson, no report will be made until the latter part of the week and many more will be called before the probe is completed.

Thomas H. Flynn, general organizer of the American Federation of Labor, who returned here from Pittsburgh today, issued a statement tonight in which he charged that the rioting here last week was a financial scheme to depress the value of stock of the Youngstown Sheet and Tube company so that a merger of independent steel interests can be effected.

"We have evidence that we regard as conclusive proving to us that this entire trouble was caused by paid sluggers, brought to East Young by the Youngstown Sheet and Tube company," Mr. Flynn charged in the statement. "The gunmen who did the shooting were residents of Pittsburgh, understood that these gunmen, twenty-five in number, were deputized by Sheriff Umstead. If this is so the sheriff violated the law.

"I do not think there was any foreign influence involved. I think it was a financial scheme rigged up as the last desperate resort to depress the value of tube works stock so that interests that are trying to form

(Continued on Page Two.)

#### RESTORATION OF MEXICO CITY AS THE CAPITAL IS APPARENTLY POSTPONED

Carranza Intends Staying at Queretaro for Sometime

to Come.

CHIEFTAINS GATHER

WASHINGTON, Jan. 10 .- Restoration of the old capital as the seat of government in Mexico apparently has been postponed indefinitely. Advices both to the state department and the Mexican embassy here indicate that General Carranza will remain for weeks and probably months at Queretaro, making that place his headquarters as he formerly did Vera Cruz.

Military and civil chieftains of the de facto government are gathered at Queretare new for a general conference called by General Carranza, Dispatches to the state department today announced the arrival there of General Obregon and other leaders.

It is expected that after the conference will come the announcement of a new cabin, perhaps including as minister of foreign affairs Juan Sanchez Azcona, who was secretary of Francisco Madero. Luis Cabera, minister of finance, is on his way to problems that it is believed will be discussed is the national finances and

it appears improbable that City, or Eliseo Arredondo, named am bassador here, will be accredited until at Mexico City. It has been under-

ranza as personal representative of the state department.
While the military situation in Mex-

while the military situation in Mex-co has been simplified by the surren-der of the principal Villa forces, it still is far from cleared up and the de facto government has only fairly started the task of pacification.

#### KEATING-OWEN MEASURE BE PROPOSED BY BRITT Against Proposed Stopping

of Shipment of Child Labor Made Goods.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 10-Represen tatives of southern cotton mills, head-ed by former Governor Kitchin of Keating-Owen bill to prevent interstate shipment of goods manufactured with aid of child labor. Mr. Kitchin said the bill was opposed as unconstitutional and unwise

"We of the south oppose this measure because we believe our people who have to work should be permitted to do so," he said. "We have many of this class, and the cotton mills afford them a good opportunity for earning a good living. The people of North Carolina, South Carolina and the south generally are just as humane as any member of this committee. They are making rapid progress in their efforts to better conditions in the milis. Let them do it.

"I recall a dispatch from Boston unarmed vessel. They point out that on January 1, 1915, that 125 persons the liners Yasaka Maru and Persia. were gleaning food from garbage both armed for defense, were sunk. piles. If the north cannot support its presumably by submarines which were poor, you should not expect the south

Congressman Will Introduce Bill for One Cent on Drop Letters Today.

WASHINGTON, D. C. Jan. 10 .bor committee today opposed the cent on all drop letters. In connection with the matter, he stated that he favore a general one cent rate for all letters wherever and however delivered but introduces this measure at this public attention and soon he expects

> cent letter postage. It is his purpose to ask the postal spared in efforts to enforce the rights stood here that Carranza is withhold-committee of the house to grant a of Carolina shippers. Ing the credentials of Mr. Arredondo public hearing on the measure with public hearing on the measure with The governor left tonight for Ashepending the accrediting of the Ameria view of getting some definite action | ville to inspect the highway state conat this session.

to introduce a bill for general one-

STEAMER SAFE.

SAVANNAH, Ga., Jan. 10 .- The British steamer Nigaristan, two weeks the north cannot support its overdue, from Newport, England, armined in port today. She reported for North Carolina: Local rains Nobody eats garbage in the having encountered strong head winds Tuesday; Wednesday cloudy and coldand heavy seas, which delayed heat for probably rain in west portion.

## **GOVERNOR CRAIG ISSUES** LONG RATE STATEMEN

Denies That North Carolina Enjoys Rate Advantage Over Virginia.

RALEIGH, Jan. 10-Governor Craig Queretare from the United States, and Representative Britt will introduce a issued a lengthy statement this even-bill tomorrow for a flat rate of one ing in which he denied claims being go from Mexico City. Among the made in connection with the fight of North Carolina shippers against the a plan to establish a federal bank with new freight rates from Virginia and branches throughout the country. North Carolina points of origin to Although ambassadors have been southeastern territory, that North Carolina alreday enjoys a seven rate dif- States time with a view of bringing the mat-ferential advantage over Virginia ship-ter more directly and impressively to pers, except as applied to a very lim-resent the United States at Mexico ited territory around Atlanta. He insists that North Carolina is entitled to lower rates over the whole territory Carranza occupies the executive chair and says no effort or expense will be

vict camps in that section of the state at his post in Chile.

to determine the future policy as to J. R. Silliman is with General Car-

THE WEATHER.