

WOMEN DISPLEASED WITH SUFFRAGE PLANK AT ST. LOUIS

Say Democratic Endorsement is Far From Aims of the Suffragists.

THEY THREATEN WAR AGAINST THE PARTY

Cannot Hoodwink the Dear Women "With a Mere Jumble of Words."

ST. LOUIS, June 16.—Leaders of both the woman's party and the National American Woman Suffrage association tonight united in denouncing as inadequate the suffrage plank of the democratic platform and declared they would immediately resume their fight in congress for national recognition.

"We shall return to Washington as quickly as possible," Miss Ann Martin, chairman of the woman's party, said. "We are going to give the democratic congress one more chance to make good before adjournment. If it does not see fit to pass a constitutional amendment we will follow."

"I regard the democratic plank weaker than the republican. The preamble of the latter, at least, is regarded by some as giving national endorsement to suffrage."

"Thus far we have not worked out details of our plans for fighting the democratic party this fall, for we have hopes that the congressional leaders will see the light. But if they continue to oppose us, we will fight them. And it will be a good fight, too. We have four million women voters, \$500,000 in cash, a good cause, and a determined spirit. With all of these we cannot help but win."

May Declare War. Immediately after the adjournment of the convention, Mrs. Carrie Chapman Catt, president of the National American Woman Suffrage association, called a special meeting of her national board and later issued the following official statement:

"No suffragist who was present at the convention today could misinterpret either the speeches or the action taken by the democratic party in adopting the alleged woman suffrage plank in its national platform."

"The democrats admitted freely in their speeches that 'political expediency' demanded some kind of suffrage plank, and they thought to hoodwink the women by a jumble of words that were designed to meet the situation, but in no sense succeeded. The so-called suffrage plank which they adopted, after bursts of eloquence

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GREATEST POWER ON THE GLOBE HAS DECIDED ON SECURITY AGAINST WAR

America Will Be Saviour of World, London Editor Declares.

MOMENTOUS TIMES

LONDON, June 17.—"The preparedness issue in America means that the greatest power on the face of the globe has come into the world system to secure herself against war and the effects of war," says Alfred G. Gardiner, editor of The Daily News, in a two-column editorial in that newspaper today.

"So far as the United States is concerned the forthcoming presidential election is the most momentous since Lincoln was chosen. So far as the world is concerned it is incomparably more momentous because it is to decide what America stands for in regard to the future of the world. And with that decision, not the interests of America alone, but the interests of Europe and of the whole earth are bound up."

PLAN VIGOROUS CAMPAIGN.

WASHINGTON, June 16.—Plans for the vigorous democratic campaign that will be directed from the white house will begin to take shape after President Wilson has conferred with Vance McCormick, the new chairman of the national committee, and other party leaders, probably next week. The president probably will receive formal notification of his renomination at Shadow Lawn, N. J.

Hundreds of congratulatory messages reached the white house today from all parts of the country.

DEMOCRATIC PLATFORM BREATHES THE SPIRIT OF TRUE AMERICANISM

Harmonious Convention Adjourns After Adopting President Wilson's "Americanism" Plank and Endorsing Woman Suffrage.

ST. LOUIS, Mo., June 16.—The democratic national convention finished its work today by adopting the party platform exactly as approved by President Wilson and submitted by the resolutions committee, including the plank on Americanism, and that favoring woman suffrage, but not until the harmony of its three days' sessions had been disturbed with a row over the suffrage plank.

No voice was raised against the vigorous declarations of the Americanism plank, but at one time it looked as if the suffrage plank had been lost. After Senator Walsh, of Montana, had told the convention that President Wilson himself considered it vital to party success, however, it was voted into the platform by a ballot of 888 1-2 to 181 1-2. The entire platform then was adopted without roll call.

As it went into the platform, the suffrage plank stands: "We favor the extension of the franchise to the women of this country, state by state, on the same terms as to the men."

The women suffrage leaders considered it a much more favorable declaration than they got from the republican convention at Chicago; they threw all their force behind it and won the support of the administration leaders who were found fighting for them when danger threatened.

Haggard and worn from an all-night session, the platform-makers were not ready with their report until after noon, when Senator Stone, sleepless for more than thirty hours, took the speakers' stand and, explaining he was too tired to read the document, gave over this task to Senator Walsh, of Montana, and Senator Hollis, of New Hampshire, who took turns reading the declaration.

"Raus Mit Him." The fight on the suffrage plank was in the air. Everybody was keyed up to it, and when at the conclusion of the reading of the platform, Martin Lomasney, of Boston, a delegate, claimed the attention of the chair, it was thought he was opening the fight. It was several minutes before the shouts of approval and disapproval could be stifled sufficiently to hear that he wanted to put the convention on record as sympathizing "with the people of Ireland."

"Raus mit him," roared a Baltimore delegate, and the convention hall rocked with laughter. The real fight broke immediately after, however, when Governor Ferguson of Texas, who headed the minority report against the administration plank was given thirty minutes in which to present it.

The plank offered by the minority was: "The democratic party always has

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RAILROAD SITUATION CONSIDERED SERIOUS BUT IS NOT HOPELESS

Strike Ballots Are Ordered 'Printed for Men to Cast Votes.

MEDIATION SOUGHT

NEW YORK, June 16.—Although 500,000 strike ballots were ordered printed here today by the delegates of the four railroad brotherhoods who failed to reach an agreement with the railroads in their demands for shorter hours and higher overtime pay, leaders of the men and representatives of the railroads both said that while the situation is serious it is not hopeless.

The railroad managers and the brotherhood leaders and delegates each held secret day-long conferences. They discussed it was learned, policies for their future conduct in the negotiations expected to follow the return of a strike vote. The brotherhood leaders are confident that more than eighty-five per cent of the men will vote in favor of a general strike, which, however, according to the wording of the ballot, cannot be called until all efforts toward an amicable adjustment of their differences have failed.

Informal interviews today indicated that both sides look to a settlement through mediation under the Newlands act. The railroads, the employees believe, may drop at the last moment their firm stand for the elimination of "double compensation" rules and consent to arbitrate the questions of hours and overtime.

Rather than precipitate a general strike, brotherhood leaders intimated, the men might be satisfied with a nine-hour day and time and a quarter overtime. Instead of the eight-hour day and time and a half overtime demand. A. E. Garretson, president of the Brotherhood of Railroad Conductors and spokesmen for the men during the conference, said tonight: "The public must not lose sight of the fact that no counter-proposition has been offered by the railroads to the demands of the men."

THE WEATHER. WASHINGTON, June 16.—Forecast for North Carolina: Probably local showers; Sunday fair.

"Hands Across the Sea"



ANY MOVEMENT OF AMERICAN TROOPS IN MEXICO IN ANY DIRECTION SAVE TOWARD BORDER WILL BE SIGNAL FOR WARFARE

General Trevino So Informs General Pershing, Acting on Specific Orders From General Carranza —No Fears Felt at Washington, Where It Is Believed General Pershing's Expedition Is Able to Take Care of Itself in Any Emergency.

CHIQUAHUA CITY, Mex., June 16.—General Jacinto Trevino, commanding the Carranza army of the north, today advised General Pershing, American expeditionary commander, that any movement of American troops from their present lines to the south, east, or west would be considered a hostile act and a signal to commence warfare. General Trevino acted upon specific instructions from Carranza.

FUNSTON NOT ADVISED. SAN ANTONIO, Texas, June 16.—General Funston late tonight had not been advised by General Pershing, of the warning said to have been given by General Trevino that any movement of the American troops, except toward the border, would be considered a hostile act.

REPORTS CONFIRMED. LAREDO, Texas, June 16.—Reports that any American military attempt to cross the Rio Grande in the Nuevo Laredo district in pursuit of bandits would meet with energetic resistance, were confirmed here tonight on what is believed to be unimpeachable authority. Carranza troops in Nuevo Laredo, it is said, have instructions to resist any possible crossing into Mexico of American forces, regardless of the cause.

Eighty Mexicans arrived here late today from Corpus Christi, Texas, en route to points in Mexico. The party was informed by state and federal officials that they could not remain here, and immediately crossed the international bridge to Nuevo Laredo.

HELD UNDER ARMS. EL PASO, Texas, June 16.—All American troops stationed in El Paso and its environs were ordered to quarters tonight to be held under arms until further notice. The orders followed reports to military headquarters that placards printed in Spanish had been posted in Juarez instructing citizens to gather at designated points daily to receive military instructions that they may be prepared to repel possible invasion. The notice was signed by Jesus Valdez, a private citizen, who said he wished his people to "be prepared in the event of a break with the United States."

Hostile Move Expected. Recent troop movements in Chihuahua state have led officials here to fear that the de facto commanders were preparing for some hostile move. The Mexican forces now are distributed in detachments of considerable strength on two lines, converging from points near the border east and west of General Pershing's line and meeting at a point south of his field base at Namiquipa. The effect has been to enclose the American troops in a gigantic V.

This disposition of Carranza's forces has been of the buses of suspicion here as to his friendly intentions. While the Mexicans are so posted, officials declare, they cannot be in good faith conducting any campaign against bandits. The breaking up of these forces into small parties to scour the country for outlaws is one condition which would be demanded by the United States before the American expedition would be recalled.

No Fears. Army officers here have no fears for the safety of General Pershing's forces no matter what develops. The expedition is amply supplied and General Pershing recently inspected in person the disposition of his troops. The strategic points at the base camps and along the line of communication are protected by entrenchments.

The report of General Trevino's action gave rise to renewed speculation as to the course to be taken by President Wilson to make certain the safety of the border. The entire national guard has in effect been under waiting orders for several weeks and some officials thought it possible a strong force of guardsmen would be promptly ordered to the border if official dispatches confirmed the Chihuahua City story.

ENGAGE BANDITS. BROWNSVILLE, Texas, June 16.—United States troops engaged a band of between twenty-five and thirty Mexican bandits about ten miles east of San Benito, Texas, late tonight and after exchanging a few shots the Mexicans were scattered. It is reported three Mexicans were killed. So far as known there were no American casualties.

Two companies of the Twenty-sixth infantry were immediately rushed in automobiles from Harlingen, Texas, to Olmito, ten miles north of Brownsville in an effort to cut off the bandits, who are reported at midnight headed for the Rio Grande.

SENATOR BURLEIGH DIES. AUGUSTA, Me., June 16.—United States Senator Edwin C. Burleigh, for four years governor of this state, died at his residence here tonight, after a brief attack of acute indigestion. His wife died a month ago in Washington.

WASHINGTON, June 16.—A favorable report of the annual army appropriation bill, carrying \$157,123,099, was submitted to the house today by Chairman Hay, of the military committee. Besides providing for regular army increases, federalization of the national guard and civilian training camps authorized by the new army re-organization bill, the measure would create an executive council for mobilization of resources for national defense and permit use of army transports to carry commercial cargoes between the United States and its insular possessions. Provision is made for a \$600 annuity for Mrs. Harriet Carroll, mother of the late Surgeon James Carroll, who discovered the yellow fever germ at the cost of his life. The bill probably will be taken up in the house next week.

RALEIGH, June 16.—Governor Craig went this afternoon to Asheville to attend the funeral of his private secretary, Col. J. P. Kerr, Sunday. The executive offices are closed until after the funeral, the entrance to the private secretary's office draped and the flags on the state house and the new administration building placed at half mast as a tribute to the deceased. New corporations chartered today, include: The Selwyn Hotel of Charlotte, capital \$50,000 authorized and \$10,000 subscribed. The incorporators are J. J. Cain, Columbia, S. C.; Samuel Brone and Jules Hymann, both of Augusta, Ga.

The Pilot Hosiery Mills company, of West Durham, capital \$100,000 authorized and \$15,000 subscribed by E. C. Stone, K. C. Stone, W. F. Clements, J. H. Stone and others for a general textile manufacturing, dyeing and bleaching and hosiery knitting business in hosiery, underwear and the like.

RUSSIAN ADVANCE ALONG AUSTRIAN FRONT CONTINUES

Brilliant Offensive of Slavs is Meeting With Undiminished Success.

RUSSIANS CAPTURE 170,000 PRISONERS

Steadily Advancing Toward Czernowitz, the Present Objective.

LONDON, June 16.—The forward drive of the Russian armies along the Austrian front continues with apparently undiminished success. From the Pripiet marshes southward to Czernowitz the forces of General Brusiloff, according to reports from Petrograd, are throwing back counter-attacks and are advancing steadily. In thirteen days the Russians have taken prisoner almost 170,000 men and have captured immense stores of war booty, says the Russian war office.

More Russian Successes. Battles southeast of Lutsk, between Kostin and Turmova and northwest of Bucacz have brought further successes to the Russian arms. In an action on the Bluchevka river, southeast of Lutsk, more than 5,000 men were captured after the attacking Russians had forded the river. The fighting continues northwest of Bucacz, where the Germans are co-operating with the Austro-Hungarians, but the Russians report the capture here thus far of 6,000 men from the Teutonic allies.

Attempts of the Austrians and Germans to take the offensive on many sectors of the long front were repulsed, according to Petrograd. The Russian war office also chronicles the repulse of attacks in the region of Sokul, southeast of Kovel, one of the objectives of the present Russian drive. Berlin reports the capture of 400 Russians during an attack on a German position north of Przewozka.

Armies Inactive. Around Verdun the French and German armies were inactive during the day, there having been only intermittent artillery bombardments. Paris says it has been confirmed that the French attack of Thursday on the slope south of Le Mort Homme resulted in the capture of German trenches on a front of about two-thirds of a mile.

While London claims further advances for the British forces in Mesopotamia, in the region of Kut-el-Amara, Constantinople asserts the British have retired from within the range of the Turkish guns. The occupancy of Inman Mansura on the south bank of the Tigris river and the pushing forward of British trenches to within 200 yards of the Turks at Sannayat, on the north bank of the Tigris, are claimed by London. On

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DEAD GIRL'S MOTHER, ON STAND AT ORPET TRIAL, TELLS ABOUT DAUGHTER

Contradicts Evidence Given By Miss Josephine Davis, Girl's Chum.

OTHER WITNESSES

WAUKEGAN, Ill., June 16.—Mrs. Frank Lambert, mother of Marion Lambert, the Lake Forest high school girl whose body was found in a snow-drift in Helm's woods last February, took the stand today in the trial of William Orpet, the University of Wisconsin student, who is charged with the murder of the girl, a former sweetheart.

Dressed in deep mourning, Mrs. Lambert told of her daughter's sunny disposition, which she retained until the day of her death.

This contradicted the statements by Miss Josephine Davis, Marion's most intimate friend, who had testified that the victim of the Helm's woods tragedy frequently was very unhappy and several times threatened self-destruction.

Miss Davis had stated under oath that Marion wept on February 6 at her birthday party, three days before her death because Orpet had transferred his affections to another girl.

Mrs. Lambert asserted today that the tears were occasioned by the inability of another girl friend, Annie Paulson, to spend the night with her.

Other witnesses were Dr. Ralph W. Webster and Dr. William E. McNally, toxicologists, who expressed the opinion that the cyanide of potassium which caused Marion's death, was taken in solution; Fred I. Wenban, the undertaker, and Wilson Frankland, Walter Sales and Albert Hopman, who went over the ground in Helm's woods looking vainly for the container of the poison.

SHOOTS THROUGH CHURCH AND KILLS MERCHANT

Latter's Sister Dies of Shock When She Hears of Fatal Accident.

HUFFVILLE, Va., June 16.—Homer A. Wimmer, fifty-two years old, a prominent merchant of Huffville, was accidentally shot and instantly killed here yesterday afternoon by Stafford Dangerfield, when the latter, using a 32-calibre rifle, shot through a frame church which stood between the two men. A few minutes later Miss Bettie Dangerfield, the rifle user's sister, hearing of the tragedy, died of shock.

According to witnesses Dangerfield not knowing any one was in the line of his aim, remarked to a friend: "Watch me shoot through that church." He fired, a cry was heard and it was discovered Wimmer had been shot through the heart at a distance of 500 feet. Dangerfield was prostrated when he learned his shot had proved fatal. He was not held by the authorities. Wimmer leaves a wife and six children

ARMY APPROPRIATION BILL BEFORE THE HOUSE

Favorably Reported by Chairman Hay of House Military Committee.

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GOVERNOR CRAIG WILL ATTEND KERR FUNERAL

Executive Offices Closed and Flags Are Placed at Half Mast.

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