

WILSON AND MARSHALL

AMID WILDEST CHEERING WILSON AND MARSHALL ARE NOMINATED BY DEMOCRATS

President and Vice-President Again Selected to Lead the Hosts of Democracy in the November Elections—Both Nominations are Made by Acclamation Amid Riot of Cheering and Other Demonstrations by Delegates

BRYAN'S TRIBUTE TO WILSON'S GREATNESS

Declares Present Chief Executive Has Faced More Problems Than Even Jackson—Democratic Party Is United on Woodrow Wilson.

COLISEUM, ST. LOUIS, June 15—President Wilson and Vice-President Marshall were nominated by acclamation tonight by the democratic national convention, the ticket being completed four minutes before Friday.

Contrary to expectations, the convention did not finish its work because the platform was not ready and it will meet again at 11 o'clock Friday morning.

It was announced in the convention that the subcommittee drafting the platform had finished its work but that the entire resolutions committee was not assembled to pass upon it. President Wilson's own plank charging conspiracy among some foreign-born citizens for the benefit of foreign powers and denouncing any political party which benefits and not repudiating such a situation was incorporated in the platform, just as the president had sent it from Washington. It was understood that the president insisted that the plank should be put in the platform in the way he had drawn it.

Never in Doubt.

There never was any doubt of President Wilson's nomination tonight but there was a possibility that some vice-presidential booms might be brought out in opposition to Vice-President Marshall. They melted away, however, when the convention got in session and as soon as President Wilson's nomination had been made a roaring chorus of acclamation, Senator Kern, who re-nominated Mr. Marshall, cast aside a long prepared speech and simply declared:

"I nominate Thomas Riley Marshall, of Indiana, for vice-president."

To President Wilson's nomination there was only one dissenting vote, Robert Emmett Burke, of Illinois, who came to the convention announcing that he was opposed to the president. His vote technically made the president's nomination 1,091 to one.

Coliseum Full.

The coliseum was so full tonight that the fire department took charge of the entrances and permitted no one to come in. William J. Bryan, however, managed to get by and got an uproarious reception. Senator James learned of the Nebraskan's plight and rescued him.

At 9:15 o'clock Chairman James rapped the convention to order. The Rev. W. J. Hardesty, chaplain of the Missouri senate, offered prayer.

After the prayer the crowd renewed its demand for a speech from Bryan.

Senator Thompson moved a suspension of the rules to permit Mr. Bryan to speak. There were some "noes," but the chairman ruled two-thirds had voted in favor.

A committee headed by Senator Kern escorted Mr. Bryan to the speaker's place while the floor and galleries roared their approval.

Senator James introduced Mr. Bryan as "one of the leading citizens of the world and America's greatest democrat."

Mr. Bryan expressed his appreciation of the honor conferred by the invitation.

"Every democratic convention is a love feast to me,"

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Again the Standard Bearer



GREAT RUSSIAN MACHINE STILL DRIVING ALONG AT AN EVEN GAIT.

Crushing Austrian Lines in Its Path—150,000 Teutons Taken Prisoner.

VALUABLE SUPPLIES TAKEN BY RUSSIANS

Austrians Have Evacuated Czernowitz, According to Reports.

LONDON, June 15.—After twelve days the Great Russian offensive against the Austro-Hungarians and Germans from Volhynia to Bukovina shows no signs of slackening. All along the front fresh gains and the capture of thousands of additional prisoners, guns, machine guns and war supplies are claimed by the Russians. Prisoners now exceed 150,000. While semi-official advices from Petrograd give a report that the Austrians have evacuated Czernowitz, the latest Austrian official communication says their troops are making a stand north and east of the city, and at both points have repulsed Russian attacks.

Austrians Entrenching.
In the drive westward from the region of Lutsk the Austrians are counter-attacking or entrenching themselves in new positions for a stand against the Russians.

No reports of gains for either side in Galicia in the region of Tarnopol have come through. Here apparently there is still a deadlock.

On the German end of the northern front the Russians near Baranovichi captured German trenches, but later were forced to give them up. Infantry attacks by the Germans along the Dvina river and the lake region

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LANSING DRAFTS NOTE REFUSING CARRANZA'S DEMANDS ON AMERICA

Is Laid Before President Wilson and May Be Sent Today.

IS SHARP IN TONE

WASHINGTON, June 15.—Secretary Lansing's draft of the note which will refuse General Carranza's demand for withdrawal of American troops from Mexico was laid before President Wilson for his approval today almost simultaneously with receipt of news of another border raid in which the camp of the Fourteenth cavalry at San Ygnacio, Texas, was attacked and three troopers killed.

Punitive steps against the raiders were left to the discretion of the border commanders, whose standing orders are to pursue into Mexico any hot trail they find. The development, however, immediately was called to the attention of the de facto government through Special Agent Rodgers in Mexico City, and will be one of the elements on which the administration in its reply to Carranza will predicate its declaration that the time for withdrawal is not yet ripe.

The anti-American demonstrations throughout the republic, which also will back up this declaration, have worked with the growing seriousness of economic conditions to produce such a grave situation that officials here fear a new internal upheaval soon and have taken further steps to protect Americans. An army transport is being held in readiness at Galveston to proceed to Mexico ports for refugees, another has been ordered to the vicinity of Mexican west coast and the navy transport Hancock, now taking marines to Santo Domingo, will go from that port to Vera Cruz.

The reply to Carranza's note may be sent tomorrow. It is known the note contains vigorously worded refusal to withdraw the troops, pointing out the failure of the de facto government to lend its co-operation in hunting down outlaws. The friendly purposes of the United States are understood to be set forth in unmistakable terms, and it is believed the note also contains a sharp rebuke because of suggestions in the Carranza note which many officials regard as insulting. The Mexican situation is gravely troubling diplomatic circles.

LUIS DE LA ROSA BACKS UP THREAT RAIDING BORDER

With Hundred Men, Attacks Small Detachment of U. S. Cavalry.

THREE AMERICANS KILLED IN ACTION

Americans Seeking "Hot Trail" With Purpose of Chasing Bandits.

SAN ANTONIO, Tex., June 15.—Luis De La Rosa today made good his threat to raid the border, when 100 of his men attacked a small detachment of the Fourteenth United States cavalry at San Ygnacio forty miles southeast of Laredo. His action cost him eight men killed, several wounded and many horses and some equipment. The American loss was three killed and six wounded, as follows: The dead: Private Minaden, Troop M. Private Charles F. Flowers, Troop M. Private Edward Katanch, Troop M. The wounded: Private Thomas Ewing and James E. Reuch, Troop I, seriously; Corporal William Oberlies, Privates William

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PRESIDENT RECEIVES VIRGINIA DEMOCRATS HEADED BY COL. WOODS

Expresses His Pleasure at Resolutions Adopted by Virginians.

AMERICAN SPIRIT.

WASHINGTON, June 15.—President Wilson today received a delegation of Virginia democrats headed by Colonel James P. Woods, of Roanoke, and Rorer James, the state chairman who presented a copy of the resolutions adopted recently at the Roanoke convention endorsing the administration. Colonel Woods told the president that the democrats should make their campaign on the achievements of the administration.

"I had the pleasure of seeing these resolutions when they were printed after the convention," said the president, "and I had already felt the encouragement which they brought me in generous measure, but it is an especially gracious act on the part of the convention to have appointed a committee to come in person to present these resolutions to me. I want you to know, in the first place, that when you do me honors of this sort, you make me feel very proud, but you make me feel also very humble, because in the midst of a great many unexpected difficulties a man can never be sure that he is taking the wisest course. He can only be sure of the motives that prompt him in that course and for the thoughts that lie back of the course."

"I have been saturated in all my life with the traditions of American history and I feel that the spirit that animates a nation is the spirit that its executive ought at least to try to interpret and put into action. That has been my endeavor and that I have won, in acting upon these principles, the affectionate admiration and support of my native state gives me deep and proud gratification."

RAILROAD EMPLOYES WILL VOTE WITHIN MONTH ON WHETHER GREATEST STRIKE IN HISTORY OF RAILROADS WILL BE CALLED

Railroads and Employes in Conference Fail to Reach Agreement and Representatives Leave to Send Out Call for Strike Vote—Vote for Strike Will Involve Over 400,000 Employes of All the Railroads in the United States.

NEW YORK, June 15.—More than 400,000 union and non-union railroad workers of America will vote within a month on the advisability of calling a general strike to enforce their demands for an eight-hour day and time and a half for overtime as a result of the failure by representatives of the railroads and the men to reach a settlement here today after a two weeks' conference.

Hope of adjusting the dispute through the conference faded when

the railroads submitted a tentative compromise offer to the men, granting their demands, but eliminating the majority of existing "double compensation" rules. The conference adjourned yesterday to give the railroad managers an opportunity to discuss further their stand on this point but when they met the men today they not only refused to make a specific offer covering the compensation rules, but advised that their differences be submitted either to the interstate

commerce commission or to a board of arbitration to operate under the provisions of the Newlands act. The men declined both offers and the decision to take a strike vote followed.

Secret Meeting.
The leaders and the 500 delegates of the four brotherhoods of trainmen, engineers, firemen and conductors, who attended the conference decided on the necessity for the strike vote at a secret meeting following the break.

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ASKS RECEIVER FOR BIG PARKER COTTON MILLS

Two Holders of Common Stock Ask Court to Appoint a Receiver.

SPARTANBURG, S. C., June 15.—A petition was filed in the United States District court for western South Carolina here today by A. H. Hayward, of Macon, Ga., and H. G. Welborn, of Lexington, N. C., owners of common stock, asking a receiver for the Parker Cotton Mills company, a \$15,000,000 corporation, with headquarters at Greenville, S. C.

PRESIDENT WILSON IS GRATEFUL TO FRIENDS

Is Notified of Action of Convention by Secretary Tumulty.

WASHINGTON, June 15.—President Wilson was notified at 1 o'clock tonight by Secretary Tumulty that he and Vice President Marshall had been nominated by acclamation at the St. Louis convention.

THE WEATHER.

WASHINGTON, June 15.—Forecast for North Carolina: Local thunder-showers Friday and probably Saturday.

WOMEN DISAPPOINTED OVER SUFFRAGE PLANK

Merely Declares in Favor of Leaving Question to the States.

ST. LOUIS, June 15.—Leaders of the woman suffrage movement, who have spent the last four days in St. Louis in behalf of a platform declaration for federal action to secure the ballot for women were disappointed tonight when they learned that the resolutions sub-committee had agreed upon a suffrage plank recommending that the question be at once submitted to the people of the various states by their legislatures.

A leader of the newly organized woman's party said tonight that if results are not obtained at the white house or from congress the party would immediately begin a campaign against democratic members of the senate and house and will hold them personally responsible for the party's failure to meet their demands.